PLANT MANUAL

EQUIPMENT TECHNICIAN'S HANDBOOK



TELECOMMUNICATIONS



PLANT MANUAL BK2 ISSUE 2A AUGUST 1973

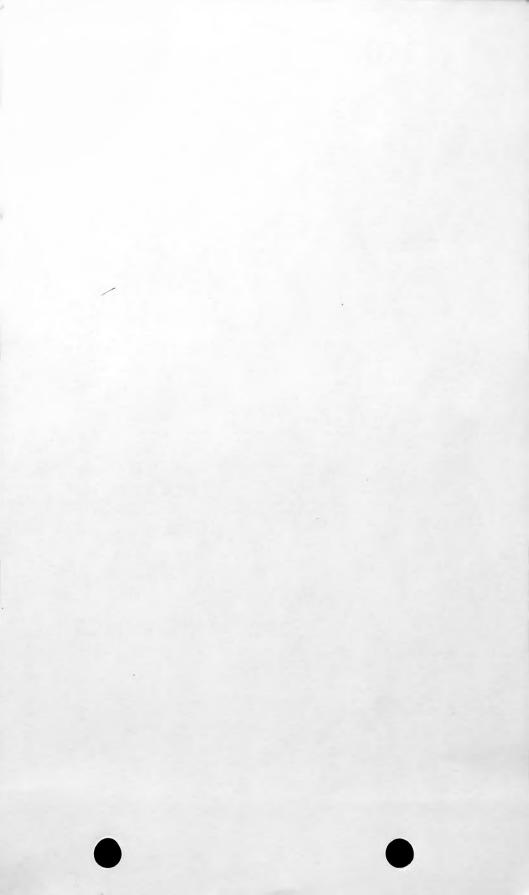
TELETYPE EQUIPMENT

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MODEL 15 TELETYPE

ADJUSTMENTS

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PRINTING ADJUSTMENTS

1.1 Plunger Guide Roller Bracket

1.1.1 There should be not more than .010" clearance between either the right or left end of the pull bar bail and stripper plate when the bail is moved to its extreme forward position. TO ADJUST the position of the pull bar bail with relation to the stripper plate, loosen the plunger guide roller bracket mounting screws and move the bracket to the right or left.

1.2 Flanged Guide Roller

1.2.1 The flanged guide roller should be parallel, or within .002" of being parallel, to the surface of the plunger, and both guide rollers should rotate freely. TO ADJUST the flanged roller with relation to the plunger, move the roller end of the bracket up or down with the mounting screws friction tight. Tighten the mounting screws.

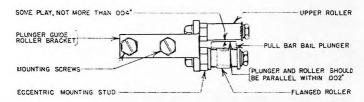


Figure 1

- 1.3 Plunger Guide Roller Bracket Final
- 1.3.1 Operate the pull bar bail slowly and see that all pull bars start to move away from the code bars simultaneously, within .020". If necessary, re-locate the plunger guide roller bracket to the left or right to meet this requirement. Check to see that the flange roller is parallel to the surface of the plunger within .002" and that both guide rollers rotate freely.
- 1.4 Plunger Roller Eccentric Mounting Stud
- 1.4.1 There should be some play, not more than .004", between the pull bar bail plunger and the rollers. Check for this play throughout the entire travel of the plunger. ADJUST the position of the eccentric mounting stud to obtain this requirement.
- 1.5 Pull Bar Spring Tension
- 1.5.1 It should require 2-1/2 to 3-1/2 ozs. to pull the spring to its position length.
- 1.6 Left and Right Pull Bar Spring Bracket
- 1.6.1 With the pull bar bail in its extreme rear position, the end pull bar and the fourth pull bar from the end should have some play, not more than .004". TO ADJUST, loosen the mounting screw of the pull bar spring bracket and position the bracket so that all four pull bars are free and that the end pull bar and at least one of the other three pull bars have some play, not more than .004".

- 1.7 Carriage Support and Pull Bar Bail Plunger Rollers
- 1.7.1 The three carriage support rollers and the pull bar bail plunger roller should turn freely with a barely perceptible amount of end play. TO ADJUST, loosen the lock nuts and position the cone nuts.
- 1.8 Type Bar Backstop
- 1.8.1 With the pull bar bail in its extreme rear position, there should be not less than .010" clearance between the type bar backstop and the pull bars when the type bars are held in the type bar guide. Make this check on the two end pull bars and the middle pull bar. TO ADJUST, set the up and down position of the type bar backstop by means of its elongated mounting holes to meet this requirement.
- 1.9 Selector Vanes
- The forked arms of the vanes should line up with their respective T-levers. When the printing bail is in its extreme rear position, each vane should have some end play, not more than .004". TO ADJUST, loosen the vane clamping screws and position the vanes by means of their pilot screws. Tighten the clamping screws.
- 1.10 Pull Bar Guide (Code Bar Mounting Plate)
- 1.10.1 With the pull bar bail in its extreme rear position, move the code bars to the right. Then move the pull bar bail opposite the pull bar humps. There should be .008" to .020" clearance between the humps on all pull bars (except the blank pull bar) and the pull bar bail. With the code bars moved to the left position, there should be a like clearance between the blank pull bar hump and the pull bar bail. TO ADJUST, position the code bar mounting plate by means of its elongated mounting holes.
- 1.11 Code Bar Bell Cranks
- 1.11.1 The code bars should be carried firmly against their stops in both the MARKING and SPACING positions when the LETTERS and BLANK combinations are alternately selected. ADJUST by means of the bell crank eccentric bushings.
- 1.12 Printing Bail Shaft Right Bearings
- 1.12.1 With the printing bail held toward the right, there should be some, not more than .015", clearance between the end of the printing bail casting

1.12.1 and the left bearing of the printing bail shaft. TO ADJUST, remove the printing bail spring and position the right bearing by utilizing its elongated mounting holes. Replace the printing bail spring.

1.13 Printing Bail

1.13.1 The pull bars should clear the code bars .010" to .050" when the main shaft is rotated until the printing bail is in its extreme rear position, with the type bar carriage in both its extreme right and left positions.

TO ADJUST, position the printing bail by means of its adjusting screw and lock nut, located on the printing bail operating arm. If the clearance at one side is unobtainable, it will be necessary to refine the PULL BAR GUIDE in such a way that the clearance between the pull bar bail and the pull bar humps, at the side that had the least clearance, is reduced to a minimum and, at the side that had the most clearance, is increased to a maximum for the PRINTING BAIL.

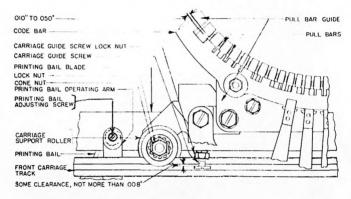


Figure 2

1.14 Printing Bail Spring Tension

1.14.1 With the printing bail in its extreme rear position, it should require 6-1/2 to 8-1/2 lbs. for 60 or 75 wpm operation (4 to 6 lbs. for 100 wpm operation), to start the lever moving. TO ADJUST, position the spring adjusting lever screw.

2. FUNCTION ADJUSTMENTS

2.1 Function Lever Bail

2.1.1 There should be .040" to .060" clearance between the rear edge of the No. 1 vane and the front edges of the function levers, except the universal function lever, when the printing bail is in its rearmost position and the No. 1 vane is held midway between its marking and spacing positions. TO ADJUST, position the function lever bail by means of its elongated mounting holes.

2.2 Blocking Plate

- 2.2.1 The position of the blocking plate should be as follows:
 - (a) With the CARRIAGE RETURN combination selected, and the main shaft rotated until the travel of the function lever bail is blocked by the selected function lever and the front edge of the right projection of the function lever bail should be flush (within .005") with the top front edge of the rear prong of the carriage return function lever.
 - (b) With the LINE FEED combination selected and the main shaft rotated until the travel of the function lever bail is blocked by the selected function lever, and the front edge of the left projection of the function lever bail should be flush (within .005") with the top front edge of the rear prong of the line feed function lever.

TO ADJUST, position the blocking plate by means of its slotted holes.

2.3 Function Bail Spring Tension

2.3.1 With the function bail in its extreme rear, it should require 2 to 3 lbs. to extend the spring to its position length.

2.4 Function Bail Blade

2.4.1 With the FIGURES, LINE FEED, and LETTERS function levers alternately selected and the main shaft rotated until the travel of the function lever bail is blocked by the selected function lever, there should be .004" to .015" clearance between the rear edge of No. 1 vane and the rear edge of a notch in the selected function lever. TO ADJUST, select the FIGURES function lever and adjust the right end of the function bail blade by raising or lowering it by means of its elongated mounting holes to

2.4.1 secure the specified clearance between the rear edge of the No. 1 vane and the bottom of a notch in the SHIFT junction lever. Then select the LINE FEED function lever and adjust the left end of the function bail blade by raising or lowering it to secure the specified clearance between the rear edge of the No. 1 vane and the bottom of a notch in the LINE FEED function lever.

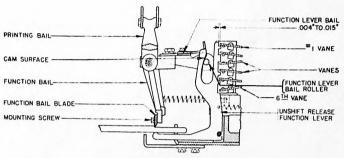


Figure 3

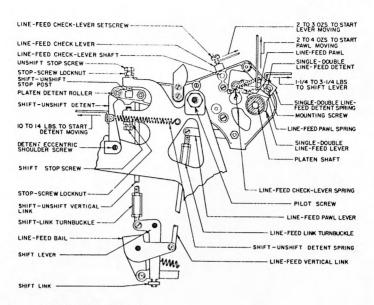
- 2.5 Platen Unit Pilot Screws
- 2.5.1 The platen unit should be midway between the side frames and should be free on its bearings without end play. TO ADJUST, position the platen unit by means of its pilot screws. (Care should be taken not to tighten the pilot screws to the extent that they cause a strain on the side frames.)
- 2.6 Platen Shift Unshift Stop Post
- 2.6.1 The top and bottom surfaces of the platen shift-unshift stop post should be parallel to a line through the centre of the platen detent roller screw and the platen pilot screw. TO ADJUST, loosen the platen shift-unshift stop post nut and rotate the post.
- 2.7 Unshift on Space Cutout Lever
- 2.7.1 If it is desired that the platen should not return to the UNSHIFT position when the SPACE combination is received, the UNSHIFT on space cutout

2.8 Shift (FIGURES) and Unshift (LETTERS) 2.8.1 With the SHIFT-UNSHIFT detent and platen balance springs removed and LETTERS and FIGURES alternately selected, the SHIFT-UNSHIFT stop post should move to within .010" to .025" of the UNSHIFT stop screw and the SHIFT stop screw respectively, when the main shaft is rotated and the selected push bar is moved to its rearmost position when operated by the function bail blade. TO ADJUST, place the typing unit on its right side and rotate the main shaft until the function bail is in its extreme forward position. Adjust the turnbuckle on the shift-unshift link so as to equalize (within .010") the clearance between the function bail blade and the shoulder on the UNSHIFT push bar when the platen is in the FIGURES position. Select the LETTERS and FIGURES alternately and check for the specifed clearances between the shift-unshift stop post and the UNSHIFT and SHIFT stop screws. If either of these clearances is greater than .025", move the shift-unshift link bracket toward the front of the unit; if less than .010", move it toward the rear. Adjust the shift-unshift link turnbuckle to equalize both clearances within .010" the specified limits. Replace the shift-unshift detent spring and platen balance spring. Platen Balance Spring Tension 2.9 With the platen in the LETTERS position, it should require 3-1/2 to 5 2.9.1 lbs. to pull the spring to position length on units equipped with cast iron platen brackets, and 1-1/4 to 2 lbs. on units equipped with alumi mum platen brackets. Shift - Unshift Detent 2.10 When the platen is shifted to the SHIFT and UNSHIFT positions, the 2.10.1 platen detent roller should ride equally on either side of the detent. TO ADJUST, position the shift-unshift detent by means of its eccentric shoulder screw. Shift - Unshift Detent Spring Tension 2.11 It should require from 10 to 14 lbs. to start the detent moving. 2.11.1 M15-7

lever should be rotated so that the hooked end of the cutout lever is to the rear of the SPACE function lever extension and the cutout lever touches the side of the SPACE function lever extension. There should be some clearance, not more than .006" between the rear surface of

the SPACE function lever extension and the cutout lever.

2.7.1



2.12 LETTERS Stop Screw

2.12.1 With the platen in the UNSHIFT position, insert a sheet of paper with a carbon in the printer and press the letter N firmly against the platen. The impression made on the paper should be of uniform shade. TO

ADUST, raise the UNSHIFT stop screw if the shading is lighter at the bottom of the character and lower it if the shading is lighter at the top.

2.13 FIGURES Stop Screw

2.13.1 With the platen in the LETTERS position (down), print the letter W on the platen. Then, with the platen in the FIGURES position (up), the Figure 2 should be in direct alignment with the letter W when the Figure 2 is printed directly on the platen. ADJUST by means of the SHIFT stop screw.

2.14 FIGURES and LETTERS, Function Lever Spring Tensions

2.14.1 It should require 15 to 19 ozs. to start each of these function levers

- 2.14.1 moving. When checking these tensions, the push bars should be held away from the function levers.
- 2.15 Space Function Lever Spring Tension
- 2.15.1 With the printing bail in the forward position, it should require 12 to 16 ounces to start the space function lever moving. When checking this tension, the push bar should be held away from the function lever.
- 2.16 LETTERS and FIGURES Push Bars Spring Tensions
- 2.16.1 It should require 3 to 5 ozs. to start the LETTERS and FIGURES push bars moving.
- 2.17 Platen Shaft
- 2.17.1 The platen shaft should have some end play, not more than .004". TO ADJUST, position the friction assembly on the platen shaft by means of its set screws.

LINE FEED ADJUSTMENTS

- 3.1 Single Double Line Feed Detent and Spring Pressure
- 3.1.1 The single-double line feed lever should travel equally on either side of its detent and it should require 1-1/4 to 4 lbs. to move the lever to the opposite position.

3.2 Line Feed Detent Lever

- (a) With the single-double line feed lever in the SINGLE line feed position (up), and the line feed bail operated by hand, the line feed pawl, when sliding off the rear edge of the single-double line feed lever, should just miss the edge of a tooth on the ratchet.
- (b) With the line feed detent lever positioned away from the ratchet and line feed selected, the detent roller should drop into a notch on the ratchet without moving the ratchet either up or down. TO ADUST, loosen the detent lever eccentric screw nut and turn the eccentric screw and recheck the requirement. Tighten the detent lever eccentric screw.

- 3.3 Line Feed Link Turnbuckle (Figure 4)
- 3.3.1 With the single-double line feed lever in the SINGLE line feed position, select the LINE FEED combination and rotate the main shaft until the line feed push bar just touches the function bail blade, there should be a .005" to .020" clearance between the function bail blade and the notch in the upper surface of the line feed push bar. TO ADJUST, loosen the lock nuts and rotate the turnbuckle. Tighten the lock nuts.
- 3.4 Line Feed Function Lever Spring Tension
- 3.4.1 It should require 15 to 19 ozs. to start the function lever moving. (The push bar should be held away from the function lever.)
- 3.5 Line Feed Push Bar Spring Tension
- 3.5.1 It should require 1-1/2 to 2-1/2 ozs. to start the push bar moving.
- 3.6 Line Feed Detent Lever Spring Tension
- 3.6.1 It should require 5 to 6 lbs. to start the detent lever moving.
- 3.7 Line Feed Pawl Spring Tension
- 3.7.1 It should require 2 to 4 ozs. to start the pawl moving.

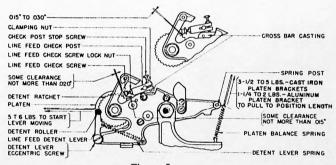


Figure 5

3.8 Line Feed Check Screw

The line feed check screw should drop in the twelfth notch above the detent roller. There should be some clearance, not more than .020", between the front face of the screw and the face of the tooth at the point of minimum clearance, when the check screw is held in the bottom of a notch on the ratchet. TO ADJUST, loosen the line feed check screw lock nut and position the check screw. If necessary, loosen the clamping nut of the line feed check post stop screw and back off the stop screw before making this adjustment.

3.9 Line Feed Check Post Stop Screw

3.9.1 With the line feed check post stop screw held down against the casting, there should be .015" to .030" clearance between the line feed check screw and each tooth on the detent ratchet, when the platen is rotated.

TO ADJUST, loosen the check post clamping nut and position the stop screw.

3.10 Line Feed Check Lever

3.10.1 With the LINE FEED combination selected and the main shaft rotated until the line feed pawl has reached its farthest travel in rotating the platen, the line feed pawl lever should be in contact with the check lever. There should be some clearance, not more than .015", between the lower edge of the line feed check screw and the bottom of any notch in the detent ratchet. TO ADJUST, loosen the check lever set screw and position the check lever. Before tightening the set screw see that the shaft has some end play, not more than .008".

3.11 Line Feed Check Lever Spring Tension

3.11.1 It should require 2 to 3 ozs. to start the lever moving.

4. FRICTION FEED ADJUSTMENTS

4.1 Pressure Roller Release Shaft Collars

The pressure roller release shaft should have some end play, not more than .004" and the pressure roller release arm should be approximately 5/32" to 7/32" from the extreme right hand side of the platen casting.

ADJUST the clearance of the release shaft arm by means of the right locating collar and the end play of the left locating collar.

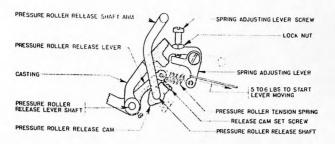


Figure 6

4.2 Pressure Roller Release Cams

4.2.1 On units equipped with six pressure rollers, the following applies: With the pressure roller release shaft arm in its rear position, the camming surfaces should line up with the release levers. With all the travel of the front pressure rollers taken up manually in a downward direction (so that the rear pressure rollers are resting against the platen), there should be a least .060" between the front pressure rollers and the platen. With all the travel of the rear pressure rollers taken up manually in a downward direction (so that the front pressure rollers are resting against the platen), there should be at least .060" between the rear pressure rollers and the platen.

On units equipped with one pressure roller, the following applies: With the pressure roller release shaft arm in its rear position, the pressure roller should be from .015" to .050" away from the platen. $\frac{\text{TO ADJUST}}{\text{position the cams on the release shaft by means of their set } \frac{\text{TO ADJUST}}{\text{screws.}} ,$

- 4.3 Pressure Roller Spring Tension
- 4.3.1 It should require 4 to 6 lbs. to start the adjusting lever moving. ADJUST the spring adjusting lever screw so that all tensions are equal.
- 4.4 Pressure Roller Release Lever Shafts
- 4.4.1 With the two paper chute mounting extensions touching the outer edges of the two release lever shafts, the left end of the left release lever shaft (viewed from the rear of the printer) should project through the

- left paper chute mounting extension and touch the platen bracket. The outer end of the right release lever shaft should project beyond the outer surface of the right paper chute extension by not more than 3/64" to 3/32". TO ADJUST, position the release shafts by means of their set screws.
- 4.5 Paper Chute Spring Tension
- 4.5.1 It should require 2 to 7 ozs. to start the paper chute moving.
- 4.6 Paper Chute
- The paper chute should have some end play, not more than .004", and there should be some clearance, not more than .020", between the front edge of the paper chute and the surface of the platen. TO ADJUST, bend the chute manually to meet the above requirements. (Rotate the platen shaft to see that the paper chute does not bind the platen.)
- 4.7 Paper Fingers
- The paper finger shaft stop arm should clear its stop post .004" to .020" with both paper fingers resting against the platen. The outer edge of the lower portion of each finger should be within 3/32" of the end of the rubber portion of the platen and should not extend beyond the end of the rubber portion. TO ADJUST, first set the position of the right paper finger and secure it to the shaft by means of its set screw with the specified clearance between the stop arm and the stop post. Then set the left paper finger to correspond to the width of the paper.
- 4.8 Paper Fingers Shaft Spring Tension
- 4.8.1 It should require 16 to 22 ozs. to start the stop arm moving.
- 4.9 Paper Straightener Rod stops
- 4.9.1 When the paper straightener rod is in its extreme upward position, there should be a clearance of .030" to .050" between the straightener rod and the blocking edge of the stops. TO ADJUST, position the stops by means of their elongated holes.
- 4.10 Paper Straightener Rod Spring Tension
- 4.10.1 It should require 8 to 12 ozs. to start the levers moving.

4.11 Paper Guides

- 4.11.1 The outer sides of both paper guides should be .040" to .050 from the shoulder on their respective ends of the straightener rod. TO ADJUST, position the guides on the shaft by means of their set screws.
- 4.12 Paper Spindle Drag Spring
- 4.12.1 Apply the push end of a scale to the left end of the spindle shaft and push toward the right side of the typing unit. It should require 5 to 8 lbs. to start the spindle moving. This pressure may be adjusted by bending the spindle drag spring.
- 4.13 Platen Friction Assembly
- 4.13.1 Move the pressure roller release shaft arm to its extreme rear position. Unhook the line feed detent lever spring and place the platen crank vertically upward. Hook scale to the end of the crank handle and pull horizontally toward the front of the typing unit. It should require 5 to 9 ounces to start the platen rotating. Replace the detent lever spring. This tension may be regulated by means of the adjusting nuts on the friction assembly.

5. MARGIN BELL ADJUSTMENTS

- 5.1 Margin Signal Bell
- 5.1.1 The bell should ring on the sixty-sixth printed character for lines of seventy-two character length, on the seventieth for lines of seventy-six character length, and on the thirty-ninth for lines of forty-four character length. TO ADJUST, return the carriage to the left end of the line. Then space the carriage sixty-six, seventy or thirty-nine spaces to the right, depending on the length of line being printed.

 Loosen the margin bell cam thumb screw and adjust the cam so that its right side is in contact with the margin bell pawl and tighten the thumb screw.
- 5.2 Margin Bell Pawl Spring Tension
- 5.2.1 It should require 1/2 to 1-1/2 ozs. to start the pawl moving.
- 5.3 Margin Bell Hammer
- 5.3.1 With the bell hammer arm resting against the stop post, there should

- be .002" to .060" clearance between the bell and the bell hammer. TO

 ADJUST, loosen the margin bell hammer bracket mounting screws and shift the bracket; if this does not give the required clearance, then bend the bell hammer arm along its entire length, avoiding a sharp bend at any point.
- 5.4 Margin Bell Hammer Spring Tension
- 5.4.1 It should require 10-1/2 to 13-1/2 ozs. to start the arm moving.
- SIGNAL BELL ADJUSTMENTS
- 6.1 Signal Bell Hammer Spring Tension
- 6.1.1 It should require 3 to 5 ozs. to start the bell hammer moving.
- 6.2 Signal Bell Latch Bar Latch Shims
- 6.2.1 Set the typing unit on its right side. With the platen in the LETTERS position, the BELL combination selected and the main shaft rotated until the printing bail is in its extreme forward position, there should be .004" to .010" clearance between the bell latch bar and the lobe on the rear extension of the bell function lever. TO ADJUST, add or remove shims between the latch and the function lever comb.
- 6.3 Signal Bell Latch Bar Latch
- 6.3.1 With the main shaft rotated until the function bail is in its extreme rear position, there should be a clearance of .010" to .020" between the front shoulder of the bell latch bar and its latch. TO ADJUST, position the bell latch bar latch toward the front or rear by means of its elongated mounting holes.
- 6.4 Signal Bell Hammer Backstop
- 6.4.1 With the bell latch bar in its latched position, there should be .020" to .040" clearance between the bell hammer arm extension and the bell operating lever. TO ADJUST, position the bell hammer backstop by means of its elongated mounting holes.
- 6.5 Signal Bell Operating Lever Spring Tension
- 6.5.1 It should require 1-1/4 to 2-1/4 lbs. to start the lever moving.

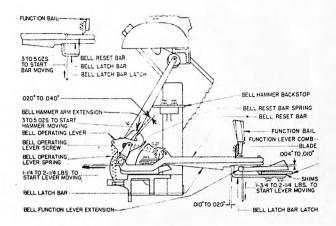
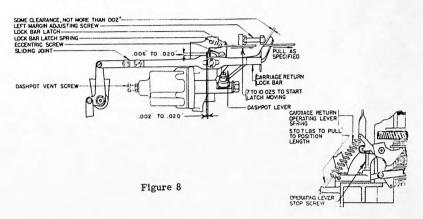


Figure 7

- 6.6 Signal Bell Reset Bar Spring Tension
- 6.6.1 It should require 3 to 5 ozs. to start the reset bar moving.
- 6.7 Bell Function Lever Spring Tension
- 6.7.1 It should require 1-3/4 to 2-1/4 lbs. to start the lever moving.
- 7. CARRIAGE RETURN ADJUSTMENTS
- 7.1 Carriage Return Latch Bar Latch Shims
- 7.1.1 With the letter O combination selected and the main shaft rotated until the printing bail is in its extreme forward position, there should be .004" to .010" clearance between the carriage return latch bar and the lobe on the rear extension of the carriage return function lever. TO ADJUST, add or remove shims between the carriage return latch bar latch and the function lever comb.

- 7.2 Carriage Return Latch Bar Latch
- 7.2.1 With the main shaft rotated until the function bail is in its extreme rear position, there should be .010" to .020" clearance between the shoulder on the carriage return latch bar and the latch. TO ADJUST, position the latch to the front or rear by means of its elongated mounting holes.
- 7.3 Carriage Return Lock Bar Latch Eccentric Screw
- 7.3.1 With the front end of the dashpot lever held in its extreme left position, there should be .006" to .020" clearance between the lower edge of the lock bar latch and the upper edge of the lock bar. TO ADJUST, reposition the lock bar latch with its lock nut loosened.
- 7.4 Carriage Return Function Lever Spring Tension
- 7.4.1 It should require 1-3/4 to 2-1/4 lbs. to start the lever moving.
- 7.5 Carriage Return Lock Bar Latch Spring Tension
- 7.5.1 It should require 7 to 10 ozs. to start the latch moving.
- 7.6 Carriage Return Lock Bar
- 7.6.1 With the carriage return lock bar in its latched position and the shoulder of the lock bar held against the edge of the latch, there should be a clearance of .010" to .020" between the teeth of the carriage return clutch members. ADJUST the length of the lock bar by means of its sliding joint to obtain this clearance.
- 7.7 Carriage Return Spring Drum
- 7.7.1 It should require 3-3/4 to 4-1/4 lbs. to start the carriage moving away from the extreme left position. When measuring this tension, the carriage return lock bar should be operated. TO ADJUST, wind up the carriage return spring by rotating the centre shaft of the drum to increase the tension, and operated the carriage return drum escapement lever to decrease the tension.
- 7.8 Carriage Return Operating Lever Stop Screw
- 7.8.1 Select CARRIAGE RETURN and rotate the main shaft until the carriage return function lever just trips the carriage return latch bar off its

1.8.1 latch. There should be from .002" to .020" clearance between the lock bar shoulder and the inner edge of the lock bar latch when the play in the mechanism is taken up in a direction to make the clearance a minimum. TO ADJUST, set the height of the carriage return operating lever stop screw.



- 7.9 Carriage Return Reset Bar Spring Tension
- 7.9.1 It should require 3 to 5 ounces to start the reset bar moving.
- 7.10 Carriage Return Operating Lever Spring Tension
- 7.10.1 It should require 5 to 7 lbs. to extend the spring to position length.
- 7.11 Carriage Return Clutch Spring Compression
- 7.11.1 It should require 1-1/2 to 2-1/2 lbs. to start the driving clutch member moving away from the driven member.
- 7.12 Carriage Guide Screws (Figure 2)
- 7.12.1 With the printing bail in its extreme rear position, there should be some clearance, not more than .008", between the upper surface of the

- 7.12.1 guide screw heads and the upper surface of the groove in the front carriage track. Check for this clearance over the entire travel of the carriage. ADJUST by means of the guide screws and lock nuts.
- 7.13 Dashpot Vent Screw
- 7.13.1 The carriage should return from its right stop to its left stop without bouncing and with minimum shock when the carriage return lock bar is held in its latched position. ADJUST by means of the dashpot vent screw and lock nut.
- 7.14 Dashpot Lever Spring Tension
- 7.14.1 It should require 16 to 22 ozs. to extend the spring to its position length.
- 7.15 Margin Adjusting Screw Arm Spring Pressure
- 7.15.1 It should require 2 to 7 lbs. to disengage the arm from the detent spring.
- 7.16 Left Margin Adjusting Screw
- 7.16.1 The left edge of the letter M should print 7/8" (plus or minus 1/16") from the left edge of the platen. Also, with the type bar carriage fully returned and the dashpot lever manually positioned to the extreme left, there should be some clearance, not more than .002" between the dashpot lever and the left margin adjusting screw. TO ADJUST, reposition the left hand margin adjusting screw.
- 7.17 Right Margin Adjusting Screw
- 7.17.1 The printer should normally print seventy-two characters on a line before spacing is blocked by the spacing stop pawl. TO ADJUST, return the carriage to the left end of the line and back off the right margin adjusting screw. Then, with the right margin adjusting screw arm in engagement with its detent, space the carriage seventy-one spaces.

 ADJUST the stop screw so that the spacing stop lever is moved within .015" to .030" from a projection on the spacing stop sleeve.
- SPACING ADJUSTMENTS
- 8.1 Spacing Escapement Pawl Operating Arm
- 8.1.1 With the LINE FEED combination selected and the main shaft rotated

- 8.1.1 until the function lever bail rests on the line feed function lever, there should be .020" to .040" clearance between the rear spacing escapement pawl and the low part of the spacing escapement ratchet. TO ADJUST, loosen the spacing escapement pawl operating arm mounting screws and position the arm. Tighten the mounting screws.
- 8.2 Spacing Escapement Pawl Spring Tension
- 8.2.1 It should require 10 to 14 ozs. to start the pawl moving.

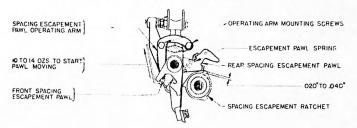


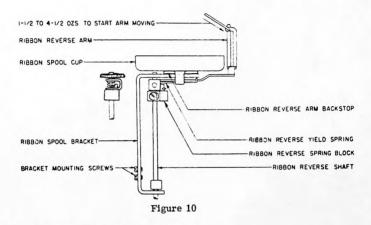
Figure 9

- 8.3 Spacing Shaft Lower Bearing Bracket
- 8.3.1 There should be a minimum amount of play without binding at any point of engagement between the spacing shaft gear and the main shaft spacing gear during one complete revolution of the spacing shaft gear.

 TO ADJUST, position the bracket by means of its elongated mounting holes, and reposition the eccentric against the bearing bracket.
- 8.4 Spacing Rack
- 8.4.1 There should be some backlash, not more than .006" between the spacing rack along the entire travel of the rack. TO ADJUST, remove the type bar carriage draw strap, loosen the spacing rack mounting screws and position the rack toward the front or rear. ADJUST for this backlash with the carriage in its extreme left and right hand positions and also in its centre position. Tighten the mounting screws and replace the draw strap.

- 8.5 Spacing Stop Lever Bracket
- 8.5.1 The lower end of the spacing stop lever should clear the driving disc of the main shaft .060" to .080". With the spacing stop lever held against the stop on the bracket by means of its spring, there should be a clearance of .040" to .080" between the lower left edge of the stop lever and the right side of a tooth on the spacing stop sleeve when the tooth is opposite the lever. ADJUST the spacing stop lever bracket vertically by means of its enlarged mounting holes to meet the first requirement and adjust it horizontally to meet the latter requirement.
- 8.6 Spacing Stop Lever Spring Tension
- 8.6.1 It should require 8 to 12 ozs. to start the lever moving.
- 9. RIBBON ADJUSTMENTS
- 9.1 Ribbon Feed Shaft Bearing Plates
- 9.1.1 The end of the ribbon feed shaft should be flush with or extend not more than .015" over the inner end of the vertical feed shaft bevel gear teeth, when the ribbon feed shaft is in its right and then in its left position and their vertical feed shaft bevel gear is held in engagement with the ribbon shaft gear. TO ADJUST, loosen the mounting screws of both right and left ribbon spool brackets and position the bearing plate by means of its clamping nuts.
- 9.2 Ribbon Feed Shaft Detent Spring
- 9.2.1 The ribbon feed shaft detent should travel equally on either side of the detent roller when the shaft is moved from its extreme left to its extreme right position or vice versa. TO ADJUST, loosen the mounting screws of the ribbon feed shaft detent spring, and position the spring.
- 9.3 Ribbon Feed Shaft Detent Spring Pressure
- 9.3.1 It should require 18 to 26 ozs. to start the roller moving away from the detent. Check the tension of the detent in the left and right positions, the tensions should be approximately equal. To increase or decrease the spring pressure, remove the spring and bend it. To equalize the pressure, position the spring to right or left.
- 9.4 Vertical Ribbon Feedshafts
- 9.4.1 The lower ends of the right and left vertical ribbon feed shafts should

- 9.4.1 be flush with the outside edges of their respective bevel gears. ADJUST by means of the bevel gear set screws, being sure that when the set screws are tightened they bear against the flat faces on the shafts.
- 9.5 Ribbon Spool Brackets
- 9.5.1 With the ribbon feed shaft in its left position, the left vertical ribbon feed shafts should have some end play, not more than .015", during one revolution of the vertical ribbon feed shaft bevel gear. The right vertical ribbon feed shaft should have a like amount of end play, when the ribbon feed shaft is in the right position. ADJUST both right and left ribbon spool brackets by means of their elongated mounting holes to meet this requirement, being sure that the brackets are vertical.



- 9.6 Ribbon Spool Shaft Spur Gears
- 9.6.1 The ribbon spool shafts should have some end play.not more than .006'.

 TO ADJUST, position the ribbon spool shaft spur gears by means of their set screws.
- 9.7 Vertical Ribbon Feed Shaft Spur Gears
- 9.7.1 Both right and left vertical ribbon feed shaft spur gears should line up

9.7.1 with their respective ribbon spool shaft spur gears. TO ADJUST, position the vertical ribbon feed shaft spur gears by means of their set screws.

9.8 Ribbon Spool Cups

9.8.1 The centres of the ribbon rollers should be 3/4" to 7/8" in front of a line through the centres of the ribbon spool shafts. There should be no bind between the ribbon spool shaft spur gears and the vertical ribbon feed shaft spur gears at any point in their engagement. TO ADUST, position each ribbon spool cup by means of the nut on its ribbon spool cup bushing.

9.9 Vertical Ribbon Feed Shaft Spring Tension

9.9.1 It should require 2-1/2 to 3-1/2 ozs. (1-1/2 to 2-1/2 ozs. for 100 wpm) to start the shaft turning. TO ADJUST, position the collars on the vertical feed shafts by means of their set screws to obtain the proper tension.

9.10 Ribbon Reverse Arms Ribbon Guide Slot

9.10.1 The ribbon guide slot should be .025" to .035" wide and the straight upright piece should clear the angled arm by .010" to .020". TO ADJUST, bend the upright ends of the ribbon reverse arms.

9.11 Ribbon Reverse Shafts

9.11.1 There should be .040" to .060" clearance between the bottoms of the ribbon spool cups and the upper ends of the ribbon reverse shafts when the ribbon reverse arms are held up against the ribbon spool brackets.

TO ADJUST, loosen the set screw, position the shaft while holding the ribbon reverse arm up against the ribbon spool bracket and then tighten the ribbon reverse arm set screw.

9.12 Ribbon Reverse Shafts Collar

9.12.1 The ribbon reverse shafts should have from .002" to .010" end play. TO ADJUST, position the collars by means of their set screws.

9.13 Ribbon Reverse Shafts Links

9.13.1 The ribbon reverse bail should clear both left and right ribbon reverse pawls by .015" to .050" when the pull bar bail is in its extreme rear

9.13.1 position and both the left and right ribbon reverse arms are held forward against their stops. TO ADJUST, position the ribbon reverse shafts links by means of their set screws.

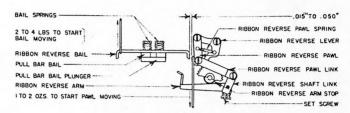


Figure 11

- 9.14 Ribbon Spool Cups and Ribbon Reverse Arm Backstop
- 9.14.1 The centres of the ribbon rollers should be 3/4" to 7/8" in front of a line through the centres of the ribbon spool shafts. TO ADJUST, position the ribbon spool cups by means of the nuts on the ribbon spool cup bushings.
- 9.15 Ribbon Reverse Arm Yield Spring Tension
- 9.15.1 It should require 1-1/2 to 4-1/2 ozs. to start the ribbon reverse arm moving.
- 9.16 Ribbon Reverse Pawl Spring Tension
- 9.16.1 It should require 1 to 2 ozs. to start the ribbon reverse pawl moving.
- 9.17 Ribbon Reverse Bail Spring Compression
- 9.17.1 It should require 2 to 4 lbs. to just start the left and the right end of the ribbon reverse bail moving.
- 9.18 Ribbon Oscillator Lever
- 9.18.1 With the ribbon lockout bar in its unoperated position (pulled outward

- 9.18.1 toward the right), the ribbon should fully cover any character as it is being printed and the top edge of the ribbon should not be above the bottom edge of the printed character when the printing has been completed and the main shaft clutch has disengaged. TO ADJUST, shift the platen to the FIGURES position (up) and loosen the ribbon oscillator lever clamping screw and nut. Position the ribbon oscillator lever and tighten the clamping screw and nut. Check this adjustment with the platen in the LETTERS position (down).
- 9.19 Ribbon Feed Pawl Spring Tension
- 9.19 With the pull bar bail in its extreme rear position it should require 2-1/4 to 3-1/4 ozs. to pull the spring to its position length.
- 9.20 Ribbon Shift Lever Bracket
- 9.20.1 The ribbon oscillator lever should move freely in its slot when its spring is unhooked and the ribbon carrier is approximately centrally located with respect to the type bar guide. Shift lever bracket by means of its enlarged mounting holes. Replace the ribbon oscillator lever spring.
- 9.21 Ribbon Oscillator Lever Spring Tension
- 9.21.1 With the ribbon shift lever spring removed, it should require 2-1/2 to 3-1/2 ozs. to start the oscillator lever moving. Replace the ribbon oscillator lever spring.
- 9.22 Ribbon Shift Lever Spring Tension
- 9.22.1 With the ribbon oscillator lever spring unhooked, it should require 1 to 1-3/4 lbs. to start the shift lever moving. Replace the ribbon oscillator lever spring.
- 9.23 Ribbon Lockout Bar Detent Spring Pressure
- 9.23.1 It should require 16 to 32 ozs. to pull the lockout bar out to its unoperated position.
- SEND-RECEIVE-BREAK MECHANISM
- 10.1 Send-Receive Mechanism Plate
- 10.1.1 With the left arm of the T lever in contact with the blank function lever

10.1.1 extension, there should be some clearance, not more than .008", between the right arm of the T lever and the universal function lever extension when the BLANK combination is selected and the main shaft rotated until the blank function lever is completely selected, stopping rotation at the point where the function lever bail roller just leaves the cam surface of the blank function lever. TO ADJUST, position the send-receive mechanism plate by means of its elongated mounting holes. When making this adjustment, the intermediate lever should be clear of the blank function lever extension.

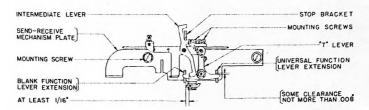


Figure 12

- 10.2 Intermediate Lever Stop Bracket
- 10.2.1 First select the BLANK combination and rotate the main shaft until the intermediate lever toe is under the blank function lever extension. Make sure that the intermediate lever is approximately vertical. Then select the T combination and rotate the main shaft until the printing bail is in its extreme forward position. During this latter operation the left end of the intermediate lever toe should move to a point at least 1/16" to the right of the blank function lever extension. TO ADJUST, position the intermediate lever stop bracket by means of its elongated mounting holes.
- 10.3 Send-Receive Reset Lever Upper Adjusting Screw
- 10.3.1 With the printing bail in its extreme rear positionand the send-receive lever in the SEND position (up), move the toe of the intermediate lever under the blank function lever extension. Then select the T combination and rotate the motor until the intermediate lever is moved to a position where the blank function lever extension overlaps the toe of the intermed-

10.3.1	iate lever by one half the thickness of the blank function lever extension. Under these conditions, there should be .004" to .006" clearance between the upper edge of the intermediate lever toe and the bottom of the blank function lever extension. TO ADJUST, position the reset lever upper adjusting screw.
10.4	Send-Receive T Lever Friction Washer
10.4.1	With the printing bail rearward, it should require 5 to 6-1/2 ozs. to start the T lever moving . TO ADJUST, position the stop nut.
10.5	Intermediate Lever Spring Tension
10.5.1	It should require $3/4$ to $1-1/2$ ozs. to start the lever moving.
10.6	Locking Function Lever Spring Tension
10.6.1	It should require 40 to 50 ozs. to pull the spring to position length.
10.7	Sixth Vane Detent Spring Tension
10.7.1	It should require 6 to 8 ozs. to start the roller moving away from the sixth vane. $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
10.8	Sixth Vane Extension Spring Compression
10.8.1	It should require $3/4$ to $1\text{-}1/4$ ozs. to start the extension moving away from the vane.
10.9	Universal Function Lever Spring Tension
10.9.1	It should require 14 to 17 ozs. to start the lever moving.
10.10	Blank Function Lever Spring Tension
10.10.1	It should require $4-1/2$ to 6 lbs. to start the lever moving .
10.11	Blank Printing and Spacing Cutout Function Lever Spring Tension
10.11.1	With the printing bail in its extreme rear position, it should require 22 to 30 ozs. to extend the spring to its position length

MAIN SHAFT ADJUSTMENTS

- 11.1 Main Shaft
- When the main shaft is rotated, the selector cams on the selector cam sleeve should line up with their respective selector levers. TO ADJUST, loosen the four screws which hold the main shaft bearing caps and position the main shaft. Then tighten the bearing caps mounting screws.
- 11.2 Main Shaft Jaw Clutch Throwout Lever
- 11.2.1 With main shaft clutch fully disengaged, there should be from .010" to .020" clearance between the teeth of the two clutch members. ADJUST the clutch throw-out lever by means of its pilot screws to obtain this clearance. After adjusting, the lever should be free, with not more than .002" end play.

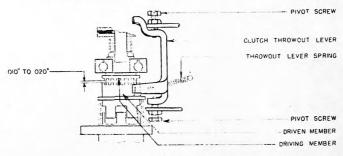


Figure 13

- 11.3 Main Shaft Jaw Clutch Throwout Lever Spring Tension
- 11.3.1 It should require 2-1/2 to 4 ozs. to start the lever moving.
- 11.4 Main Shaft Jaw Clutch Spring Tension
- 11.4.1 The tension required to separate the clutch teeth is as follows:

22 to 30 ounces for 60 wpm operation

- 11.4.1 32 to 42 ounces for 75 wpm operation 46 to 58 ounces for 100 wpm operation
- 11.5 Spacing Clutch Torque
- 11.5.1 With the main shaft rotating, hold off the rear escapement pawl and pull horizontally toward the rear of the unit. It should require from 18 to 24 ozs. to hold the spacing escapement ratchet stationary.
- 11.6 Selector Clutch Torque
- 11.6.1 It should require a pull of 14 to 18 ozs. for 60 or 75 wpm operation and 16 to 22 ozs. for 100 wpm operation to hold the cam sleeve stationary. This clutch torque depends on the condition of the felt washers and the clutch spring.
- 11.7 Motor Plate
- 11.7.1 There should be a barely perceptible amount of backlash between the motor pinion and the highest point of the main shaft gear. The lateral alignment of the motor pinion and the main shaft gear should be such that the centre line of the gear coincides with a vertical line through the centre of the hole in the motor pinion. TO ADJUST for the backlash, loosen the rear motor plate mounting screw and the lock nut on the motor plate adjusting screw. Slightly loosen the two front motor plate mounting screws. Place the typing unit on the base and tighten the three thumb screws. Position the motor plate adjusting screw to obtain the specified backlash. Start the motor and carefully reposition the adjusting screw until the gear noise is reduced to a minimum. Tighten the three motor plate mounting screws and the adjusting screw lock nut. Recheck the backlash. (If the gear noise cannot be reduced, it may be necessary to replace the pinion and gear)
- 12. ADJUSTMENTS FOR PRINTERS EQUIPPED FOR STATION SELECTOR OPERATION (TYPING UNIT ADJUSTMENTS)
- 12.1 Call Contacts

(a) With the main shaft rotated so that the call-contact function lever is resting against the selector vanes, but not selected, there should be some clearance, not more than .010" between the insulator on the end of the contact spring and the lobe on the call-contact function lever. TO ADJUST, bend the upper contact spring.

- 12.1 (b) With the main shaft in the same position as specified in paragraph (a) there should be a contact gap of .015" to .020". TO ADJUST, bend the lower contact spring.
- 12.2 Call Contact Function Lever Spring Tension
- 12.2.1 It should require a tension of 24 to 32 ozs. to start the function lever moving.

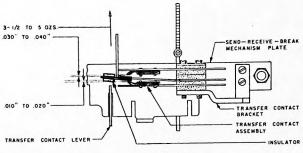


Figure 14

12.3 Transfer Contacts

- (a) With the transfer contact lever held away from the insulator on the transfer contact spring, the centre contact should make with the lower contact. There should also be a clearance of .030" to .040" between the centre and upper contacts. TO ADJUST, bend the upper (heavy) contact spring so that it is parallel to and in line with the insulators between which it is mounted. Bend the centre contact spring so that it rests against the lower spring with just a slight amount of tension and then bend the lower contact spring to obtain the required gap.
- (b) With the transfer contact lever held away from the contact insulator, hook an 8 oz. scale under the centre contact spring between the insulator and the contact and pull vertically upward. A tension of 3-1/2 ozs. should be required to open the contacts. TO ADJUST, bend the centre contact spring. Recheck (a).

- 12.3 (c) The position of the transfer contacts in relationship to the transfer contact lever should be such that, when the transfer contact lever is in its lower most position, there is a clearance of .010" to .020" between the end of the transfer contact lever and the insulator on the centre contact spring. TO ADJUST, loosen the screws which secure the transfer contact bracket to the send-receive plate, and position the transfer contact assembly so that the upper and lower contact springs are parallel to the function lever spring plate. Tighten the transfer contact bracket mounting screws. Set up the SPACE and rotate the main shaft until the printing ball is in its extreme forward position. Position the adjusting screw on the transfer-contact function lever to meet the requirement and tighten the lock nut.
- 12.4 Transfer Contact-Lever Spring Tension
- 12.4.1 It should require a tension of 12 to 16 ozs. to start the lever moving.
- 12.5 Transfer Contact Function Lever Spring Tension
- 12.5.1 Place the typing unit on the right side. Select SPACE (#3 vane down) and rotate the main shaft until the printing bail is in its extreme forward position. With the transfer contact lever held away from the adjusting screw head, hook a scale to the transfer-contact function lever extension and pull horizontally. It should require a tension of 20 to 28 ozs. to start the lever moving.
- 12.6 Function Lever Bail (See paragraph 2.1)
- 12.6.1 NOTE: A minimum clearance of .025" is permissible between the rear edge of the transfer contact function lever when the typing unit is equipped with the station selector mechanism.

12.7 Disconnect Contact

- (a) Set up the CARRIAGE-RETURN combination and rotate the main shaft until the printing bail is in its extreme forward position.

 There should be a clearance of .010" to .020" between the disconnect contacts. TO ADJUST, bend the stiffener to obtain this clearance.
- (b) With the main shaft in its STOP position, make certain that there is some clearance between the insulator on the lower disconnect contact spring and the bell crank when the play in the bell crank

- 12.7 (b) is taken up in the direction to make this clearance a maximum.

 TO ADJUST, bend the stiffener and the upper contact spring.
 - (c) With the typing unit resting on the right side and the main shaft in its STOP position, hook an 8 oz. scale to the lower contact spring between the contact and insulator and pull at a right angle to the contact spring. It should require a tension of 3-1/2 to 5 ozs. to just break contact. TO ADJUST, bend the lower contact spring.

12.8 Keylever Link

12.8.1 The keylever link should be positioned on its keylever to provide from .020" to .040" clearance between the vertical edge of the link and the vertical side of the bail. TO ADJUST, loosen the link clamping screw and position the link.

12.9 Bail Spring Tension

12.9.1 It should require a tension of 2 to 3 ozs. to start the spring moving away from the bail. TO ADJUST, bend the spring.

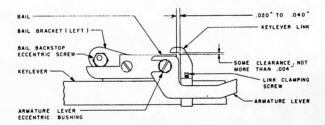


Figure 15

12.10 Bail Backstop

12.10.1 There should be some clearance, not more than .004" between the edge of the bail and the hook on the keylever link. TO ADJUST, loosen the bail backstop eccentric mounting screw. Hold the bail against the eccentric backstop, and turn the eccentric. Tighten the screw.

- 12.11 Answer-Back-Magnet Heel-Piece Air Gap
- 12.11.1 There should be a clearance of .005" to .015" between the end of the heel piece and the armature when the armature is held in the operated position. TO ADJUST, loosen the armature-yoke mounting screw and place a .008" gauge between the heel piece and the armature. Hold the armature firmly against the gauge and tighten the mounting screw.
- 12.12 Bail
- 12.12.1 The eccentric bushing on the bail which is engaged in the forked end of the answer-back-magnet armature lever should be adjusted to provide full travel of the keylever which it operates. TO ADJUST, loosen the eccentric bushing mounting screw, fully depress the answer-back keylever, place the magnet armature in its operated postion and rotate the eccentric bushing until the bail just clears the keylever link. Tighten the eccentric bushing mounting screw.

NOTE: Adjust the eccentrics so that the keyboard clutch is just tripped when the answer-back magnet is energized with a piece of paper placed between the armature and the pole piece. It is important not to increase or decrease this adjustment as intermittent errors may occur.

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5 Unit Start-Stop Code.

Figure 16

- ELECTRICAL MOTOR CONTROL ADJUSTMENTS
- 13.1 Motor Stop Function Lever Spring
- 13.1.1 It should require 5 to 6 lbs. to start the function lever moving.

13.2 Motor Stop Contact

13.2.1 With the printing bail to its rear position, there should be some clearance, not more than .006" between the insulator on the contact spring and the motor stop function lever front extension. TO ADJUST, bend the contact. With LETTERS selected and the main shaft rotated until all function levers are against the vanes, there should be a .010" to .015" clearance between the contacts. TO ADJUST, bend the heavy contact spring.

13.3 Start Magnet and Stop Magnet Cores

13.3.1 With either magnet armature held operated, there should be not more than .004" clearance between the magnet armature and either the magnet core or yoke. TO ADJUST, add or remove shims between the magnet core and the yoke.

13.4 Start Magnet Bracket

13.4.1 With the start magnet armature held operated, position the stop magnet armature until its inner edge aligns with the outer shoulder on the start magnet armature; there should be a .004" to .008" clearance between the stop magnet armature and the outer face of the yoke. TO

ADJUST, reposition the stop magnet bracket by means of its mounting screws and remove the resistor.

13.5 Stop Magnet Bracket

13.5.1 With the stop magnet armature held in the operated position by its latch there should be .004" to .008" clearance between the stop magnet armature and the outer face of the yoke. TO ADJUST, reposition the stop magnet bracket with its mounting screws loosened and the resistor removed.

13.6 Armature Stop

13.6.1 With the stop magnet armature against the armature stop, there should be a .070" to .080" clearance between the stop magnet armature and the outer face of the yoke. TO ADJUST, reposition the armature stop with its mounting screws loosened.

M15-34

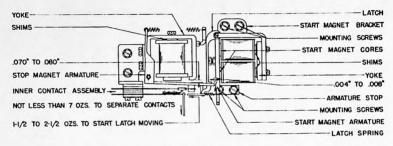


Figure 17

- 13.7 Latch Backstop Screw
- 13.7.1 With the stop magnet armature held in the operated position by the notch in the start magnet armature, there should be some clearance, not more than .008" between the high part of the latching surface of the latch and the end of the slot in the stop magnet armature. TO ADUST, reposition the latch backstop screw.
- 13.8 Stop Magnet Armature Spring Tension
- 13.8.1 It should require 14 to 16 ozs. to stretch the spring to its position length.

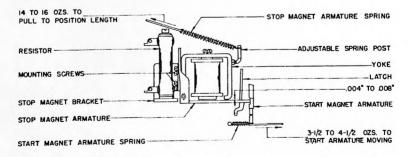


Figure 18

- 13.9 Start Magnet Armature Spring Tension
- 13.9.1 It should require 3-1/2 to 4-1/2 ozs. to start the armature moving.
- 13.10 Latch Spring Tension
- 13.10.1 It should require 1-1/2 to 2-1/2 ozs. to start the latch moving.
- 13.11 Inner Contact Assembly
- 13.11.1 It should require 1-1/2 to 2 ozs. to start the long contact spring moving away from the stop magnet armature. TO ADJUST, bend the long contact spring.

 With the stop magnet armature held in the operated position by the notch in the start magnet armature, there should be a .015" to .020" gap between the contact. TO ADJUST, bend the short contact spring.
- 13.12 Outer Contact Assembly
- 13.12.1 The stop magnet armature should be held operated by the notch in the start magnet armature during the following adjustments:
 - (a) The two short contact springs nearest the armature should bear against their stiffeners with slight pressure when the other springs are held off. TO ADJUST, bend the short contact springs.
 - (b) There should be some clearance, not more than .006" between the insulator on the long contact spring and the stop magnet armature. TO ADJUST, bend the spring stiffener nearest the armature.
 - (c) It should require 1 to 1-1/2 ozs. to separate the contacts when the adjacent springs are held away. TO ADJUST, bend the long contact spring.
 - (d) The long contact spring should be adjusted so that it bears lightly against the long contact spring nearest the stop magnet armature.
 - (e) It should require 1 to 2 ozs. to start the short contact spring farthest from the stop magnet armature moving. There should be a .015" to .020" gap between the contacts.

M15-36

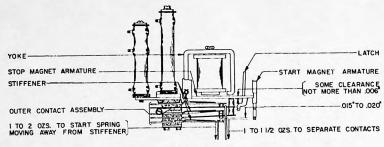


Figure 19

MODEL 15 TELETYPE WIRING

SINGLE CORD OPERATION Line - 34 & 41 Strap - 32 & 42 TWO CORD OPERATION Send line - 32 & 34 Rec line - 41 & 42

NON-RELAY OPERATION

G - 61 remove and tape. W - 65 move to 66. Y - 62 move to 61. Disconnect D.C. cord

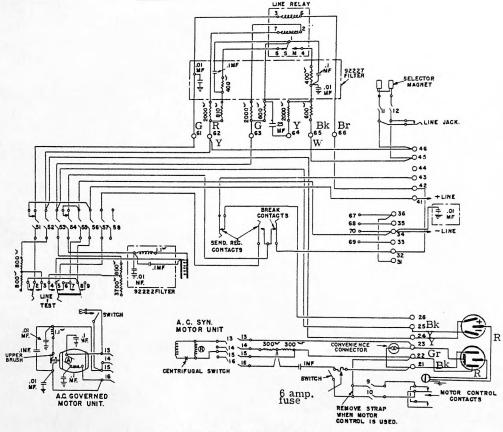


Figure 20. MODEL 15 WIRING DIAGRAM.

M15-38

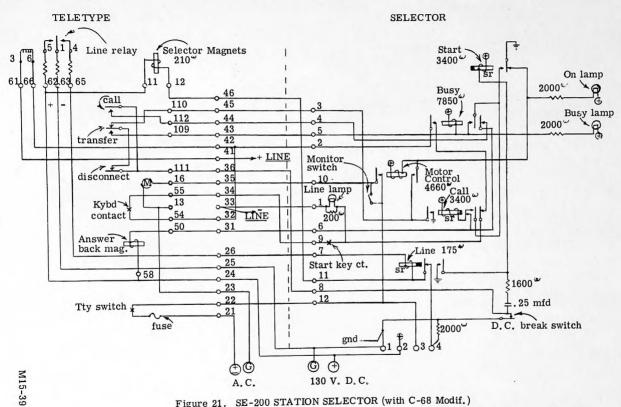


Figure 21. SE-200 STATION SELECTOR (with C-68 Modif.)

TO BY-PASS A SE-200 STATION SELECTOR

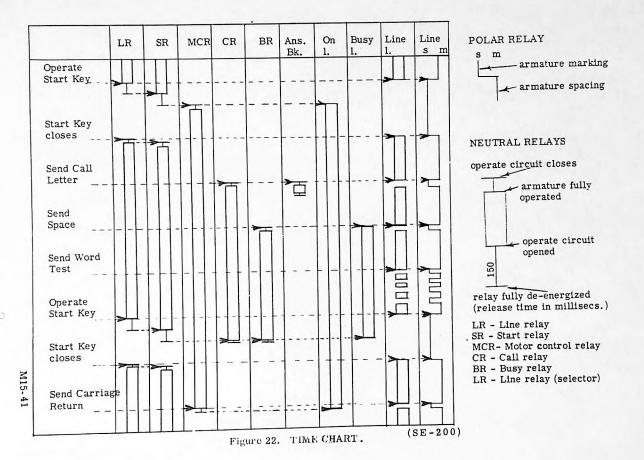
Place the following straps in the female jones plug connector

1 to 9 7 to 11 10 to 12

Wrap electric tape around the connector and straps. (use a heavy gauge solid wire for straps)

Disconnect D.C. plug to selector.

Place female connector on table shelf.



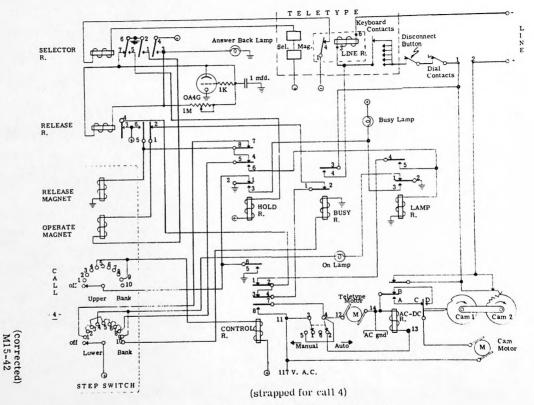


Figure 23. CDX-15 DIAL SELECTOR.



PLANT MANUAL BK2.3.3 ISSUE 1 AUGUST, 1964

MODEL 15 PERFORATOR TRANSMITTER (MODEL 19 KEYBOARD)

ADJUSTMENTS

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1. SELECTOR BAR ASSEMBLY SHIM ADJUSTMENT

- 1.1 When the "Q" key lever is fully depressed, all other key levers should have some play between the leather upstop and the selector bars and there should be some clearance, not over .030", between the high portions of the first selector bar from the front (A-1) and the unoperated key levers in line with the high portions. These conditions should also exist when the "P" or "B" key levers are depressed.
 - .2 When the "T" key lever is fully depressed, there should be some clearance, not over .020", between the rearmost code selector bar (E-2) and

the unoperated key lever having the least clearance. TO ADJUST, add (or remove) an equal number of shims to the bracket at each of the rear corners. Tighten the mounting screws. Replace the "Y" lever connecting link extensions and the left and right keyboard slide plates.

TRIP-OFF PAWL STOP PLATE ADJUSTMENT

2.1 With the high part of the intermediate pawl eccentric towards the front of the unit, there should be .070" to .080" clearance between the tripoff pawl and the intermediate pawl when the tripoff pawl is resting against the tripoff pawl stop plate and the intermediate pawl is against its eccentric. TO ADJUST, loosen the tripoff pawl stop plate mounting screws and position it. Tighten the screws.

3. REPEAT SPACE ROD CUTOUT ADJUSTMENT

3.1 With the keyboard control operating lever in the lower position and the space bar depressed until it rests lightly on its rubber downstops, there should be a clearance of .010" to .020" between the repeat space rod and the side of the intermediate pawl. TO ADJUST, position the cutout in its slot utilizing the elongated mounting hole.

4. KEYBOARD CONTROL CONTACT ASSEMBLY ADJUSTMENTS

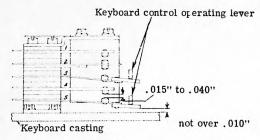


Figure 1

- 4.1 Place the keyboard control operating lever in the upper position.
- 4.1.1 Both prongs of the keyboard control operating lever should engage the insulating tips of contact springs No. 3 and No. 5 approximately centrally.

- 4.1.1 TO ADJUST, loosen the contact assembly bracket mounting screws and position the bracket. Tighten the screws.
 - .2 There should be not less than .010" clearance between the keyboard casting and the insulating tip on contact spring No. 5. TO ADJUST, bend the lowest contact.
 - .3 There should be .015" to .040" clearance between the contact points on springs No. 4 and No. 5. TO ADJUST, bend contact spring No. 4.

not more than 1-1/2 oz to close coptact

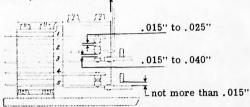


Figure 2

- 4.2 Place the keyboard control operating lever in the centre position.
- 4.2.1 There should be not less than .015" clearance between the lower prong on the keyboard control operating lever and the insulating tip on contact spring No. 5. TO ADJUST, bend contact spring No. 4.
 - .2 With the insulating tip on contact spring No. 3 resting against the upper prong of the keyboard control operating lever, there should be .015" to .040" clearance between the contact points on springs No. 2 and No. 3. TO ADJUST, bend the backstop of contact spring No. 2.
 - .3 There should be .015" to .025" clearance between the contact points of springs No. 1 and No. 2. TO ADJUST, bend contact spring No. 1.
 - .4 It should require a pull of not more than 1-1 2 ozs. to raise contact spring No. 2 so that the points of springs No. 1 and No. 2 make contact.

4.2.4 TO ADJUST, bend contact spring No. 2. Recheck the above contact gaps.

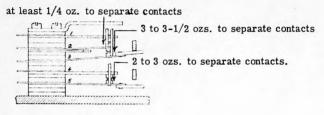


Figure 3

- 4.3 Place the keyboard control operating lever in the lower position.
- 4.3.1 It should require a push of 2 to 3 ozs. to separate the contact points of springs No. 4 and No. 5. TO ADJUST, bend contact spring No. 5. Recheck the contact gap.
 - .2 It should require a push of 3 to 3-1 2 ozs. to separate the contact points of springs No. 2 and No. 3 when spring No. 2 is held to prevent follow. TO ADJUST, bend contact spring No. 3. Recheck the contact gap.

5. KEYBOARD CONTROL OPERATING LEVER DETENT BRACKET ADJUSTMENT

5.1 With the keyboard control operating lever in its upper position, it should require a pull of at least 20 ozs, to move the operating lever from the upper (keyboard) position to the centre (Keyboard and Tape) position.

TO ADJUST, loosen the detent bracket mounting screws and position the bracket. Tighten the screws.

6. UNIVERSAL BAR CUTOUT MECHANISM ADJUSTMENTS

6.1 With the keyboard control operating lever in the middle position, and all keylevers in the unoperated position, there should be some clearance, not over 1 16", between the universal bar and the cutout lever. TO ADJUST, bend the universal bar cutout lever return spring.

7. TRIP-OFF PAWL CUTOUT ADJUSTMENT

7.1 When the clutch throwout lever is resting against the low part of its cam and the keyboard control operating lever is moved slowly from the centre position to the lower position, there should be .015" to .030" clearance between the trip-off pawl and the intermediate pawl at the point where the clearance is a minimum. TO ADJUST, bend the trip-off pawl cutout.

CAM PULSING CONTACT ADJUSTMENTS

8.1 Rotate the transmitting cam assembly until the tip on the contact operating spring, which bears on the cam, falls into the cam indent. It will be necessary to remove the filters from their mounting bracket in order to make the measurements.

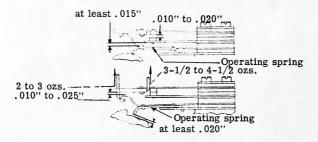


Figure 4

- .2 It should require a pull of 3-1 2 to 4-1 2 ozs. to separate the contact points. Also, the contact surfaces should meet squarely. TO ADJUST. bend the contact springs.
- .3 There should be .010" to .025" clearance between the curved tip on the contact operating spring and the insulating tip on the upper contact spring.

 TO ADJUST, bend the backstop for the contact operating spring.
- .4 It should require a pull of 2 to 3 ozs. to start the lower spring moving away from the end of the backstop. <u>TO ADJUST</u>, bend the contact operating spring.

8.5 There should be at least .020" clearance between the wearing tip on the contact operating spring and the low part of the cam surface. If necessary to adjust, recheck the previous adjustments.

TAPE FEED ROLL ADJUSTMENT

9.1 The tape feed roll should be free and should not have over .003" end play. TO ADJUST, increase or decrease the number of shims installed between the feed roll bracket and the casting. Tighten the screws.

TAPE TENSION LEVER STUD ADJUSTMENT

The feed pins on the feed roll should not touch either side of the slot in the tape tension lever when the play in both the feed roll and tape tension lever is taken up in opposite directions. TO ADJUST, increase or decrease the number of shims installed between the tape tension lever stud and the feed roll bracket.

11. TAPE TENSION LEVER SPRING TENSION ADJUSTMENT

11.1 It should require a pull of 5 to 5-1 2 ozs. to start the slotted extension of the lever moving away from the feed roll.

TO ADJUST. loosen the tape tension lever stud lock nut and rotate the stud in either a clockwise or counterclockwise direction. Tighten the lock nut.

12. BACKSPACE MECHANISM SPRING TENSION REQUIREMENTS

12.1 It should require 4 to 6 ozs. to start the backspace lever moving. It should require 1 to 2 ozs. to start the feed pawl moving.

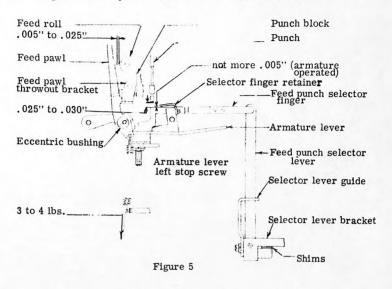
13. FEED ROLL DETENT SPRING TENSION REQUIREMENT

13.1 It should require 15 to 17 ozs. to start the roller moving away from the star wheel. TO ADJUST, hold the adjusting thumb nut and loosen the lock nut. Then turn the thumb nut to obtain the proper tension. Hold the thumb nut when tightening the lock nut.

14. SELECTOR LEVER BRACKET ADJUSTMENT (Figure 5)

Place an "R" wrench on the R. T and Y keylevers, depress the wrench until the keylevers are stopped by the code bars. The engaging tips of the selector fingers (not including the feed punch selector finger) should be under the punches by not more than half the diameter of the punches (gauge by eye). TO ADJUST, loosen the selector lever bracket mount-

14.1 ing screws and position the bracket. Tighten the mounting screws.



15. FEED PUNCH SELECTOR LEVER ADJUSTMENT (Figure 5)

The left end of the feed punch selector finger should line up with the left edge of the feed punch pin (gauge by eye). TO ADJUST, position the feed punch selector lever by increasing or decreasing the number of shims between the formed-over ear of the selector lever bracket.

16. ARMATURE LEVER LEFT STOP SCREW ADJUSTMENT (Figure 5)

16.1 With the armature lever held firmly against its left stop and the left end of the uppermost section of the feed punch selector finger in line with the left edge of the feed punch pin, the clearance between the feed punch selector finger and the feed punch should be .025" to .030".

17. ARMATURE LEVER RIGHT STOP SCREW ADJUSTMENT

In order to check this adjustment it is necessary to remake it. TO ADJUST, proceed as follows: Place all of the punch selector fingers under the punch pins so that the left end of each selector finger lines up with the left end of the feed punch selector finger. Adjust the arm ature lever right stop screw so that the punches fail to punch through the tape when the punch magnets are energized by closing the punch contacts by hand. Then back off the stop screw until all of the punches just punch through the tape when the punch magnet contacts are operated by hand. All of the punches should also perforate the tape when the selector fingers are positioned as far to the left as possible. Back off the right stop screw farther if necessary. Then back off the stop screw 1/4 turn more for margin. Make certain that there is some clearance between the armature and the magnet core when the armature lever is held firmly against its right stop. Tighten the lock nut.

18. SELECTOR FINGER RETAINER ADJUSTMENT (Figure 5)

There should be some clearance, not over .005" between the retainer and the top of the feed punch selector lever when the armature lever is held in its operated position by the magnet. Also, the selector finger retainer should be equidistant (within .005") from the No. 1 and No. 5 selector fingers when the ends of all the selector fingers are in line. TO ADJUST, loosen the retainer mounting screws and adjust the retainer. Tighten the screws.

TAPE GUIDE SPRING ADJUSTMENT

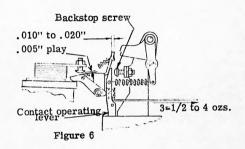
- (a) The edge of the spring should be parallel to the edge of the casting on which it is mounted.
- (b) The spring should hold the tape securely against the side of the guide in the die block adjacent to No. 1 punch without buckling the tape.

TO ADJUST, for requirement (a), position the spring. To check the latter requirement, take up the play of the tape in the die block toward the spring and observe whether the spring returns the tape to the far side when the tape is released. TO ADJUST, bend the spring.

20. PUNCH CONTACT BRACKET ADJUSTMENT

20.1 The punch contact bracket should be positioned, so that its mounting

- 20.1 screws are midway in the elongated holes. TO ADJUST, loosen the mounting screws, reposition the bracket and tighten the mounting screws.
- 21. PUNCH CONTACT SPRING TENSION (Figure 7)
- With any keylever depressed, it should require 2 to 3 ozs. to separate the contacts. TO ADJUST, bend the right-hand contact spring.
- 22. KEY PRESSURE ADJUSTING MECHANISM ADJUSTMENT
- 22.1 The punch contact operating lever backstop screw should be centrally located with the contact operating lever. TO ADJUST, position the key pressure adjusting mechanism by means of its mounting screws.

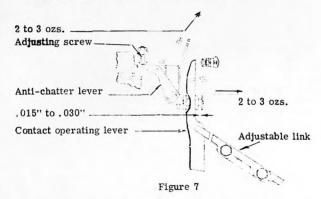


23. ANTI-CHATTER MECHANISM ADJUSTMENTS

- With the armature lever in its unoperated position, the anti-chatter lever should be in contact with the adjusting screw on the armature, and its upper surface should be approximately horizontal. TO ADJUST, position the adjusting screw.
 - .2 With the armature lever in the energized position, the anti-chatter lever should have at least .005" play between the operating screw and the magnet.
 - .3 With the armature lever in the unoperated position, the anti-chatter lever should extend at least 1 32" to the left of the centre of the

- 23.3 operating screw. TO ADJUST, refine the operating screw.
 - .4 It should require 2 to 3 ozs. to pull the anti-chatter lever spring to its position length.
- 24. PUNCH CONTACT OPERATING LEVER LINK ADJUSTMENT (Figure 7)
- 24.1 With the space bar fully depressed, there should be .015" to .030" clearance between the right-hand contact spring and the insulator on the contact operating lever. TO ADJUST, reposition the adjustable link.

NOTE: Depress the LETTERS and BLANK keylevers alternately, the selector fingers should travel the same distance to the right or left after the punch contacts have closed.



- 25. PUNCH CONTACT OPERATING LEVER BACKSTOP ADJUSTMENT (Figure 6)
- With DC connected to 52 and 53, operate any keylever and slowly release until the contact operating lever just separates the punch contacts. Under this condition there should be a .010" to .020" clearance between the contact operating lever backstop and .ne right-hand edge of the contact operating lever. TO ADJUST, loosen the backstop screw lock nut and position the screw, tighten the lock nut.

26. PUNCH CONTACT OPERATING LEVER SPRING TENSION

26.1 It should require 1/2 to 1 oz. to just start the contact operating lever moving away from the backstop screw.

TO ADJUST, turn the spring adjusting screw to its highest position. Then position the extension on the adjusting lever by means of the elongated slot in the extension to meet the requirement.

27. PUNCH MAGNET ADJUSTMENT

- With the punch magnet energized and the armature lever resting against its right-hand stop, there should be .004" to .008" clearance between the magnet cores and the armature.
 - .2 In order to change this adjustment, it will be necessary to remove the counter unit and the counter mounting bracket. Replace the parts after making the adjustment.
 - .3 TO ADJUST, loosen the two eccentric stop mounting screws and rotate the eccentric away from the core. Loosen the magnet core mounting screws and position the core. Tighten the mounting screws. Rotate the eccentrics so they make contact with the core and tighten the screws which mount the eccentrics.

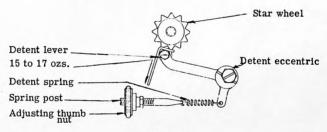


Figure 8

28. FEED ROLL DETENT ADJUSTMENT (Figure 8)

(a) With the detent lever roller resting between two teeth of the star wheel and the armature lever in the operated position.

- 28. (a) insert the feed roll positioning gauge (No. 73517) in the punch block guide slot so that the projection of the gauge stops against the feed hole punch. Under these conditions, a pin on the feed roll should line up with the centre hole of the gauge. TO

 ADJUST, loosen the detent eccentric bushing mounting screw and position the bushing keeping the centre of the eccentric bushing below the centre of the mounting screw. Tighten the mounting screw.
 - (b) The perforations in the tape should conform to the standard spacing of 10 holes to the inch. Check the tape against the tape gauge (#2215). TO ADJUST, loosen the detent lever eccentric bushing mounting screw and position the pushing using the lower semi-circle of its adjusting range. Tighten the mounting screw.

29. FEED PAWL ECCENTRIC ADJUSTMENT

The feed pawl should just engage a tooth on the feed roll, without over-travel, when the armature lever is raised slowly by hand until the feed punch selector finger just touches the feed punch. TO ADJUST, loosen the feed pawl eccentric bushing mounting screw, and position the bushing. Tighten the bushing mounting screw.

FEED PAWL SPRING TENSION

With the armature lever resting against its left stop, it should require 3 to 4 lbs. to extend the spring to its installed length.

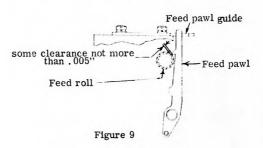
31. FEED PAWL THROWOUT BRACKET ADJUSTMENT (Figure 5)

With the armature lever resting against its left-hand stop, there should be .005" to .015" clearance between the tip of the tooth on the feed pawl and the tips of the teeth on the feed roll throughout a complete revolution of the feed roll. TO ADJUST, loosen the bracket mounting screw and the adjusting screw lock nut and set them both friction tight. Then, with the adjusting screw in contact with the punch block advance or withdraw the screw until the desired clearance is obtained. Tighten the lock nut and the mounting screw.

32. FEED PAWL GUIDE ADJUSTMENT (Figure 9)

32.1 When the armature lever is held in its operated position by energizing

the punch magnet, and the feed roll is rotated, there should be some clearance, not more than .005", between the feed pawl and the closest feed roll tooth. TO ADJUST, position the feed pawl guide.



TAPE STRIPPER PLATE ADJUSTMENT

33.1 There should be some clearance, not over .010", between the tape stripper plate and the feed roll throughout a complete revolution of the feed roll. TO ADJUST, loosen the mounting screws and position the plate. Tighten the mounting screws.

34. TAPE KNIFE ADJUSTMENT

34.1 The tape knife should be approximately horizontal and there should be at least .015" clearance between the tape knife and the tape stripper at their closest point. TO ADJUST, loosen the tape knife mounting screws and position the knife. Tighten the mounting screws.

35. COUNTER CONTROL CONTACT OPERATING MECHANISM ADJUSTMENTS

With the "figures" key lever and any two other keys levers depressed until they are stopped by the code selector bars, the relation between the key levers and the cam levers on the contact operating mechanism should be such that the cam levers are just completely displaced. To check this adjustment, depress the "figures" and any two other key levers until they are stopped by the code selector bars. Then, observing the counter control contact operating fibre extension, there should be very little or no further displacement as the "figures" key lever is

depressed to its full depth of stroke. In a similar manner repeat this check, using the "carriage return" key lever. It is important that the full displacement of the cam lever is not reached until the function key lever just reaches its neutral position. ADJUST, by means of shims located between the contact operating mechanism and the two rear mounting ears of the condenser cover.

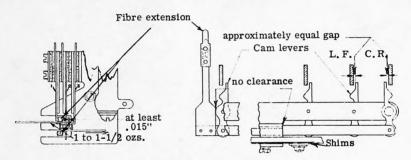


Figure 10

.2 When the cam levers are held away from the key levers against their backstops, there should be approximately equal clearance between the "carriage return" and "line feed" key levers and the tips of their respective cam levers. TO ADJUST, position the counter control contact operating mechanism laterally by means of the elongated holes in the mounting ears.

36. COUNTER CONTROL CONTACT ASSEMBLY ADJUSTMENTS

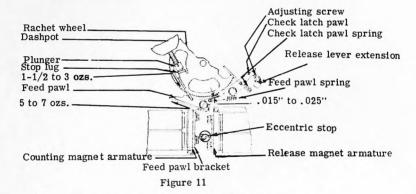
- 36.1 Remove the contact cover by loosening its mounting nuts. The contact springs are numbered from left to right, with contact spring No. 3 nearest to the resistor.
 - .2 Contact springs No. 1 and No. 2 should be approximately at right angles to the insulator pile-up in the assembly, and each contact point should have a follow of .005" to .010" when the other spring is moved away from it. ADJUST by bending the stiffeners for contact springs No. 1 and No. 2.

- 36.3 It should require a force of 1 to 1-1 2 ozs. to just separate the contact points on contact springs No. 1 and No. 2. TO ADJUST, bend contact spring No. 1 or No. 2 and recheck requirement No. 1.
 - .4 The contact operating fibre extensions of the counter control contact mechanism should move freely in their guide slots, and there should be not more than .005" clearance between the contact spring No. 2 and the right edge of the fibre tip, when the rear contact operating fibre extension is held to the right against the backstop. TO ADJUST, position the counter control contact assembly by means of the elongated mounting holes in the bracket.
 - .5 Contact spring No. 3 should be held by its backstop so that when the "carriage return" key lever is depressed slowly, contact spring No. 3 will be moved .005" to .010" by the action of the contact point on contact spring No. 2. TO ADJUST, bend the stiffener for contact spring No. 3.
 - .6 With the "carriage return" key lever fully depressed, it should require a force of 3.4 to 1 oz., applied to contact spring No. 3, to just separate the contact points on contact springs No. 2 and No. 3. TO ADJUST. bend the contact spring No. 3 and recheck requirement No. 4.
 - .7 With the contact operating fibre extensions on the counter contact operating mechanism not touching contact springs No. 1 and No. 2. there should be at least .015" clearance between the contact points on contact springs No. 2 and No. 3. If this clearance does not exist, refine the preceding adjustments to obtain proper clearance.
 - .8 When the "carriage return" key lever is depressed, contact spring No. 2 should move toward the right and should break contact with the contact point on contact spring No. 1 before it makes contact with the contact point on contact spring No. 3. If adjustment is necessary refine the preceding adjustments to meet the break-before-make requirement.
 - .9 Replace the contact cover. Hold the mounting screws with a screw-driver when tightening the nuts to avoid loosening the contact pile-up mounting screws.

37. FEED PAWL BRACKET ADJUSTMENT

With the counting magnet armature play taken up in an outward direction, the outer edge of the pawl should not extend more than .035" outside the outer surface of the ratchet. With the play taken up in the opposite direc-

37.1 tion, the outer surface of the pawl should not be more than .015" within the outer surface of the ratchet. TO ADJUST, remove the armature assembly from the unit. Set the screws which hold the bracket to the armature so that the bracket is friction tight, and replace the armature assembly on the unit. Adjust the bracket for the correct position of the pawl, remove the armature assembly and tighten the bracket mounting screw. Replace the armature assembly.



38. RATCHET RETURN SPRING ADJUSTMENT (Figure 11)

The ratchet should be free throughout a complete revolution in a counter-clockwise direction. TO ADJUST, proceed as follows: Remove the dashpot. When removing the dashpot, care should be taken to permit the ratchet spring to unwind slowly so as to avoid breaking the spring. Wind up the ratchet spring by turning the ratchet in a counterclockwise direction until the spring is tight. Then return the ratchet in a clockwise direction not less than one, nor more than two complete revolutions. Position the ratchet so that the stop lug is in the approximate location of 45° in the lower left-hand quadrant as the ratchet is viewed from the rear. Engage the latch pawl to hold the ratchet in place. Replace the dashpot and position it so that the stop lug is in full engagement with the plunger throughout the stroke of the plunger.

39. RATCHET SPRING TENSION (Figure 11)

39.1 Operate the release magnet armature and hold the dashpot plunger

depressed. Hook a scale over the spoke of the ratchet that carries the stop lug at the point on the spoke nearest the periphery of the ratchet and pull in a counterclockwise direction at a right angle to the radius. It should require 1-1 2 to 3 ozs. to move the stop lug away from the end of the plunger.

40. RELEASE MAGNET ARMATURE ECCENTRIC STOP ADJUSTMENT

With the feed pawl in full engagement with the teeth on the ratchet, there should be .010" to .020" clearance between the release lever extension and the feed pawl when the release magnet armature is against its stop.

TO ADJUST, loosen the eccentric stop mounting screw and position the eccentric. Tighten the mounting screw.

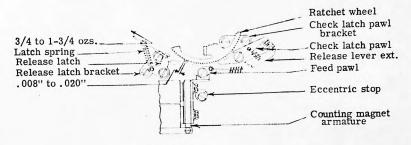


Figure 12

41. CHECK LATCH PAWL BRACKET ADJUSTMENT (Figure 12)

41.1 With the counting magnet armature against the magnet cores, the teeth on the feed pawl should overtravel the ratchet teeth .008" to .020".

TO ADJUST, loosen the check latch pawl bracket mounting screws and position the bracket. Tighten the mounting screws.

NOTE: When making this adjustment, back off the release lever extenion adjusting screw and hold the check latch pawl in full engagement with a tooth on the ratchet.

42. RELEASE LEVER EXTENSION ADJUSTING SCREW ADJUSTMENT (Figure 11)

42.1 Hold the ratchet so that the teeth on the check latch pawl are not

42.1 opposite the place on the ratchet where the teeth are missing. There should be .015" to .025" clearance between the check latch pawl and the ratchet. TO ADJUST, loosen the release lever extension adjustment screw lock nut and position the screw. Tighten the lock nut.

43. COUNTING MAGNET ARMATURE ECCENTRIC STOP ADJUSTMENT

When the counting magnet armature is operated, its feed pawl should rotate the ratchet one tooth and the check latch pawl should be in full engagement with a tooth on the .atchet, with slight overtravel not over .010", when the counting magnet armature is against its eccentric stop. Check this overtravel throughout a complete revolution of the ratchet.

TO ADJUST, loosen the eccentric stop mounting screw and position the eccentric. Tighten the mounting screw.

44. RELEASE LATCH BRACKET ADJUSTMENT

44.1 With the release magnet armature against the magnet cores, the release lever extension should overtravel the notch in the release latch by .004" to .015". TO ADJUST, loosen the release latch bracket mounting screws and position the bracket. Tighten the screws.

45. CHECK LATCH PAWL SPRING TENSION (Figure 11)

45.1 It should require 1-1 2 to 2-1 2 ounces to start the pawl moving.

RELEASE LATCH SPRING TENSION

46.1 With the release latch in its unlatched position, it should require 3 4 to 1-3 4 ozs. to start.

47. DASHPOT POSITION ADJUSTMENT

With the plunger completely depressed into the dashpot cylinder, the stop on the ratchet resting firmly against the end of the plunger shaft, and the check latch pawl in engagement with the ratchet, there should be some clearance, not over .004", between the engaging faces of the first tooth on the ratchet and the first (outer) tooth on the check pawl. Under the foregoing conditions the indicator should point to zero on the scale. Also, the point of contact of the plunger against the ratchet stop lug should be at least .040" from the edge of the stop lug throughout the stroke of the plunger. TO ADJUST the dashpot, loosen the dashpot mounting screws and position the dashpot. Tighten the mounting screws.

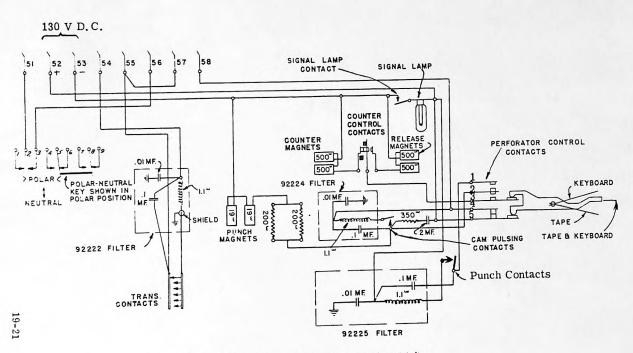
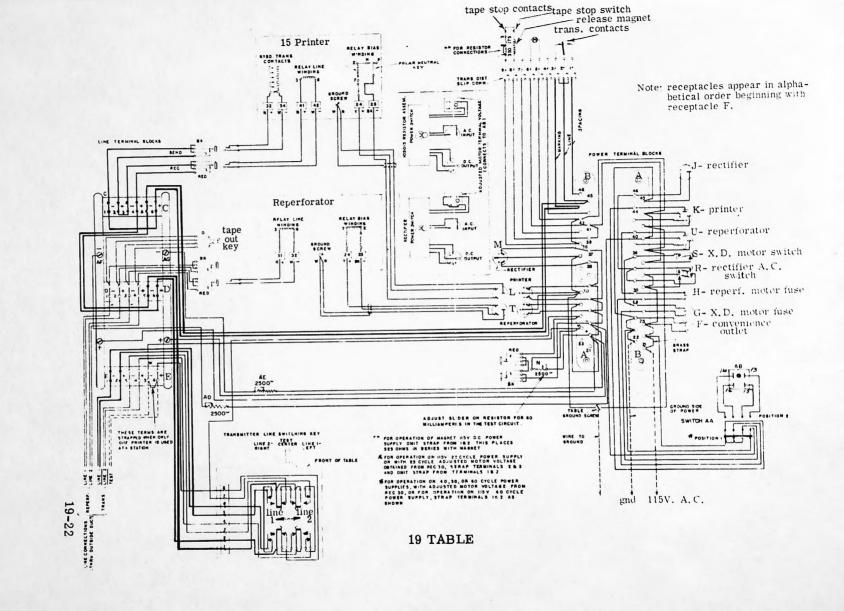


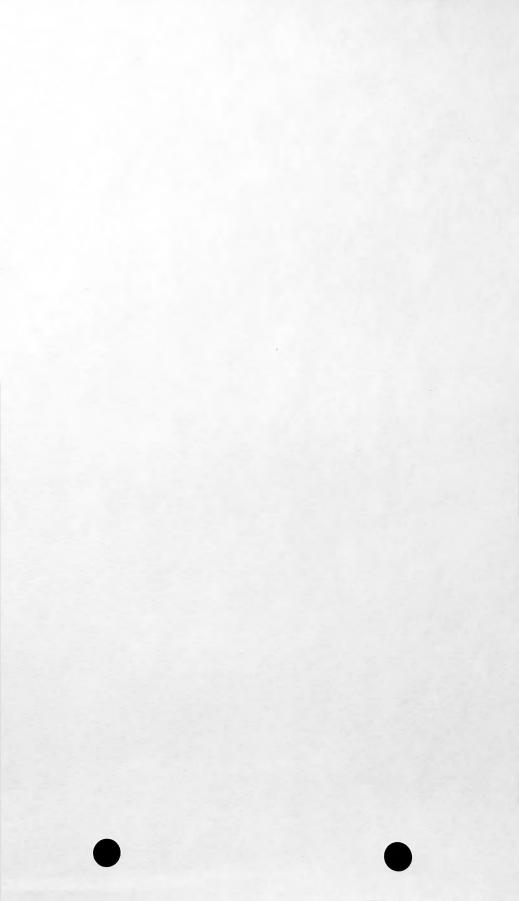
Figure 13. MODEL 15 PERFORATOR TRANSMITTER (19 Kybd).



19 TABLE WIRING.

Connect Line 1 - E1 & E2 Connect Line 2 - E3 & E4 Connect A.C. - A21 & A22.

To connect one line without use of Table switching key remove strap - C1 & C6 add strap - C5 & C6 Connect line - C1 & C6





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LORENZE MODEL 15 TELETYPE

ADJUSTMENTS

1. 2.	KEYBOARD ADJUSTMENTS ANSWER BACK ADJUSTMENTS		7		
1.	KEYBOARD ADJUSTMENTS				
1.1	Selector Bar Assembly Position (Figure 1)				
	REQUIREMENT:	With the selector bars resting against the two outer bearing plates, there should be a .004" to .012" clearance between the keylevers and the teeth of the selector bars and must be equal on both ends.			
	TO ADJUST:	Reposition the two outer bearing plector bar assembly with its set so			
1.2	Selector Bar Stop Bracket (Figure 1)				
	REQUIREMENT:	With the selector bars positioned to the extreme left hand position, the keylevers should engage the slanting sides of the selector bars. In a similar manner check with the selector bars in the extreme right hand position.			
	TO ADJUST:	Reposition the right stop bracket it is not met with the selector bars it position and reposition the left stop right hand requirement is not satisfied.	n the left hand p pracket if the		

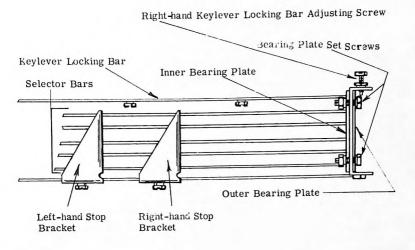


Figure 1

Keylever Locking Bar (Figure 1) 1.3

(1) With the keylever locking bar to its extreme REQUIREMENT: right hand position, the upper case keylevers should engage the middle of the locking bar teeth. In a similar manner check with the locking bar in its left hand position operating the

lower case keylevers.

Reposition the left or right hand keylever lock-TO ADJUST: ing bar adjusting screws with its lock nut

loosened.

(2) With the keylever locking bar resting against REQUIREMENT: the inner bearing plates, there should be a .008"

to .016" clearance between the keylever locking

bar and all the keylevers.

LO15-2

1.3 TO ADJUST: Reposition the inner bearing plates on the selector bar assembly with its set screws loosened.

Universal Bar Pilot Screws 1.4

The universal bar should have an end play of .004" REQUIREMENT:

to .012".

Reposition the universal bar by means of its pilot TO ADJUST:

screws.

1.5 Locking Lever Shaft Bracket (Figure 2)

With the locking levers in the spacing position and REQUIPEMENT: the contact levers on the high part of their cam.

there should be a .004" to .012" clearance between the contact levers and the locking levers. Also the lock loop should be positioned mid-way between the marking and spacing locking levers when "Y" is

selected.

Add or remove shims between the locking lever shaft TO ADJUST: bracket and the keyboard casting to meet the first

requirement and before tightening the bracket mounting screws, position the bracket to meet the second

requirement.

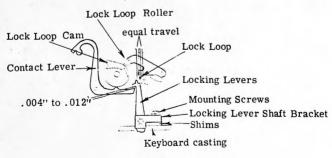


Figure 2

1.6 Transmitting Shaft End Play

REQUIREMENT: The transmitting shaft should be free with no end

play.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the bushing in the rear bearing bracket

by means of its adjusting nuts.

1.7 Clutch Throwout Lever

REQUIREMENT: There should be a .004" to .008" clearance between

the clutch teeth with the clutch fully disengaged.

TO ADJUST: Position the clutch throwout lever by means of shims

placed between the throwout lever post and the

bracket.

1.8 Trip-Off Pawl (Figure 3)

REQUIREMENT: With any keylever depressed, rotate the transmitting

shaft until the lower extension of the clutch throwout lever reaches its highest travel, there should be a .008" to .016" clearance between the clutch throwout lever and the latching surface of the trip-off

pawl shoulder.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the trip-off pawl mounting plate with its

mounting screws loosened.

1.9 Lock Loop Roller (Figure 2)

REQUIREMENT: With the keyboard clutch fully disengaged, position

the locking levers directly below the lock loop blade, there should be a .015" to .060" clearance between

the lock loop blade and the locking lever.

TO ADJUST: Readjust the lock loop eccentric screw with its lock

nut loosened.

1.10 Transmitting Clutch Pressure Roller

REQUIREMENT: The transmitting clutch pressure roller should travel

LO15-4

1.10 REQUIREMENT: from .020" to .032" to the front of the keyboard

when engaged by the driven clutch member.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the pressure roller with its mounting

screw loosened.

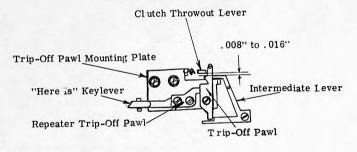


Figure 3

1.11 Intermediate Lever Stop Plate (Figure 3)

REQUIREMENT: With the transmitting clutch fully disengaged, there should be some clearance not more than .006" be-

tween the trip-off pawl and the notch in the inter-

mediate lever.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the intermediate lever stop plate.

1.12 Universal Bar Position (Figure 4)

REQUIREMENT: With any keylever fully depressed, there should be

a .008" to .020" clearance between the clutch throw-

out lever and the trip-off pawl.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the universal bar bearing plates with its

clamping screws loosened.

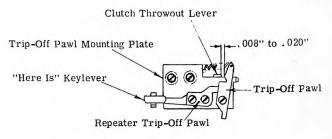
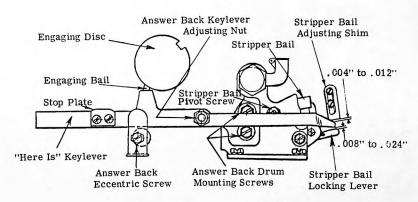


Figure 4



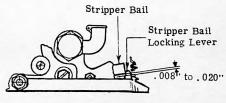


Figure 5

LO15-6

Transmitting Contacts 1.13

REQUIREMENTS: (1) With any contact lever on the high part of its cam, the contact gap should be approximately

.020".

Reposition the contact adjusting screws with its TO ADJUST: clamping screws loosened.

REQUIREMENTS: (2) With any contact lever on the low part of its cam, it should require a pressure of 3-1 2 to

6 ozs. to open the contacts, with the scale applied to the contact spring just above the contact point.

Bend the longer contact springs. Recheck (1). TO ADJUST:

Repeat Keylever Eccentric 1.14

> The repeat keytop unoperated, it should align with REQUIREMENT: the other keytops and should not be higher or lower

than its adjacent keytops.

Reposition its eccentric screw with its lock nut TO ADJUST:

loosened.

ANSWER BACK ADJUSTMENTS 2.

Stripper Bail Pivot Screws (Figure 5) 2.1

> The stripper bail should have a .008" to .025" end REQUIREMENT:

play.

Readjust the front pivot screw with its lock nuts TO ADJUST:

loosened.

Stripper Bail Locking Lever (Figure 5) 2.2

> With the "HERE IS" key fully depressed, there should REQUIREMENT:

be a .008" to .020" clearance between the lower edge of the stripper bail and latching surface of the

stripper bail locking lever.

2.2 TO ADJUST:

Reposition the stripper bail locking lever with its two mounting screws loosened.

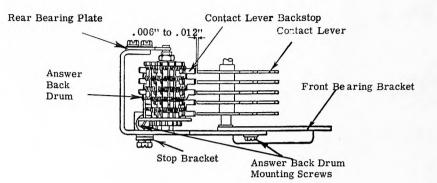


Figure 6

2.3 Answer Back Drum Alignment (Figure 6)

REQUIREMENT: (1) With the lock loop roller on the peak of its cam, depress the "HERE IS" key and rotate answer back drum until 5 contact lever backstops are directly opposite the contact levers. There should be a .006" to .012" clearance between the contact levers and the contact lever back-

stops.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the answer back drum assembly with

its three mounting screws loosened. To equalize the clearance, reposition its rear bearing plate with its two clamp screws loosened.

REQUIREMENT: (2) With the "HERE IS" key depressed, rotate the transmitting shaft, the contact levers should fully engage the contact lever backstops in the

fully engage the contact lever backstops in the first row. Continue rotating the transmitting

LO15-8

2.3 REQUIREMENT: (2) shaft and check each row in a similar manner.

TO ADJUST:

Rotate the answer-back drum until the "HERE IS" key lever rises into the notch of the ratchet disc. Loosen the rear lock nut (counterclockwise thread) of the drum, with a tommy inserted in the adjusting holes in the ratchet disc. rotate the disc counterclockwise to keep it stationary. Rotate the answer back drum ratchet wheel until the ratchet locking lever engages a tooth on the ratchet wheel and rotate the drum. See Figure 7 for location of parts.

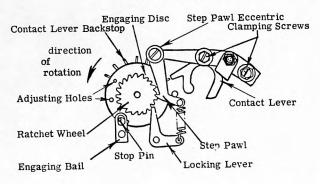


Figure 7

2.4 Answer Back Drum Step Pawl Eccentric Screw (Figure 7)

REQUIREMENT:

With the "HERE IS" keylever operated, rotate the transmitting shaft until the lock loop roller is positioned to the right of its cam. Advance the step pawl until a row of contact lever backstop are opposite the contact levers. The answer back drum locking lever should drop between two teeth on the ratchet and there should be a .004" to .008" clearance between the upper surface of the locking lever

2.4 REQUIREMENT: and a tooth on the ratchet.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the step pawl eccentric screw with its

lock nut loosened.

2.5 Answer Back Keylever (Figure 5)

REQUIREMENT: With the answer back keylever operated, its right-

hand extension should clear the stripper bail locking

lever by .008" to .024".

TO ADJUST: Reposition the adjusting nut with its lock nut

loosened.

2.6 Stripper Bail Adjusting Shim (Figure 5)

REQUIREMENT: With any keylever held fully depressed, there should

be a .004" to .012" clearance between the answer back keylever and the stripper bail shim with play taken up to make this clearance a minimum.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the adjusting shim with clamping screws

loosened.

2.7 Repeater Trip-Off Lever (Figure 4)

REQUIREMENT: With the clutch fully disengaged there should be a

.005" to .015" clearance between the repeater trip

off lever and the trip off pawl.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the repeater trip off lever its mounting

screws loosened.

2.8 Answer Back Keylever Eccentric Screw (Figure 5)

REQUIREMENT: With the "HERE IS" keylever held depressed, there should be at least .008" clearance between the

stripper bail locking lever and the stripper bail.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the answer back keylever eccentric screw with its lock nut loosen and recheck the answer back

keylever adjustment paragraph 2.5.

LO15-10

2.9 Answer Back Drum Step Pawl (Figure 7)

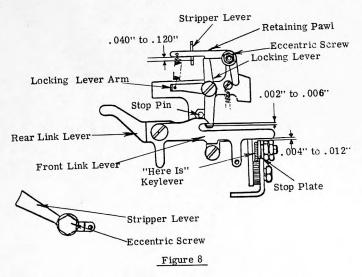
REQUIREMENT: With the "HERE IS" keylever operated, rotate the

transmitting shaft until the lock loop roller is on the peak of its cam. There should be a .008" to .024" clearance between the side of a tooth on the

ratchet and the step pawl.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the step pawl with clamping screws

loosened.



2.10 Answer Back Stripper Lever Eccentric Screw (Figure 8)

REQUIREMENT: With the clutch fully disengaged and the locking lever arm rotated downward, there should be a .040" to .120" clearance between the answer back stripper lever and the answer back retaining pawl.

2.10 TO ADJUST:

Reposition the answer back stripper lever eccentric

screw with its lock nut loosened.

2.11 Answer Back Locking Lever Stop Pin (Figure 8)

REQUIREMENT: The

There should be a .002" to .006" clearance between the locking lever and the shoulder on the front link lever and the front link lever should overlap the locking lever by .060" to .120", when the locking lever is not engaged in the shoulder of the retaining pawl.

TO ADJUST:

Reposition the stop pin with its lock nut loosened.

2.12 Answer Back Retaining Pawl Eccentric (Figure 8)

REQUIREMENT: With the answer back locking lever fully engaged

with the shoulder of its retaining pawl, there should be a .004" to .012" clearance between the lower extension of the locking lever and the front of the

shoulder on the front link lever.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the answer back retaining pawl eccentric

with its lock nut loosened.

2.13 Answer Back Keylever Stop Plate (Figures 5 and 8)

REQUIREMENT: With the clutch fully disengaged and the front link

lever fully engaged with the locking lever, lift the rear link lever, there should be a .004" to .012" clearance between the front link lever and the answer

back keylever stop plate.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the stop plate with its clamping screws

loosened.



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MODEL 28 TELETYPE

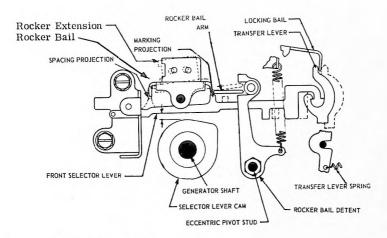
ADJUSTMENTS

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3.	LP6	TYPING UNIT ADJUSTMENTS	13

LK3 KEYBOARD ADJUSTMENTS

1.1 Spring Tensions

Clutch latch lever	1-1 2 to 2-1 2 ozs.		
Clutch stop lever	1-3 4 to 3 ozs.		
Clutch trip bar	5 to 9 ozs.		
Code bar bail	6 to 8 ozs.		
Code bar bail latch	1 2 to 1-1 2 ozs.		
Code bar	3 to 4 ozs.		
Code bare latch	1 4 to 1-1 4 ozs.		
Code lever	3-1 2 to 8 ozs.		
Code lever bail	1-3 4 to 3 ozs.		
Code lever bail latch lever	3 to 5 ozs.		
Contact box	2 to 4 ozs.		
Detent Lever	8-1 2 to 11-1 2 ozs.		
Eccentric follower	1 to 2 ozs.		
Flutter lever	1 to 2-1 4 ozs.		
Intermediate lever	2 to 4 ozs.		
Lock bar	5 to 9 ozs.		
Lock bail	2 to 4 ozs.		
Non-repeat	1 2 to 1-1 2 ozs.		
Reset lever	2 to 4 ozs.		
Selector lever	1 to 2-1 2 ozs.		
Transfer lever	5-1 2 to 8 ozs.		



1.2 Selector Lever Guide

REQUIREMENT: With signal generator clutch disengaged, the clear -

ance between front selector lever and the low part

of its cam should be Minimum .004"

Maximum .010"

TO ADJUST:

Position the selector lever guide with its mounting

screws loosened.

1.3 Rocker Bail Pivot Screw

REQUIREMENT: Rocker bail free on pivot with some end play maximum .010".

TO ADJUST: Rotate pivot screw.

1.4 Rocker Bail Detent

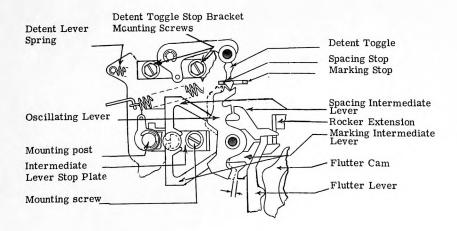
REQUIREMENT: Clearance between the rocker bail arm and both the marking and the spacing projections of the selector levers should be equal within .005".

1.4 TO CHECK:

Rotate the cam sleeve until the front selector lever has come down off the peak of its cam and is opposite the low part of its cam. With the front selector lever in the marking (left) position and the rocker bail arm against the lower stop of its detent, hold the selector lever lightly up against the rocker bail and gauge the clearance between the selector lever and the cam. Shift the rocker bail arm against the upper stop of its detent and hold the front selector lever to the right and up so that the spacing projection touches the rocker bail. Gauge the clearance between the selector lever and the cam. These two clearances should be equal within .005".

TO ADJUST:

Equalize clearance by rotating the eccentric pivot stud of the detent with its lock nut loosened. Keep the high part of the eccentric toward the generator shaft.



1.5 Rocker Extension

REQUIREMENT: Equal clearance (within .005") between the rocker

extension and both the marking and the spacing intermediate levers when selected individually.

TO CHECK: Rotate the shaft until the marking intermediate

lever is selected and the flutter lever is on low part of cam. Gauge clearance. Repeat procedure for spacing intermediate lever. Gauge clearance.

TO ADJUST: Equalize clearances by positioning the rocker

extension with its mounting screws loosened.

1.6 Detent Toggle Stop Bracket and Intermediate Lever Stop Plate

REQUIREMENT: Clearance between engaging surfaces of spacing and marking intermediate levers and associated

surfaces of oscillating lever should be equal within .004" and have some clearances not more than .006".

TO CHECK: Front selector lever in marking position, generator shaft rotated until front selector lever is on peak of

its cam. Move oscillating lever toward marking intermediate lever and gauge the gap. Then with front selector lever in spacing position and on peak of its cam, move oscillating lever toward spacing

intermediate lever and check gap.

TO ADJUST: (a) Equalize the clearances by positioning the stop bracket with its mounting screws

loosened.

(b) To get required clearances by positioning the intermediate stop plate with mounting post and mounting screw loosened.

1.7 Flutter Lever

REQUIREMENT: With the flutter lever on each low portion of its cam and the marking and spacing intermediate

levers alternately selected, the clearance between

1.7 REQUIREMENT: the flutter lever and latching surface of selected

intermediate lever should be: Minimum .008"

maximum .018"

With the clutch engaged and the selector levers (Figure 2) to marking (left), rotate the generator shaft to check clearance on marking intermediate levers. Hold selector levers to spacing (right) and rotate shaft to check spacing intermediate

levers.

TO ADJUST:

Position the flutter lever mounting stud in the elongated mounting hole with the lock nut loosened.

1.8 Clutch Shoe Lever

REQUIREMENT:

Gap between clutch shoe lever and its stop lug should be .055" to .075" greater when clutch is engaged than when the clutch is disengaged.

TO ADJUST:

With the two clamp screws in the clutch disk loosened, engage a wrench on the lug of the adjust-

ing disk and rotate the disk.

NOTE:

After the above adjustment is made, check for drag on the drum as follows: place clutch in stop position, hook 8 oz. scale on top tooth of gear and pull horizontally to the left. If a pull of more than 8 ozs. is required to move drum, refine the adjustment.

1.9 Generator Contact

> REQUIREMENT: The marking and spacing contact gaps should be

> > equal.

TO CHECK: Remove the cover from the contact box. First

move the detent toggle against its spacing stop (left as viewed from rear) and gauge the marking contact gap. Then move the detent toggle against its mark-

ing stop and gauge spacing contact gap.

TO ADJUST: Rotate the adjusting screw with its lock nut loosen-

ed and with the contact box mounting screws

1.9 TO ADJUST: friction tight. Replace contact box cover.

1.10 Code Bar Bail Adjusting Screw

REQUIREMENT: Rotate clutch until code bar bail is in extreme left-

hand position. Clearance between the code bar bail

latch lever and code bar bail roller.
Minimum .004" Maximum .008"

TO ADJUST: Position the code bar bail adjusting screw with its

lock nut loosened.

1.11 Non-Repeat Lever

REQUIREMENT: Any keylever depressed, signal generator shaft

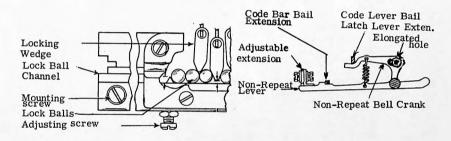
rotated until clutch is disengaged, while holding keylever depressed clearance between code lever bail extension and code lever bail latch lever: Minimum .020" Maximum .030"

Let up on keylever until surfaces to be measured

are in line.

TO ADJUST: Position non-repeat bell crank should pivot screw

in its elongated hole with lock nut loosened.



1.12 Keylever Lock Ball Channel and Lock Ball End Play

REQUIREMENT: With the generator shaft rotating, the clutch should trip consistently when two keylevers are

1.12 REQUIREMENT:

depressed alternately. The clutch should not trip when two keylevers are depressed simultaneously. No keylever locking wedge should reach the bottom of the lock ball channel when depressed. When either the Q and P keylever is fully depressed, it should reach:

Minimum some clearance Maximum .015"

of the bottom of the channel.

TO ADJUST:

Position the lock ball channel with its mounting screws loosened. Position the lock ball adjusting screw approximately .060" above the bottom of the ball channel.

1.13 Code Lever Bail Latch Lever Eccentric

REQUIREMENT: Any keylever fully depressed. Clearance between

front vertical surface of the code lever bail extension and the step on the rear end of the code

lever bail latch lever:

Minimum .025" Maximum .040"

TO ADJUST:

Rotate the code lever bail latch lever eccentric. Keep high part of eccentric upward and toward the front. Make certain there is some clearance between the code bar bail latch lever and the code bar bail latch.

1.14 Code Lever Bail Non-Repeat Extension

REQUIREMENT: Generator clutch disengaged. Code lever bail

rotated until code lever bail latch lever just trips. With bail latching extension resting against vertical surface of latch lever and shaft rotated until non-repeat lever is fully latched on code bar bail

extension:

Minimum some clearance Maximum .015" between adjustable extension and non-repeat lever.

TO ADJUST: Position adjustable extension with clamp screw

loosened.

1.15 Code Bar Guides

REQUIREMENT: Clearance between code bars and code bar guides:

Minimum some clearance Maximum .010"

TO ADJUST: Position the two code bar guides with their mount-

ing screws loosened.

NOTE: Check or adjust right hand guide only.

1.16 Code Bar Bail Bumper

REQUIREMENT: Letters selection applied to code bars clearance

between shoulder on the closest code bar and the

engaging face of the code bar bail:
Minimum .010" Maximum .020"

TO ADJUST: Position the bumper with its mounting screws

loosened.

1.17 Code Lever Guide

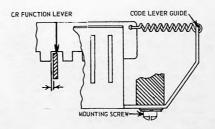
REQUIREMENT: CR keylever held depressed while disengaging

clutch. Clearance between or function lever and

stopping edge of number 5 code bar: Minimum .005'' Maximum .015''

TO ADJUST: Position the code lever guide with its four mount-

ing screws loosened.



1.18 Code Bar Bounce Suppressor Bracket Support Screw

REQUIREMENT: Letters selection applied to code bars, bounce

suppressor bail held against reset lever, clear - ance between bounce suppressor bail and No. 5 code bar latch should be:

Minimum some clearance Maximum .010"

TO ADJUST: Position support screw with its lock nut loosened.

1.19 Code Bar Latch

(1) REQUIREMENT: Letters selection applied to the code bars and the

code bars against their stop. Clearance between code bar and latch:

Minimum .010"

Maximum .025"

(2) REQUIREMENT: Bounce suppressor bail should ride centrally on

reset lever.

TO ADJUST: Position bounce suppressor bracket with mounting

screws loosened.

1.20 Code Lever Bail

REQUIREMENT: Alignment of the code lever bail extension and

the code lever bail latch lever should bring the edges flush within .010". Code lever bail should have:

Minimum some end play

Maximum .010"

TO ADJUST: Position the code lever bail by means of the pilot

screws.

1.21 Space Bar Pivot

REQUIREMENT: The space bar should be free on its pivots and

have some end play:

Minimum some play Maximum .010". It should also be free from binds in the slots of

the keytop guide plate.

TO ADJUST: Position the space bar bail pilot screws.

1.22 Intermediate Gear Bracket

(1) REQUIREMENT: There should be a barely perceptible amount of

backlash between the typing unit driven gear and the typing unit driving gear (On Intermediate

Gear Assembly).

TO ADJUST: Position the complete intermediate gear mechan-

ism bracket by utilizing the adjusting slots with the three hexagon head screws loosened. Align

the gears at this time.

(2) REQUIREMENT: There should be a barely perceptible amount of

backlash between the motor pinion and the

intermediate driven gear.

TO ADJUST: Raise or lower the front end of the intermediate

gear bracket by means of the filister head adjusting and clamping screws located at the front end of the bracket. Refine requirements if necessary.

LK10 KEYBOARD ADJUSTMENTS

2.1 This section contains only the adjustments pertaining to the redesigned mechanisms, which do not appear on the LK3 Keyboard. The remainder of the adjustments may be found in the LK3 (earlier model) section.

LK10 KEYBOARD

Spring Tensions:

Clutch latch lever	2 to 3 oz.	
Clutch shoe	3 to 5 oz.	
Clutch shoe lever	15 to 20 oz.	
Clutch stop lever	2 to 3 oz.	
Clutch trip bar	9 to 12 oz.	
Code bar	3 to 5 oz.	
Code bar bail	9 to 11 oz.	
Code bar bail latch	1/2 to 1-1/2 oz.	

1 to 2 oz. Code lever 2.1 1 to 2 oz . Code lever universal bail 2 to 3 oz. Contact box Contact box drive link 11 to 13 oz . 4 to 7 oz. Lock bar 7 to 11 oz. Margin indicator 1/2 to 1-1/2 oz. Non-repeat lever 3 to 5 oz. Plunger 2-3/4 to 4-1/4 oz. Transfer bail detent latch 1-1/2 to 2-1/2 oz. Transfer lever 5 to 6 oz. Transfer lever locking bail 7 to 8 oz. Universal bail latch

Transfer Bail Detent 2.2

Equal clearance with .002" between the transfer REQUIREMENT: bail and transfer bail detent plates, when transfer

bail moved to marking and spacing.

Keyboard clutch fully disengaged, manually TO ADJUST:

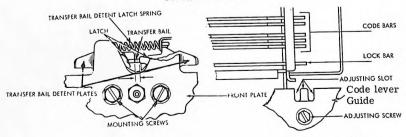
position the transfer bail to marking and spacing and gauge clearances. Rotate the detent plate right or left by means of the pry point with mount-

ing screws loosened.

Function Bail and Code Lever Clearance 2.3

Minimum .015" REQUIREMENT:

Position function bail assembly with mounting TO ADJUST: screws loosened.



2.4 Code Bar Bail

REQUIREMENT: With the code bar bail in the extreme left-hand

position:

Minimum .004" Maximum .012"

between code bar bail roller and code bar bail

latch.

TO ADJUST:

Adjust eccentric stud with lock nut loosened.

2.5 Code Bar Bail and Non-Repeat Lever Clearance

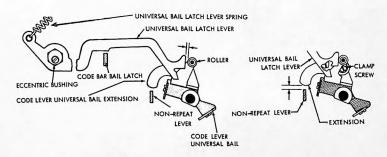
REQUIREMENT: Any keylever fully depressed:

Minimum .010" Maximum .030" between code bar bail and non-repeat lever

shoulder.

TO ADJUST: Loosen lock nut and shoulder screw and move

mechanism left or right.



2.6 Universal Bail Latch Lever

REQUIREMENT: G keylever held fully depressed. Clearance

between universal bail latch lever and roller on

universal bail extension:

Minimum .005" Maximum .015"

TO ADJUST: Rotate eccentric. Keep high part of eccentric up.

2.7 Universal Bail Extension

REQUIREMENT: Universal bail extension roller resting against end

of universal bail latch lever:

Minimum .060" Maximum .080" between extension and non-repeat lever.

TO CHECK: Depress letters keylever and release it. Check

clearance.

TO ADJUST: Position the extension with its clamp screw

loosened

LP6 TYPING UNIT ADJUSTMENTS 3.

3.1 Spring Tensions:

Anti-deflection plate 1 to 5 lb. 1/2 to 1-3/4 oz. Breaker slide bail Carriage return 3 to 3-3/4 lb. 3 to 4-1/2 oz. Carriage return latch bail Clutch latch lever 5 to 7-1/4 oz. Clutch shoe 3 to 5 oz. Clutch shoe lever 15 to 22 oz. Clutch trip lever 5 to 16 oz. Code bar clutch cam follower 20 to 24 oz. 1-1/2 to 3-1/2 oz. Code bar detent Code bar yeild 17 to 23 oz. Common transfer lever 1/2 to 1-1/4 oz.

Dash pot transfer slide 3-1/2 to 4-1/2 oz. 1/2 to 1-1/2 oz. Decelerating slide Function bar 2-1/2 to 3-1/2 oz. Function contact 1 to 2 oz.

1-1/2 to 2-3/4 oz. Function lever 3 to 10-1/2 oz. Function pawl Horizontal positioning drive

6 to 12 oz.

linkage Horizontal positioning lock

28 to 43 oz. lever Horizontal stop slide 1/2 to 3 oz. Keyboard lock lever 1 /2 to 1-1/2 oz. 19 to 24. Line feed bar pell crank Line feed bar release lever 3 to 8 oz.

3.1 Line feed stripper bail 1 2 to 2 oz. 18 to 22 oz. Lower wire rope pulley bail 1-1 2 to 3 oz. Marking lock lever Paper finger 3 to 6 oz. Paper straightener lever 1-1 2 to 4 oz. 10 to 18 oz. Paper pressure bail 28 to 36 oz. Paper pressure roller lever Platen detent bail 16 to 32 oz. Printing hammer operating bail 10 to 13 oz. Printing hammer operating bail latch 3 to 4-1 2 oz. Printing hammer plunger 3 to 5-3 4 oz. Printing hammer yield 1 to 2 oz. Push lever reset bail 4 to 8 oz. Reversing slide detent 2 to 4-1/2 oz. Ribbon feed lever 3 /4 to 2 oz. Ribbon lever 1-1/2 to 3 oz. Ribbon ratchet wheel friction 3 to 7-1 2 oz. Ribbon reverse detent lever 10 to 18 oz. Ribbon tension spring 3 to 5-1/2 oz. Selector armature 3 oz. Selector clutch latch lever 2 to 3-1 /2 oz. Selector lever 1-1/4 to 2-1/2 oz. Selector push lever 3/4 to 1-1/2 oz. 7 to 14 oz. Shift linkage Spacing feed pawl 2-1/2 to 4 oz. Spacing feed pawl release link 1/2 to 2-1/2 oz. Spacing lock lever 3 to 6 oz. Space suppression bail 1/2 to 1-1/2 oz. Spacing trip lever 2-1/2 to 5 oz. 8 to 12 oz. Spacing trip lever bail Start lever 2-1/2 to 4-1/2 oz. Transfer lever 1-1/2 to 2-1/2 oz. Trip shaft lever 1 to 2 oz. Type box carriage roller arm 28 to 36 oz. Type pallet 1/4 to 3/4 oz. Vertical positioning lever 4 to 12 oz. Vertical positioning lock lever 2 to 4 oz.

3.2 Selector Magnet Bracket

Spacing lock lever on a high part of cam. Armature energized.

3.2 (1) REQUIREMENT: Clearance between the end of the armature ex-

tension and shoulder on spacing lock lever:

Minimum .020" Maximum .030"

TO ADJUST: Position magnet bracket by means of adjusting link

with its two mounting screws loosened. Tighten

link clamp screw only.

(2) REQUIREMENT: Some clearance between the upper surface of

> armature extension and lower surface of the spacing lock lever. When lock lever is held downward:

Minimum some clearance Maximum .003"

TO ADJUST: Position upper end of magnet bracket with mount-

ing screws loosened. Recheck requirement (1).

3.3 Selector Armature Spring Tension

> Scale applied as nearly vertical as possible at end of armature extension. It should require approxi-(1) REQUIREMENT:

mately 3 ozs. to pull armature to marking position.

TO ADJUST: Rotate the adjusting nut.

3.4 Selector Clutch Drum

> REQUIREMENT: Clutch disengaged in stop position. Clutch drum

against shoulder on main shaft. Cam-clutch

assembly should have:

Minimum some end play Maximum .010"

TO ADJUST: Utilize clearance in clutch drum mounting hole

with mounting screw loosened.

Selector Clutch Stop Arm 3.5

> REQUIREMENT: Range scale set at 60. Selector in stop position.

Clutch stop arm should engage clutch shoe lever. Minimum 3/4 bite Maximum full bite for shoe lever.

TO ADJUST: Position stop arm on stop arm bail with clamp

screw loosened.

3.6 Transfer Adjustments

3.6.1 Transfer Lever Eccentric

REQUIREMENT: Push levers positioned for letters. Selector clutch

disengaged, Code bar shift lever link in uppermost position, clearance between rear code bar shift lever and code bar shift bar farthest from rear

code bar shift lever:

Minimum .010" Maximum .025"

when play of shift bar is taken up for maximum

clearance.

TO ADJUST:

Rotate eccentric bushing with clamp screw loosen-

ed. Keep both holes in eccentric bushing above

horizontal centre.

NOTE:

One or more code bar shift bars can touch code

bar shift levers.

3.6.2 Intermediate Arm Backstop Bracket

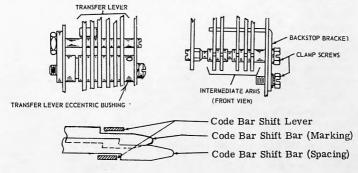
REQUIREMENT:

Select blank and rotate main shaft until shift lever link reaches highest travel. Take up play to make clearance maximum. Clearance between front code bar shift lever and inner step of farthest code

bar shift bar:

Minimum .010"

Maximum .025"



3.6.2 TO ADJUST:

Position backstop bracket with its two clamp

screws loosened.

3.6.3 Shift Lever Drive Arm

REQUIREMENT: Shift lever link in the uppermost position. Clear-

ance between the top of the rollers and the top of

the cam slots in the shift levers:

Minimum some clearance Maximum .025"

on closest lever.

TO ADJUST: Loosen the clamp screw. Position the shift lever

drive arm on its shaft to meet the requirement and to provide some end play, not more than .006".

3.6.4 Code Bar Detent

REQUIREMENT: Front plate removed. All clutches disengaged.

Supression and shift code bars should detent

equally (gauge by eye).

TO ADJUST: Equalize the detenting of the code bars by adding

or removing shims between the casting and the code

bar bracket.

3.6.5 Code Bar Shift Lever Link Bracket

REQUIREMENT: Motion of front and rear code bar shift levers

should be equalized with respect to code bar travel.

TO CHECK: Select M combination and rotate main shaft until

code bar shift lever link reaches highest travel. Take up play for maximum clearance. Clearance between spacing and marking code bar shift lever and shoulder on nearest code bar shift bar:

Minimum .002" Maximum .025"

TO ADJUST: Position code bare shift lever link bracket with its

3 mounting screws loosened.

NOTE: On later model the above adjustment is made by

positioning the front and rear adjusting plates (pry

points) with its clamp screws loosened.

3.7 Rocker Shaft Adjustments

3.7.1 Rocker Shaft Left Bracket

REQUIREMENT: Rocker shaft left bracket firmly seated against

inner bearing race.

TO ADJUST: Hold rocker shaft in extreme left position and

position the bracket against the inner bearing race

with mounting scews loosened.

3.7.2 Rocker Shaft Bracket Eccentric Stud

REQUIREMENT: Type box clutch disengaged. Play in locking arm

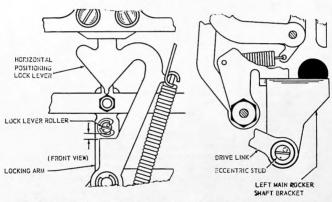
taken towards front. Gap between lower side of lock lever roller and top edge of shoulder on

horizontal positioning lock lever:

Minimum .065" Maximum .080"

TO ADJUST: Position eccentric stud in lower end of rocker shaft

left bracket. Keep high part of eccentric (marked with dot) below centre line of drive link.



IMPORTANT:

Any change in this adjustment will require a rechecking of the following adjustments: horizontal

3.7.2 IMPORTANT:

positioning drive linkage, right vertical positioning lever eccentric stud, left vertical positioning lever eccentric stud, vertical positioning lock lever, ribbon feed lever stop bracket, function stripper blade arms, spacing trip lever bail cam plate, printing track, printing arm, reversing slide brackets.

3.8 Main Shaft Clutch Shoe Lever Adjustments

NOTE:

All clutches shall be adjusted so that the clutch trip lever engages the full thickness of the shoe lever.

3.8.1 Code Bar and Function Clutch Trip Lever Adjustment

REQUIREMENT: All

All clutches in stop positions.

- Code bar clutch trip lever should engage the clutch shoe lever by the full thickness of the shoe lever.
- Function clutch trip lever should engage the clutch shoe lever by the full thickness of the shoe lever. Check at lug with least bite.

TO ADJUST:

Position the trip lever on its shaft with its clamp screw loosened.

Provide some end play of the trip lever shaft.

Maximum .006"

3.8.2 Spacing Clutch Trip Lever

REQUIREMENT: Spacing clutch trip lever should engage shoe lever

by full thickness of shoe lever.

Check at stop lug with least bite.

TO ADJUST: Use adj

Use adjusting screw to position spacing clutch trip

3.8.3 Clutch Trip Shaft Set Collars

(1) REQUIREMENT: Spacing clutch latch lever should have side play:

Minimum some Maximum .008"

3.8.3 TO ADJUST: Position spacing clutch latch lever set collar.

(2) REQUIREMENT: Approximate alignment of right end of stop exten-

ions on trip lever and shoe lever.

TO ADJUST: Position line feed clutch trip lever set collar.

(3) REQUIREMENT: Line feed clutch latch lever should have side play:

Minimum some Maximum .008"

TO ADJUST: Position line feed clutch latch lever set collar.

3.8.4 Line Feed Clutch Trip Lever Eccentric Post

REQUIREMENT: Line feed clutch in its stop position.

Trip lever should engage the clutch shoe lever by the full thickness of the shoe lever. Check at stop

lug.

TO ADJUST: Position the trip lever eccentric post.

3.8.5 Type Box Clutch Trip Lever Eccentric Post

REQUIREMENT: Type box clutch disengaged. Trip lever should

engage the clutch shoe lever by the full thickness

of the shoe lever.

TO ADJUST: Position the trip lever eccentric post.

3.8.6 Type Box Clutch Trip Lever

(1) REQUIREMENT: Clutch trip shaft cam follower roller on the lowest

surface of cam (located on code bar clutch). Clear

ance between inner face of type box clutch trip

lever and the clutch disk stop lug:

Minimum .065" Maximum .080"

TO ADJUST: Loosen clamp screw and position stop.

(2) REQUIREMENT: When positioning the trip arm determine that the

latch lever has some side play:

Maximum .008"

3.8.6 TO ADJUST:

Position the clutch trip arm on its shaft with the

clamp screw loosened.

3.8.7 Clutch Shoe Lever

(1) REQUIREMENT:

Gap between clutch shoe lever and its stop lug should be .055" to .075" greater when clutch is

engaged than when the clutch is disengaged.

TO ADJUST:

With the two clamp screws in the clutch disk

loosened, engage a wrench on the lug of the adjust-

ing disk and rotate the disk.

3.9 Vertical Positioning Adjustments

3.9.1 Lock Lever:

REQUIREMENT: Letters combination set up on code bars.

Main side operating levers at the upper end of travel. Upper notch of vertical positioning lock lever fully engaged (manually if necessary) with the vertical slide projection. The upper surface of the follower arm rear extension should be in contact with or not more than .004" away from the inner

extension of the main side lever.

TO ADJUST:

Position the right and left vertical positioning lock

levers with their mounting screws loosened. Take

up play.

3.9.2 Right Vertical Positioning Lever Eccentric Stud:

REQUIREMENT: Type box clutch disengaged. Common code bar in

spacing position. Play taken up between the code bar and the type box track to make the clearance

a minimum:

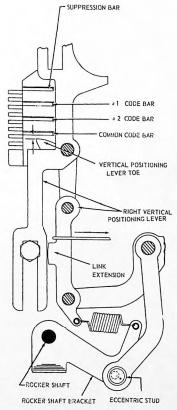
Minimum .035" Maximum .050"

clearance between the vertical positioning lever toe and the lower surface of the common code bar.

TO ADJUST: Position the eccentric stud in the right rocker

shaft bracket. Position high part of eccentric

(marked with dot) towards the rear.



3.9.3 <u>Left Vertical Positioning Lever</u> Eccentric Stud

REQUIREMENT: Right and left vertical positioning levers should buckle equally within .006".

TO CHECK: Common code bar in spacing position. Trip type box clutch and rotate main shaft until right vertical positioning lever toe touches common code bar and just starts to buckle its link extension by some clearance not more than .008". The left vertical positioning lever toe, should touch the common code bar and buckle its link extension within .006" of the right link extension clearance.

TO ADJUST: Position eccentric stud on rocker shaft left bracket inner arm. Position high part of cam (marked with dot) towards the rear.

3.10 Horizontal Positioning Adjustments

3.10.1 Reversing Slide Brackets:

REQUIREMENT: Type box clutch, code bar clutch and function clutch disengaged. Reversing slide moved to right and left through its full travel, right motion should buckle left horizontal positioning drive linkage and left motion should buckle right horizontal positioning drive linkage. The amount of buckling in each case should be: Minimum .030" Maximum .045" measured at point of maximum clearance.

3.10.1 TO ADJUST: Position each reversing slide bracket with their

clamp screws loosened.

3.10.2 Reversing Slide Adjusting Stud

> REQUIREMENT: Type box clutch disengaged.

With No. 3 code bar in spacing position (right), the reversing slide detent rollers should be fully seated in the right-hand notches of the detent lever. With No. 3 code bar in marking position (left), the reversing slide detent rollers should be fully seated

in the left-hand notches of the detent lever.

Position the reversing slide stud in its elongated TO ADJUST:

hole with its mounting nut loosened.

Horizontal Positioning Drive Linkage 3.10.3

> Type box clutch disengaged. REQUIREMENT:

Code bars 4 and 5 to spacing (right).

Clearance between each side of centre horizontal stop slide and decelerating slides, on side where knee link is straight should be equal (within .008")

Maximum .040" Minimum .015"

Loosen bearing stud mounting screws and connect-TO ADJUST:

ing strip mounting screws friction tight. Position one or both bearing studs on the connecting strip to provide .025" to .035" between the centre horizontal slide and the decelerating slide on the side where the linkage is not buckled. Tighten the two inner mounting screws. Change position of reversing slide and check opposite clearance. Equalize by shifting both studs and connecting strip as a unit. Hold the drive linkage hub against the lower vertical link of the drive linkage. Tighten the two outer bearing stud mounting screws. Check the linkage

for freeness throughout a complete cycle.

3.11 Stunt Box Adjustments

Function Bar Reset Bail Blade: 3.11.1

(1) REQUIREMENT: Function clutch and type box clutch fully disengaged.

3.11.1 (1) REQUIREMENT: Clearance between function bar and reset bail blade:

Minimum .018" Maximum .035"

when function bar moved manually to rearward

position.

TO CHECK: Measure clearance at bars located in stunt box

slots 4, 23, and 41. If there is no bar in these

slots use nearest bar.

TO ADJUST: Position blade on reset bail with blade mounting

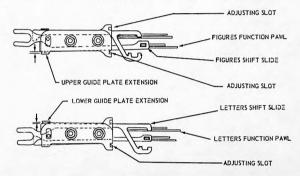
screws friction tight.

(2) REQUIREMENT: Type box clutch rotated 1/2 revolution, with a

function pawl moved to its extreme rear position, it

should overtravel its bar by at least .002".

TO ADJUST: Refine adjustment (1).



3.11.2 Shift Code Bar Operating Mechanism

(1) REQUIREMENT: Select figures, rotate main shaft until function

clutch disk stop lug is toward bottom of unit. Clearance between upper guide plate extension and shift

slide:

Minimum .005" Maximum .015"

(2) REQUIREMENT: Repeat the procedure for the letters function. Check

3.11.2 clearance between lower guide plate extension and REQUIREMENT:

shift slide.

TO ADJUST: Position upper and/or guide plate by the adjusting

slot with the clamp nuts loosened.

3.11.3 Stripper Blade Drive Cam Position

> Stripper blade drive cam should move the stripper REQUIREMENT:

blade an equal distance above and below centre line

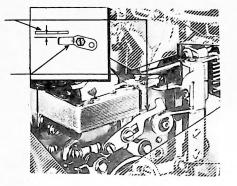
of its pivot (gauge by eye):

(a) upward direction (b) downward direction

TO ADJUST: With stripper blade drive arm mounting screws loosened equalize the overtravel of each cam peak.

SUPPRESSION ARM

BLOCKING BAIL EXTENSION



3.11.4 Blocking Bail

REQUIREMENT:

With printer in the print-case, rotate main shaft until lower surface of the suppression arm is aligned (approx) with bottom surface of blocking bail extension. Clearance between suppression arm and blocking bail extension, with play taken up to produce minimum clearance: Maximum .035"

Minimum .008"

3.11.4 TO ADJUST:

Position extension with its mounting screw loosened. Refine the adjustment if necessary and recheck each shift mechanism. Refine the stunt case code bar shift mechanism adjustment of any shift mechanism that does not

meet the above requirement.

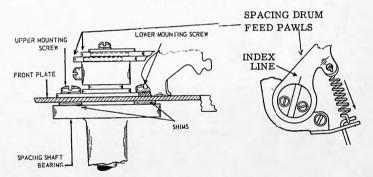
3.11.5 Unshift-On-Space Function Pawl

To prevent unshift-on-space function, loosen the lock nut and turn the disabling screw in, until a clearance between the lower edge of the unshift-onspace function pawl and its function bar. Minimum .030" Maximum .060" Tighten lock nut.

3.12 Spacing Adjustments

3.12.1 Spacing Gear Phasing:

REQUIREMENT: Spacing clutch disengaged. Index line on the spacing pawl should be between the two lines on the pawl retaining washer.



TO ADJUST:

Loosen the upper and lower mounting screws, disengage the spacing shaft gear from the spacing gear. Rotate the spacing shaft gear until the index

3.12.1 TO ADJUST:

line on the spacing pawl is properly positioned. Mesh the spacing shaft gear with the spacing gear. Make sure the spacing clutch is fully disengaged while doing the above adjustment. Retighten the mounting screws.

3.12.2 Spacing Gear Clearance

REQUIREMENT: Carriage fully returned. Minimum backlash of

spacing gears without bind.

TO ADJUST: Insert shims between the spacing shaft bearing and front plate at upper mounting screw to increase

clearance and at lower mounting screw to decrease

backlash.

3.12.3 Spacing Trip Lever Bail Cam Plate

REQUIREMENT: Spacing trip lever arm in upward position. Type

box clutch rotated through approximately one-half of its cycle. All function pawls disengaged from function pawls disengaged from function bar. Clearance between top surface of trip lever arm extension

and spacing trip lever shoulder:

Minimum .015" Maximum .030"

TO ADJUST: Position cam pla

Position cam plate on rocker shaft with mounting screws loosened. Position forward edge of cam

plate parallel to shaft.

3.13 Line Feed Adjustments

3.13.1 Line Feed Clutch Phasing:

REQUIREMENT: Line feed clutch in stop position. Both line feed

bars should engage the teeth of the line feed spur

gear.

TO ADJUST: Remove the line feed clutch mounting screw, slide

the entire line feed clutch assembly out of engagement with the line feed eccentric spur gear. Rotate the line feed eccentric spur gear until both line feed bars are fully engaged in the line feed 3.13.1 TO ADJUST:

spur gear. Reposition the line feed clutch assembly and replace the clutch mounting screw. Rotate the line feed clutch until the clutch is fully disengaged and recheck requirement.

3.13.2 Line Feed Clutch Trip Lever - Adjusting Screw

REQUIREMENT: All main shaft clutches fully disengaged. Some

clearance between the end of the trip lever adjusting

screw and the trip arm.

Maximum .006"

TO ADJUST:

Position the adjusting screw.

3.13.3 Line Feed Spur Gear Detent Eccentric

REQUIREMENT: Line feed clutch disengaged. Platen rotated until

detent stud is seated between two teeth on line feed spur gear. When hand wheel is released, the teeth on the feed bars should mesh with teeth on the line feed spur gear. The detent stud should contact one gear tooth and be not more than .006" from other

tooth.

TO ADJUST:

Rotate the detent eccentric with its mounting screws

loosened. Keep high part of eccentric upward.

3.14 Carriage Return Adjustment

3.14.1 Carriage Return Latch Bail:

REQUIREMENT: Carriage fully returned. Clearance between

carriage return latch bail and carriage return lever:

Minimum .004" Maximum .025"

TO ADJUST: Position latch bail plate on latch bail with clamp

screw loosened.

3.14.2 Carriage Return Lever

REQUIREMENT: Carriage return set up on selector. Main shaft

rotated until function clutch stop lug is toward bottom of unit. Carriage return function pawl

3.14.2 REQUIREMENT: should be fully selected. Printing hammer

mechanism held midway on the platen. Clearance between latch bail and carriage return lever. Minimum .006" Maximum .025"

1000

Position carriage return lever on carriage return bail with clamp screw loosened.

3.14.3 Carriage Return Spring

TO ADJUST:

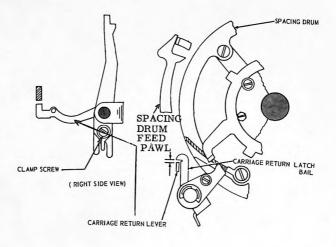
REQUIREMENT: Spacing drum in its returned position. Spacing pawls. Transfer slide and carriage return latch

pawls. Transfer slide and carriage return latch held away. Printing track in its lowest position. Minimum: 3 lbs. Maximum: 3-3/4 lbs.

to start the spring drum moving.

TO ADJUST: Rotate the spring drum ratchet wheel with the spring drum nut loosened to increase tension.

Operate escapement lever to decrease it.



3.14.4 Carriage Wire Rope

REQUIREMENT: Clearance between lower wire rope and carriage

return latch bail post should be at least .006". With the horizontal positioning mechanism in its lowest position, clearance between the lower wire rope and shift slide drive linkage should be:

Minimum .030"

TO ADJUST: Return the printing carriage to its left hand position.

Loosen the rope clamp screw (mounted on outer surface of spring drum) one turn only. Position the pulley bearing studs with their mounting screws loosened to meet the requirement. Make certain that the rope moves around its clamp screw to an equalized position. Tighten the clamp screw

and mounting screws.

3.14.5 Dash Pot Vent Screw

REQUIREMENT: Type box carriage should return from any length

of line without bouncing. First character of each

line should be printed in same location.

TO ADJUST: Turn down vent screw until slight pneumatic

bounce is perceptible. Back off screw until effect disappears. For dashpots with one vent hole: Back screw off one full turn. Tighten nut. For dashpots with two vent holes: Back screw off 1/4 turn. Tighten nut.

3.15 PRINTING ADJUSTMENTS

3.15.1 Printing Track

REQUIREMENT: Printing track in its extreme downward position.

Printinghammer operating bail latching extension held with left face in line with the latch shoulder. Clearance between latching extension and operat-

ing bail latch should be:

Minimum .015" Maximum .040"

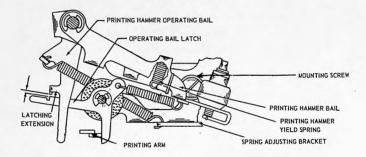
TO ADJUST: Position the printing track up or down with its

3.15.1 TO ADJUST:

mounting screws loosened.

NOTE:

Check the above with printing hammer in left and right hand position.



3.15.2 Printing Arm

(1) REQUIREMENT:

Printing track in maximum downward position, printing hammer operating bail against its stop: Some clearance between secondary printing arm and forward extension of hammer operating bail.

Maximum .012"

when printing arm slide is held downward over each printing track mounting screw for maximum

clearance.

(2) REQUIREMENT:

Printing track in uppermost position. Latching extension of printing hammer operating bail should overtravel latching surface of operating bail latch by:

Minimum .006"

Check right and left position.

TO ADJUST:

Position secondary printing arm with clamp screws loosened.

3.15.3 Printing Hammer Stop Bracket

REQUIREMENT: Type box in blank position and near centre of

3.15.3 REQUIREMENT: platen. Printing track in its downward position.

Printing hammer held against its stop. Clearance between printing hammer and dummy type pallet:

Minimum .008" Maximum .020"

TO ADJUST: Position the stop bracket with its mounting screw

and the printing hammer bail pivot stud loosened.

3.15.4 Printing Carriage Position

REQUIREMENT: Type box in letters position. M type pallet select-

ed. Type pox in printing position. M type pallet should be approximately in centre of printing hammer when hammer is just touching M type pallet.

TO ADJUST: Position printing carriage on wire rope with clamp

screws loosened.

3.15.5 Printing Hammer Bearing Stud

REQUIREMENT: Type box at midpoint of platen and in position to

print period. Printing hammer in contact with type pallet and pressed downward at bearing post. Face of hammer should be fully on end of type

pallet.

TO ADJUST: Add or remove shims between shoulder on bearing

post and stop bracket.

3.15.6 Shift Linkage

REQUIREMENT: Carriage near midpoint of platen. Type box in

position to print M. Manually buckle right shift linkage. Shift type box to left. Period type pallet should be approximately in centre of print hammer when hammer is just touching period type pallet.

TO ADJUST: Position left shift linkage on oscillator rail with

two clamp screws loosened.

TO RECHECK: Shift alternately from M to period. Take up play

in each direction. Refine adjustment if necessary.

3.15.7 Printing Carriage Lower Roller

REQUIREMENT: Carriage wire rope clamp screws loosened. Play

of carriage on track: minimum without bind

throughout track's full length.

TO ADJUST: (Eccentric Bushing)

Position lower roller with screw nut loosened. Keep high part of eccentric (chamfered corner)

toward the right.

TO ADJUST: (Sliding Screw)

Position lower roller with mounting screw loosened.

3.15.8 Type Box Carriage Roller

REQUIREMENT: Minimum vertical play without bind in type box

carriage.

TO CHECK: Move carriage to right end of track. Place in

upper position. Remove drive link. Check

throughout entire travel of carriage.

TO ADJUST: Position lower roller arm with clamp screw

loosened.

3.15.9 Type Box Alignment

REQUIREMENT: Printed impression of characters at top and at

bottom should be equal (gauge visually).

TO ADJUST: Loosen nut. Operate printer under power. Re-

peat characters E and Z. Turn adjusting screw in or out (in steps of 1/4 turn) to meet require-

ment. Tighten nut.

3.16 Friction Feed Adjustment

3.16.1 Oscillating Rail Slide:

REQUIREMENT: Carriage return ring and automatic carriage

return-line feed ring free to rotate on spacing drum (five mounting screws loosened). Spacing

3.16.1 REQUIREMENT:

clutch disengaged. Feed pawl, which is farthest advanced, engaging tooth immediately above cutaway section of ratchet. Clearance between slide

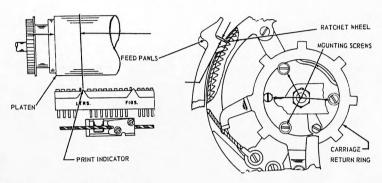
and pulley:

Minimum .025"

Maximum .050"

TO ADJUST:

Position slide on wire rope with clamp screws loosened.



3.16.2 Left Hand Margin

(1) REQUIREMENT: (for 72

(for 72 character line)

Type box clutch disengaged. Spacing drum in returned position. Type box shifted to the letters position. The letters print indicator on the type

box should be:

Minimum 9/16" Maximum 11/16"

from the left edge of the platen.

(2) REQUIREMENT:

Spacing clutch disengaged. Front spacing feed pawl farthest advanced. Spacing drum fully returned. Play in spacing shaft gear taken up clockwise. Clearance between pawl and shoulder ratchet wheel tooth immediately ahead:

Minimum .002" Maximum .015"

3.16.2 (3) REQUIREMENT: Rear pawl, when farthest advanced, should rest

at bottom of indentation between ratchet wheel

teeth.

TO ADJUST: Position carrriage return ring with four mounting

screws loosened.

3.16.3 Right Margin

> REQUIREMENT: (Operating on base) Type box Carriage in position

to print character on which spacing cutout is desired. Front spacing pawl farthest advanced. Clearance between upper edge of spacing cutout lever and cutout transfer bail when spacing cutout transfer bail is held in its extreme upper position: Maximum .025"

Minimum .006"

TO ADJUST:

Position the cutout lever with its clamp screw

loosened.

3.16.4 Right Margin with Automatic Carriage Return-Line Feed Ring

> REQUIREMENT: Type box clutch disengaged. Carriage positioned

two spaces before character on which auto CR-LF is to occur. Front feed pawl farthest advanced. Clearance between extension on right and auto

CR-LF bell crank:

Minimum .040" Maximum .055"

Position ring with four mounting screws (3 round TO ADJUST:

head screws and hexagonal screw on shoulder)

loosened.

3.16.5 Paper Finger Adjustment

> REQUIREMENT: The pressure end of the paper fingers should over-

lap the paper from 3/8 inch to 1/2 inch.

TO ADJUST: Position the paper fingers by sliding them on their

shaft.

Paper Straightener Rod Collar 3.16.6

REQUIREMENT: Left collar spaced

3.16.6 REQUIREMENT:

Minimum 9 32" Maximum 21 64"

from the left shoulder on the paper straightener

shaft.

Right collar spaced:

Minimum 1 16" Maximum 5 64"

from the right shoulder.

TO ADJUST:

Position collars on shaft with set screws loosened.

3.17 Sprocket Feed Adjustments

3.17.1 Type Box Position

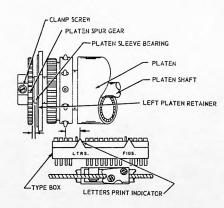
REQUIREMENT:

Type box and spacing clutches disengaged. Type box shifted to letters position. Four mounting screws loosened so that space suppression ring, or automatic carriage return line feed ring, is free to rotate on drum (units equipped with standard spacing drum) spacing cutout and automatic carriage return-line feed arms in maximum counterclockwise position. Clearance between letters print indicator and centre line of sprocket

pins in right hub:

Minimum 5/16"

Maximum 7/16"



3.17.1 TO ADJUST:

Loosen two type box clamp screws and two printing carriage clamp screws. Position type box. Tighten type box clamp screws. Do not tighten printing carriage clamp screws until printing carriage position adjustment is made.

3.17.2 Left Margin

(1) REQUIREMENT: Type

Type box clutch disengaged. Spacing drum fully returned. Type box shifted to letters position. Clearance between centre of letters print indicator on type box and centre line of sprocket pins in left hub;

Minimum 5/16"

Maximum 7/16"

(2) REQUIREMENT:

Spacing clutch disengaged. Front spacing feed pawl farthest advanced. Spacing drum fully returned. Play in spacing shaft gear taken up clockwise. Clearance between pawl and shoulder of ratchet wheel tooth immediately ahead:

Minimum .002" Maximum .015"

(3) REQUIREMENT:

Rear pawl, when farthest advanced, should rest at bottom of indentation between ratchet wheel teeth.

TO ADJUST:

Position carriage return. Ring with mounting screws loosened.

3.17.3 Printing Line

REQUIREMENT:

Bottom of printed line should be:

Maximum 0

Minimum 1/32"

TO ADJUST:

Position the left sprocket hub with its cam and gear retaining screws loosened. The spur gear and left platen retainer must be removed to make this adjustment.

3.17.4 Sprocket Pin Separation

(1) REQUIREMENT: With single sheet of sprocket feed paper placed on the platen the sprocket pins should be centrally located in the feed holes of the paper.

(2) REQUIREMENT: Printed line should be parallel to a line drawn

3.17.4 (2) REQUIREMENT: perpendicular to edge of paper within plus or

minus 1/32". The characters printed should be parallel to the lines on paper within plus or minus

1 32".

TO ADJUST:

Position right sprocket hub with clamp screw

loosened.

3.17.5 Platen End Play

> REQUIREMENT: Line feed bars disengaged. Platen shaft should

> > have some end play:

Maximum .010"

TO ADJUST:

Position platen spur gear with clamp screw

loosened.

3.17.6 Printing Hammer Stop Bracket

Same as standard adjustment except clearance be-

tween printing hammer and dummy tape pallet

should be:

Minimum some

Maximum .020"

3.17.7 Paper Guide

> REQUIREMENT: The clearance between the platen and the front

edge of the paper guide should be: Maximum .060"

Minimum .050"

Position the guide with its rear mounting screws

loosened.

3.17.8 Right Margin

Refer to Friction Feed Adjustments page 33.

3.17.9 Front Guide Bracket

TO ADJUST:

(1) REQUIREMENT: The sprocket pins should be centrally located in

the paper holes.

(2) REQUIREMENT: The gap between the platen and the front guide

bracket should be:

3.17.9 (2) REQUIREMENT: Minimum .090" Maximum .105"

TO ADJUST: Latch bracket. Bring bracket against platen and position bracket arms horizontally on shaft with

clamp screws loosened to meet requirement No. (1). Rotate arms to meet requirement No. (2).

3.18 Ribbon Adjustments

3.18.1 Ribbon Feed Lever Bracket:

REQUIREMENT: (left and right mech.) Reversing lever in upward

position. Ribbon mechanism in upper position. The detent lever held against the ratchet wheel. Clearance between the front face of the feed lever and the shoulder of a toothon the ratchet wheel:

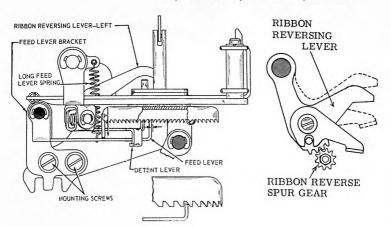
Minimum .020" Maximum .030"

TO ADJUST: Position the feed lever bracket with its mounting

screws loosened.

NOTE: Rotate the main shaft. The ratchet wheel should

step one tooth only with each operation.



3.18.2 Ribbon Reverse Spur Gear

REQUIREMENT: When right reversing lever is in maximum down-

ward position, the left reversing lever should be

in its maximum upward position.

TO ADJUST: Loosen the set screws in the detent cam. Loosen

the left spur gear nut. Securely tighten the right spur gear nut. Move the right reversing lever to its maximum downward position and hold the left reversing lever in its maximum upward position.

Then tighten the left spur gear nut.

3.18.3 Ribbon Reverse Detent

REQUIREMENT: Detent should seat equally in each notch of cam.

Free end of the detent flush with cam.

TO ADJUST: Position the cam on its shaft with its set screws

loosened.

3.19 Manual Selection of Combinations

Mount the armature clip on the selector.

2. Rotate main shaft until all clutches are fully disengaged.

3. Move the selector armature down, so as to release the selector clutch, then release the armature.

4. Rotate main shaft until the #5 push lever just moves forward.

 All push levers should be marking, therefore strip the push levers from the selector levers which are spacing in the code combination that is being selected.

6. Continue rotating main shaft until the selection is completed.

 In order to repeat the selection, do not touch the armature clip. Operate the code bar clutch trip lever and rotate main shaft until the selection has been repeated.

3.20 Front Plate Removal

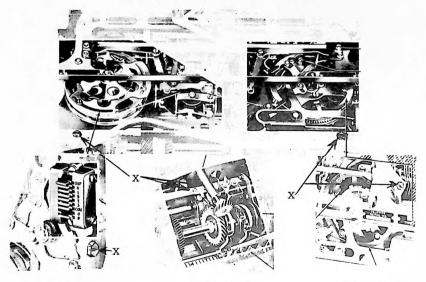
Remove the typing unit from the base.

2. Position the printing hammer mechanism to the extreme right, remove the tru-arc from the type box carriage link and disengage the link from the carriage. Note: it may be necessary to loosen the clamping screws on the type box

- 3.20 2. carriage and position the carriage further to the right in order to make the tru-arc more accessible.
 - 3. Return the printing hammer assembly to the extreme left.
 - Remove the two main bail drive bracket mounting screws on the rocker shaft.
 - Remove the four hexagonal screws which secure the front plate to the side frames.
 - 6. The front plate can now be removed.
 - 7. To reinstall the front plate reverse the above procedure, but care must be exercised so that: the horizontal motion stop slides, the shift code bar extension, #3 code bar extension and the auto C.R.L.F. bell crank are properly repositioned.

NOTE: The spacing gear phasing adjustment must be remade.

REMOVE SCREWS INDICATED BY AN X



LEFT SIDE

BOTTOM VIEW

RIGHT SIDE

3.21 Stunt Box Removal

Remove the rear tie bar.

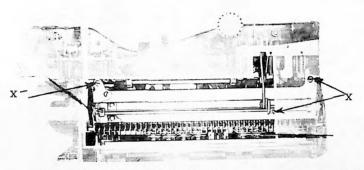
Disengage the drive arm from the stripper blade driven arm. 2. Disengage the cam shaft drive arm from the stripper blade drive arm by removing the clamping screw and sliding the drive arm out of engagement.

Remove the two mounting screws which secure the stunt box 3.

at its lower extremity to the typing unit.

Pull the stunt box to the rear, it may be necessary to rotate 4. the main shaft in order to move the stripper blade drive arm out of the path of the stunt box.

5. To reinstall the stunt reverse the above procedure. When function bars engage the rear of the code bars strip off all the function pawls from the function bars; all code bar forks should properly engage their posts.



3.22 Selector Cam Clutch Assembly Removal

Lift the push lever reset bail onto its shoulder. 1.

Remove the mounting screw on the selector clutch drum. 2.

3. With a screw driver position on the marking lock lever to the front.

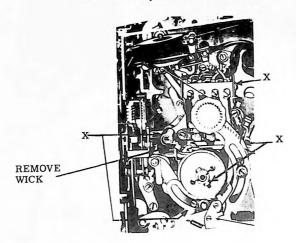
While rotating the selector clutch, gently pull the selector 4. clutch assembly.

5. Before the selector clutch assembly is completely removed it may be necessary to move the clutch stop arm forward as

- 3.22 5. it may hinder in the removal of the selector clutch assembly.
 - 6. To reinstall, reverse the above procedure.

3.23 Selector Mechanism Removal

- Remove the selector cam clutch assembly.
- Remove the felt wick in order to gain access to a mounting screw; remove this screw.
- 3. Remove the remaining three selector mounting screws.
- Unhook the common transfer lever spring from the push lever guide.
- Rotate the selector mounting bracket clockwise and remove the selector mechanism.
- 6. To reinstall, reverse the above procedure. Do not forget to unlatch the push lever reset bail.



3.24 Main Shaft Removal

- 1. Remove the selector cam clutch assembly.
- 2. Return the carriage to the left.

3.24 3. Remove the spacing shaft gear.

4. Remove the stripper blade drive arm.

 Remove the clutch pearing on the extreme right end of main shaft by removing its mounting screw.

 Unhook the 8 clutch trip lever and latch lever springsplus the large cam follower spring.

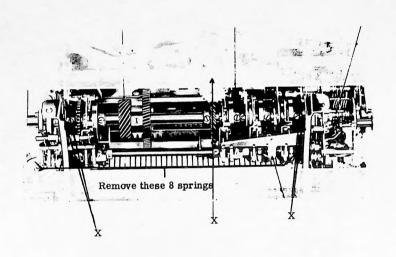
 Remove the mounting screws from the left and right hand bearing clamps.

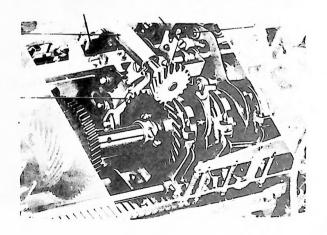
8. Hold the function bar reset bail to the front of the unit.

 Move the main shaft assembly to left, position the main shaft so that left bearing clamp passes by the vertical positioning levers.

10. To reinstall, remove the type box clutch link then reverse the above procedure.

11. The spacing gear and line feed phasing must be checked.

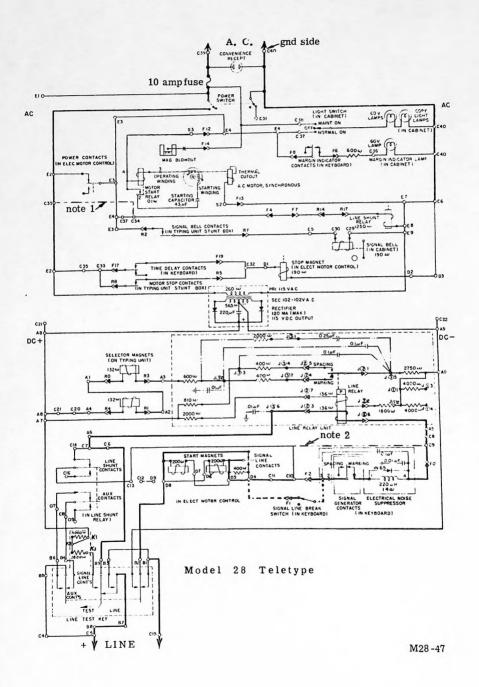




MODEL 28 TYPE BOX CHART (COMMERCIAL)

				L	ETTER	RS			
		LE	FT		1	RIGHT			
	4 8 5	MARKING 5 SPACING	5	4 8 5 SPACING	İ	4 8 5 SPACING	SPACING 5 MARKING	4 MARKING 5 SPACING	4 B 5
TOP RCW	M 345	N 3 4 -	H 3 - 5	SPACE		BLANK	T 5	C. R.	0
2 <u>ND</u> ROW	X 1-345	F 1-34-	Y 1-3-5	S 1 - 3		E	Z 15	D 14-	B 14 5
3 <u>90</u> ROW	V -2345	C -234-	P -23-5	1 -23		L F	L -25	R -2 - 4 -	G -2 - 4 5
BOTTOM	LETTERS	K 1234-	Q 123-5	U 123		A : 2	W 125	J 12-4-	FIGURES 12-45
	1 4 <u>TH</u> 1 ROW	RKING 2 <u>ND</u> ROW	I IST I ROW		I SI ROW	3 SPA 2 ND 1 ROW	CING 3 RD 1 ROW	4 TH ROW	

	LE	FT			RIG	HT		
4 8 5 MARKING	MARKING 5 SPACING	5	4 8 5	4 8 5	1 5	MARKING 5 SPACING	4 8 5	
• 345	, 34-	# 3-5	SPACE	BLANK	5	C. R.	9	SPACE
/ 1-345	!	6	▼ 1-3	3	11	\$ 14-	?	MARKI 2 SPACI
;	: -234-	0 -2 3 - 5	8 -2 3	L. F.)	4 -2 - 4 -	& -2 - 4 5	SPACII 2 MARK
ETTERS 2 3 4 5	1234-	1 1 2 3 - 5	7	12	2	BELL 12-4-	FIGURES 12 - 4 5	I B
4 TH ROW	3 MAF	KING 2 ND 1 ROW	I ST	I ST ROW	3 SP/	ACING 3 RD 1 ROW	4 TH ROW	



MODEL 28 WIRING

NON-RELAY OPERATION

Strap - A3 & A5 Strap - A4 & A6 Remove Line Relay Remove & tape Transformer lead on E2.

SELECTOR MAGNETS PARALLEL

Remove 2 Bk straps - A1 & A2 strap - A2 & A3 strap - A1 & A4.

LEGEND

A- sel. mag. block (LESU) B- line-test (LESU)

C- cabinet block

D- mtr. control block (LESU)

E-power block (LESU)

F- keyboard connector

K - term. strip (line-test key LESU)
R - typing unit connector

S - motor term, block (LK)

M28 -48



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MODEL 28 TRANSMITTER DISTRIBUTOR (LXD)

ADJUSTMENTS

CONT	ENTS	PAGE
1.	SPRING TENSIONS	1
2.	COVER ADJUSTMENTS	2
3.	CONTROL CONTACTS ADJUSTMENTS	4
4.	CLUTCH AND MAGNET ADJUSTMENTS	6
5.	MAIN BAIL ADJUSTMENTS	8
6.	GENERATOR CONTACT ADJUSTMENTS	9

SPRING TENSIONS

Armature bail	1 to 2 oz.
Clutch latch lever	3 to 5-1 2 oz.
Clutch shoe lever	15 to 20 oz.
Clutch shoe	3 to 5 oz.
Clutch trip lever	7 to 10-1 2 oz.
Cover plate detent	28 to 40 oz.
Depressor bail torsion	3 to 7-1 2 oz.
Feed pawl	2 to 3-1 2 oz.
Feed ratchet detent	8 to 13 oz.
Intermediate tape out bail	3 to 5 oz.
Locking bail	6-1 2 to 10-1 2 oz.
Main bail latch	3 4 to 2 oz.
Main bail	10 to 15 oz.
Stabilizer	2-1 2 to 5 oz.
Sensing finger	2 to 3 oz.
Signal contact	2 to 3-1 2 oz.
Start-stop detent	14 to 22 oz.
Tape lid release plunger	3 to 6 oz.
Tape out sensing pin	1 to 3 oz.

Tight tape intermediate Arm Tight tape start-stop contact

Transfer lever

Toggle link (signal contact)

3 4 to 1-1 2 oz.

3 to 4 oz.

1-1 2 to 2-1 2 oz.

6 to 9 oz.

COVER ADJUSTMENTS

2.1 Tape Lid

(1) REQUIREMENT: With the tape lid held against notch in tape guide

> plate there should be some clearance, not more than .010", between the shoulder and tape lid bearings. The tape-out pin and the feed wheel grove should

align with their respective slots.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the tape lid bracket with its mounting

nuts friction tight, place the tip of a 156743 gauge

thru slot and into groove of lid.

(2) REQUIREMENT: Tape lid front bearing surface should be flush

against tape guide plate and rear bearing surface should be flush or within .003" of being flush.

TO ADJUST: Reposition tape lid bearing pracket with its mount-

ing screws loosened.

2.2 Tape Lid Release Plunger

REQUIREMENT: With the tape lid latched the release plunger should

have some end play.

TO ADJUST: With the eccentric mounting post friction tight and

tape lid unlatched, rotate the high part of eccentric towards the tape guide plate. Hold tape lid down and rotate eccentric towards the bracket until

latch just falls under post.

2.3 Tape Guide

With perforated tape inserted, the tape should be REQUIREMENT:

centrally located and not have more than .003'

between either edge of tape and tape guide.

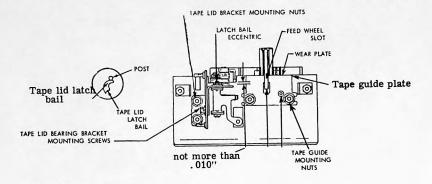


Figure 1

2.3 TO ADJUST: Reposition tape guide with its mounting nut loosened.

2.4 Tape Guide Plate Position

REQUIREMENT: Tape guide plate should be firmly seated against

the front and rear plates.

TO ADJUST: With the tape guide plate mounting bracket friction

tight, place the start-stop lever to the run position and unlatch the tape lid. Trip the clutch and press

guide plate into position.

2.5 Top Plate Position

(1) REQUIREMENT: The top plate should be approximately flush with

the left edge of the tape guide plate and the feed wheel should rotate freely in slot when the start-

stop lever is in the freewheeling position.

TO ADJUST: Reposition top plate with its mounting screws

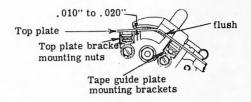
loosened.

(2) REQUIREMENT: The tape lid projection should clear the top plate

by .010" to .020" with the tap lid latched.

2.5 TO ADJUST:

Refine requirement #1. It may be necessary to reposition the tape lid.



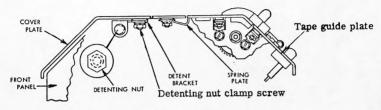


Figure 2

2.6 Cover Plate Position

(1) REQUIREMENT: The cover plate should be held flush against the

left edge of the top plate by the cover plate detents.

(2) REQUIREMENT: The cover plate should be firmly seated against

the front and rear plates.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the detenting nut with its clamp screws

loosened.

CONTROL CONTACTS ADJUSTMENTS

3.1 Tape-Out Contact Assembly

REQUIREMENT: It should require 8 to 15 grams to separate the

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3.1 REQUIREMENT: normally closed contacts and there should be .008"

to .015" clearance between the normally open

contacts (1 oz = 28 grams).

3.2 Tape-Out Contact Bracket

REQUIREMENT: With the tape inserted, there should be a clearance

of .006" to .012" between the tape-out pin shoulder

and the swinger contact insulator.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the contact bracket with its mounting

screws loosened.

3.3 Tape-Out Sensing Pin

(1) REQUIREMENT: With the start-stop lever in the freewheeling pos-

ition, the tape-out pin should be flush or not more than .010" below the top surface of the tape guide

plate.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the sensing pin stop arm with its clamp

screw loosened.

(2) REQUIREMENT: With the start-stop lever in the run position, the

tape-out pin should extend at least .050" above

the top surface of the tape guide plate.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the intermediate tape out bail with

its clamp screw loosened.

Tape out bail spring

Intermediate tape out bail

not more than .010"

Tape out sensing pin

Sensing pin stop arm

Tape out pin depressor bail

at least .055"

3.4 Start-Stop Switch Bracket

REQUIREMENT: With the start-stop lever in the run position, there

should be a .006" to .015" clearance between the start stop bail extension and the contact swinger.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the contact bracket with its mounting

screws loosened.

3.5 Tight Tape Intermediate Arm

REQUIREMENT: Place the start-stop lever in the run position and

a .060" gauge under the tight tape bail; under this condition the contacts should be open and with a .040" gauge placed under the tight tape bail the

contacts should close.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the tight tape intermediate arm by its

pry point with its clamp screw loosened.

4. CLUTCH AND MAGNET ADJUSTMENTS

4.1 Clutch Shoe Lever

REQUIREMENT: The clearance between the clutch shoe and stop

lug should be .050" to .080" greater with the

clutch engaged than disengaged.

TO ADJUST: Reposition clutch disk with clamping screws

loosened.

4.2 Clutch Trip Lever

(1) REQUIREMENT: Trip clutch and rotate shaft until the clutch trip

lever is opposite the clutch stop lug, the clearance between the trip lever and stop lug should be .012"

to .025".

TO ADJUST: Reposition the trip bail eccentric post with its

clamp nut loosend (keep eccentric in its lower

extremity).

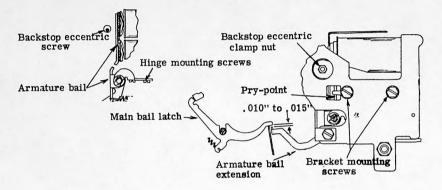


Figure 4

4.3	Magnet

(1) REQUIREMENT: With the armature in operated position, the armature should engage the upper magnet core and

have some clearance not more than .002" at the

lower magnet core.

TO ADJUST: Reposition hinge bracket with its mounting screws

loosened after magnet assembly is removed.

(2) REQUIREMENT: With the armature in the operated position, there

should be a.045" to .055" clearance between the armature and the backstop eccentric screw.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the backstop eccentric with its clamp

screw loosened (keep eccentric in its upper

extremity).

(3) REQUIREMENT: With clutch disengaged, there should be a .010"

to .015" clearance between the armature bail

extension and the main bail latch.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the magnet bracket by its pry points

with its mounting screws loosend.

5. MAIN BAIL ADJUSTMENTS

5.1 Main Bail

REQUIREMENT: With the sensing pins in their lowest position.

there should be a .010" to .020" clearance between the highest sensing pin and the top surface

of the tape guide plate.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the main bail eccentric with its lock nut

loosened (keep eccentric to its right extremity).

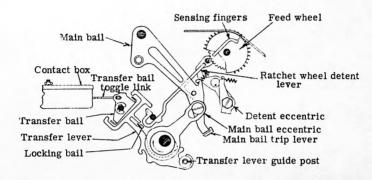


Figure 5

5.2 Main Bail Trip Lever

REQUIREMENT: With clutch fully disengaged, the highest sensing

finger should be flush or not more than .005" below the top surface of tape guide plate.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the sensing finger eccentric post with

its front and rear lock nuts loosened.

Feed Wheel Detent (Figure 5) 5.3

With the sensing fingers down and the tape lid REQUIREMENT:

unlatched, place a letters perforation on the feed wheel. The fingers should be centrally located below their code holes when the tape is being

lightly pulled to the right.

Reposition the detent eccentric with its clamp screw TO ADJUST:

loosened.

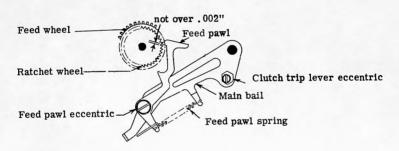


Figure 6

5.4 Feed Pawl

With the sensing fingers in their lowest position, REQUIREMENT:

there should be some clearance not more .002" between the feed pawl and a ratchet wheel tooth.

TO ADJUST: Reposition feed pawl eccentric with its lock nut

loosened (keep eccentric to its right extremity).

GENERATOR CONTACT ADJUSTMENTS 6.

6.1 Transfer Bail Stabilizer

REQUIREMENT: With the clutch fully disengaged, manually position

6.1 REQUIREMENT: the transfer bail to marking and check the clear-

ance between the side of the transfer bail extension and the side of its latch. Repeat the above procedure with the transfer bail positioned to spacing and check clearance. The two clearance should be

equal within .002".

TO ADJUST: Reposition the stabilizer assembly with its mount-

ing screws loosened.

6.2 Signal Contact

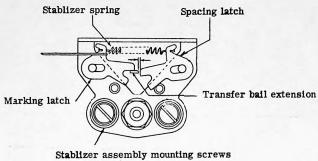
REQUIREMENT: Disengage the clutch with the toggle positioned

from marking to spacing; the contact clearance

should be equal.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the contact box eccentric with the

contact box mounting screws loosened.



Stablizer assembly mounting screws
Figure 7

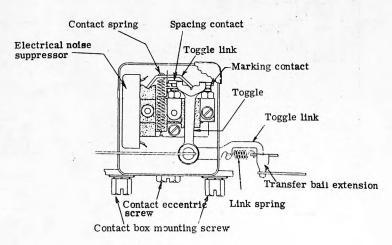
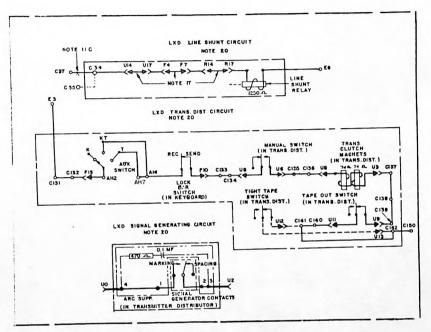


Figure 8



LXD Wiring Diagram



PLANT MANUAL BK2.6.4 ISSUE 1 AUGUST, 1964

MODEL 28 TRANSMITTER DISTRIBUTOR (LAXD, LBXD AND LCXD)

ADJUSTMENTS

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SPRING TENSIONS

	0 4 4 4 4 4 0				
Armature bail	2-1 4 to 4-1 2 oz.				
Auxiliary lever	1-1 2 to 3 oz.				
Cam follower lever	1 2 to 1-1 2 oz.				
Check Pawl	7 to 11 oz.				
Clutch latch lever	1 2 to 1-1 2 oz.				
Cover plate	28 to 40 oz.				
Clutch shoe lever	15 to 20 oz.				
Clutch shoe	3 to 5 oz.				
Clutch trip lever	2 to 3 oz.				
Contact lever extension	1-3 4 to 3-1 2 oz.				
Contact lever slide	3-1 2 to 5-1 2 oz.				
Distributor rocker	6-1 2 to 9-1 2 oz.				
Feed lever	30 to 40 oz.				
Feed pawl	1 4 to 1-1 2 oz.				
Feed ratchet detent	7 to 13 oz.				

Last character contacts 1 4 to 1 2 oz. Latch lever 1 to 2-1 2 oz. Latch bail 2-3 4 to 5 oz. Push lever 1 to 2 oz. Pusher stripper bail 7 to 19 oz. Sensing bail 1 4 to 1 oz. 2 to 3 oz. Sensing pins Tape deflector 1 2 to 1-1 2 oz. Tape depressor 1 4 to 3 4 oz. Tape lid pin 1-1 2 to 3 oz. Tape lid release plunger 3 to 6 oz. Tape out pin (fixed head) 1 to 3 oz. Tape out pin (pivoted head) 3 to 5 oz. Tight-tape, start-stop contact 3 to 4 oz.

2. COVER ADJUSTMENTS (see LXD section BK2.6.3)

3. CONTROL CONTACT ADJUSTMENTS (FIXED HEAD) (see LXD section BK2.6.3)

4. CONTROL CONTACT ADJUSTMENTS (PIVOTED HEAD)

4.1 Tape-Out and Tape Lid Contacts

REQUIREMENTS: It should require 8 to 15 grams to separate the normally closed contacts (1 oz. = 28 grams)

The normally open contact should have a .008" to .015" gap.

4.2 Tape-Out and Tape Lid Downstop

REQUIREMENT: The downstop post should be adjusted so that each may be lowered to flush with and not more than .005" below the top surface of the tape guide plate.

CLUTCH AND MAGNET ADJUSTMENTS

5.1 Cam Sleeve End Play

REQUIREMENT: There should be end play not more than .010" between the cam sleeve and spacer.

LCXD-2

5.1 TO ADJUST: Remove the drive gear and position cam sleeve

with its mounting screw loosened.

5.2 Cam Shaft Bearing Retainer

REQUIREMENT: All ball bearings shall be fully seated in their

mounting position.

TO ADJUST: Rotate bearing retainer 180 degrees and reposition

bearing.

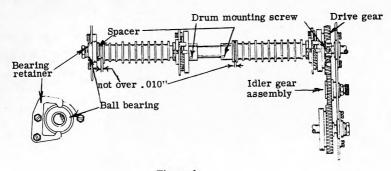


Figure 1

5.3 Idler Gear Assembly

REQUIREMENT: The idler gear should be equidistant between the

sensing and distributor drive gears, and should

not have more than .003" backlash.

TO ADJUST: Reposition idler gear assembly with its lock nut

loosened.

5.4 Clutch Trip Magnet Armature Hinge

REQUIREMENT: With the armature flush against the magnet core.

there should be a .004" to .008" gap between the magnet bracket assembly and the armature.

Remove armature extension spring post; reposition 5.4 TO ADJUST:

the hinge with its mounting screw loosened.

5.5 Magnet Bracket and Clutch Trip Assembly Mounting Plate

> (1) REQUIREMENT: With the clutch trip lever reset extension on the

peak of its cam, there should be a .020" to .030" clearance between the trip lever latching surface

and the end of the armature bail.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the mounting plate by its pry point with

its mounting screws loosened.

(2) REQUIREMENT: Under the above conditions with the armature in

attracted position, there should be a .030" to .040" clearance between the armature bail lower surface

and top edge of trip lever.

TO ADJUST: Reposition magnet bracket by its upper pry point

with its mounting and clamp screw loosened.

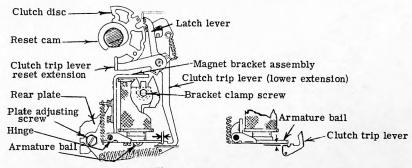


Figure 2

5.6 Clutch Trip Lever

(1) REQUIREMENT: Clutch fully disengaged, the trip lever should have a full bite of the clutch shoe lever.

LCXD-4

5.6 (2) REQUIREMENT: There should be at least a .005" clearance between

the shoe lever and stop lug when they are opposite

each other.

TO ADJUST: Reposition trip lever upper extension by its pry

point with its clamp screw loosened.

5.7 Oil Reservoir Assembly

> REQUIREMENT: The oil wicks should rest lightly on the cam sleeves.

Reposition reservoir assembly with its four mounting screws loosened and set it parallel to the ${\tt cam}$ TO ADJUST:

sleeves.

5.8 Clutch Shoe Lever

> REQUIREMENT: With the clutch engaged, the clearance between the

shoe lever and stop lug should be .050" to .080"

greater than when the clutch is engaged.

TO ADJUST: Reposition clutch disk with its clamp screws

loosened.

6. DISTRIBUTOR ADJUSTMENTS

6.1 Distributor Cam Follower

The cam followers should be centrally located on REQUIREMENT:

their cams and should be free of binds.

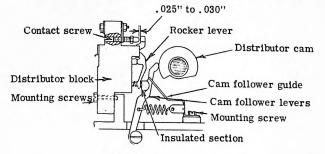


Figure 3

6.1 TO ADJUST: Reposition the cam follower guide with its mounting screws loosened.

6.2 Distributor Contact Gap

REQUIREMENT: With the cam follower lever on the high part of its

cam, the contacts should have .025" to .030" clear-

ance.

TO ADJUST: Reposition contact screw.

6.3 Distributor Block Assembly

REQUIREMENT: The rocker levers should be centrally located on

their individual cam follower lever insulator.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the distributor block with its mounting

screw.

STORING SWITCH ADJUSTMENTS

7.1 Storing Switch Guides

REQUIREMENT: There should be a .005" to .008" clearance between

the contact lever slide and the post. (check only

first and last slides).

TO ADJUST: Reposition guide, with its mounting screws loosened.

7.2 Storing Switch Assembly

REQUIREMENT: The latch levers and contact lever slides should be

free from binds when operated.

TO ADJUST: Reposition storing contact block with its mounting

screws loosened.

7.3 Contact Lever Slide

REQUIREMENT: With the sensing pins in their highest position, push

levers selected and latch levers stripped; there should be a .005" to .012" clearance between the closest push lever and contact lever slide.

7.3 TO ADJUST:

Reposition contact lever slide eccentric shaft with its lock nuts loosened (keep eccentric in its right extremity).

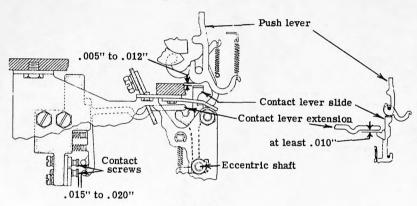


Figure 4

7.4 Storing Switch Contacts

(1) REQUIREMENT: Select blank and rotate shaft until clutch fully

disengaged; there should be a .015" to .020" gap between each contact and its contact lever extension.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the contact screw.

(2) REQUIREMENT: Select letters and rotate shaft until disengaged:

there should be .010" clearance between the con-

tact slide and the contact lever extension.

TO ADJUST: Refine the above adjustment.

8. SENSING ADJUSTMENTS

8.1 Sensing Pins

REQUIREMENT: With clutchfully disengaged, pins should be flush

8.1 REQUIREMENT: or not more than .005" below surface of tape guide

plate.

TO ADJUST: Reposition transfer lever eccentric with its lock

nut loosened (keep eccentric in its right extremity).

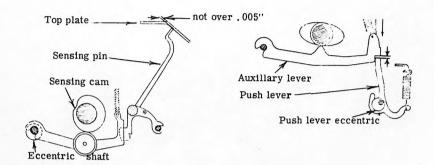


Figure 5

8.2 Push Lever

REQUIREMENT: With clutches fully disengaged the auxiliary lever

with the least clearance should clear its push

lever by .025" to .040'.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the push lever eccentric with its lock

nut loosened (keep eccentric in its upper extremity).

9. FEED ADJUSTMENTS

9.1 Feed Lever Set Collar

REQUIREMENT: The feed lever should move freely in its guide with -

out binding.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the feed lever with its set collar screws

loosened.

The Following Adjustments Pertain to the Fixed Head Mechanism 9.2

9.2.1 Feed Wheel Detent

REQUIREMENT: With clutches fully disengaged, place a letters perforated tape on the tape wheel and pull the tape

lightly to the right. The sensing pins should be centrally located below the code holes or slightly

to right of centre.

TO ADJUST:

Reposition the detent eccentric with its lock nut loosened.

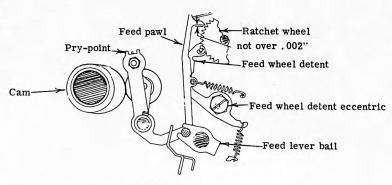


Figure 6

9.2.2 Feed Pawl

REQUIREMENT: Place the start-stop lever in the run position and

the feed pawl in its lowest position: there should be some clearance, not more than .002" between the feed pawl and a tooth on the ratchet wheel when the play is taken to make the clearance a maximum.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the feed lever by its pry points with its lock nut loosened.

9.3 The Following Adjustments Pertain to the Pivoted Head Mechanism

9.3.1 Check Pawl

REQUIREMENT: With the feed pawl positioned upwards, the check

pawl shall be fully seated between two teeth on the ratchet. Continue rotating shaft until clutch fully disengaged, the feed wheel should remain

stationary.

TO ADJUST: Reposition check pawl eccentric with its lock nut

loosened (keep eccentric in its left extremity).

9.3.2 Feed Pawl

REQUIREMENT: With the feed pawl resting against its upper stop .

the feed wheel follower roller should not engage its cam. Continue rotating shaft until clutch is fully disengaged; there should be a .030" to .035" clearance between the upper surface of the feed

pawl and a tooth of its ratchet.

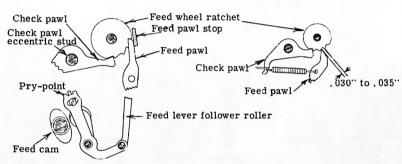


Figure 7

TO ADJUST:

Reposition feed lever by its pry point with its

lock nut loosened.

9.3.3 Tape Retaining Lid Latch

REQUIREMENT: With the retaining lid latched there should be no

play between the retaining lid and the top plate.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the lid latch spring with its adjusting screw loosened. It should also require 1-1 2 to

2-1, 2 ozs. to start the retaining lid latch spring

moving.

9.3.4 Top Plate

REQUIREMENT: Place a letters perforated tape on the feed wheel

and rotate shaft until sensing pins are in their highest position; the sensing pins should be centrally

located in their code holes.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the retaining lid with its adjusting

screws loosened.

9.3.5 Tape Deflector

REQUIREMENT: The tape deflector should pass freely between the

1st and 2nd sensing pins and should have a minimum

amount of end play.

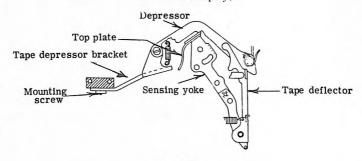


Figure 8

9.3.5 TO ADJUST: Reposition the tape deflector with its pivot screws loosened.

9.3.6 Tape Deflector Bracket

REQUIREMENT: The tape deflector should engage both arms of the deflector bracket.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the deflector bracket with its mounting screws loosened.

9.3.7 Tape Depressor

(1) REQUIREMENT: There should be some clearance, not more than .002" between the tape depressor and its bracket.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the depressor by its adjusting screw with its lock nut loosened.

(2) REQUIREMENT: With the depressor locked on the top plate, there should be a .005" to .012" clearance between the top plate and the depressor.

TO ADJUST: Reposition tape depressor with its mounting screws loosened.

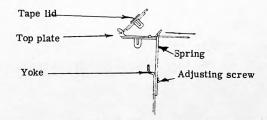
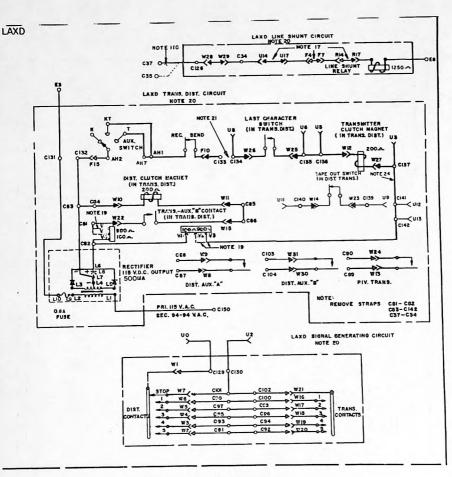
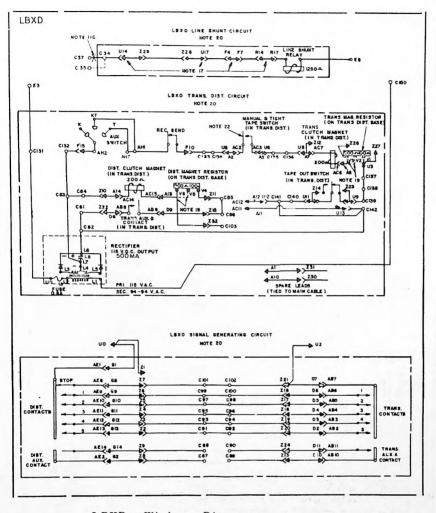


Figure 9

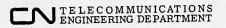


LAXD Wiring Diagram



LBXD Wiring Diagram

LCXD-14



PLANT MANUAL BK2.6.5 ISSUE 1 AUGUST, 1964

MODEL 28 TYPING REPERFORATOR (LPR)

ADJUSTMENTS

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	CLUTCH RELEASE AND RESET ADJUSTMENTS PERFORATOR ADJUSTMENTS FEED ADJUSTMENTS POSITIONING ADJUSTMENTS PRINTING ADJUSTMENTS GEAR BOX AND MOTOR ADJUSTMENTS NON-INTERFERING BLANK FEED TAPE OUT ADJUSTMENTS	SPRING TENSIONS CLUTCH RELEASE AND RESET ADJUSTMENTS PERFORATOR ADJUSTMENTS FEED ADJUSTMENTS POSITIONING ADJUSTMENTS PRINTING ADJUSTMENTS GEAR BOX AND MOTOR ADJUSTMENTS NON-INTERFERING BLANK FEED TAPE OUT ADJUSTMENTS

SPRING TENSIONS

Accelerator	20 to 26 oz.	
Adjusting arm	2-1 2 to 4 oz.	
Bell crank	1 to 3 oz.	
Clutch shoe lever	15 to 20 oz.	
Clutch shoe	3 to 5 oz.	
Correcting drive link	2 to 4 oz.	
Detent lever	7 to 10 oz.	
Eccentric shaft detent lever	7 to 10 oz.	
Feed pawl	3 to 4-1 2 oz.	
Figures arm assembly	1-1 2 to 3-1 2 oz.	
Figures extension arm	5 to 8 oz.	
Function blade	7 to 10 oz.	
Function clutch latch lever	12 to 15 oz.	
Function clutch release	5 to 8 oz.	
Letters arm assembly	1-1 2 to 3-1 2 oz.	

1. Letters extension are 5 to 8 oz. Lifter 7 to 9 oz. Lifter toggle link 1-1 2 to 2-1 4 oz. 2-1 2 to 4-1 2 oz. 1-1 2 to 3 oz. Main trip lever Marking lock lever No. 5 pulse beam 10 to 15 oz. Print hammer 1-1 2 to 2-1 2 oz. Printing latch 5 to 7 oz. Printing trip link 4 to 7 oz. Punch slide latch 1 to 3 oz. 2-1 4 to 3-1 4 oz. 4 to 8 oz. 4 to 5 lbs. Punch slide Push lever reset bail Retractor bail Ribbon feed drive arm 3 to 5 oz. Ribbon feed pawl 6 to 8 oz. Ribbon feed reversing arm 5 to 15 oz. Selector armature 3 oz. Selector clutch latch lever 2 to 3-1 2 oz. Selector lever 1-1 4 to 2-1 2 oz. 3 4 to 1-1 2 oz. Selector push lever 3 to 6 oz. Spacing lock lever Start lever 2-1 2 to 4-1 2 oz. Tape chute guide 1 2 to 1 oz. Tape shoe torsion 15 to 18 oz.

2. CLUTCH RELEASE AND RESET ADJUSTMENTS

2.1 Clutch Shoe Lever

REQUIREMENT: With the clutch engaged, the clearance between the

shoe lever and stop lug should be .050" to .080" greater than when the clutch is engaged.

TO ADJUST: Reposition clutch disk with its clamp screws

loosened.

2.2 Clutch Drum End Play

REQUIREMENT: The cam sleeve should have some end play not more

than .010", with the clutch fully disengaged.

TO ADJUST: Reposition collar with its mounting screw loosened.

LPE-2

2.3 Rocker Bail

REQUIREMENT: With the rocker bail in its extreme left position,

the function cam should have some play, not more than .003" between the upper and lower rollers.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the lower roller in its elongated hole

with its lock nut loosened.

2.4 Function Clutch Trip Lever

REQUIREMENT: The trip lever should have some end play not more

than .006" and should engage the full thickness of

shoe lever when clutch is disengaged.

TO ADJUST: Reposition trip lever with its clamp screw loosened.

2.5 Reset Arm

See LPE section BK2.6.6 paragraph 3.6 and change the requirement to read as follows:

.010" to .030" clearance between the clutch release and the main trip lever.

2.6 Rocker Bail Guide Bracket

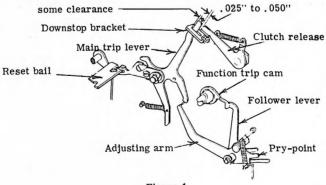


Figure 1

2.6 REQUIREMENT: The rocker bail rollers should engage the full

thickness of its cam and the lifter roller should

engage the full thickness of rocker bail.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the rocker bail guide bracket with its

mounting screws loosened.

2.7 Follower Lever

REQUIREMENT: With the follower lever on the peak of the function

trip cam, there should be a .025" to .050" clearance between the clutch release and the main trip

lever.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the follower lever by its pry-point

with its lock nut loosened.

2.8 Release Downstop Bracket

REQUIREMENT: Function clutch operated, there should be a .010" to

to .030" clearance between the clutch shoe lever

and the trip lever.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the downstop bracket with its mounting

screws loosened.

3. PERFORATOR ADJUSTMENTS

3.1 Punch Position

REQUIREMENT: The punch mounting screws should be centrally

located in their elongated holes and the punch slide latches shall be horizontal when engaged by

the punch slides.

TO ADJUST: All clutch disengaged, remove the rear plate

mounting screw of the punch mechanism and reposition punch mechanism with remaining mount-

ing screws loosened.

3.2 Rocker Arm

REQUIREMENT: With rocker bail upper roller on the peak of its

cam, place a 159926 gauge on the toggle shaft

as shown in Figure 6: there should be the following

LPE-4

3.2 REQUIREMENT: clearances:

- (1) .002" to .005" between the upper surface of 159926 gauge and the feed pawl stud.
- (2) at least .002" end play in rocker arm shaft.
 (3) at least .015" clearance between the rocker arm and bearing hub.

TO ADJUST:

Select blank, remove punch slide guide and loosen downstop studs (see Figure 7). Rotate shaft until rocker bail upper roller is on peak of its cam. reposition rocker arm with its clamp screw loosened. Readjust the punch slide guide and downstop studs as described in the succeeding adjustments.

Any change in this adjustment will require the rechecking all perforating and feeding adjustments that follow.

3.3 Perforator Position

(1) REQUIREMENT: Select letters and rotate shaft until function clutch just trips, there should be a .020" to .030" clearance between the punch slide and its latch.

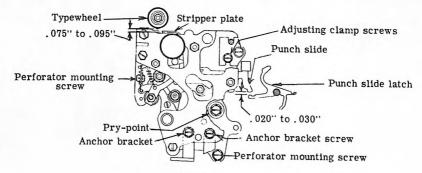


Figure 2

3.3 TO ADJUST: Reposition the adjusting clamp with the mounting

screws and adjusting clamp screw loosened.

(2) REQUIREMENT: Select "V" and rotate shaft until rocker bail is in

the extreme left position; there should be a .075" to .095" clearance the typewheel and the stripper

plate.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the perforator with its two mounting

screws loosened.

3.4 Punch Slide Downstop Plate

REQUIREMENT: Function clutch fully disengaged, punch slides

positioned upwards until blocked; there should be some clearance not more the .008" between the

punch slides and their downstop.

TO ADJUST: Loosen the punch slide guide mounting screws and

downstop plate mounting studs and reposition the

downstop.

3.5 Punch Pin Penetration

REQUIREMENT: With letters selected and shaft rotated until punch

pins reach their highest travel, there should be a .060" to .070" clearance between the punch retractor bail and the upper surface of the guide

plate.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the toggle bail eccentric shaft with its

lock nut loosened (keep eccentric to its left

extremity).

3.6 Punch Slide Guide

REQUIREMENT: With letters selected and the function clutch

engaged the punch slides should engage and align

with its punch pins.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the punch slide guide with its mounting

nuts.

3.7 Reset Bail Trip Lever

REQUIREMENT: With letters selected and follower lever on the

peak of function trip cam (selector cam sleeve), there should be some clearance,not more than .007", between the upper surface of reset bail and

the punch slides.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the reset bail trip lever by its pry-

point with its clamp screw loosened.

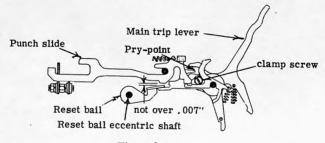


Figure 3

3.8 Punch Slide Reset Bail

See LPE, section BK2.6.6 paragraph 4.6. change requirement to read as follows:

some clearance not more than .008".

4. FEED ADJUSTMENTS

4.1 Feed Pawl

REQUIREMENT: All clutches disengaged and detent roller in

contact with the ratchet wheel, the feed pawl should engage the first tooth below the horizontal centre of the ratchet with no perceptible clear-

ance.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the feed pawl eccentric with its clamp

screw loosened (keep eccentric to its right

extremity).

4.2 Feed Hole Spacing

REQUIREMENT: With the tape removed there should be a .002"

to .004" clearance between the feed wheel and die wheel. The tape should conform to 10 holes to the inch; check same with a 2215 or 156011 tape

gauge.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the die wheel eccentric with its lock

nut loosened (keep eccentric to its lower

extremity).

4.3 Detent Lever

REQUIREMENT: The feed hole should align centrally to the code

holes. Check with a 156011 tape gauge if available.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the detent eccentric with its clamp

screw loosened, keep indentation approximately

perpendicular to feed pawl.

4.4 Feed Hole Lateral Alignment

REQUIREMENT: Letters combinations should be centrally per-

forated on the tape.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the feed wheel adjusting screw with

its lock nut loosened. If a 156011 tape gauge is available, the tape should conform to the gauge.

4.5 Punch Block Tape Guide Spring

The tape should not distort the tape while the perforator is in

operation.

POSITIONING ADJUSTMENTS

5.1 Push Bar Operating Blade Shim

REQUIREMENT: Select letters and rotate main shaft until function

clutch just trips. the top surface of the operating blade should be parallel with the =2 and =3 push

bars.

Add or remove shims under the operating blade 5.1 TO ADJUST: rear mounting screw.

5.2 Push Bar Operating Blade

Select letters, rotate main shaft until function (1) REQUIREMENT: clutch trips, move push bars to detented position: there should be a .015" to .025" clearance between the nearest push bar and the left edge of operating blade.

(2) REQUIREMENT: There should be some clearance between the push bars and the right edge of operating blade.

(3) REQUIREMENT: With all clutches disengaged, there should be some clearance between the push bars and right edge

of operating blade.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the operating blade with its mounting

screws loosened.

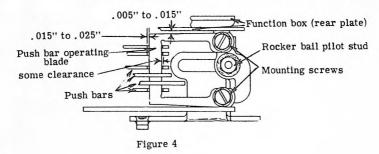
5.3 Rocker Bail Pilot Stud

REQUIREMENT: With blank selected and rocker bail to its extreme

left, there should be a .005" to .015" clearance between the operating blade and the function box

rear plate.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the pilot stud with its lock nut loosened.



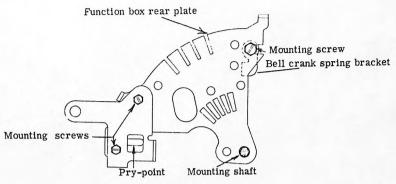


Figure 5

5.4 Function Box

REQUIREMENT: With letters selected, rotate main shaft until

function clutch trips and operating just touches the push bars; the top surface of the operating blade should be flush or not more than .010" below the top surface of #2 and #3 push bars.

TO ADJUST: Reposition function box by its pry-point with its

three rear and one front mounting screws loosen-

ed.

5.5 Transfer Mounting Bracket

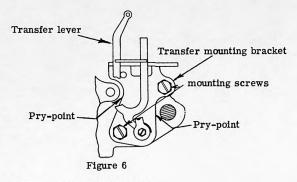
REQUIREMENT: Blank selected and main shaft rotated until

function clutch trips; there should be some clearance,not more than .018" between the bell crank and its top post (one or more bell cranks may

touch the stop post).

TO ADJUST: Reposition transfer mounting bracket by its

pry-point with its mounting screws loosened.



5.6 Letters and Figures Yield Arms

(1) REQUIREMENT: Rotate main shaft until rocker bail is to the

extreme left, move arm assemblies to the letters position (letters arm just below figures arm) and hold the letters-figures bell crank against the left edge of its stop post. There should be some clearance not more than .006" between the

bell crank and the letters extension arm.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the letters yield arm by its prypoint with its clamp screw loosend.

(2) REQUIREMENT: Rotate main shaft until rocker bail is to the extreme left, move arm assemblies to figures

(figures arm just below letters arm) and hold the letters-figures bell crank against the right edge of its stop post. There should be some clearance not more than .006" between the bell

crank and the figures extension arm.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the figures yield arm by its pry-

point with its clamp screw loosened.

5.7 Lifter Arm

REQUIREMENT: With function clutch operated and the main

5.7 REQUIREMENT: shaft rotated, the lifter roller should have

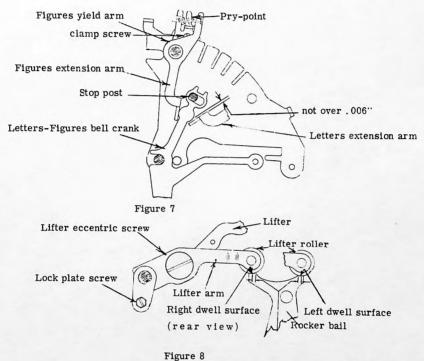
approximately equal travel on the well surfaces.

TO ADJUST: Reposition lifter arm with its lock nut and eccentric screw lock nut loosened.

5.8 Lifter Arm Eccentric Screw

REQUIREMENT: All clutches disengaged, there should be a .005"

to .016" clearance between the bell crapks and the function blades.



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5.8 TO ADJUST: Reposition lifter arm eccentric screw with its lock nut loosened.

5.9 Lock Lever

(1) REQUIREMENT: Letters selected and rocker bail to its left position when the toggle linkage and lock lever are in a straight line; the lifter should not rise.

(2) REQUIREMENT: Under the above conditions there should be some clearance, not more than .010" between the toggle link and the lifter pin.

TO ADJUST: Reposition lock lever with its clamp screw loosened.

5.10 Lock Lever Trip Post

TO ADJUST:

REQUIREMENT: The lifter roller should drop onto the right dwell (rear view), just before the rocker bail reaches its extreme right position.

Reposition lock lever trip post by its pry-points with its clamp screw loosened.

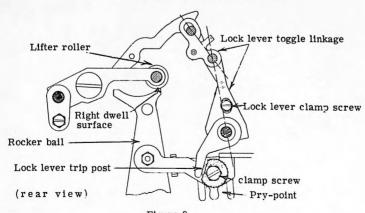


Figure 9

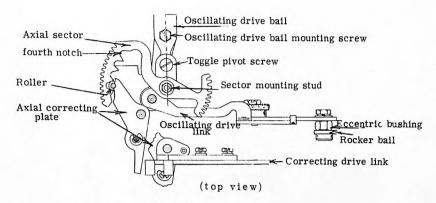


Figure 10

5.11 Oscillating Drive Link

REQUIREMENT: With rocker bail to its extreme left, the sector mounting stud, toggle pivot screw and oscillating

drive bail mounting screw should be in line.

TO ADJUST: Reposition oscillating drive link by its eccentric

bushing.

5.12 Oscillating Drive Bail

REQUIREMENT: Select Blank and rotate main shaft until the rocker

bail is to its extreme left. The axial correcting plate roller should be fully seated in the first

notch of the axial sector.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the correcting drive link with the

oscillating drive bail mounting screw loosened.

5.13 Axial Sector Alignment

REQUIREMENT: The top surfaces of the axial sector and axial out-

put rack should align.

5.13 TO ADJUST: Add or remove shims under the axial output rack guide roller.

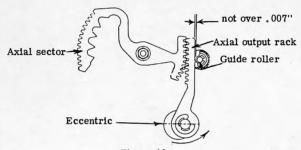


Figure 11

5.14 Axial Output Rack Guide Roller

REQUIREMENT: Select line feed and rotate main shaft until upper eccentric is positioned to extreme right; there should be some play, not more than .007" between

the axial output rack and its guide roller.

TO ADJUST: Reposition guide roller stud in its elongated hole

with its lock nut loosened.

5.15 Push Bar Guide Bracket

REQUIREMENT: Select carriage return and rotate main shaft. During the complete travel of the =4 push bar there should

be some play not more than .005" between the =4

push bar and the guide bracket.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the guide bracket with its two mounting

screws loosened.

5.16 Correcting Drive Link (Figure 10)

(1) REQUIREMENT: With plank selected the axial correcting roller should seat firmly in the first notch of axial sector.

5.16 (2) REQUIREMENT: With letters selected the axial correcting roller

should seat firmly in the fourth notch of axial sector.

TO ADJUST: Reposition correcting drive link with its clamping

screws loosened.

5.17 Idler Gear Eccentric Shaft

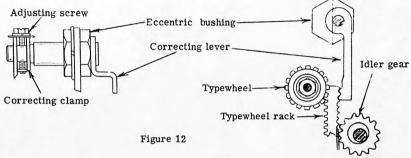
> REQUIREMENT: Select letters and rotate main shaft until clutches

disengaged; there should be a .003" to .012"

clearance between the typewheel rack and idler gear.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the idler gear eccentric shaft with a

tommy, with its mounting screw loosened.



5.18 Rotary Correcting Lever

(1) REQUIREMENT: The following typewheel rack teeth should be firmly seated between the lobes of the correcting lever with these selections.

- 1. 2nd tooth select 9 (Figures -4. 5).
- 2. 4th tooth select comma (Figures -3, 4).
- 9th tooth select CR (Letters -4).
 16th tooth select H (Letters -3. 5).

5.18 TO ADJUST: Reposition the rotary correcting lever eccentric bushing with its lock nut and the correcting clamp

adjusting screw loosened.

(2) REQUIREMENT:

With letters slected, when the rotary correcting lever is just seated in the typewheel rack, there should be some clearance not more than .005" between the axial correcting plate roller and the axial sector.

TO ADJUST:

Reposition the rotary correcting lever with its adjusting screw loosened. There should not be more than .006" end play between the rotary correcting clamp and eccentric bushing.

PRINTING ADJUSTMENTS 6.

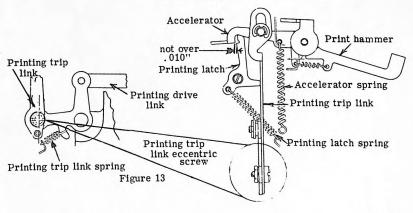
6.1 Ribbon Carrier

> All clutches disengaged, ribbon should slightly REQUIREMENT: overlap tape and last character printed should be

visible.

TO ADJUST: Reposition ribbon oscillating lever with its lock

screw loosened.



6.2 Printing Trip Link

REQUIREMENT: With rocker bail to its extreme left, raise the

accelerator until latching surfaces of accelerator and printing latch are opposite; there should be some clearance not more than .010" between the

two latching surfaces.

TO ADJUST: Reposition printing trip link eccentric screw with

its lock nut loosened (keep eccentric to its left

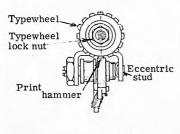
extremity).

6.3 Typewheel Position

REQUIREMENT: With "M" selected, the character should be uni-

formly printed.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the typewheel with its lock nut loosened.



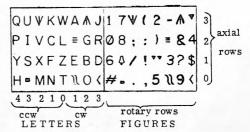


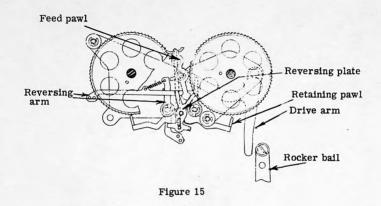
Figure 14

6.4 Print Hammer

REQUIREMENT: When operated the print hammer should strike

the characters squarely.

TO ADJUST: Reposition eccentric stud with its lock nut loosened.



6.5 Ribbon Feed Eccentric Stud

REQUIREMENT: With rocker bail to its extreme left, there should

be a .004" to .012" clearance between retaining pawl and ribbon ratchet tooth (check side with

least clearance).

TO ADJUST: Reposition ribbon feed eccentric stud (on rocker

bail) with its lock nut loosened.

6.6 Ribbon Feed Pawl Downstop Eccentric

REQUIREMENT: All clutches disengaged, there should be a .010"

to .030" clearance between feed pawl and ratchet

tooth.

TO ADJUST: Reposition downstop eccentric with its lock nut

loosened.

Note: feed pawl should feed one tooth at a time.

6.7 Ribbon Reversing Plate

REQUIREMENT: With rocker bail to its extreme left, position the

reversing arm under reversing plate and there should be a .010 $\!\!\!^{\prime\prime}$ to .020 $\!\!\!^{\prime\prime}$ clearance between the

arm and plate.

6.7 TO ADJUST: Reposition reversing plate with its clamp screw

loosened.

7. GEAR BOX AND MOTOR ADJUSTMENTS

7.1 Gear Alignment

REQUIREMENT: Motor pinion and intermediate shaft driven gear

should mesh at right angles and should have barely

perceptible backlash.

TO ADJUST: Reposition gear assembly and adjusting stud with

mounting screws loosened.

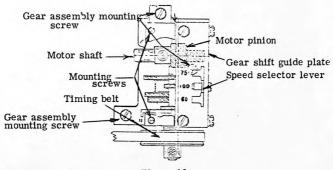


Figure 16

7.2 Gear Shift Guide Plate

REQUIREMENT: With speed selector lever set at 100 wpm, the

100 wpm driving gear should mesh and fully

engage its driven gear.

TO ADJUST: Reposition guide plate, with mounting screws

loosened.

* Note: Shift gears only while motor is off.

7.3 Timing Belt

REQUIREMENT: The belt should have some play, not more than

1/16" when tested at the middle.

TO ADJUST: Reposition gear assembly with mounting screws

loosened.

8. NON-INTERFERING BLANK TAPE FEED OUT ADJUSTMENTS

8.1 Spring Tensions

Armature lock lever 1 2 to 1-1 2 oz. 7 to 8 oz. Armature 3 to 5 oz. Drive arm Feed out pawl 1 2 to 2 oz. 1 2 to 1-1 2 oz. Inner ratchet check pawl 1-1 2 to 2-1 2 oz. Latch arm Metering feed pawl 2 to 3 oz. Outer ratchet check pawl 4 to 5 oz. 2 to 3 oz. Outer ratchet return 1-1 2 to 2-1 2 oz. Release arm latch Release arm 10 to 15 oz. Switch lever 3 to 6 oz.

8.2 Drive Arm Shaft Rear Bearing

REQUIREMENT: The drive arm shaft should move freely without

binding.

TO ADJUST: Reposition rear bearing with its two mounting

screws loosened.

8.3 Drive Arm

REQUIREMENT: The drive arm should fully engage the release

arm and should not engage the function cam.

TO ADJUST: Reposition drive arm with its clamp screw

loosened.

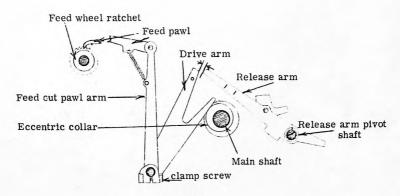


Figure 17

8.4 Release Arm

With drive arm on the peak of eccentric collar, REQUIREMENT: there should be a .005" to .010" clearance between

the release arm and drive arm.

Reposition release arm pivot shaft in its elongated TO ADJUST:

hole with its lock nut loosened.

8.5 Feed Out Pawl

REQUIREMENT: With power on, allow tape feed out to be terminat-

ed by the reception of any impulse; the feed hole

should align with perforated code holes.

With power off, feed out mechanism operated. TO ADJUST: main shaft rotated until drive arm on peak of

eccentric follower and detent roller between teeth of ratchet. Reposition feed out pawl against first tooth to the left of vertical centre of ratchet with clamp screw friction tight, and rotate main shaft until feed out pawl is returned .020" to .030"

from tooth. Reposition feed out pawl against

tooth and tighten clamp screw.

8.6 Armature Bail Hinge

REQUIREMENT: With armature operated, the armature should be

flush with magnet core and there should be some clearance not more than .003" between armature

and magnet mounting bracket.

TO ADJUST: Reposition hinge with mounting screw and arma-

ture spring post loosened.

8.7 Magnet Mounting Bracket

REQUIREMENT: With tape feed out mechanism unoperated, move

armature bail against lock lever roller; there should be a .030" to .025" clearance between

antifreeze strip and magnet core.

TO ADJUST: Reposition magnet bracket by its pry-points with

its mounting screws loosened.

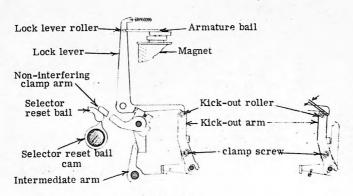


Figure 18

8.3 Release Arm Latch

REQUIREMENT: With kick-out roller positioned away from lock

8.8 REQUIREMENT: lever and armature operated, there should be

some clearance, not more than .005" between release arm and release arm latch (see Figure

19).

TO ADJUST: Reposition release arm latch shaft in its elong-

ated hole with its lock nut loosened.

8.9 Inner Ratchet Check Pawl

REQUIREMENT: With feed out operated but drive arm unlatched.

position a deep notch of both ratchets opposite inner ratchet check pawl; there should be a .005" to .015" clearance between check pawl and ratchet

tooth

TO ADJUST: Reposition check pawl mounting plate with its two

mounting screws loosened.

8.10 Non-Interfering Clamp Arm (Figure 18)

REQUIREMENT: With selector reset bail on peak of its cam. there

should be a .002" to .015" clearance between release arm and release arm latch. Also, the clamp arm should have some side play, not more than

.006".

TO ADJUST: Reposition clamp arm with its clamp screw

loosened.

8.11 Kick-Out Arm (Figure 18)

(1) REQUIREMENT: With selector reset bail on peak of its cam, there

should be some clearance between kick-out roller

and lock lever.

(2) REQUIREMENT: With feed out magnet energized, the lock lever

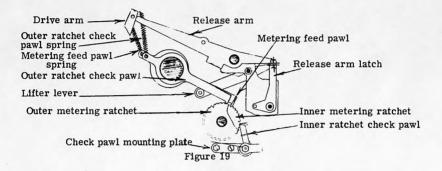
roller should disengage from armature bail before the selector reset bail reaches the year

of cam.

TO ADJUST: Reposition kick-out arm with its clamp screw

loosened.

LPR-24 .



8.12 Tape Length Adjusting Plate

REQUIREMENT:

Reposition adjusting plate with its spring post loosened to have desired length of tape (maximum 17") feed out. After feed out is operated and ratchet is rotated so that the next advance of feed paw! will terminate feed out operation, there should be some clearance - not more than .020" between the adjusting plate and latch arm.

TO ADJUST:

Reposition adjusting plate.

SELECTOR ADJUSTMENTS (See M 28 Selector section)

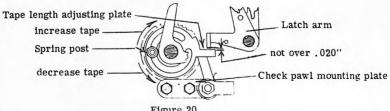


Figure 20





PLANT MANUAL BK2.6.6 ISSUE 1 AUGUST, 1964

MODEL 28 PERFORATOR TRANSMITTER (LPE)

ADJUSTMENTS

CONTI	ENTS	PAGE	
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SPRING TENSIONS

* Place Control Knob in K-T position, unless otherwise indicated.

Clutch shoe lever	16 to 22 oz.
Clutch shoe	3 to 5 oz.
Clutch trip bar link return	3 to 4 oz.
Code bar extension	4 to 5 oz.
Code bar extension bail	7 to 10 oz.
Detent lever	7 to 10 oz.
Feed pawl	3 to 4-1 2 oz.
Function clutch latch lever	12 to 15 oz.
Function clutch release	5 to 8 oz.
Keyboard control cam detent	4 to 5 lbs.
Keyboard control cam follower	3 to 5 oz.
Keyboard control contacts	1 to 2 oz.
Keyboard control reset lever	3 to 5 oz.
Main trip lever	1-1 2 to 3 oz.
Punch pin retractor	4 to 5 lbs.

 1.
 Punch slide
 2-1 4 to 3-1 4 oz.

 Punch slide latch
 3 4 to 2 oz.

 Reset follower lever
 12 to 18 oz.

 Reset cam follower
 3 to 5 oz.

 Tape chute guide
 1 2 to 1 oz.

 Tape shoe torsion
 13 to 18 oz.

 Tape depressor slide
 1-1 2 to 2-1 2 oz.

2. KEYBOARD ADJUSTMENTS (see M28 Keyboard section BK2.6.2)

3. CLUTCH RELEASE AND RESET ADJUSTMENTS

3.1 Clutch Shoe Lever

REQUIREMENT: With the clutch engaged, the clearance between the shoe lever and stop lug should be .050" to 080"

greater than when the clutch is engaged.

TO ADJUST: Reposition clutch disk with its clamp screws loosen-

ed.

3.2 Clutch Drum End Play

REQUIREMENT: The cam sleeve should have some end play not more

than .010", with the clutch fully disengaged.

TO ADJUST: Reposition collar with its mounting screw loosened.

3.3 Rocker Bail Lower Roller

REQUIREMENT: With the rocker bail in its extreme left position,

the function cam should have some play not more than .003" between the upper and lower rollers.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the lower roller in its elongated hole with

its lock nut loosened.

3.4 Rocker Bail Guide Bracket

REQUIREMENT: The clearance between the following should be at

least . 010":

LPE-2

3.4 REQUIREMENT: (1) Upper roller and reset pins.

Lower roller screw head and front cam. (2)

Rocker bail and rear rocker cam. (3)

Reposition rocker bail with its mounting screws TO ADJUST:

loosened.

3.5 Function Clutch Trip Lever

The trip lever should have some end play, not more REQUIREMENT:

than .006" and should engage the full thickness of

shoe lever when clutch is disengaged.

Reposition trip lever with its clamp screw loosened. TO ADJUST:

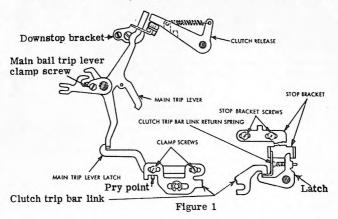
3.6 Reset Arm

With the reset arm in its highest position there REQUIREMENT:

should be a .005" to .025" clearance between the clutch release and the main trip lever and should

have some end play, not more than .010".

TO ADJUST: Reposition reset arm with its clamp screw loosened.



3.7 Release Downstop Bracket

REQUIREMENT: When the reset arm reaches its lowest travel, it

should just touch the felt oiler on the shaft.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the release downstop bracket with its

mounting screw loosened.

3.8 Perforator Alignment

(1) REQUIREMENT: There should be a .010" to .020" clearance be-

tween the punch slide latches and the code bar extensions which should be centrally located with

all clutches aisengaged.

(2) REQUIREMENT: The cam follower roller should extend approximately

.030" beyond the rear edge of the reset cam.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the alignment bracket with the couplings

disengaged and two alignment and four perforator mounting screws loosened. If necessary, refine code bar extension line-up by adjusting the code bar extension guide bracket mounting screw to its

mid-point.

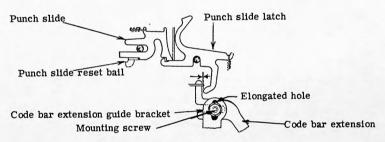


Figure 2

3.9 Code Bar Extension and Punch Slide Latch

REQUIREMENT: Place control knob to tape, with letters selected

LPE-4

3.9 REQUIREMENT: all punch slides should release; with blank select-

ed there should be some clearance,not more than .006" between code bar extensions and closest

punch slide latch.

TO ADJUST: Reposition code bar extension guide vertically with

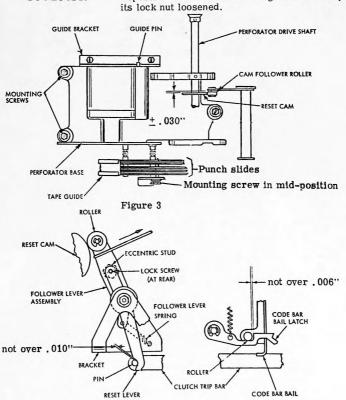


Figure 4

3.10 Reset Lever

REQUIREMENT: Place control knob in the T position, select any

keylever and rotate shaft until the code bar bail is in the extreme left position; there should be some clearance.not more than .010" between the

code bar bail roller and its latch.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the reset lever eccentric stud with its

clamp screw loosened.

3.11 Main Trip Lever (Figure 1)

REQUIREMENT: Clutch disengaged, punch reset bail in its highest

position, the left surface of the trip lever should be flush with the left end of the clutch release.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the trip lever with its clamp screw

loosened and the main trip latch lever positioned away.

3.12 Perforator Clutch Release Trip (Figure 1)

REQUIREMENT: Perforator clutch should not fail to operate when

a repeated blank is selected, while the control knob is in the T and K - T position. There should also be a clearance of .015" to .025" between the main trip lever and clutch release when the clutch

is just tripped.

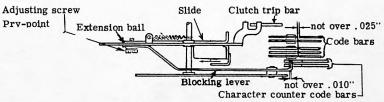


Figure 5

LPE-6

TO ADJUST: 3.12

Move the main trip lever latch to the extreme left with its clamp screws loosened, select the blank keylever and move stop bracket with its clamp screws loosened to the extreme right. Move clutch trip bar link to the right until it latches. Position main trip lever latch to the right to obtain the above clearance. Recheck requirement.

Code Bar Extension Blocking Assembly 3.13

Place control knob to K. There should be some REQUIREMENT:

clearance.not more than .025" between the ends of the code bars and the code bar extensions and there should be some clearances, not more than .010". between the blocking lever and the left side of the notch in the character counter code bars.

Select letters, rotate shaft until code bars are in TO ADJUST:

their extreme left hand position. Reposition the extension bail by its pry points with its adjusting screw loosened to meet the code bar extension clearance and reposition the blocking lever to meet the latter requirement.

PERFORATOR ADJUSTMENTS 4.

4.1 Punch Position

The punch mounting screws should be centrally REQUIREMENT:

located in their elongated holes and the punch slide latches shall be horizontal when engaged by the

punch slides.

TO ADJUST: All clutch disengaged, remove the rear plate mount-

ing screw of the punch mechanism, and reposition punch mechanism with remaining mounting screws

loosened.

4.2 Rocker Arm

REQUIREMENT: With rocker bail upper roller on the peak of its

cam, place a 159926 gauge on the toggle shaft as shown in Figure 6, there should be the following

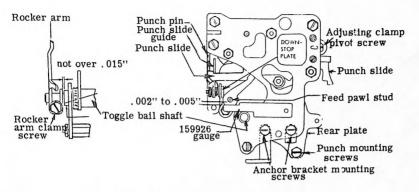


Figure 6

4.2 REQUIREMENT: clearances:

- (1) .002" to .005" between the upper surface of 159926 gauge and the feed pawl stud.
- (2) at least .002" end play in rocker arm shaft.(3) at least .015" clearance between the rocker arm and bearing hub.

TO ADJUST:

Select blank, remove punch slide guide and loosen downstop studs (see Figure 7). Rotate shaft until rocker bail upper roller is on peak of its cam. reposition rocker arm with its clamp screw loosened. Readjust the punch slide guide and downstop studs as described in the succeeding adjustments. Any change in this adjustment will require the rechecking all perforating and feeding adjustments that follow.

4.3 Punch Slide Downstop Position

REQUIREMENT:

Function clutch fully disengaged, punch slides positioned upwards until blocked; there should be some clearance, not more than .008", between the

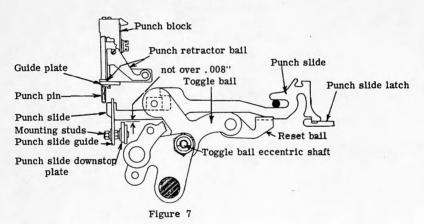
LPE-8

4.3 REQUIREMENT: punch slides and their downstop.

TO ADJUST: Loosen the punch slide guide mounting screws

and downstop plate mounting studs and reposition

the downstop.



4.4 Punch Slide Guide Position

REQUIREMENT: With letters selected and the function clutch

engaged, the punch slides should engage and align

with its punch pins.

TO ADJUST: Repos ition the punch slide guide with its mount-

ing nuts.

4.5 Punch Pin Penetration

REQUIREMENT: With letters selected and shaft rotated until punch pins reach their highest travel, there should be a

.060" to .070" clearance between the punch retractor bail and the upper surface of the guide

plate.

4.5 TO ADJUST:

Reposition the toggle bail eccentric shaft with

its lock nut loosened (keep eccentric to its left

extremity).

4.6 Punch Slide Reset Bail

REQUIREMENT: Blank selected and shaft rotated until all clutches

disengaged, there should be a .015" to .025" clearance between the punch slides and the closest

latch.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the reset bail eccentric shaft with its

lock nut loosened (keep eccentric to its left

extremity).

5. FEED ADJUSTMENTS

5.1 Feed Pawl

REQUIREMENT: All clutches disengaged and detent roller in contact

with the ratchet wheel, the feed pawl should engage the first tooth below the horizontal centre of the ratchet with no perceptible clearance.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the feed pawl eccentric with its clamp

screw loosened (keep eccentric to its right ex-

tremity).

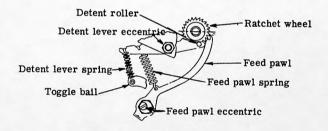


Figure 8

LPE-10

5.2 Feed Hole Spacing

REQUIREMENT: With the tape removed, there should be a .002"

to .004" clearance between the feed wheel and die wheel. The tape should conform to 10 holes to the inch, check same with a 2215 or

156011 tape gauge.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the die wheel eccentric with its lock

nut loosened (keep eccentric to its lower extremity).

5.3 Detent Lever

REQUIREMENT: The feed hole should align centrally to the code

holes. Check with a 156011 tape gauge if avail-

able.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the detent eccentric with its clamp

screw loosened, keep indentation approximately

perpendicular to feed pawl.

5.4 Feed Hole Lateral Alignment

REQUIREMENT: Letters combinations should be centrally per-

forated on the tape.

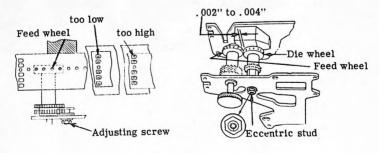


Figure 9

5.4 TO ADJUST: Reposition the feed wheel adjusting screw with

its lock nut loosened. If a 156011 tape gauge is available, the tape should conform to the gauge.

5.5 Tape Guide

REQUIREMENT: With the tape guide adjusting plate resting against

its backstop there should be a .002" to .006" clearance between the tape guide and the tape in

the tape chute.

TO ADJUST: Reposition adjusting plate with its clamp screw

loosened.

6. BACKSPACE ADJUSTMENTS

6.1 Rake

REQUIREMENT: With the rake held in the operated position there

should be a .008" to .010" clearance between the rake teeth and tape slot in the punch block.

TO ADJUST: With the bell crank fully operated, reposition

With the bell crank fully operated, reposition the rake's front and rear plates with their four mount-

ing screws loosened.

6.2 Backspacing Feed Pawl Adjusting Plate

REQUIREMENT: When bell crank is operated, the feed pawl should

clear the first tooth of the feed wheel by .004"

to .020".

TO ADJUST: Reposition the adjusting plate with its mounting

screws loosened.

6.3 Return Latch

REQUIREMENT: With the backspace unoperated, there should be

a .004" to .020" clearance between the return latch and backspacing feed pawl extension.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the return laich eccentric with its

clamp screw loosened.

LPE-12

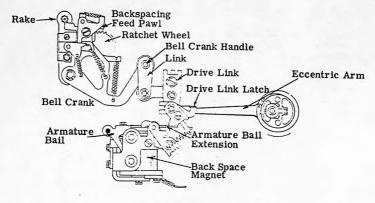


Figure 10

6.4 Bell Crank Handle Eccentric

REQUIREMENT: With the backspacing feed pawl in the fully

operated position, there should be some clearance not more than .003", between the feed pawl

and a ratchet tooth.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the eccentric with its lock nut loosened.

6.5 Armature Hinge

REQUIREMENT: The armature should be flush on the pole piece

when operated.

TO ADJUST: Reposition armature hinge with its mounting

screws loosened.

* Check the above only after disassembly.

6.6 Armature Upstop

REQUIREMENT: With the armature unoperated, there should be

a .025" to .030" clearance between the armature and the pole piece at the point of minimum clear-

ance.

6.6 TO ADJUST: Reposition the upstop eccentric with its lock

nut loosened (keep eccentric to its left extremity).

6.7 Drive Link Latch

REQUIREMENT: With the armature unoperated and the drive link

latch against the end of the armature bail extension, there should be a .005" to .025" clearance between the drive link latch and the eccentric

arm at the point of minimum clearance.

TO ADJUST: Reposition latch with its clamp screw loosened.

6.8 Non-Repeat Arm

REQUIREMENT: Backspace mechanism unoperated, there should

be a .002" to .010" clearance between the top surface of the non-repeat arm and the lowest

point of the drive link latch.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the non-repeat adjusting arm with its

clamp screw loosened.

SPRING TENSION (in ounces)

 Armature bail
 10 to 16

 Backspacing feed pawl
 1-3 4 to 3-3 4

 Non-repeat arm
 3/4 to 1-1/4

 Return Latch
 2-1 2 to 3-1/2

7. CHARACTER COUNTER ADJUSTMENTS

7.1 Character Counter End-of-Line Switch

REQUIREMENT: The contact gap should be .012" to .025" when

the contacts are on the low part of its cam. The contacts should close on the sixty fifth combin -

ation.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the contact bracket with its mounting

screws loosened for the contact gap. Reposition the cam with its clamp screws loosened for the

LEP-14

7.1 TO ADJUST: correct contact closure.

7.2 Character Counter Scale Bracket

REQUIREMENT: Indicator should rest lightly on the bracket for

its full travel.

TO ADJUST: Reposition bracket with its clamp screws loosened.

7.3 Character Counter Idler Pulley

REQUIREMENT: The pulley should be adjusted so that the indicator

cord does not sag.

7.4 Stop Lever

REQUIREMENT: With the counter returned, there should be a .002"

to .010" clearance between the latch lever and the

face of the fourth tooth on the ratchet.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the stop lever eccentric with the feed

lever held away from the ratchet.

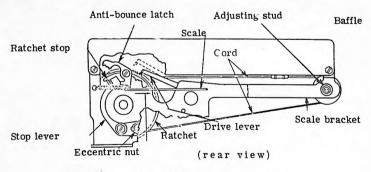


Figure 11

7.5 Character Counter

REQUIREMENT: With counter returned, the indicator should point

to zero.

TO ADJUST: Reposition counter scale with its clamp screws

loosened.

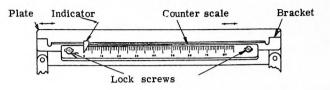


Figure 12

7.6 Character Counter Stroke

REQUIREMENT: The counter should operate without failure when a

character is repeated, with the control knob in T and K-T, and should restart correctly after

carriage return is selected.

TO ADJUST: Reposition the character counter frame with its

mounting screws loosened, until all the above

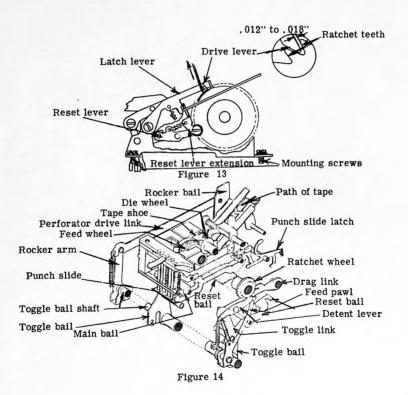
conditions are met.

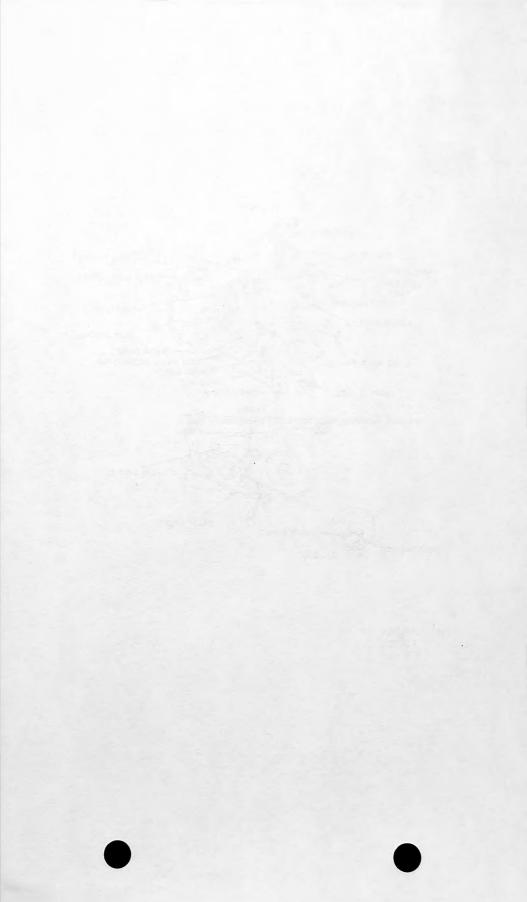
SPRING TENSIONS (in ounces)

3 4 to 1-1 2
1 2 to 1
1 2 to 1

Ratchet drum assembly return:

(indicator at zero) 1-1 2 to 2-1 2 (indicator at 70) 3-1 2 to 6-1 2 Reset lever extension 3 4 to 1.1 4





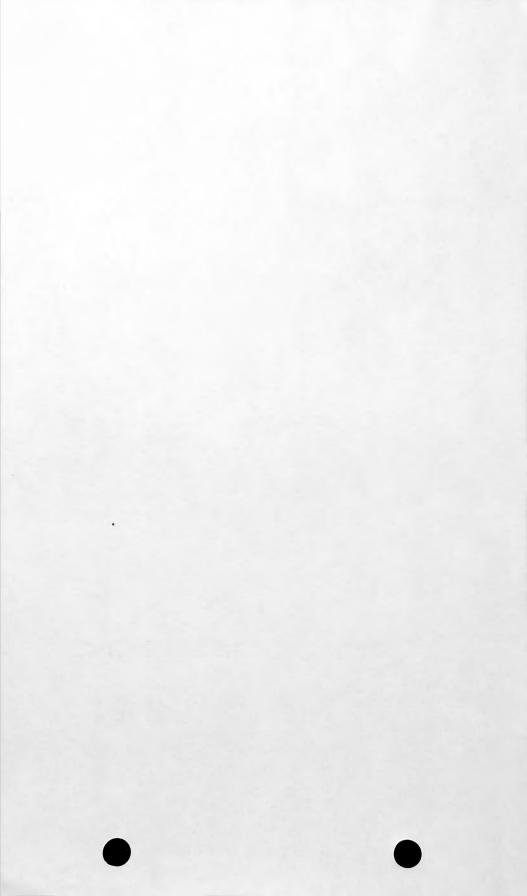


PLANT MANUAL BK2.6.7 SUB-SECTION 1, ISSUE 1 MARCH, 1965

MODEL 28 RECEIVING SELECTOR SET (LRS)

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PLANT MANUAL BK2.6.7 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 MARCH, 1965

MODEL 28 RECEIVING SELECTOR SET (LRS)

ADJUSTMENTS

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3. 4.	CODE READINGS AND TIMING CONTACT STROBING PROCEDURE	28
5. 6.	DISASSEMBLY LUBRICATION	31 35

REFERENCES

- 1.1 Teletype Corporation Technical Manual, Bulletin 276B.
- 2. GENERAL
- The illustrations contained in this section are viewed from the front of the equipment, unless otherwise specified. In the line drawings, fixed bivot points are shown by solid black circles and movable points are shown in cross-hatched circles. References in the test to left, right, front, or rear apply to the unit in its normal operating position when viewed from a point in front of the selector clutch assembly.
 - .2 A complete adjusting procedure should be read before making the adjustment or checking the spring tension. The adjustments are arranged in a sequence that should be followed if a complete readjustment of the unit were undertaken.
 - .3 The spring tensions should be measured with Teletype scales in the positions shown in the drawings. Springs which do not meet the requirements, and for which there are no adjusting procedures, should be discarded and replaced by new springs.
 - .4 When rotating the drive shaft gear by hand, rotation is counterclockwise as viewed from a position in front of the selector clutch.

2.5 When the requirement calls for a clutch to be DISENGAGED, the clutch shoe lever must be fully latched between its trip lever and latch lever so that the clutch shoes release their tension on the clutch drum. When ENGAGED, the clutch shoe lever is unlatched and the clutch shoes are wedged firmly against the clutch drum.

When rotating the main shaft by hand, the function or selector clutch may not fully disengage upon reaching its stop position. To disengage the clutch, rotate it to its stop position, apply a screwdriver to the cam disk stop lug and move the disk in the normal direction of shaft rotation until the latch lever seats in its notch in the disk.

- .6 If parts are removed, all adjustments which the removal of parts might facilitate should be made before the parts are replaced. When a part mounted on shims is removed, the number of shims at each mounting screw should be noted so that the identical shim pile-up can be made when the part is remounted. Unless stated otherwise, all nuts and screws that were loosened should be tightened after an adjustment has been made.
- .7 The cover may be removed for inspection and minor repair of the components. However, when more extensive maintenance is to be undertaken, it is recommended that the unit be removed from its operating location and the power disconnected.
- .8 All contact points should meet squarely. Contacts with the same diameter should not be out of alignment more than 25% of the contact diameter. Avoid sharp kinks or bends in the contact springs.

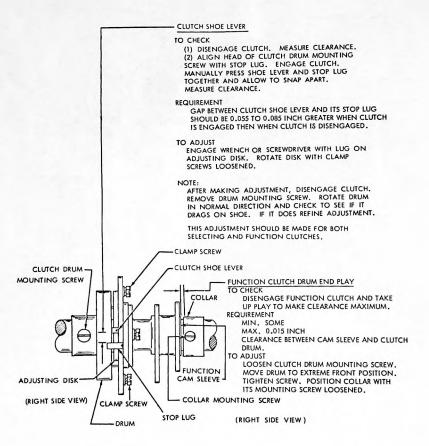
CAUTION

Improperly adjusted equipment may be seriously lamaged in a matter of seconds if operated under power.

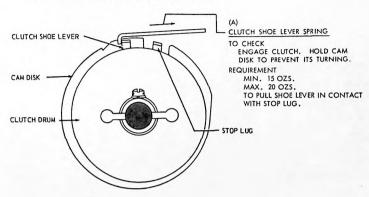
28-RSS-2

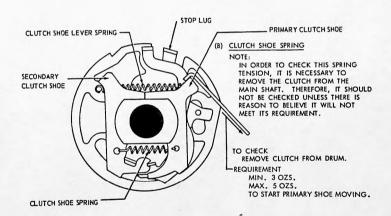
ADJUSTMENTS AND SPRING TENSIONS

3.1 Receiving Selector



NOTE:
THESE SPRING TENSIONS APPLY TO BOTH CLUTCHES.

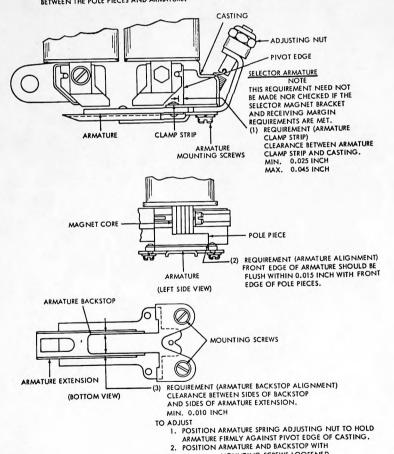




28-RSS-4

NOTE

TO FACILITATE MAKING THE FOLLOWING ADJUSTMENTS, REMOVE THE RANGE FINDER AND SELECTOR MAGNET ASSEMBLIES. TO INSURE BETTER OPERATION, PULL A PIECE OF KS BOND PAPER BETWEEN THE ARMATURE AND THE POLE PIECES TO REMOVE ANY OIL OR FOREIGN MATTER THAT MAY BE PRESENT. MAKE CERTAIN THAT NO LINT OR PIECES OF PAPER REMAIN BETWEEN THE POLE PIECES AND ARMATURE.



MOUNTING SCREWS LOOSENED.

SELECTOR ARMATURE DOWNSTOP BRACKET

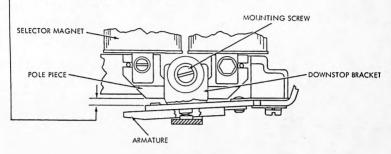
REQUIREMENT

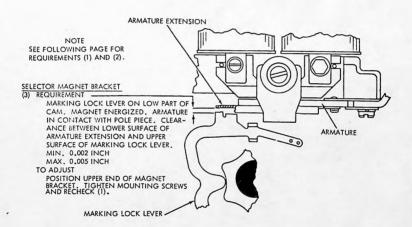
REMOVE OIL SHIELD. WITH MAGNET DE-ENERGIZED, LOCK LEVERS ON HIGH PART OF THEIR CAM, AND ARMATURE RESTING AGAINST ITS DOWNSTOP, CLEARANCE BETWEEN END OF ARMATURE AND LEFT EDGE OF LEFT POLE PIECE.

MIN. 0.025 INCH MAX. 0.030 INCH

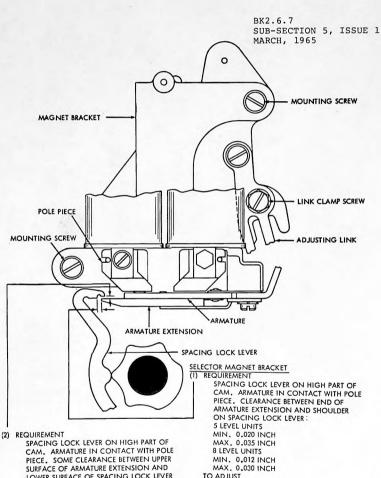
TO ADJUST

POSITION DOWNSTOP BRACKET WITH MOUNTING SCREW LOOSENED. REPLACE OIL SHIELD AND CHECK OIL SHIELD ADJUSTMENT, FIGURE 3-6.





28-RSS-6



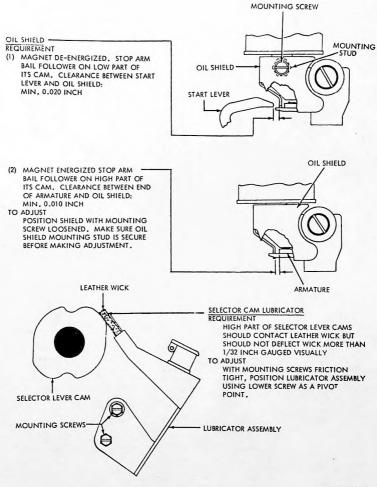
LOWER SURFACE OF SPACING LOCK LEVER WHEN LOCK LEVER IS HELD DOWNWARD. MAX. 0.003 INCH

TO ADJUST

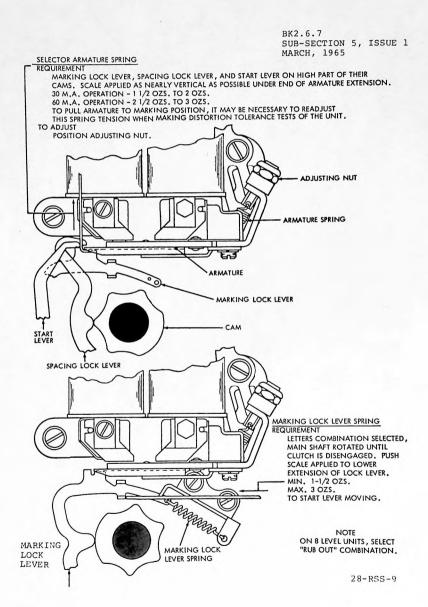
POSITION UPPER END OF MAGNET BRACKET. TIGHTEN TWO MAGNET BRACKET MOUNTING SCREWS. RECHECK REQUIREMENT (1). TO ADJUST

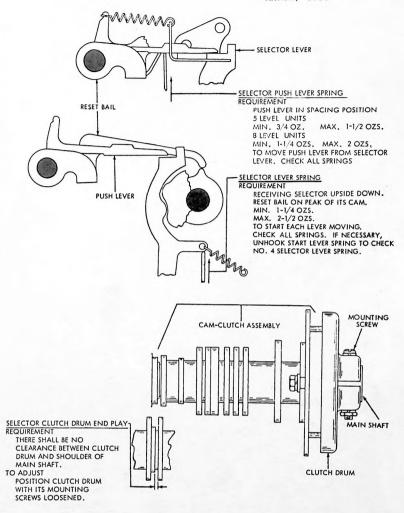
LOOSEN TWO MAGNET BRACKET MOUNTING SCREWS AND ADJUSTING LINK CLAMP SCREW. POSITION MAGNET BRACKET BY MEANS OF ADJUSTING LINK AND TIGHTEN LINK CLAMP SCREW ONLY.

SEE PRECEDING PAGE FOR REQUIREMENT (3).

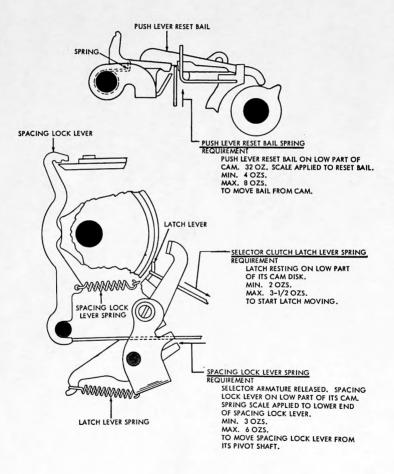


28-RSS-8





28-RSS-10



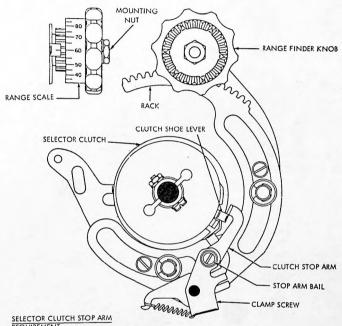
NOTE: REPLACE RANGE FINDER AND SELECTOR MAGNET ASSEMBLY.

RANGE FINDER KNOB PHASING REQUIREMENT

WITH RANGE FINDER KNOB TURNED TO EITHER END OF RACK, ZERO MARK ON SCALE FOR: 5 LEVEL UNIT SHOULD BE WITHIN + 3 POINTS OF SCRIBED LINE ON RANGE FINDER PLATE. 8 LEVEL UNIT SHOULD BE IN LINE WITH SCRIBED LINE ON RANGE FINDER PLATE.

TO ADJUST

REMOVE MOUNTING NUT, DISENGAGE KNOB FROM RACK AND POSITION KNOB. RE-ENGAGE KNOR WITH RACK AND REPLACE MOUNTING NUT.

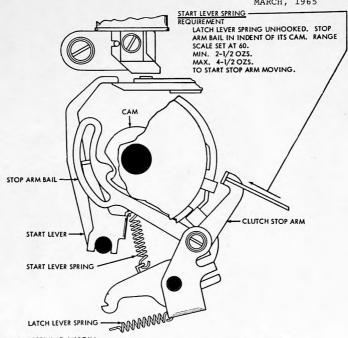


REQUIREMENT

RANGE SCALE SET AT 60. SELECTOR CLUTCH DISENGAGED. ARMATURE
IN MARKING POSITION. CLUTCH STOP ARM SHOULD ENGAGE CLUTCH
SHOE LEVER BY APPROXIMATELY FULL THICKNESS OF SHOE LEVER.
TO ADJUST

POSITION STOP ARM ON STOP ARM BAIL WITH CLAMP SCREW LOOSENED.

28-RSS-12

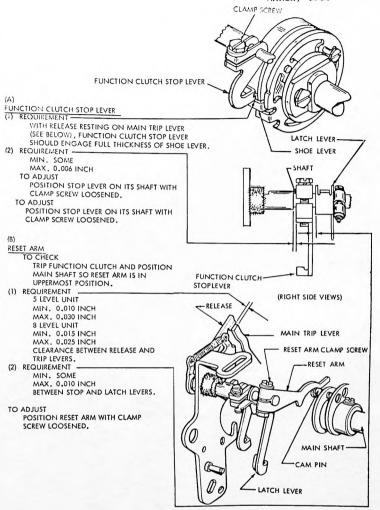


SELECTOR RECEIVING MARGIN
WHEN A SIGNAL DISTORTION TEST SET IS USED FOR DETERMINING THE RECEIVING
MARGINS OF THE SELECTOR, AND WHERE THE CONDITION OF THE COMPONENTS IS
EQUIVALENT TO THAT OF NEW EQUIPMENT, THE RANGE AND DISTORTION TOLERANCES
BELOW SHOULD BE MET.

SELECTOR RECEIVING MARGIN MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS

CURRENT	SPEED POINTS RANGE IN WITH ZERO WPM DISTORTION		PERCENTAGE OF MARK - ING AND SPACING BIAS TOLERATED		END DISTORTION TOLER - ATED WITH SCALE AT BIAS OPTIMUM SETTING		
		5 LEVEL	8 LEVEL	5 LEVEL	8 LEVEL	5 LEVEL	8 LEVEL
0.060 AMP (WINDINGS PARALLEL)	60 100	72 72	65 65	40 40	35 35	35 35	30 30
0.020 AMP. (WINDINGS SERIES)	60	72	65	40	35	35	30

TO ADJUST: REFINE THE SELECTOR ARMATURE SPRING



28-RSS-14

FOLLOWER LEVER TO CHECK

FOLLOWER LEVER ON HIGH PART OF CAM.

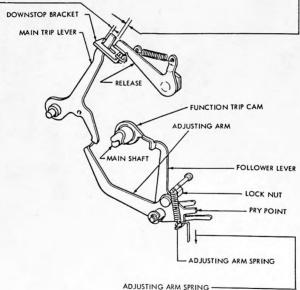
(1) REQUIREMENT-5 LEVEL UNITS MIN. 0.010 INCH MAX. 0.030 INCH 8 LEVEL UNITS

MIN. 0.005 INCH MAX. 0.020 INCH

CLEARANCE BETWEEN MAIN TRIP LEVER AND DOWNSTOP BRACKET.

(2) REQUIREMENT SOME CLEARANCE BETWEEN MAIN TRIP LEVER AND DOWNSTOP BRACKET. TO ADJUST

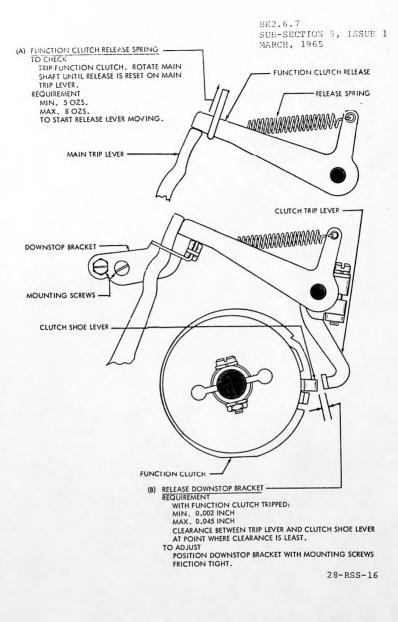
BY MEANS OF PRY POINT, POSITION ADJUSTING ARM ON FOLLOWER LEVER WITH LOCK NUT LOOSENED.

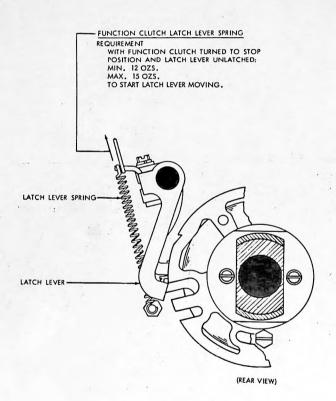


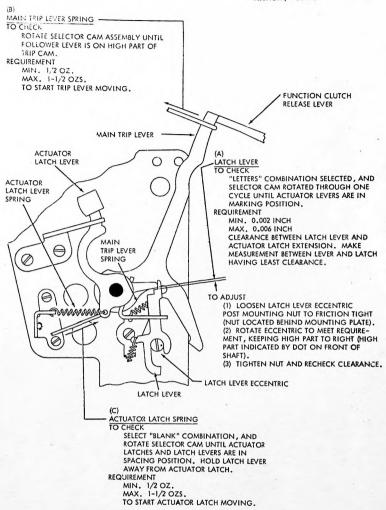
ADJUSTING ARM SPRING -

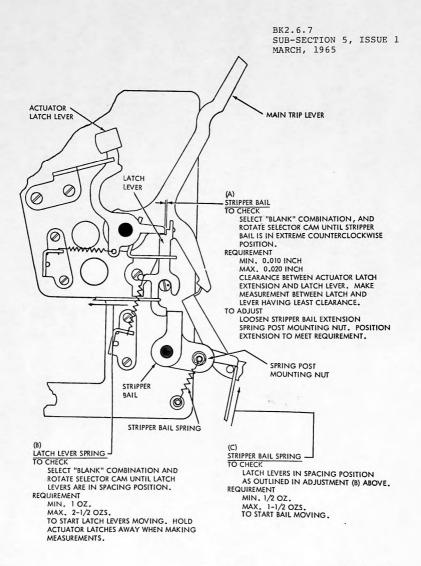
WITH FOLLOWER LEVER ON HIGH PART OF TRIP CAM, AND MAIN TRIP LEVER HELD AWAY FROM ADJUSTING ARM: MIN. 2-1/2 OZS. MAX. 4 OZS.

TO START ADJUSTING LEVER MOVING.



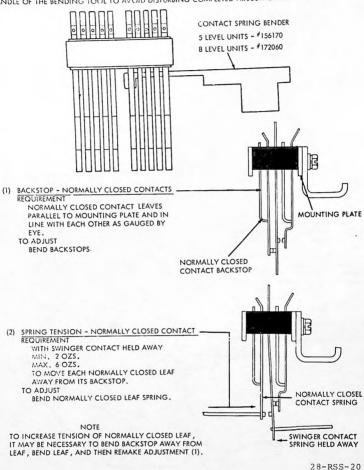


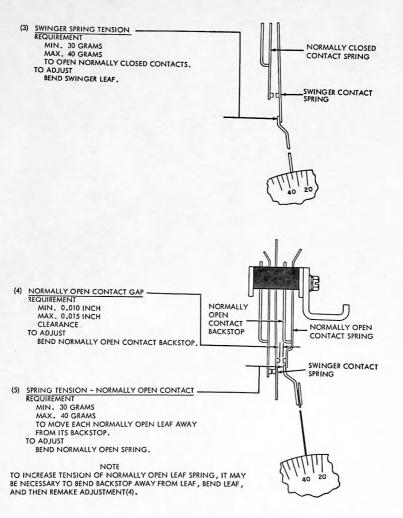




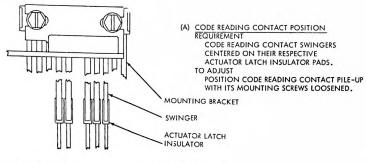
CODE SEADING CONTACT ASSEMBLY ADJUST! TENTS

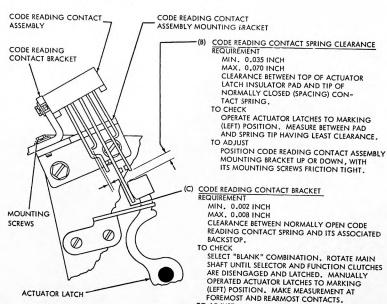
NOTE
THE FOLLOWING FIVE (5) ADJUSTMENTS ARE TO BE MADE WITH THE CODE READING CONTACT ASSEMBLY
SEMOVED FROM THE UNIT. OBSERVE THAT THE CONTACTS ARE ARRANGED IN TWO GROUPS OF FIVE (5)
CONTACTS EACH, WORK ON ONLY ONE GROUP AT A TIME, USE A CONTACT SPRING BENDER TO BEND
THE CONTACTS. FOR EACH ADJUSTMENT, START WITH THE CONTACT PILE-UP FARTHEST FROM THE
HANDLE OF THE BENDING TOOL TO AVOID DISTURBING COMPLETED ADJUSTMENTS.





CODE READING CONTACT ASSEMBLY





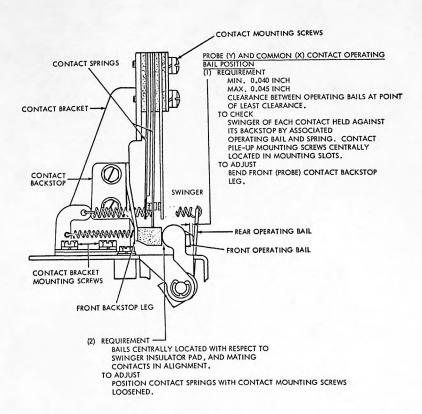
TO ADJUST

TIGHT.

28-RSS-22

POSITION CODE READING CONTACT MOUNTING BRACKET WITH ITS MOUNTING SCREWS FRICTION

TIMING CONTACT ASSEMBLY ADJUSTMENTS

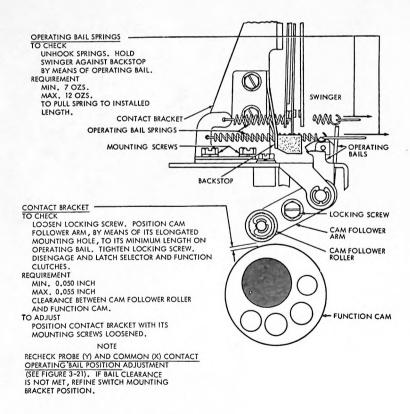


28-RSS-24

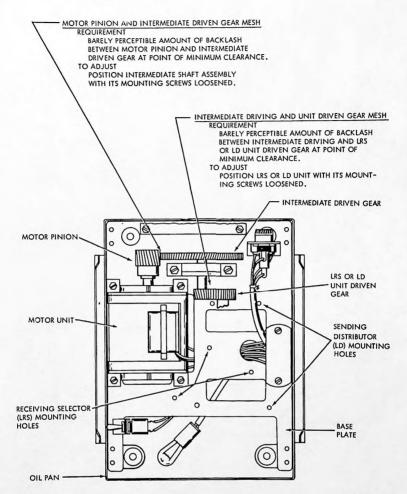
BEND LEFT CONTACT SPRING. RECHECK ADJUSTMENTS (A) AND (C), AND REFINE

IF NECESSARY.

NOTE
REPLACE TIMING CONTACT ASSEMBLY ON UNIT.

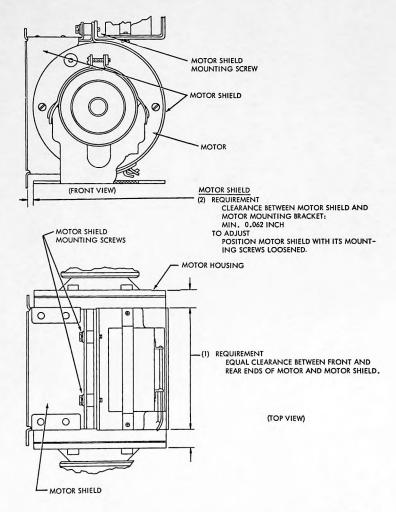


3.2 Base and Motor Unit



28-RSS-26

BK2.6.7 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 MARCH, 1965



4. CODE READING AND TIMING CONTACT STROBING PROCEDURE

4.1 Introduction

4.1.1 The following adjustment procedure outlines pulse length requirements for the code reading and timing contacts of the (LRS) Receiving Selector Set. In all cases, both the test set and the unit under test must be operating at the same speed for proper strobing. All pulse length requirements are made with respect to a 7.42 unit code test set scale. To strobe the code reading and timing contacts, a Signal Distortion Test Set (DXD) is used. For operation of this set, refer to Teletype Bulletin 181B.

4.2 General Testing Information

- 4.2.1 Preliminary Prepartion: Perform the following tests after completing the adjustment of the code reading and timing contacts as outlined in paragraph 3.1. For all strobing tests, the DXD and LRS should be operating at 600 OPM.
 - .2 DXD Zero: In order to perform the following tests, observation of a neon trace on the scale of the DXD will have to be made. Since the trace has a tendency to jump (i.e., the trace will not remain steady, but may vary as much as 10 scale divisions), the following steps should be taken to zero the DXD:
 - (a) While receiving alternate LETTERS-BLANK (all markingall spacing) code combinations, connect the neon trace lamp to the #1 normally open code reading contact. Observe, and note, the point at which the trace begins. This point will jump, as mentioned above, and only the minimum reading should be noted.
 - (b) Repeat the above procedure for all the contacts, and choose the trace which starts latest. Set the START zero mark of the DXD scale to this point.
 - (c) Record the earliest end of the trace for future adjustment reference.

4.3 Code Reading Contacts - Strobing Procedure

- 4.3.1 Zero the DXD test set as outlined in paragraph 4.2.2.
 - .2 Connect the neon trace lamp to the 5th (5 level units) or 8th (eight level units) normally open contact of the contact assembly.

4.3.2 (a) Requirements (See Figure 1)

The marking code reading contact trace - including breaks - shall have a minimum signal length of 700 divisions in the LETTERS (all marking) position. All bounce must end within 20 divisions of the earliest start or latest end of the contact traces (as determined during the DXD zero procedure - paragraph 4.2.2).

 ${\hbox{{\tt To Check:}}}$ Receiving Selector Set operating, and receiving alternate ${\hbox{{\tt LETTERS}}}$ - ${\hbox{{\tt BL}}}$ A NK (all marking-and spacing) code combinations.

 $\underline{\text{To Adjust}}\colon$ Refine code reading contact assembly adjustments and spring tensions.

(b) Requirement

Normally closed contact opens before normally open contact closes (i.e., contacts should break-before-make).

 $\underline{\text{To Check}}$: Turn unit off. With code reading contact $\underline{\text{swinger}}$ in spacing position, manually operate swinger to marking position. Check all contacts.

To Adjust: Refine code reading contact assembly adjustments and spring tensions. Recheck requirements (a) and (b) if any refinements are made.

4.4 Timing Contacts - Strobing Procedure

- 4.4.1 Zero the DXD test set as outlined in paragraph 4.2.2.
 - .2 With the Receiving Selector Set in idle position, connect the neon trace lamp to the normally open contact of the Common (X) contact pile-up.

(a) Requirements (See Figure 2)

The earliest starting trace shall begin no sooner than 50 divisions after the DXD zero mark, and the latest ending trace shall end no later than 50 divisions from the earliest end of the code reading contact traces (as determined during the DXD zero procedure - paragraph 4.2.2. The minimum trace length shall be 225 divisions. All bounce must end

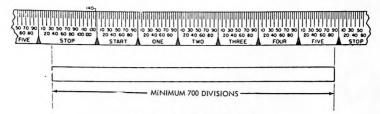


FIGURE 1. CODE READING CONTACT

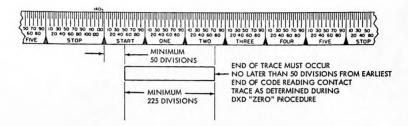


FIGURE 2. COMMON (X) CONTACT

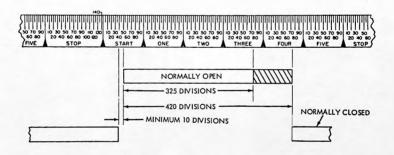


FIGURE 3. PROBE (Y) CONTACT

4.4.2 (a) within 5 divisions of the earliest start and latest end of a trace.

To Check: Receiving Selector Set operating and receiving LETTERS (all marking) code combinations.

To Adjust: Refine timing contact adjustments and spring tensions.

(b) Requirements (See Figure 3)

Connect neon trace to both contacts of the Probe (Y) contact pile-up. There shall be at least a 10 division break in the trace indicating the breakbefore-make contact. There shall be at least 325 to 420 division between the earliest starts of the normally open and normally closed contacts. All bounce must end within 5 divisions of the earliest start and latest end of a trace.

 $\frac{To\ Adjust}{spring}\colon$ Refine timing contact adjustments and spring tensions. Recheck requirements (a) and (b) if any refinements are made.

5. DISASSEMBLY

5.1 General Disassembly Instructions

- (a) During the disassembly of a mechanism, take careful note of the position and order of removed parts to facilitate reassembly. Retaining rings are made of spring steel and have a tendency to release suddenly. Loss of these rings can be minimized as follows: Hold the retaining ring to prevent it from rotating. Place a screwdriver blade into one of the ring's slots. Rotate the screwdriver in a direction to increase the diameter of the retaining ring.
- (b) When unsoldering leads from switch and connector terminals, the thermoplastic tubing over the leads might be damaged from the heat. Replace any damaged tubing. During the resoldering operation, avoid using an excessive amount of solder. Be especially careful to prevent solder from falling onto and becoming wedged between moving parts and electrical contact springs.
- (c) After all removed parts have been replaced, and any

5.1 (c) necessary adjustments made, the Set should be checked for proper operation before applying power to it. With the use of an armature spring clip (see Bulletin 1185B) to hold the selector armature in the attracted position, manually rotate the main shaft until the clutches latch. Operate the selector armature to allow unlatching of the clutches, and manually select various code combinations while checking operation of the set.

5.2 Cover

5.2.1 The LRS cover is removed by simply lifting it up from the base. Lift it straight up, making certain it clears the selector mechanism before moving it in a lateral direction. To replace the cover, reverse the removal procedure.

5.3 Receiving Selector (LRS)

- 5.3.1 Removal from Base: Disconnect the 36 point female connector from the connector brackets at the rear of the base. Remove the three mounting screws, lock washers, and flat washers which secure the Receiving Selector to the base plate. Remove the LRS from the base while guiding the cable assembly forward and up through the base plate cutout.
 - .2 To remount the Receiving Selector (LRS) on the base, route the cable assembly (with connector) down through the rectangular hole in the base plate nearest the left rear corner of the 4 point terminal block. Direct the cable assembly under the base plate to the rear of the set. Secure the 36 point connector to the connector brackets using the two screws and lock washers supplied. Secure the Receiving Selector to the base using the mounting screws, lock washers and flat washers found in the muslin bag attached to the selector. Refer to paragraph 3, for adjustments and clearance requirements between the intermediate driving gear and the Receiving Selector driven gear.
 - .3 Selecting Mechanism Removal:
 - (a) Remove the screw, lock washer, and nut from the selector clutch drum. Hold the push lever reset bail in its raised position, and the stop arm and marking lock lever to the left (see NOTE). Grasp the cam-clutch by the cam disk (not by the drum) and pull forward while rotating the cam-clutch slowly. The cam-clutch should come off easily; it should not be forced.

- To hold the push lever reset bail in its raised position, place the blade of a screwdriver under the forward extension of the reset bail. Apply pressure on the bail to push it toward the rear, and simultaneously lift upward on the extension with the screwdriver. The reset bail arm will engage a step in the push lever guide bracket, and hold the push levers in a raised position. To hold the marking lock lever and stop arm to the left, push the lock lever to the left until the left hole in its extension is on the left side of the
 - (b) Unhook the spring on the function latch lever. Remove the spring post by removing its nut and lock washer (located below the forward main shaft bearing on the function cam-clutch side of the frame) which passes through the frame and selector mounting plate into the selector lever guide. Remove the oil wick, screw, lock washer, and wick holder. Remove the selecting mechanism.

guide bracket. Insert a pin (or other device) into this hole and release the lever. The pin will stop the marking lock lever from returning to the right.

(c) To replace the selecting mechanism, reverse the above procedure.

.4 Main Shaft Removal:

- (a) Remove the selector cam-clutch (refer to paragraph 5.3.3 (a).
- (b) Remove the spring from the function clutch latch lever. Remove the retaining ring, spring washer and flat washers from the forward end of the main shaft.
- (c) Remove the screw and lock washer from the function clutch drum. Remove the screw and lock washer from the collar. Remove the screw and lock washer which secures the rear bearing clamp.
- (d) Pull the main shaft out towards the rear, removing the function cam-clutch and collar in the process.

CAUTION

5.3.4

Note the location of the main shaft needle roller bearings, as shown in Bulletin 1185B. Move the main shaft toward the rear of the unit a small amount at a time. Exercise care not to drop or contaminate the 20 needle bearing rollers in each race. A spring may be stretched around the shaft and rollers, and its ends hooked together. The spring, in conjunction with the lubricant on the bearings, will hold the bearings in place.

5.3.4 (e) To replace the main shaft assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure. Make sure the rollers are clean, and lubricate them as specified in paragraph 6.

NOTE: When the main shaft is inserted into the cam-clutch assemblies, hold the latter firmly so that the drum is not pushed off the clutch. Compress the drum and cam disk together so that the holes in the drum and the clutch bearings are aligned.

- 5.3.5 Main Plate Assembly Removal:
 - (a) Place the actuator latch levers in the spacing position. Remove the spring which holds the latch lever reset bail biased against the trip lever. Remove the spring post and screw, at the bottom of the bottom of the main plate, which secure the plate to the frame. Remove the oil wick, screw, lock washer, and wick holder. Remove the main plate assembly.
 - (b) To replace the main plate as embly, reverse the above procedure.
- 5.4 Motor Unit
- 5.4.1 Disconnect the wiring at the 4 point terminal.
 - .2 Remove the four screws and lock washers which secure the motor to the base plate. Remove the motor unit.
 - .3 To remount the motor unit, proceed as follows: Assemble the motor unit on the base using the four screws, lock washers, and flat washers supplied. Position the flat washers between the motor bracket and the base plate. Refer to

BK2.6.7 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 MARCH, 1965 5.4.3 paragraph 3, for adjustments and clearance requirements between the motor pinion and intermediate driven gears. Route the power cable from the motor unit, under the base plate, and up through the hole immediately to the left of the 4 point terminal block (see Figure 4). Connect the leads to terminals 3 and 4 (see wiring diagram 4705WD shipped with the Base). 6. LUBRICATION 6.1 General Lubrication Information The specific points to receive lubrication are indicated by line drawings and descriptive text. These line drawings are keyed to photographs which show the general area refer-6.1.1 red to by the line drawing. The symbols in the text indicate the following directions: Apply one drop of oil.
Apply two drops of oil.
Apply three drops of oil, etc. 02 03 Apply thin coat of grease. G SAT Saturate with oil. The equipment should be thoroughly lubricated, but over-lubrication, which might allow oil to drip or grease to be thrown on other parts, should be avoided. Exercise special . 2 care to prevent any lubricant from getting between armature and pole faces. Keep all electrical contacts free from oil or grease. . 3 The following general instructions supplement the specific lubrication points illustrated in this section. (a) Apply one drop of oil to all spring hooks. (b) Apply a light film of oil to all cam surfaces. (c) Apply a coat of grease to all gears. (d) Saturate all felt washers, oilers, etc. (e) Apply oil to all pivot points. (f) Apply oil to all sliding surfaces. 28-RSS-35

CONNECTOR BRACKET POSITIONS FOR:

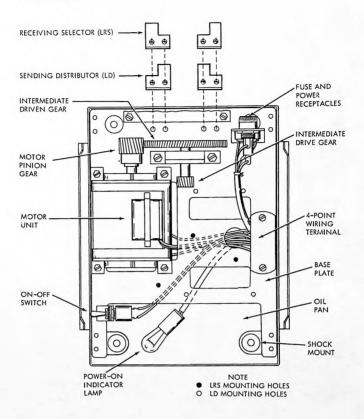
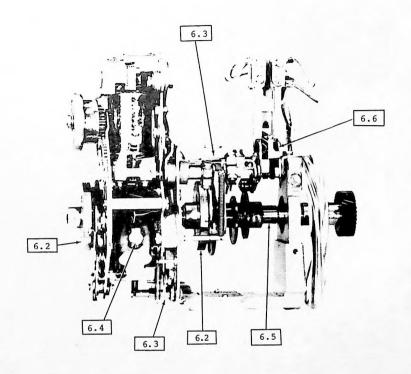


Figure 4. Cable Routing and Components Layout.

6.1.4 After a few weeks of service, re-lubricate the Set to make certain that all specified points have received lubricant. Thereafter, adhere to the following schedule unless otherwise specified:

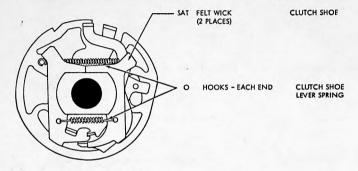
OPERATING SPEED	LUBRICATION INTERVAL	
60 WPM	3000 hours or 1 year*	
75 WPM	2400 hours or 9 months*	
100 WPM	1500 hours or 6 months*	

^{*} Whichever occurs first.

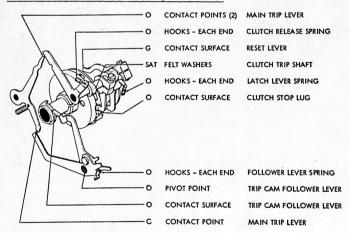


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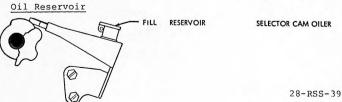
Function and Selector Clutch 6.2



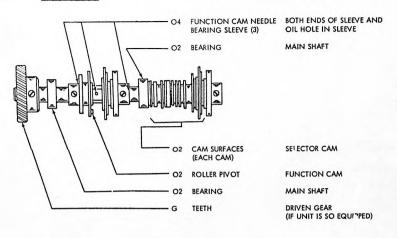
6.3 Function Cam and Clutch Trip Mechanism



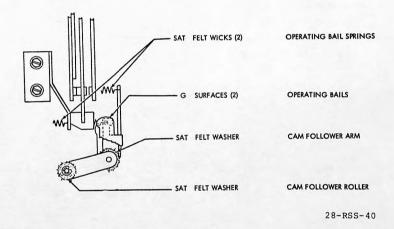
6.4

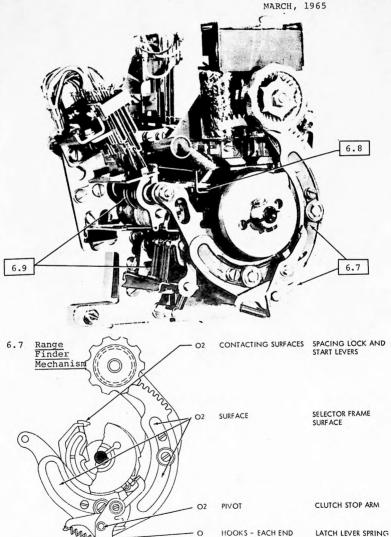


6.5 Main Shaft

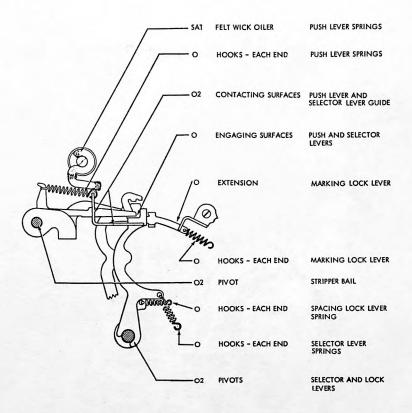


6.6 Timing Contact Bails

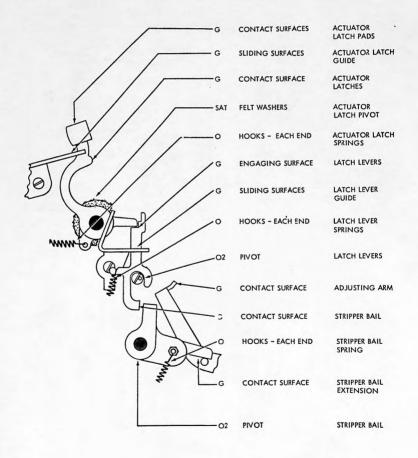




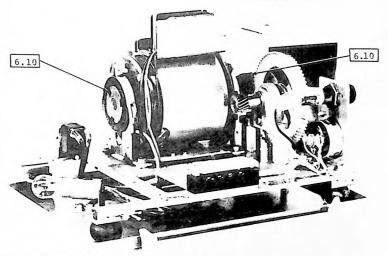
6.8 Selector Lever and Springs



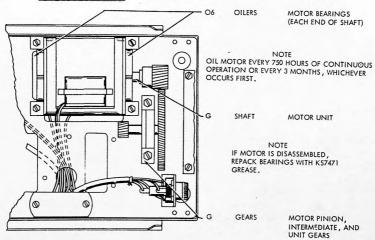
6.9 Actuator Latches and Springs



28-RSS-44



6.10 Motor and Gears





PLANT MANUAL BK2.7.2 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 MARCH, 1965

TELETYPE MODEL 32 AND 33 SEND-RECEIVE PAGE PRINTER SETS (KSR, RO, ASR)

ADJUSTMENTS

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1	BASIC TAPE READER ADJUSTMENTS	113
5.	BASIC PUNCH ADJUSTMENTS	129

1. REFERENCES

1.1 Teletype Corporation Technical Manual, Bulletin 273B.

Send-Receive Page Printer Sets (KSR) Receive-Only Page Printer Sets (RO) Automatic Send and Receive Sets (ASR)

2. GENERAL

- 2.1 The sequence in which the adjustments appear is that which should be followed when complete readjustment of the Printer is undertaken.
 - .2 Unless otherwise specified make screws or nuts friction-tight to make an adjustment, and tighten them securely once the adjustment has been made.
 - .3 When a procedure calls for using pry points or slots to make an adjustment, place a screwdriver between the points or in the slots and pry parts in proper direction.
 - .4 Read a procedure all the way through before making an adjustment or checking a spring tension.
- 2.5 Stop Condition
- 2.5.1 All procedures should be started with the Printer in the stop

- 2.5.1 condition. It is in the stop condition when the selector armature is in its attracted (frontward) position (see page 28), all clutches are disengaged, and the keyboard universal lever is latched in its down position (see page 70).
 - .2 To place the Printer in the stop condition, hold the selector armature in its frontward position (see page 28). Rotate the main shaft clockwise (as viewed from left) until all clutches are in stop position. Fully disengage the clutches as instructed in paragraph 2.5.4.

NOTE: The distributor clutch will not disengage unless the answer-back drum is in its home position as shown on page 84.

- .3 The keyboard is tripped when the universal lever is in its up position.
- .4 When disengaged, the clutches are latched in their stop position between a trip lever, which bears against a shoe lever, and a latch lever which seats in a clutch cam disk (see page 26). The main shaft will then turn freely without the clutch shoes dragging. When the clutch is engaged, or tripped, the shoe lever and a stop lug on the cam disk are moved apart, and the clutch shoes are wedged against the drum so that the clutch turns in unison with the shaft (see page 27). If the shaft is turned by hand, a clutch will not fully disengage upon reaching its stop position. Where a procedure calls for disengagement, rotate the clutch to its stop position, apply a screwdriver to the stop lug and turn the disk in the normal direction of shaft rotation until the latch lever seats in its notch in the disk. As a reminder, the word LATCHED follows instructions to disengage the clutches.

2.6 Manual Operation

- 2.6.1 To manually operate the Printer, place it in the stop condition as instructed in paragraph 2.5.2 above.Momentarily permit armature to move to its unattracted (rearward) position to trip the selector clutch. Slowly rotate the main shaft clockwise (as viewed from left) until all push levers have moved under their respective selector levers (see page 31). Using spring hook, strip the push levers from under the selector levers corresponding to the spacing elements of the code combination to be set up. Then continue to rotate the shaft until the proper condition is set up or the character is cleared through the Printer.
 - .2 On Model 32 Printers, the selector levers are numbered 1 through 5 from left to right. To set up the letter Y, for

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example, whose teletypewriter code combination is 1-3-5, strip the push levers from the No. 2 and No. 4 selector levers. On Model 33 Printers, the selector levers are numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 6, 8 from left to right. To set up the letter Y, for example, whose eight-level code combination is 1--45-78, strip the push levers from the No. 2, 3 and 6 selector levers.

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2.10

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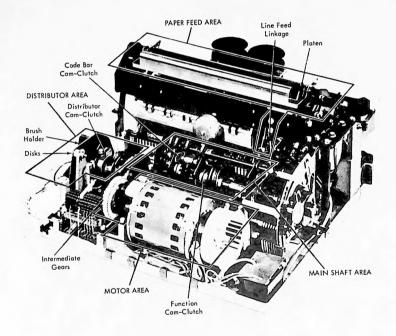


Figure 1. Printer Assembly - Rear View.

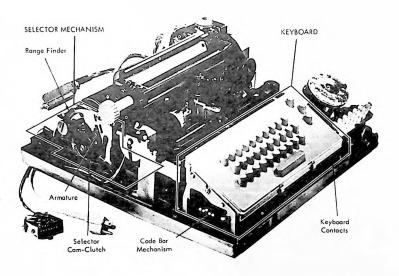


Figure 2. Printer Set.

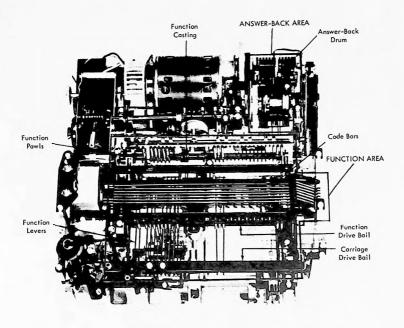


Figure 3. Printer Assembly - Carriage and Platen Removed.

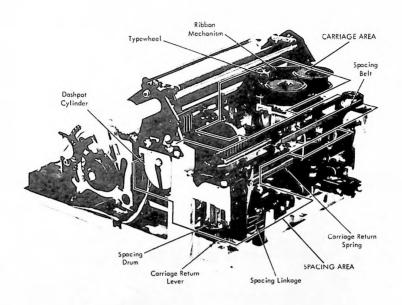


Figure 4. Printer Assembly.

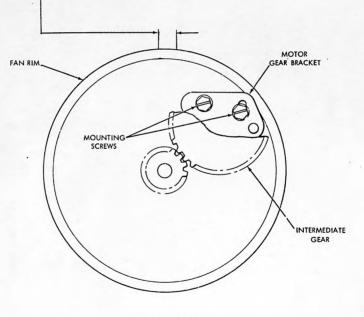
GEAR BRACKET (MOTOR)- PRELIMINARY REQUIREMENT

WITH HEAD OF MOTOR PINION MOUNTING SCREW POINTING UPWARD AND INTERMEDIATE GEAR HELD STATIONARY

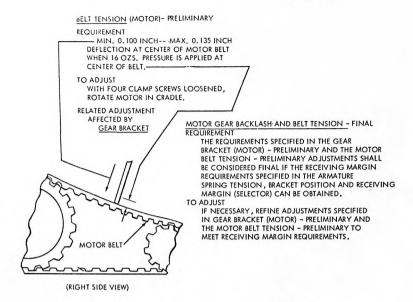
— MIN. SOME---MAX. 0.032 INCH PLAY AT RIM OF FAN.

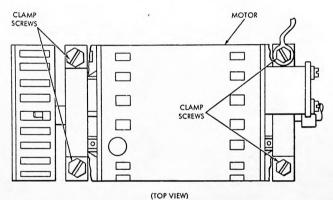
TO ADJUST
POSITION MOTOR GEAR BRACKET WITH
MOUNTING SCREWS LOOSENED.

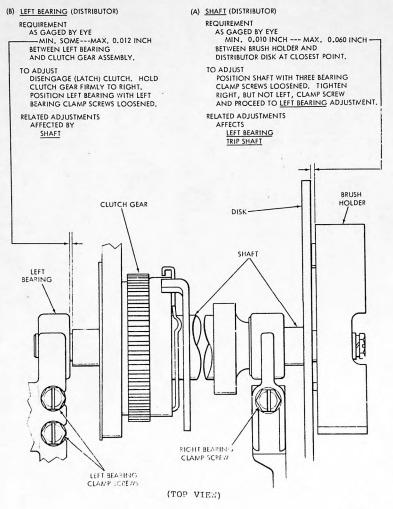
RELATED ADJUSTMENT AFFECTS BELT TENSION



(RIGHT SIDE VIEW)







TRIP SHAFT (DISTRIBUTOR)

REQUIREMENT

(1) WITH DISTRIBUTOR CLUTCH IN STOP POSITION, TAKE UP AND HOLD THE PLAY OF DISTRIBUTOR
SHAFT TOWARD LEFT SIDE OF UNIT. TAKE UP PLAY OF CLUTCH LATCH LEVER TOWARDS RIGHT SIDE OF UNIT AND RELEASE. CLUTCH LATCH LEVER SHALL ENGAGE AT LEAST THE FULL THICKNESS OF DISTRIBUTOR CLUTCH DISK. TAKE UP PLAY OF CLUTCH SHOE LEVER TOWARDS LEFT SIDE OF UNIT AND RELEASE. TAKE UP PLAY
OF CLUTCH STOP LEVER TOWARDS RIGHT SIDE OF UNIT AND RELEASE, CLUTCH STOP LEVER SHALL ENGAGE AT LEAST 2/3 OF WIDTH OF FORMED END OF CLUTCH SHOE LEVER.

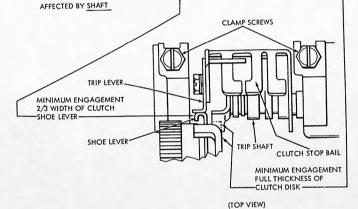
(2) TAKE UP PLAY OF DISTRIBUTOR SHAFT TOWARDS RIGHT SIDE OF UNIT AND RELEASE. TAKE UP PLAY OF CLUTCH SHOE LEVER TOWARDS RIGHT SIDE OF UNIT AND RELEASE. TAKE UP PLAY OF CLUTCH STOP LEVER TOWARDS LEFT SIDE OF UNIT AND RELEASE. THE CLUTCH STOP LEVER SHALL ENGAGE AT LEAST 2/3 OF WIDTH OF FORMED END OF CLUTCH SHOE LEVER .-

(3) THE REAR EXTENSION OF THE CONTROL LEVER SHALL NOT BIND IN ITS SLOT IN THE ANSWER-BACK BLOCK.

TO ADJUST

POSITION TRIP SHAFT WITH CLAMP SCREWS LOOSENED.

RELATED ADJUSTMENTS



TRIP LEVER (DISTRIBUTOR) TO CHECK DISENGAGE (LATCH) CLUTCH. MAKE DISENGACE (LATCH) CLUTCH. MAKE SURE KEYBOARD UNIVERSAL LEVER IS IN DOWN POSITION (SEE CONTACT WIRES (KEYBOARD) ADJUSTMENT). MEASURE AND RECORD CLEARANCE BETWEEN SHOE LEVER AND STOP LUG. TRIP CLUTCH BY MOVING TRIP LEVER REARWARD. MEASURE AND RECORD SAME CLEARANCE. (1) WITH CLUTCH DISENGAGED (LATCHED) MIN. 0.015 INCH BETWEEN STOP LUG AND SHOE LEVER. (2) CLEARANCE BETWEEN STOP LUG AND SHOE LEVER MIN. 0.050 INCH---MAX. 0.080 INCH-GREATER WHEN CLUTCH ENGAGED THAN WHEN DISENGAGED. DISTRIBUTOR CLUTCH STOP LUG. USING PRY POINT, POSITION TRIP LEVER WITH CLAMP SCREW LOOSENED. RELATED ADJUSTMENTS **AFFECTS** BRUSH HOLDER TRIP LEVER SHOE PRY LEVER POINT CLAMP SCREW (LEFT SIDE VIEW)

BRUSH HOLDER (DISTRIBUTOR)

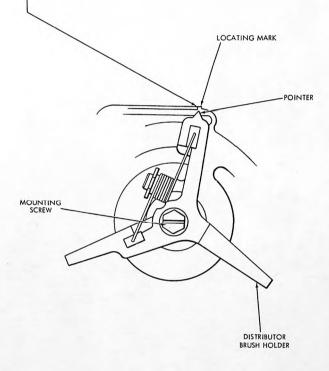
REQUIREMENT

WITH DISTRIBUTOR CLUTCH DISENGAGED (LATCHED), POINTER WITHIN LOCATING MARK.

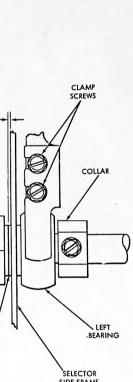
TO ADJUST

POSITION BRUSH HOLDER WITH MOUNTING SCREWS LOOSENED.

RELATED ADJUSTMENTS AFFECTED BY TRIP LEVER



(RIGHT SIDE VIEW)



ON MAIN SHAFT EXCEPT FOR ONE IN COLLAR

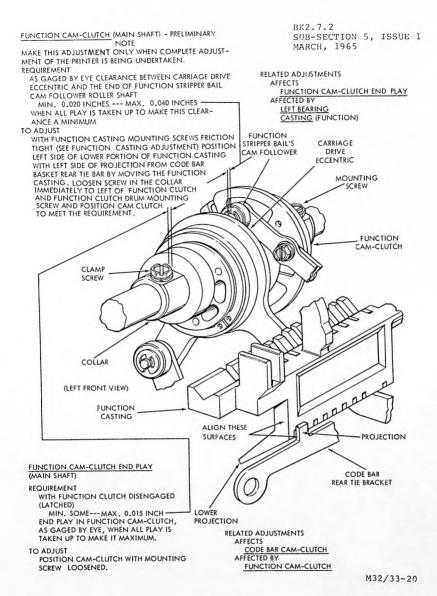
TO RIGHT OF LEFT BEARING.

BK2.7.2 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1

MARCH, 1965

LEFT BEARING (MAIN SHAFT) REQUIREMENT THE SELECTOR LEVERS AND START LEVER SHALL
FULLY ENGAGE THEIR CAMS WHEN SELECTOR CAM
IS IN CONTACT WITH THE BEARING AND THE LEFT SIDE OF BEARING SHALL PROTRUDE BEYOND
SELECTOR MOUNTING PLATE TO ADJUST WITH BEARING CLAMP MOUNTING SCREWS RELATED ADJUSTMENTS **AFFECTS** FUNCTION CAM-CLUTCH DRIVEN GEAR
CODE BAR CLUTCH TRIP LEVER CAM-CLUTCH MOUNTING SCREW (TOP VIEW) SELECTOR CLUTCH CAM CLUTCH (SELECTOR)
REQUIREMENT SIDE FRAME WITH SELECTOR CLUTCH DISENGAGED AND LATCHED, THERE SHALL BE MIN. 0.005 INCH --- MAX. 0.012 INCH -END PLAY IN THE SELECTOR CAM ASSEMBLY. NOTE TO ADJUST WITH THE SELECTOR CLUTCH DRUM SCREW FRICTION TIGHT POSITION DRUM IN ITS OVERSIZED HOLE. (IF A COMPLETE READJUSTMENT OF THE MACHINE IS TO BE IF COMPLETE READJUSTMENT OF PRINTER IS BEING UNDERTAKEN, LOOSEN ALL SET SCREWS

MADE, LOOSEN ALL SCREWS ON MAIN SHAFT EXCEPT FOR COLLAR TO RIGHT OF LEFT HAND MAIN SHAFT BEARING).



BK2.7.2 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 CODE BAR CAM-CLUTCH (MAIN SHAFT) MARCH, 1965 REQUIREMENT WITH CLUTCH DISENGAGED (LATCHED)
MIN. SOME---MAX. 0.015 INCH MIN. SOME--MAX. U. UIS INCH END PLAY IN CODE BAR CAM-CLUTCH AS GAGED BY EYE WHEN PLAY IS TAKEN UP TO MAKE CLEARANCE MAXIMUM. DRIVE GEAR TO ADJUST POSITION CAM-CLUTCH WITH MOUNTING SCREW LOOSENED. RELATED ADJUSTMENTS AFFECTS

CODE BAR CLUTCH TRIP LEVER

AFFECTED BY FUNCTION CAM-CLUTCH END PLAY MOUNTING SCREW CAM-CLUTCH MOUNTING SCREW CODE BAR CAM-CLUTCH (TOP VIEW) RIGHT MAIN SHAFT MOUNTING DRIVEN BEARING GEAR DRIVEN GEAR (MAIN SHAFT) REQUIREMENT DRIVEN GEAR CENTERED ON DRIVE GEAR. -POSITION DRIVEN GEAR WITH MOUNTING SCREW LOOSENED. RELATED ADJUSTMENTS AFFECTED BY LEFT BEARING (DISTRIBUTOR)
SHAFT (DISTRIBUTOR)

SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 MARCH, 1965 CODE BAR CLUTCH TRIP LEVER (MAIN SHAFT) TO ADJUST POSITION TRIP LEVER WITH CLAMP SCREW REQUIREMENT LOOSENED. IT MAY ALSO BE NECESSARY (1) AS GAGED BY EYE, CODE BAR CLUTCH TRIP LEVER APPROXIMATELY ALIGNED TO LOOSEN SET SCREW IN COLLAR. WITH SHOE LEVER RELATED ADJUSTMENTS WITHIN 0.020 INCH AFFECTS LATCH LEVERS
CODE BAR CLUTCH FOLLOWER ARM
AFFECTED BY MIN. 0.005 INCH-BETWEEN FUNCTION CLUTCH TRIP ROLLER'S SHAFT AND CODE BAR RESET CAM WHEN LEFT BEARING ALL PLAY IS TAKEN UP TO MAKE CLEARANCE MINIMUM. CODE BAR CAM-CLUTCH (REAR VIEW) LATCH LEVERS (MAIN SHAFT) TRIP LEVER-REQUIREMENT AS GAGED BY EYE — MIN. SOME---MAX. 0.012 INCH END PLAY IN LATCH LEVERS. SHOE TO ADJUST LEVER-POSITION COLLAR WITH SET SCREW LOOSENED. RELATED ADJUSTMENTS AFFECTED BY CODE BAR CLUTCH TRIP LEVER SET SCREW CLAMP SCREW-COLLAR **FUNCTION CLUTCH** TRIP ROLLER'S SHAFT LATCH LEVER-0 TRIP LEVER LATCH LEVER SHOE LEVER (RIGHT REAR VIEW)

CODE BAR

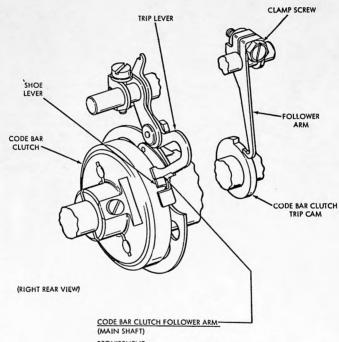
RESET CAM

M32/33-22

CODE BAR

CLUTCH

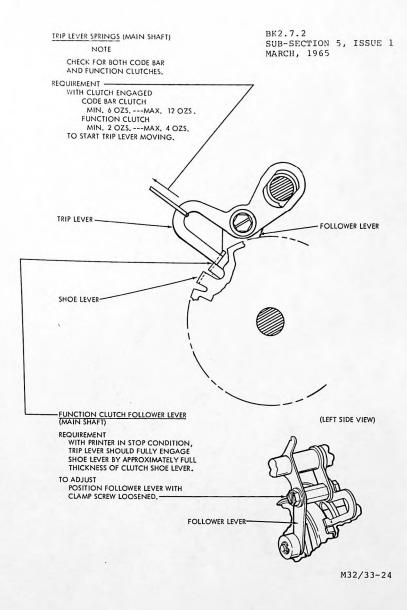
BK2.7.2



REQUIREMENT
WITH PRINTER IN STOP CONDITION,
TRIP LEVER SHOULD FULLY ENGAGE
SHOE LEVER BY APPROXIMATELY FULL
THICKNESS OF CLUTCH SHOE LEVER,
AS GAGED BY EYE.

TO ADJUST
POSITION CODE BAR FOLLOWER ARM
WITH ITS CLAMP SCREW LOOSENED,
MAKE SURE FOLLOWER IS AT CENTER
OF TRIP CAM.

RELATED ADJUSTMENTS
AFFECTED BY
CODE BAR CLUTCH TRIP LEVER



NOTE

MAKE THIS ADJUSTMENT FOR BOTH FUNCTION AND CODE BAR CLUTCHES.

BK2.7.2 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 MARCH, 1965

FUNCTION AND CODE BAR CLUTCH

WITH LATCH LEVER RESTING ON HIGH

MIN. 2 OZS. --- MAX. 3 OZS.

CLAMP SCREW

LATCH LEVER SPRING TENSION

PORTION OF CLUTCH DISC

TO START LEVER MOVING.

REQUIREMENT

CODE BAR AND FUNCTION CLUTCH TRIP LEVERS (MAIN SHAFT)

TO CHECK

DISENGAGE (LATCH) CLUTCH, MEASURE AND RECORD CLEARANCE BETWEEN SHOE LEVER AND STOP LUG ON CLUTCH DISK. TRIP CLUTCH BY MOVING TRIP LEVER REARWARD. MEASURE AND RECORD SAME CLEARANCE.

REQUIREMENT

(I) WITH CLUTCH DISENGAGED (LATCHED)

MIN. 0.015 INCH. -BETWEEN SHOE LEVER AND STOP LUG. (2) WITH CLUTCH DISENGAGED AND LATCHED, TRIP CLUTCH BY LIFTING STOP LEVER PERMITTING STOP LEVER TO COME TO REST ON CLUTCH

SHOE RELEASE LEVER.

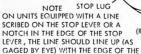
—MIN. 0.055 INCH --- MAX. 0.085 INCH
BETWEEN EDGE OF STOP LEVER AND EDGE OF CLUTCH SHOE RELEASE LEVER CLOSEST TO DISK STOP LUG.

TO ADJUST

(REAR VIEW)

CHANGE DISENGAGED CLEARANCE BY LENGTHENING OR SHORTENING TRIP LEVER WITH CLAMP SCREW LOOSENED.





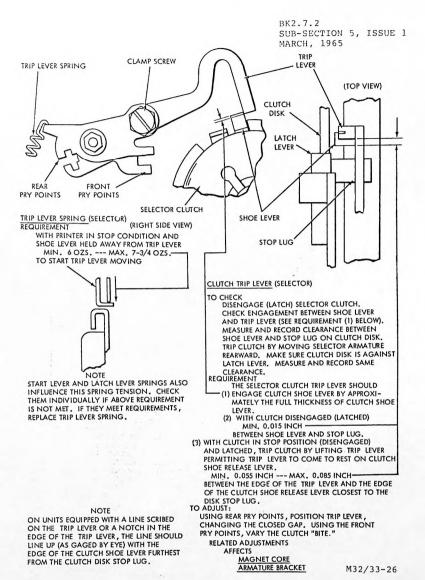
CLUTCH SHOE LEVER FURTHEST FROM THE CLUTCH DISK STOP LUG.

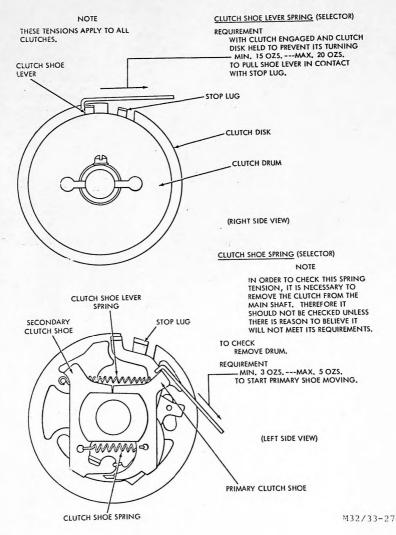
SHOE LEVER

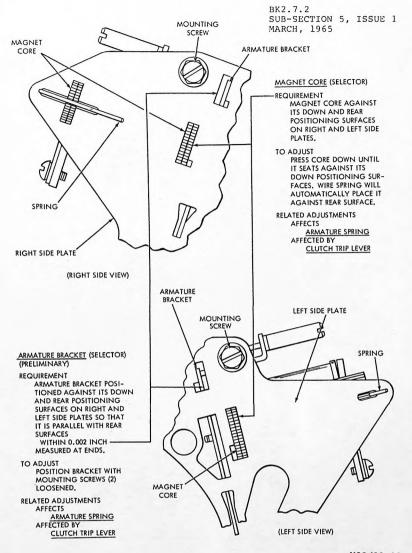
(RIGHT REAR VIEW)

M32/33-25

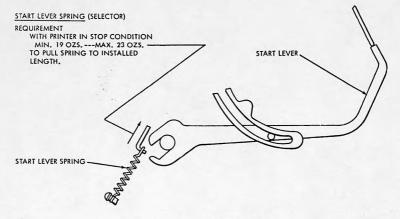
TRIP LEVER



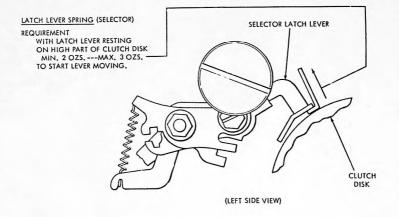




BK2.7.2 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 MARCH, 1965



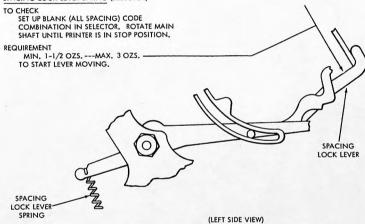
(LEFT SIDE VIEW)

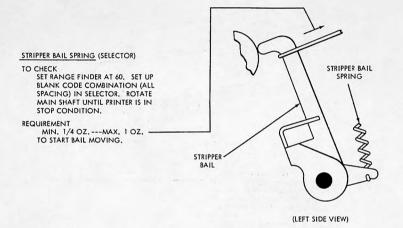


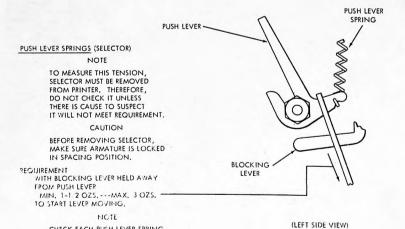
SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 MARCH, 1965 SELECTOR LEVER SPRINGS (SELECIOR) TO CHECK SET UP BLANK (ALL SPACING) CODE COMBINATION IN SELECTOR. ROTATE MAIN SHAFT UNTIL PRINTER IS IN STOP CONDITION. REQUIREMENT
MIN. 1-1/2 OZS. ---MAX. 3-1/4 OZS. TO START SELECTOR LEVER MOVING. NOTE CHECK EACH SELECTOR LEVER SPRING. SELECTOR LEVER SELECTOR LEVER-(LEFT SIDE VIEW) SPRING

BK2.7.2

SPACING LOCK LEVER SPRING (SELECTOR)







CHECK EACH PUSH LEVER SPRING.

SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 MARCH, 1965 LATCH LEVER SHOE LEVER SELECTOR CLUTCH CLUTCH TORQUE (SELECTOR) TO CHECK WITH PRINTER RUNNING, HOLD SHOE LEVER WITH SPRING SCALE AS SHOWN.
TRIP CLUTCH BY MOVING ARMATURE
REARWARD. ALLOW CLUTCH TO
ADVANCE UNTIL LATCH LEVER IS (LEFT SIDE VIEW) DISENGAGED. REQUIREMENT
—____MIN. 13 OZS. ---MAX. 16 OZS.
TO HOLD SHOE LEVER. CODE BAR RESET BAIL SPRING (FUNCTION) REQUIREMENT WITH BLANK SELECTED AND MAIN RESET BAIL IS IN HIGHEST POSITION,
MIN. 5-3/4 OZS. ---MAX. 8-3/4 OZS.
TO START BAIL MOVING. CODE BAR RESET BAIL SPRING CODE BAR RESET BAIL (LEFT FRONT VIEW) M32/33-32

BK2.7.2

MAIN SHAFT TORQUE (VARIOUS AREAS)

NOTE

THIS ADJUSTMENT REQUIRES USE OF TORQUE WRENCH. IT NEED NOT BE CHECKED UNLESS COMPLETE READJUST-MENT IS BEING UNDERTAKEN OR ADJUST-MENTS AFFECTING DRIVE SYSTEM HAVE BEEN CHANGED.

REQUIREMENT

(1) WITH MOTOR BELT OFF AND ALL CLUTCHES DISENGAGED (LATCHED)
MAX. 35 IN. -OZS.
TO START MAIN SHAFT ROTATING. (2) WITH MOTOR BELT IN PLACE AND ALL CLUTCHES DISENGAGED (LATCHED)

MAX, 45 IN. -OZS.
TO START MAIN SHAFT ROTATING (CHECK IN AT LEAST EIGHT DIFFERENT POSITIONS ON SHAFT).

TO ADJUST

IF REQUIREMENTS ARE NOT MET, CHECK FOLLOWING ADJUSTMENTS:

MENTS:
(1) GEAR BRACKET (MOTOR)
(2) BELT TENSION (MOTOR)
(3) CAM-CLUTCH (SELECTOR)
(4) LEFT BEARING (MAIN SHAFT)
(5) BEARING ALIGNMENT (VARIOUS AREAS)
(6) FUNCTION CAM-CLUTCH END PLAY (MAIN SHAFT)
(7) CODE BAR CAM-CLUTCH (MAIN SHAFT)
(9) DRIVEN CEAB (MAIN ELLAET)

(8) DRIVEN GEAR (MAIN SHAFT)
(9) CLUTCH TRIP LEVER (SELECTOR) IF ANY OF ABOVE ADJUSTMENTS ARE CHANGED RECHECK BEARING ALIGNMENT (VARIOUS AREAS).

BEARING ALIGNMENT (VARIOUS AREAS)

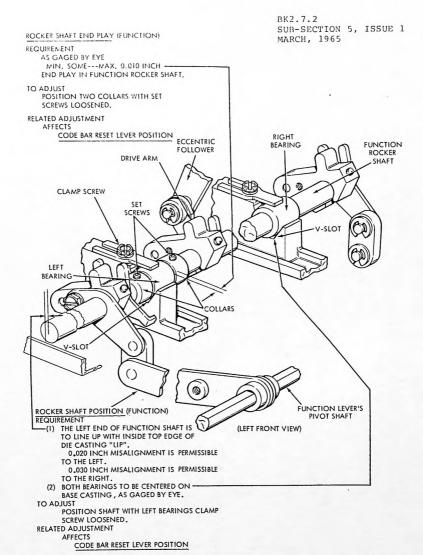
THIS ADJUSTMENT APPLIES TO MAIN SHAFT BEARINGS (PAGE 19 AND 21) DISTRIBUTOR SHAFT BEARINGS (PAGE 15) , FUNCTION ROCKER SHAFT BEARINGS (PAGE 34) , AND CODE BAR RESET BAIL BEARINGS (PAGE 35). IT SHOULD ONLY BE MADE IF BEARING CLAMPS
HAVE LOOSENED, OR IF A BIND IS DETECTED
IN ASSOCIATED SHAFT.

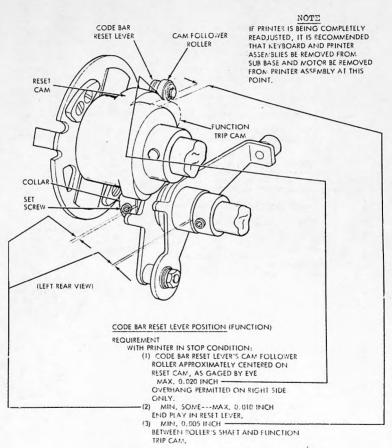
REQUIREMENT

BEARINGS ALIGNED WITH THEIR RESPECTIVE SHAFTS

TO ADJUST

WITH BEARING CLAMP SCREWS TIGHT, TAP SHAFT WITH SCREWDRIVER HANDLE, PIECE OF WOOD, OR SOFT MALLET IN AREA ADJA-CENT TO BEARING. WHEN ALIGNING MAIN SHAFT BEARINGS, LOOSEN SELECTOR MOUNTING SCREWS.





TO ADJUST

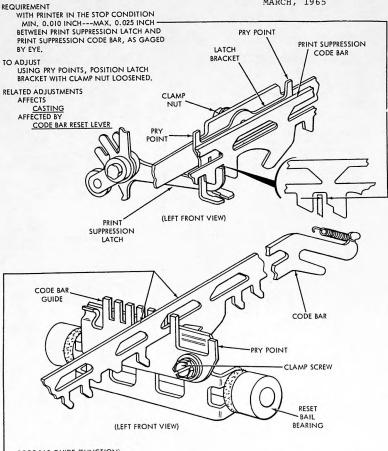
POSITION TWO COLLARS WITH SET SCREWS LOOSENED.

PELATED ADJUSTMENTS AFFECTS

CODE BAR RESET LEVER
AFFECTED BY
POCKER SHALL PROSITION
ROCKER SHALL FIND PLAY

BK2.7.2 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 MARCH, 1965 SELECTOR BLOCKING LEVER CODE BAR -CODE BAR RESET LEVER () **(19)** PRY POINT NOTE FOLLOWING ADJUSTMENTS CAN BE MADE MOST EASILY BY REMOVING PLATEN AND DASHPOT CYLINDER. CLAMP NUT (LEFT REAR VIEW) CODE BAR RESET LEVER (FUNCTION) REQUIREMENT WITH PRINTER IN STOP CONDITION (ALL CLUTCHES LATCHED) LAICHED)
MIN. 0.012 INCHES --- MAX. 0.030 INCHES—
CLEARANCE BETWEEN CODE BAR CLOSEST TO FRONT
OF UNIT AND ITS SELECTING BLOCKING LEVER
WHEN ALL PARTS ARE POSITIONED TO MAKE
THIS CLEARANCE A MINIMUM. TO ADJUST USING PRY POINT, ADJUST CODE BAR RESET LEVER WITH CLAMP NUT LOOSENED. RELATED ADJUSTMENTS PRINT SUPPRESSION LATCH
PRINT SUPPRESSION CAM FOLLOWER (1) TO CHECK PUSH ALL CODE BARS DOWN. IF NO MOVE-MENT IS NOTED BETWEEN CODE BARS AND AFFECTED BY THEIR GUIDE POSTS, REFINE ADJUSTMENT ABOVE. CODE BAR RESET LEVER POSITION (2) TO CHECK IF INTERFERENCE IS NOTED BETWEEN THE CARRIAGE DRIVE LINK AND CODE BARS
DURING THE NORMAL OPERATING CYCLE
AND/OR IF IT ADDS TO THE PRINTERS INHERENT NOISE, REFINE REQUIREMENT

ABOVE.



CODE BAR GUIDE (FUNCTION)

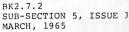
PRINT SUPPRESSION LATCH (FUNCTION)

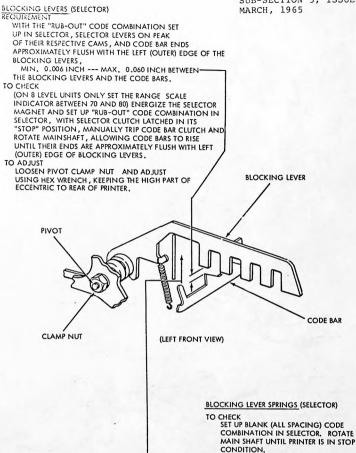
TO CHECK
POSITION CARRIAGE AT LEFT SIDE OF PRINTER. PUSH AND PULL CODE BARS AT SPRING HOOK END.

REQUIREMENT

NO EXCESSIVE DEFLECTION IN EITHER DIRECTION OF CODE BARS NEAR THEIR CENTER.

TO ADJUST USING PRY POINT, POSITION CODE BAR GUIDE WITH CLAMP SCREW LOOSENED.



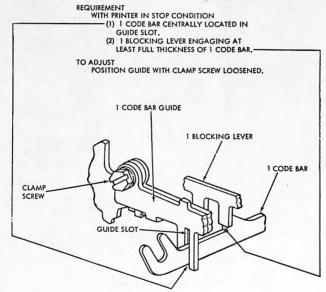


NOTE
CHECK FOR EACH BLOCKING LEVER
SPRING.

MIN. 1/2 OZ. ---MAX. 1-1/4 OZS. TO START LEVER MOVING.

REQUIREMENT

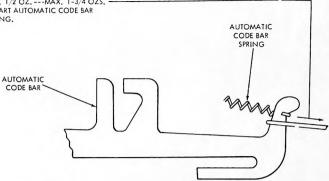
NO. 1 CODE BAR GUIDE (FUNCTION) - MODEL 33 ONLY



AUTOMATIC CODE BAR SPRING (FUNCTION)

REQUIREMENT

WITH CARRIAGE AT LEFT MARGIN MIN. 1/2 OZ. ---MAX. 1-3/4 OZS. TO START AUTOMATIC CODE BAR MOVING.



NO. 3 CODE BAR SPRING (FUNCTION)*

REQUIREMENT

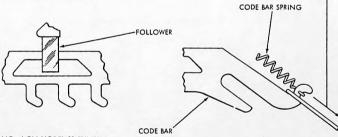
WITH PRINTER IN STOP CONDITION
AND NO. 3 CODE BAR'S FOLLOWER *
ON CARRIAGE LIFTED
MIN. 12 OZS. ---MAX. 14 OZS. — TO START CODE BAR MOVING.

NOTE

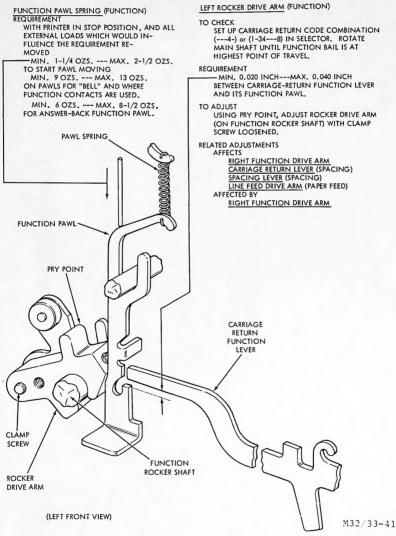
CHECK FOR EACH CODE BAR SPRING OTHER THAN AUTOMATIC AND NO. 3.*

CODE BAR SPRINGS (FUNCTION) (OTHER THAN NO.3 AND AUTOMATIC)* REQUIREMENT

WITH PRINTER IN STOP CONDITION AND CODE BAR'S FOLLOWER LIFTED MIN. 5-1/2 OZS. ---MAX. 7-1/2 OZS. TO START BAR MOVING.



* NO. 4 ON MODEL 33 PRINTERS



M32/33-42

RIGHT FUNCTION DRIVE ARM (FUNCTION)

TO CHECK
SET UP ANSWER-BACK CHARACTER (WRU) IN
SELECTOR. ROTATE MAIN SHAFT UNTIL FUNCTION
BAIL IS AT ITS HIGHEST POINT. MAKE SURE THAT
DISTRIBUTOR CLUTCH HAS NOT BEEN TRIPPED.

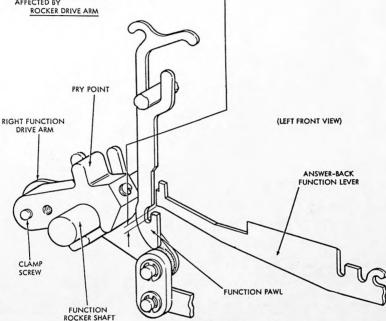
MIN. 0.020 INCH---MAX. 0.040 INCH -BETWEEN ANSWER-BACK FUNCTION LEVER AND ITS FUNCTION PAWL. RECHECK ROCKER DRIVE ARM.

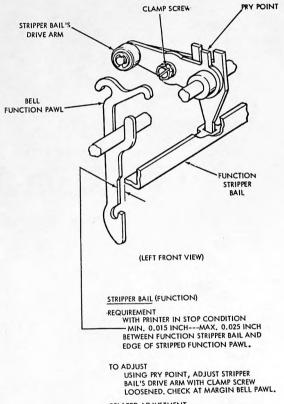
USING PRY POINT, ADJUST RIGHT FUNCTION DRIVE ARM (ON FUNCTION ROCKER SHAFT) WITH CLAMP SCREW LOOSENED.

RELATED ADJUSTMENTS

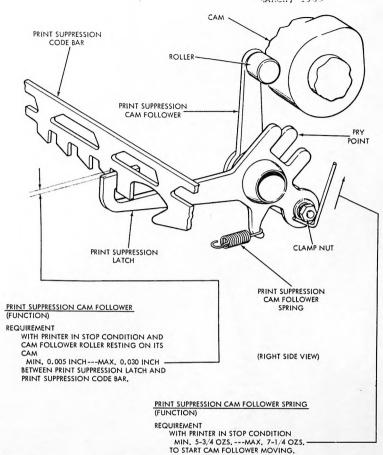
AFFECTS

CARRIAGE RETURN LEVER (SPACING)
SPACING LEVER (SPACING)
LINE FEED DRIVE ARM (PAPER FEED) AFFECTED BY





RELATED ADJUSTMENT
AFFECTS
LINE FEED STRIPPER PLATE (PAPER FEED)



TO ADJUST
USING PRY POINT, POSITION CAM FOLLOWER
WITH CLAMP NUT LOOSENED.

RELATED ADJUSTMENTS
AFFECTED BY
CODE BAR RESET LEVER

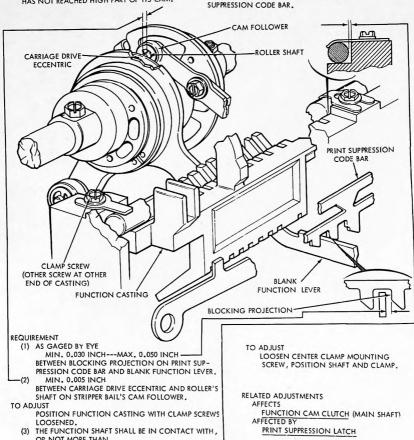
CASTING (FUNCTION)

SET UP BLANK (ALL SPACING) CODE COMBINATION IN SELECTOR, ROTATE MAIN SHAFT UNTIL FUNCTION BAIL APPROACHES HIGH PART OF TRAVEL, BUT PRINT SUPPRESSION CAM FOLLOWER HAS NOT REACHED HIGH PART OF ITS CAM.

NOTE

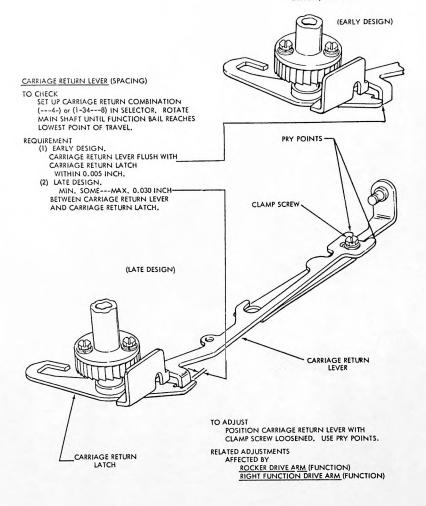
(1) MODEL 32 PRINTER HAS BLANK FUNCTION LEVER IN THE NO. 6 SLOT.

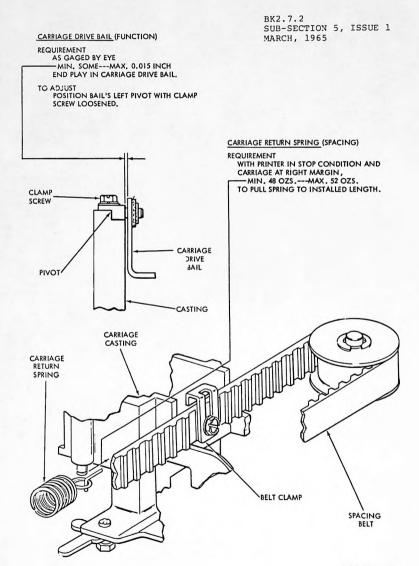
MODEL 33 DOES NOT HAVE A BLANK FUNCTION LEVER. WHENEVER THE NO. 6 AND 7 CODE ELEMENTS ARE SPACING THE FUNCTION LEVER IN THE NO. 6 SLOT IS ACTIVATED TO BLOCK THE PRINT

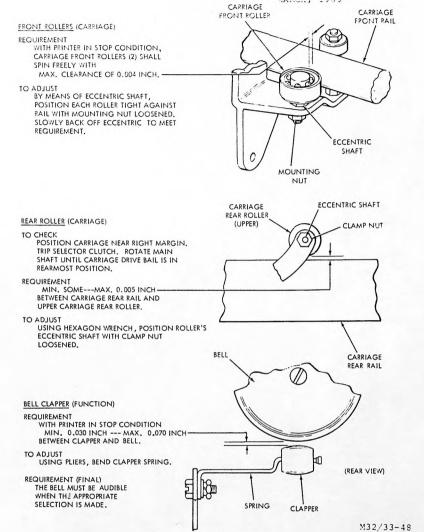


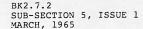
OR NOT MORE THAN MAX. 0.003 INCH-

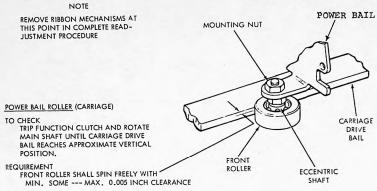
AWAY FROM THE VERTICAL SURFACE AT THE CENTER OF THE CASTING.





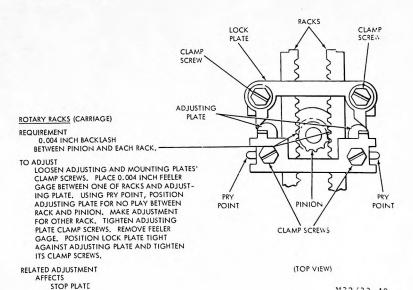


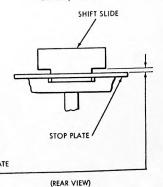




TO ADJUST
WITH MOUNTING NUT LOOSENED, POSITION
ROLLER AGAINST DRIVE BAIL BY MEANS OF
ECCENTRIC SHAFT. BACK OFF SHAFT TO
MEET REQUIREMENT.

(LEFT FRONT VIEW)





REAR RAIL - LEFT END (CARRIAGE)

REQUIREMENT

PLACE PRINTER IN FIGURES POSITION ("0" SELECTED) (*).

ROTATE MAIN SHAFT UNTIL CODE BARS HAVE RISEN FULLY,
POSITION CARRIAGE SO CENTER LINE OF TYPEWHEEL IS
APPROXIMATELY 2-7/8 INCHES FROM LEFT END OF PLATEN
(DASHPOT PLUNGER ALMOST COMPLETELY WITHDRAWN
FROM DASHPOT). CLEARANCE BETWEEN BOTTOM EDGE
OF NUMBER "0" SHIFT SLIDE (*) AND TOP EDGE OF STOP PLATE
MIN. 0.030 INCH --- MAX. 0.040 INCH

TO ADJUST

BY MEANS OF PRY POINT, POSITION LEFT END OF CARRIAGE REAR RAIL WITH MOUNTING SCREWS FRICTION TIGHT.

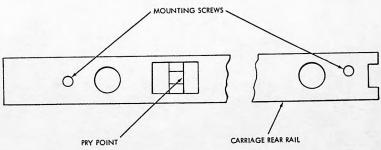
* NO. 1 ON MODEL 33 PRINTER

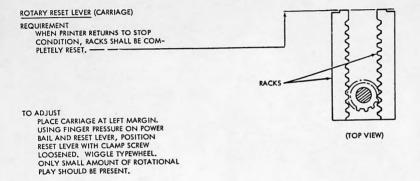
RELATED ADJUSTMENTS

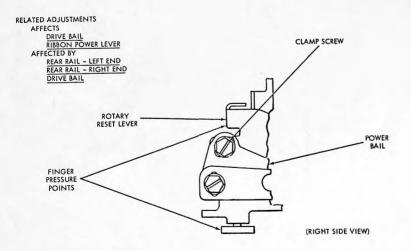
AFFECTS

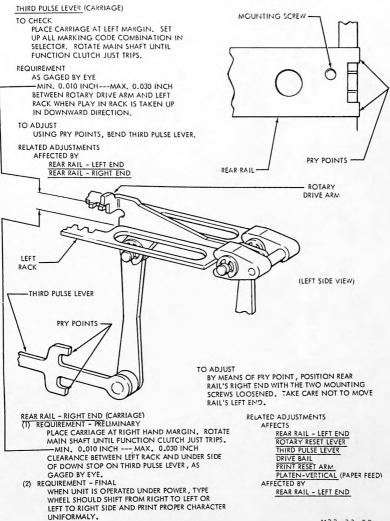
REAR ROLLER
ROTARY RESET LEVER
THIRD PULSE LINK
REAR RAIL - RIGHT END
DRIVE BAIL
PRINT RESET ARM
PRINT DRIVE LEVER
PLATEN - VERTICAL (PAPER FEED)
AFFECTED BY

REAR RAIL - RIGHT END

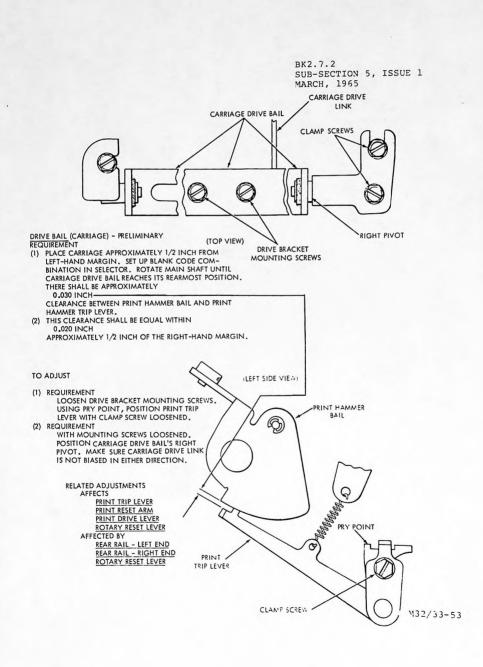






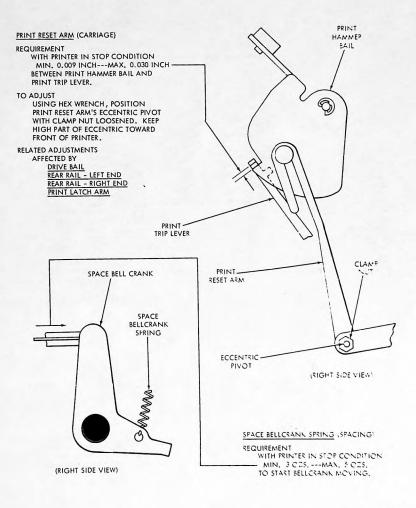


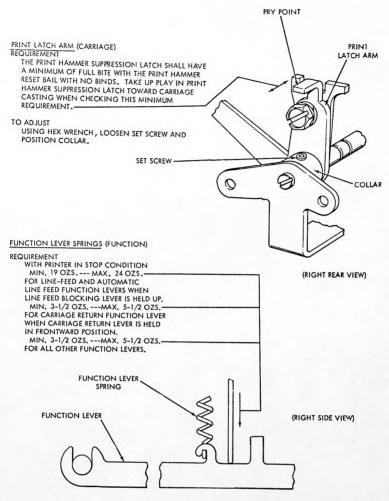
M32 33-52

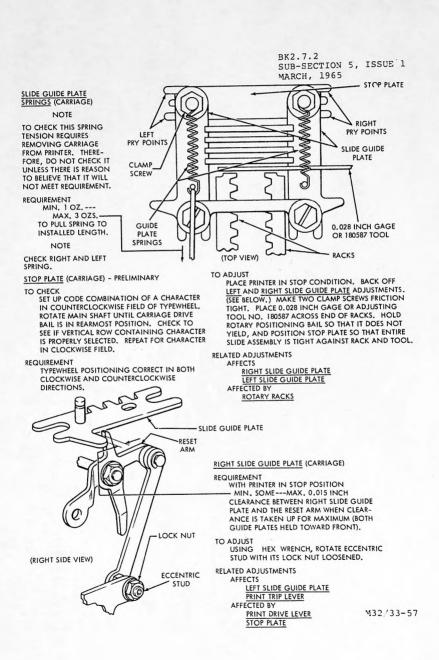


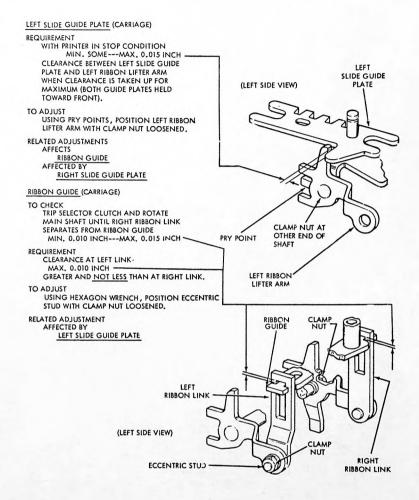
PRINT DRIVE LEVER (CARRIAGE)

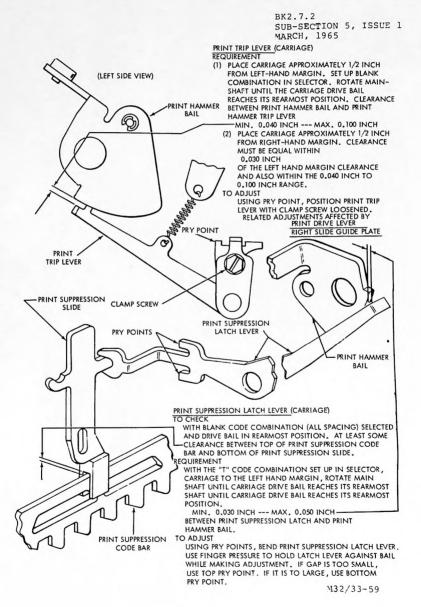
REQUIREMENT -WITH PRINTER IN STOP CONDITION,
TELETYPE TOOL NO. 180588 SHALL FIT
BETWEEN VERTICAL DRIVE BAIL AND COMMON VERTICAL STOP ARM WITHIN 0.005 INCH (CLEARANCE IS NOMINAL 0.234 INCH.) TO ADJUST USING PRY POINTS, POSITION PRINT DRIVE LEVER ON POWER BAIL WITH CLAMP SCREW LOOSENED. RELATED ADJUSTMENTS **AFFECTS** PRINT TRIP LEVER
PLATEN - VERTICAL (PAPER FEED)
PRINT RESET ARM
AFFECTED BY REAR RAIL - LEFT END REAR RAIL - RIGHT END DRIVE BAIL PRINT DRIVE LEVER (RIGHT SIDE VIEW) COMMON VERTICAL STOP ARM CARRIAGE POWER -BAIL 0 CLAMP SCREW ___ 180588 TOOL VERTICAL DRIVE BAIL PRY POINTS

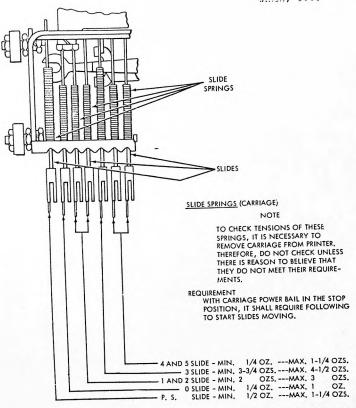










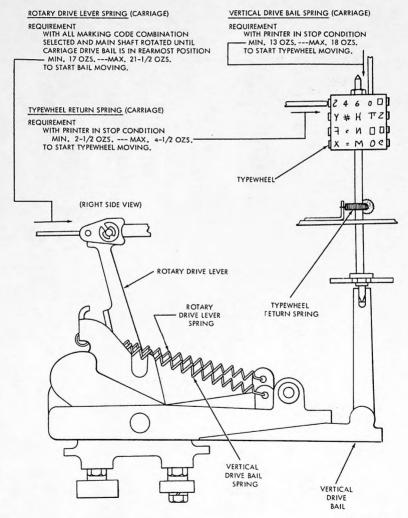


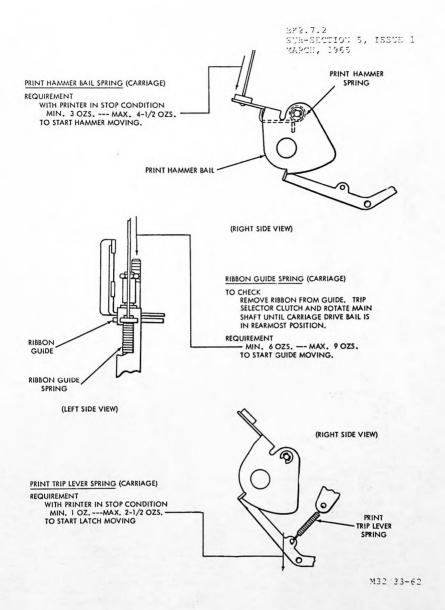
(LEFT SIDE VIEW)

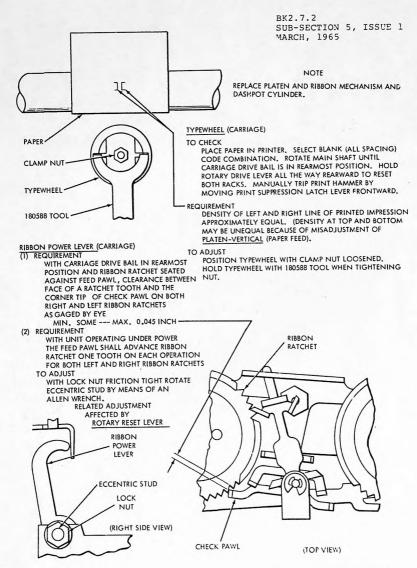
NOTE

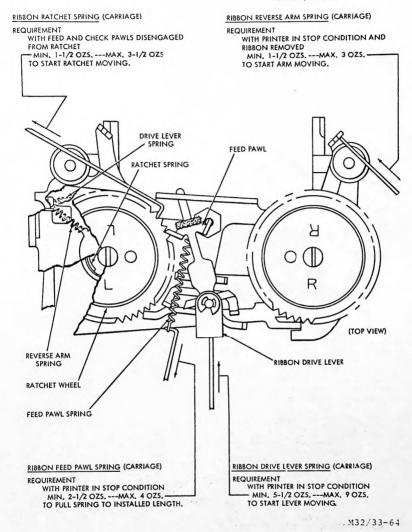
NOTE

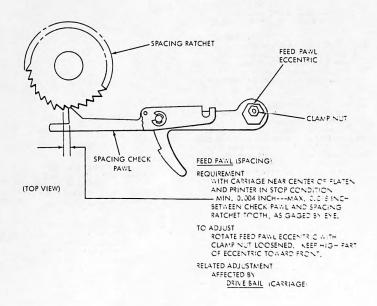
HEREIN WERE WRITTEN FOR 5 LEVEL MACHINES. THE
SLIDE NUMBER!NG IS DIFFERENT ON THE 8 LEVEL
MACHINES. TO CONVERT FROM 5 LEVEL TO 8 LEVEL
SLIDE NUMBERS IT WILL MERELY BE NECESSARY TO MENTALLY
ADD ONE (1) TO THE 5 LEVEL SLIDE NUMBER.
EXAMPLE: NUMBER 0 SLIDE FOR 5 LEVEL BECOMES
NUMBER 1 SLIDE FOR 8 LEVEL, NUMBER 3 SLIDE
FOR 5 LEVEL BECOMES NUMBER 4 SLIDE FOR 8 LEVEL, ETC.



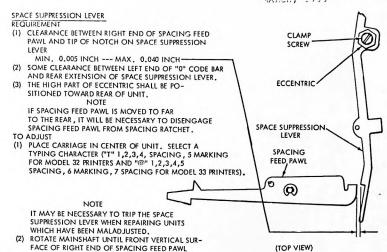








10



ON SPACE SUPPRESSION LEVER.

(3) WITH SPACE SUPPRESSION LEVER ECCENTRIC CLAMP SCREW FRICTION TIGHT. POSITION ECCENTRIC SO THAT WHEN THE FOLLOWING CHECKS ARE PERFORMED, REQUIREMENTS NOS. (1), (2), AND (3) ARE MET.

IS ALIGNED, AS GAGED BY EYE, WITH NOTCH

TO CHECK

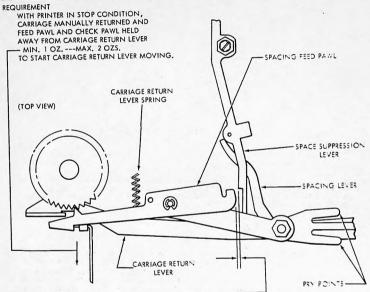
(1) MOVE AND HOLD SPACE SUPPRESSION LEVER AGAINST RIGHT END OF SPACING FEED PAWL. TO DO THIS, PUSH AND HOLD RINT SUPPRESSION CODE BAR TOWARD RIGHT SIDE OF UNIT. ROTATE SHAFT VERY SLOWLY (FORWARD OR BACKWARD AS NECESSARY) UNTIL FRONT VERTICAL SURFACE OF SPACING FEED PAWL AND FRONT SURFACE OF NOTCH IN SPACE SUPPRESSION LEVER ARE ALIGNED FLUSH WITH EACH OTHER.

NOTE

IF THE SPACING FEED PAWL IS MOVED TOO FAR TO THE REAR WHILE ATTEMPTING TO OBTAIN THE DESIRED ALIGNMENT, (THIS APPLIES TO THE CHECKING PROCEDURE ONLY) IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO REPEAT ADJUSTMENTS NOS. 2,3, AND TO CHECK NO. 1.

- (2) RELEASE PRINT SUPPRESSION CODE BAR SO THAT THE SPACE SUPPRESSION LEVER MOVES TO RIGHT WITH A SNAP.
- (3) TIGHTEN ECCENTRIC CLAMP SCREW, PERFORM TO CHECK NOS. 1 AND 2 AND RECHECK ALL THREE REQUIREMENTS. READJUST IF NECESSARY.





SPACING LEVER (SPACING)

REQUIRMENT

(1) CLEARANCE BETWEEN RIGHT END OF SPACING FEED FAWL AND TIP OF NOTCH ON SPACE (1) CLEARANCE BETWEEN KIGHT HIM OF SPACING FEED FAVE AND 15 CF NOTICE OF SUPPRESSION LEVER AS GAGED BY EYE

MIN. 0,005 INCH --- MAX. 0,040 INCH

(2) THE SPACE SUPPRESSION TRIP LEVER SHALL FULLY RETURN TO ITS FORW ARD POSITION

POSITIVELY AND WITHOUT HESITATION.

(1) PLACE CARRIAGE IN CENTER OF UNIT. WITH SPACE CODE CONBINATION --3--1 FOR 5 LET F. UNITS OR (----6-8) FOR 8 LEVEL UNITS SELECTED.

IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO TRIPTHE SPACE SUPPRESSION LEVER ON UNITS WHICH HAD NOT BEEN PREVIOUSLY ADJUSTED OR WHEN REPAIRING UNITS WHICH HAD BEEN MALADJUSTED.

(2) ROTATE THE MAINSHAFT UNTIL FRONT VERTICAL SURFACE OF RIGHT END OF SPACING FEED PAWL IS ALIGNED (AS GAGED BY EYE) WITH THE NOTCH ON THE SPACE SUPPRESSION LEVER.

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE"

(CONTINUED FROM PRECEDING PAGE)

NOTE

IF THE SPACING FEED PAWL IS MOVED TOO FAR TO THE REAR, IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO DISENGAGE THE SPACING FEED PAWL FROM THE SPACING RATCHET.

(3) POSITION SPACE SUPPRESSION TRIP LEVER BY BENDING MIDDLE PRONG OF ITS PRY POINTS SO THAT WHEN THE FOLLOWING CHECKS ARE PERFORMED, REQUIREMENTS NOS. 1, AND 2 ARE MET.

NOTE

IF SPACE SUPPRESSION TRIP LEVER BINDS AT ITS CONNECTION TO OPERATING LINK, BEND THE FORMED EAR ON RIGHT END OF SPACE SUPPRESSION TRIP LEVER TO MAKE IT PARALLEL TO OPERATING LINK AND TO RELIEVE THE "BIND". TO ADJUST FOR REQUIREMENT NO. 1, USE THE FRONT PRY POINT TO INCREASE THE GAP AND USE THE REAR PRY POINT TO DECREASE THE GAP.

TO CHECK

(1) MOVE AND HOLD SPACE SUPPRESSION LEVER AGAINST RIGHT END OF SPACING FEED PAWL. TO DO THIS, PUSH TOWARD THE REAR OF UNIT, ON RIGHT END OF SPACE SUPPRESSION TIP LEVER, AT POINT WHERE IT IS CONNECTED TO ITS OPERATING LINK. ROTATE SHAFT VERY SLOWLY (FORWARD AND/OR BACKWARD WHEN NECESSARY) UNTIL FRONT VERTICAL SURFACE OF SPACING FEED PAWL AND FRONT SURFACE OF NOTCH IN SPACE SUPPRESSION LEVER ARE ALIGNED FLUSH WITH EACH OTHER.

NOTE

IF SPACING FEED PAWL IS MOVED TOO FAR TO REAR WHILE ATTEMPTING TO OBTAIN DESIRED ALIGNMENT (THIS APPLIES TO THE CHECKING PROCEDURE ONLY), IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO REPEAT ADJUSTMENTS NOS. 1, AND 2, AND CHECK (1) ABOVE.

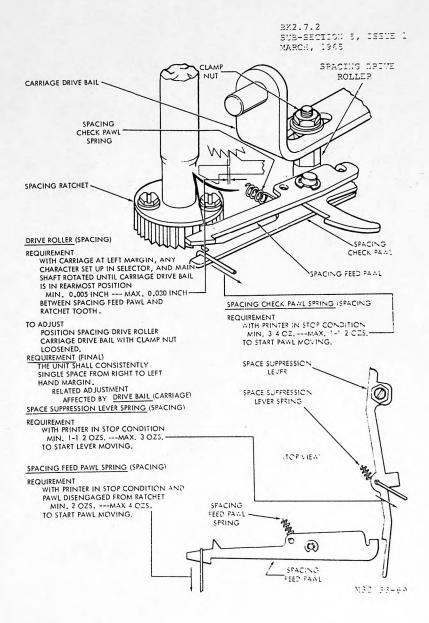
- (2) RELEASE SPACE SUPPRESSION LEVER SO THAT IT MOVES TO RIGHT WITH A "SNAP".
- (3) TAKE UP PLAY OF SPACING FEED PAWL AT ITS LEFT END IN AN UPWARD DIRECTION.

READJUST . IF NECESSARY.

NOTE

SELECT "BLANK" FUNCTION (ALL SPACING), ROTATE MAIN-SHAFT, AND CHECK FOR MINIMUM .015 INCH ENGAGEMENT (GAGE BY EYE) BETWEEN RIGHT END OF SPACING FEED PAWL AND TIP OF NOTCH ON SPACE SUPPRESSION LEVER. REFINE SPACE SUPPRESSION LEVER, AND SPACE LEVER ADJUSTMENTS WITHIN THEIR REQUIREMENTS, IF NECESSARY.

RELATED ADJUSTMENTS
AFFECTED BY
ROCKER DRIVE ARM (FUNCTION)
RIGHT FUNCTION DRIVE ARM (FUNCTION)



PLATEN-HORIZONTAL (PAPER FEED)

WITH BLANK COMBINATION SELECTED, ROTATE MAIN SHAFT UNTIL DRIVE BAIL IS IN REARMOST POSITION. ROTATE PLATEN UNTIL FLAT ON LEFT-HAND SIDE OF PLATEN IS ALIGNED HORIZONTALLY ON TOP OR THE "0" ON KNOB IS IN ITS UPPERMOST POSITION

MIN. 0.042 INCH --- MAX, 0.059 INCH-BETWEEN RIBBON GUIDE AND PLATEN AT BOTH MARGINS WHEN PLAY IN RIBBON GUIDE IS TAKEN UP TOWARDS PLATEN WITH A SPRING HOOK APPLIED IN THE WEDGE SHAPED PRO-JECTION OF RIBBON GUIDE.

(2) REQUIREMENT

WHEN PRINTED UNDER POWER, THERE SHALL NOT BE ANY RIBBON SMUDGE.

(3) REQUIREMENT

PLACE CARRIAGE AT MIDDLE OF LINE, SELECT
"M" FOR THE MODEL 32 AND "X" FOR MODEL
33 PRINTERS. ROTATE MAIN SHAFT UNTIL
DRIVE BAIL IS IN ITS REARMOST POSITION
AND PRINT HAMMER STRIKES TYPEWHEEL.
MANUALLY PUSH TYPEWHEEL REARWARD
UNTIL IT JUST TOUCHES PLATEN. THE TYPEWHEEL SHALL NOT TOUCH RIBBON GUIDE OR
CAUSE RIBBON GUIDE TO MOVE TOWARDS
PLATEN.

NOTE: NO PAPER OR RIBBON IN THE UNIT.

O ADJUST
LOOSEN FOUR VERTICAL POSITIONING SCREWS.
PLACE BOTH ENDS OF PLATEN IN LOWEST POSITION. LOOSEN FOUR HORIZONTAL POSITIONING
SCREWS. POSITION PLATEN HORIZONTALLY TO
MEET REQUIREMENTS. TIGHTEN HORIZONTAL
POSITION SCREWS. ADJUST RIBBON GUIDE BY
BENDING IF NECESSARY, PROCEED TO PLATENVERTICAL ADJUSTMENT.

PLATEN-VERTICAL (PAPER FEED)

REQUIREMENT

AS GAGED BY EYE, APPROXIMATE UNIFORM DENSITY AT TOP AND BOTTOM OF PRINTED CHARACTER ALONG ENTIRE LENGTH OF PRINTED LINE.

TO ADJUST

VESTION PLATEN
VERTICALLY WITH VERTICAL POSITIONING
SCREWS LOOSENED, BE SURE TO RAISE OR
LOWER PLATEN MOUNTING PLATES AND NOT
JUST TWIST THEM,

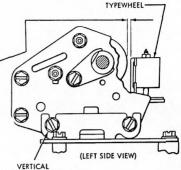
RELATED ADJUSTMENTS

AFFECTS

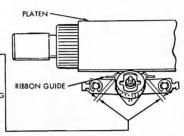
LINE FEED UPSTOP BRACKET PRESSURE ROLLER

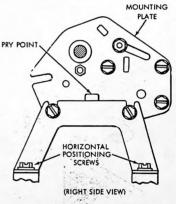
AFFECTED BY

REAR RAIL - LEFT END (CARRIAGE)
REAR RAIL - RIGHT END (CARRIAGE)
PRINT DRIVE LEVER (CARRIAGE)



VERTICAL POSITIONING SCREW





M32 33-73

SINGLE-DOUBLE LINE FEED (PAPER FEED)

REQUIREMENT UPSTOP STUD AT LOWER END OF SLOT.

TO ADJUST POSITION STUD WITH CLAMP NUT LOOSENED.

RELATED ADJUSTMENTS AFFECTS

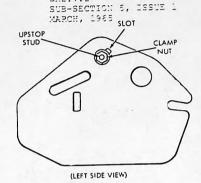
LINE FEED

(0

(RIGHT SIDE VIEW)

PLATEN DETENT NOTE

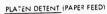
IF DOUBLE LINE FEED IS DESIRED,
POSITION STUD AT UPPER END OF SLOT
AFTER ALL ADJUSTMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE.



BY.2.7.2

LINE FEED PAWL SPRING (PAPER FEED)

REQUIREMENT
WITH PRINTER IN STOP CONDITION
MIN. 3/4 OZ.---MAX. 1-3/4 OZS.
TO START PAWL MOVING.



REQUIREMENT

LINE FEED PAWL SPRING

WHEN OPERATED BY FINGER PRESSURE, LINE FEED PAWL SHALL FULLY SEAT IN PLATEN RATCHET WITHOUT INTERFERENCE FROM TEETH.

TO ADJUST

POSITION PLATEN DETENT PAWL'S PIVOT WITH CLAMP NUT LOCSENED.

RELATED ADJUSTMENTS

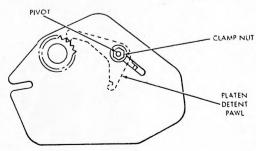
AFFECTS

LINE FEED PAWL DOWNSTOF

AFFECTED BY



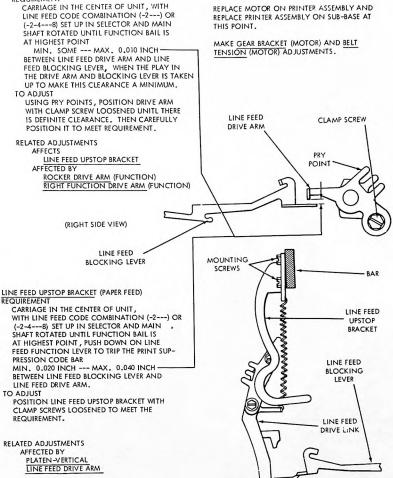
M32 33-71



M32 33-72

NOTE

REPLACE MOTOR ON PRINTER ASSEMBLY AND THIS POINT.



LINE FEED DRIVE ARM (PAPER FEED)

REQUIREMENT

PLATEN DETENT PAWL SPRING (PAPER FEED)

REQUIREMENT

MIN. 24 OZS. ---MAX. 30 OZS. -TO START PAWL MOVING.

LINE FEED DRIVE LINK (PAPER FEED)

REQUIREMENT

THE MOTION SUPPLIED BY FUNCTION BAIL SHOULD MATCH MOTION REQUIRED BY LINE FEED PAWL.

TO ADJUST (PRELIMINARY)

BACK OFF LINE FEED STRIPPER PLATE, LOOSEN
BOTH LINE FEED LINK CLAMP SCREWS VERY LOOSE. ROTATE MAIN SHAFT UNTIL FUNCTION BAIL REACHES LOWEST POINT. USING PRY POINT, POSITION DRIVE LINK SO THAT WHEN LINE FEED LINKAGE HAS RO-TATED PLATEN ONE TOOTH, DETENT PAWL SEATS FULLY IN RATCHET. TIGHTEN CLAMP SCREWS.

TO CHECK ROTATE FUNCTION MECHANISM TO ITS LOWEST POINT, WITH LINE FEED DETENT HELD AWAY FROM PLATEN LOWER DETENT INTO ITS NOTCH. THE PLATEN SHOULD BARELY MOVE.

FINAL

WITH UNIT OPERATING UNDER POWER, THE SPACING OF THE LINE FEED SHALL BE UNIFORM AND CONSISTENT WITH NO BACKLASH.

RELATED ADJUSTMENT AFFECTED BY LINE FEED PAWL DOWNSTOP

LINE FEED PAWL DOWNSTOP (PAPER FEED)

RECUIREMENT

CARRIAGE IN CENTER OF UNIT, ROTATE PLATEN SO FLAT LOCATED ON LEFT END (VISIBLE AFTER REMOVAL OF PLATEN KNOB) IS HORIZONTAL AND ON TOP. SET UP LINE FEED CODE COM-BINATION (-2---) OR (-2-4---8) AND ROTATE MAIN SHAFT UNTIL FEED PAWL HAS ROTATED PLATEN ONE TOOTH AND PLATEN DETENT HAS FULLY SEATED IN RATCHET.

REQUIREMENT

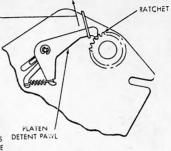
MIN. SOME --- MAX. 0.010 INCH-BETWEEN BACK OF LINE FEED PAWL AND ITS DOWNSTOP.

POSITION DOWNSTOP WITH CLAMP NUT LOOSENED.

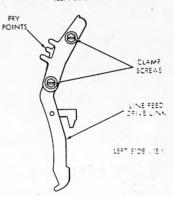
RELATED ADJUSTMENTS

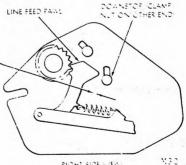
AFFECTS

LINE FEED DRIVE LINK AFFECTED BY PLATEN DETENT LINE FEED DRIVE LINK



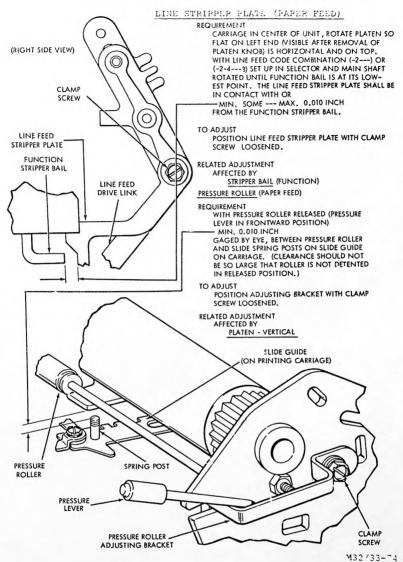
(LEFT SIDE VIEW)

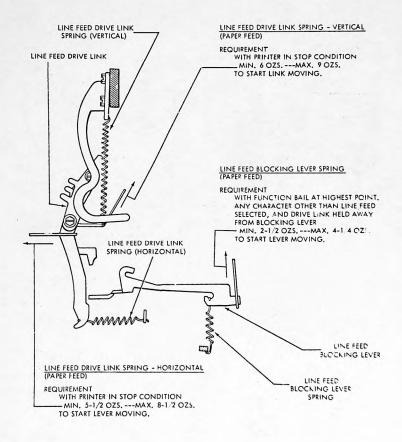


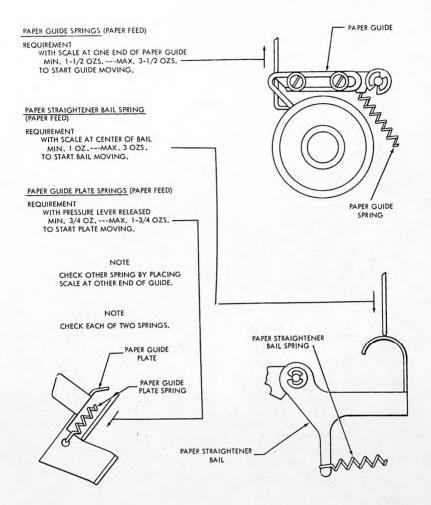


RIGHT SIDE VIEW

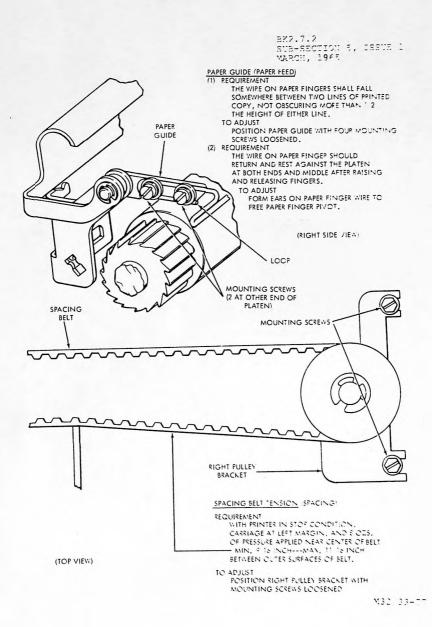
M32 33-73

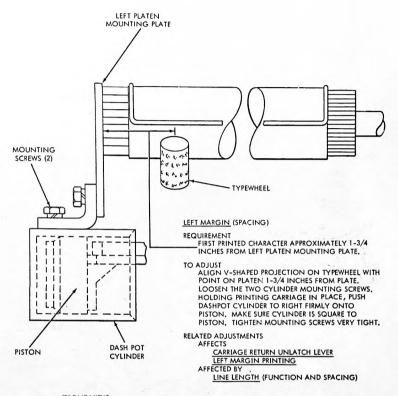




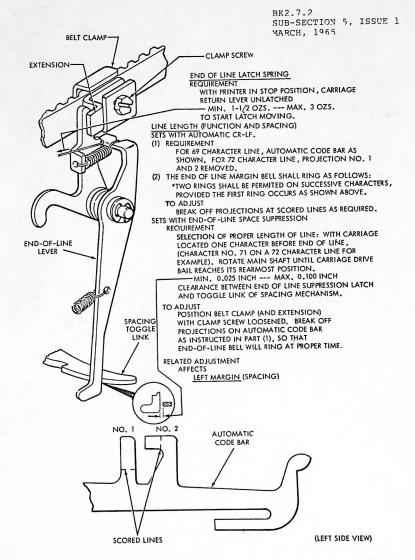


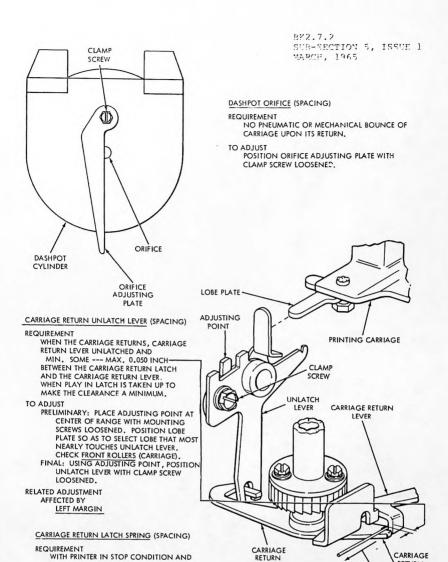
M32 33-76





(FRONT VIEW)





LATCH

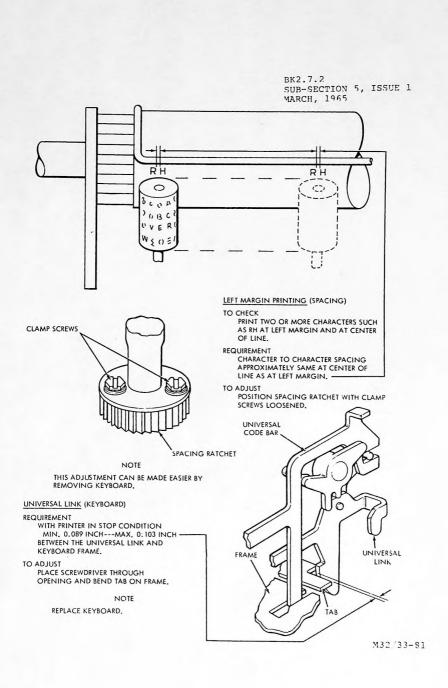
CARRIAGE RETURN LEVER UNLATCHED MIN. 1-1/2 OZS. ---MAX. 3 OZS. -

TO START LATCH MOVING

M32 33-80

RETURN

LATCH



NOTE

REPLACE MOTOR ON PRINTER
ASSEMBLY AND REPLACE KEYBOARD
AND PRINTER ASSEMBLIES ON SUB-BASE
AT THIS POINT.

NOTE
PRIOR TO GAGING THE REQUIRED GAP,
PUSH END OF KEYBOARD UNIVERSAL LEVER
THAT PROTRUDES THROUGH THE FRONT OF
KEYBOARD FRAME TO BOITOM OF ITS
GUIDE SLOT AND ALLOW IT TO SNAP UP.

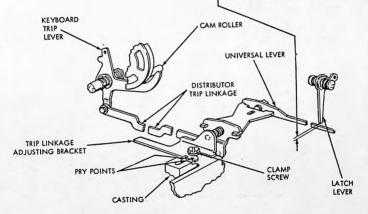
DISTRIBUTOR TRIP LINKAGE (KEYBOARD)

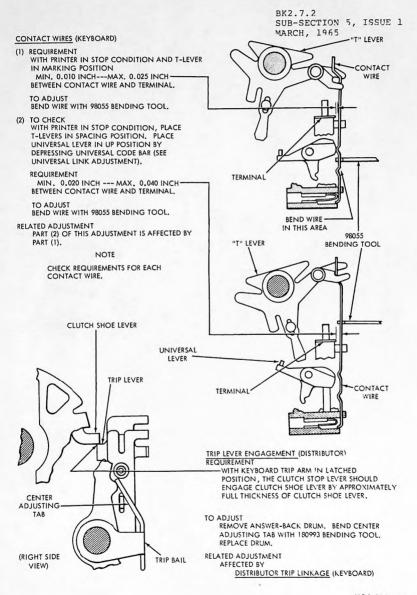
O CHECK
WITH PRINTER IN STOP CONDITION,
DEPRESS A KEY TO TRIP DISTRIBUTOR
CLUTCH. ROTATE MAIN SHAFT UNTIL
KEYBOARD TRIP LEVER IS AT
HIGHEST POINT OF CAM FOLLOWER'S
THROW AND UNIVERSAL LEVER IS IN
LOWEST POSITION.

REQUIREMENT
MIN. 0.010 INCH---MAX. 0.035 INCH
BETWEEN LATCH LEVER AND UNIVERSAL
LEVER.

TO ADJUST
USING PRY POINTS ON CASTING AND
BRACKETS, POSITION TRIP LINKAGE
ADJUSTING BRACKET WITH CLAMP
SCREWS LOOSENED.

RELATED ADJUSTMENT
AFFECTS
TRIP LEVER ENGAGEMENT (DISTRIBUTOR)





DRUM (ANSWER-BACK)

TO CHECK

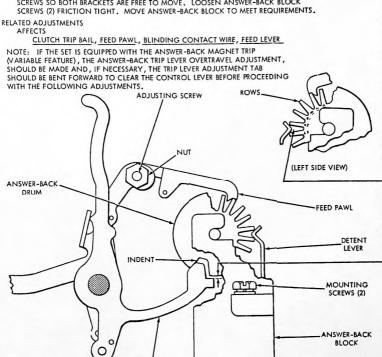
DISENGAGE (LATCH) DISTRIBUTOR CLUTCH. LOOSEN NUT ON ADJUSTING SCREW SO THAT FEED PAWL IS FREE TO MOVE. POSITION DRUM SO THAT DETENT LEVER IS BETWEEN STOP (ST) AND NO. 20 ROW. MAKE SURE CONTROL LEVER IS FULLY SEATED IN INDENT AND DRUM IS FULLY DETENTED.

REQUIREMENT

- (1) BARELY PERCEPTIBLE CLEARANCE BETWEEN DRUM AND CONTROL LEVER.
- (2) THE AXIS OF THE ANSWER-BACK DRUM SHALL BE PARALLEL TO DISTRIBUTOR TRIP PIVOT SHAFT AS GAUGED BY EYE.

TO ADJUST

LOOSEN "HERE IS" ADJUSTING BRACKET AND ANSWER-BACK ADJUSTING BRACKET SCREWS SO BOTH BRACKETS ARE FREE TO MOVE. LOOSEN ANSWER-BACK BLOCK SCREWS (2) FRICTION TIGHT. MOVE ANSWER-BACK BLOCK TO MEET REQUIREMENTS.

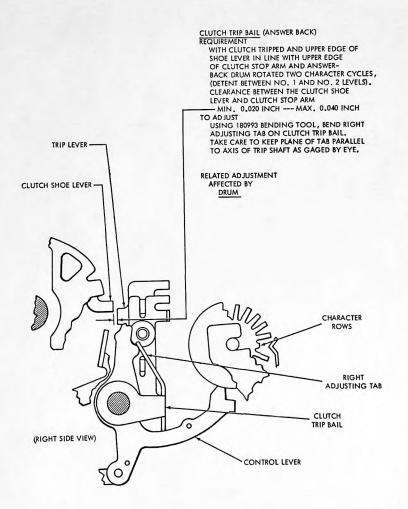


CONTROL

LEVER

M32/33-84

(RIGHT SIDE VIEW)



FEED PAWL (ANSWERBACK)

REQUIREMENT

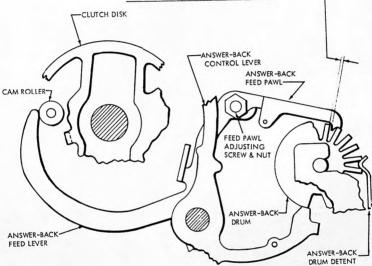
WITH DISTRIBUTOR CLUTCH DISENGAGED (LATCHED)
MANUALLY ROTATE ANSWER-BACK DRUM ONE CHARACTER
CYCLE. MANUALLY ROTATE THE DISTRIBUTOR SHAFT UNTIL
THE DISTRIBUTOR SHAFT CAM ROLLER IS ON HIGH PART
OF ANSWER-BACK FEED LEVER. POSITION FEED LEVER
SIDEWAYS SO IT IS PERPENDICULAR TO AXIS OF DRUM
AS GAGED BY EVE AND AS ENTIRE WIDTH OF FEED
PAWL TOOTH RIDES ONLY IN RATCHET SECTION OF
ANSWER-BACK DRUM. TAKE UP PLAY OF FEED PAWL
TOWARDS REAR OF UNIT AND RELEASE. CLEARANCE
BETWEEN FEED PAWL AND NO. 17 DRUM TOOTH
MIN. SOME --- MAX. 0.010 INCH

TO ADJUST

POSITION FEED PAWL WITH NUT ON ADJUSTING SCREW FRICTION TIGHT.

RELATED ADJUSTMENTS

AFFECTS
"HERE IS" ADJUSTING BRACKET TRIP BAIL



FEED LEVER (ANSWERBACK) REQUIREMENT

WITH ANSWER-BACK CONTROL LEVER IN INDENT OF ANSWER-BACK DRUM. MANUALLY TRIP THE DISTRIBUTOR CLUTCH, ROTATE DISTRIBUTOR SHAFT UNTIL CAM ROLLER IS NOT IN CONTACT WITH ANSWER-BACK FEED LEVER. POSITION FEED LEVER SIDEWAYS SO IT IS PERPENDICULAR TO THE AXIS OF DRUM AS GAGED BY EYE AND SO THAT THE ENTIRE WIDTH OF FEED PAWL TOOTH RIDES ONLY IN RATCHET SECTION OF ANSWER-BACK DRUM. TAKE UP PLAY OF FEED PAWL TOWARDS REAR OF UNIT AND RELEASE. CLEARANCE BETWEEN ANSWER-BACK FEED PAWL AND NO. 16 DRUM TOOTH.

MIN. 0,006 INCH --- MAX. 0,020 INCH-

TO ADJUST USING 180993 BENDING TOOL, BEND FEED LEVER'S ADJUSTING TAB. CLUTCH DISK-RELATED ADJUSTMENTS AFFECTED BY DRUM. ANSWER-BACK FEED PAWL-CAM ROLLER ANSWER-BACK CONTROL LEVER 0 0 ANSWER-BACK FEED LEVER ANSWER-BACK ADJUSTING TAB DRUM-ANSWER-BACK FEED LEVER-ANSWER-BACK DRUM DETENT ANSWER-BACK DRUM INDENT

"HERE-IS" ADJUSTING BRACKET (ANSWER-BACK)

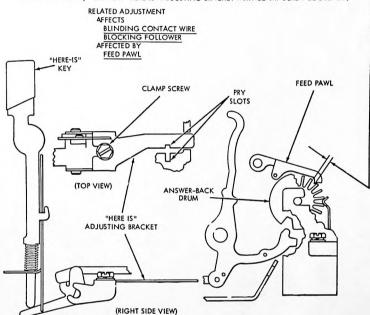
REQUIREMENT

WITH ANSWER-BACK CONTROL LEVER IN INDENT OF ANSWER-BACK DRUM, DISTRIBUTOR CLUTCH TRIPPED MANUALLY AND DISTRIBUTOR SHAFT ROTATED CLOCKWISE UNTIL FEED LEVER IS NOT IN CONTACT WITH CAM ROLLER (SEE FEED LEVER) MIN. 0,015 INCH—MAX. 0,030 INCH—OVERTRAVEL BETWEEN FEED PAWL AND TOOTH ON ANSWER-BACK DRUM WHEN "HERE IS"

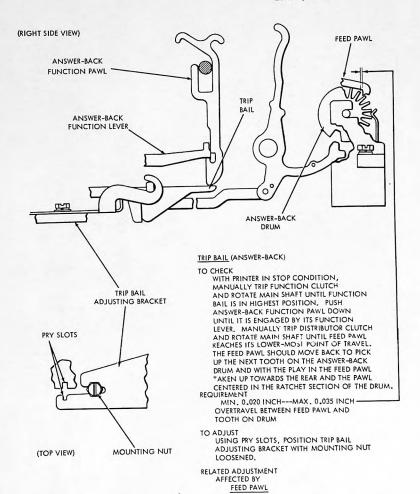
KEY IS FULLY DEPRESSED.

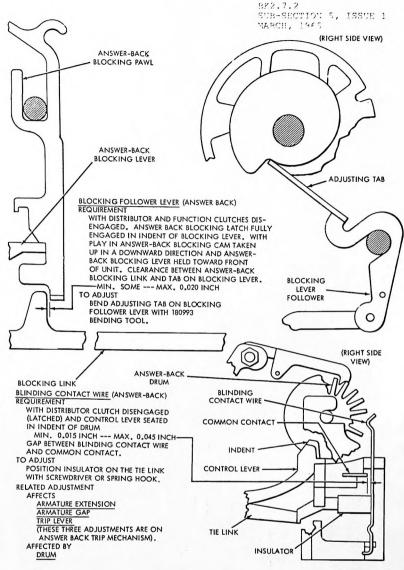
TO ADJUST

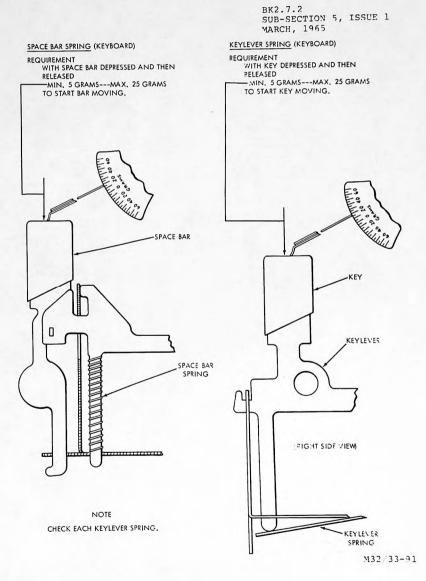
USING PRY SLOTS, POSITION "HERE-IS" ADJUSTING BRACKET WITH CLAMP SCREW LOOSENED.

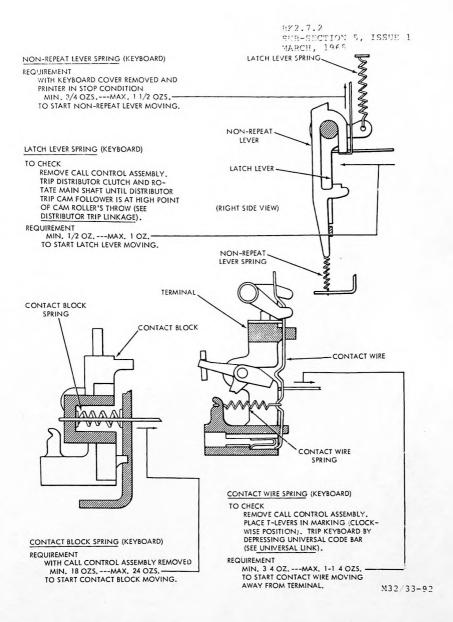


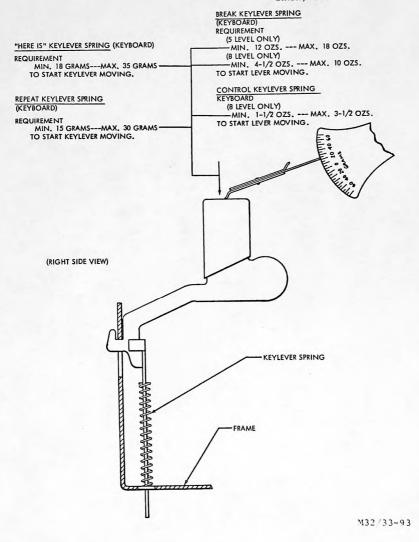
BK2.7.2 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 MARCH, 1965



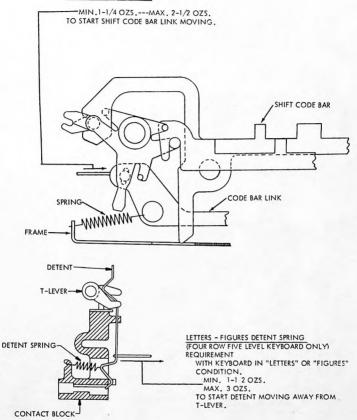


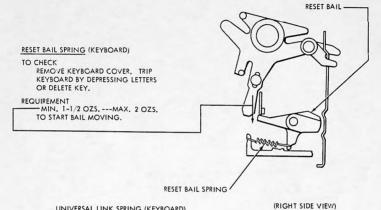






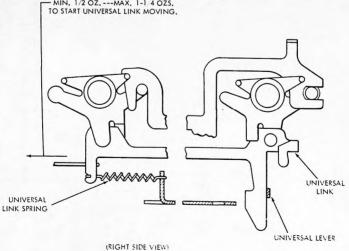
SHIFT CODE BAR SPRING (KEYBOARD)

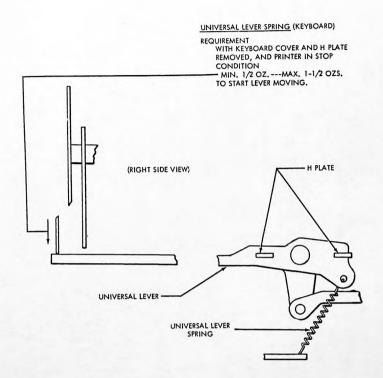




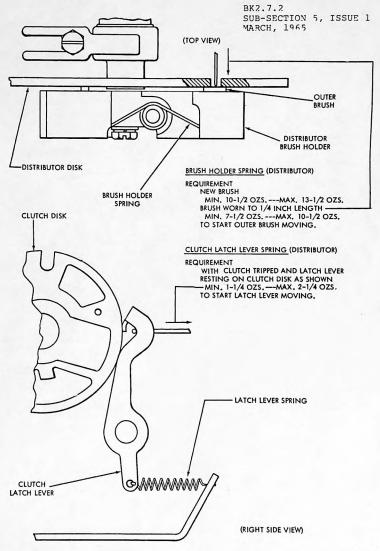
UNIVERSAL LINK SPRING (KEYBOARD)

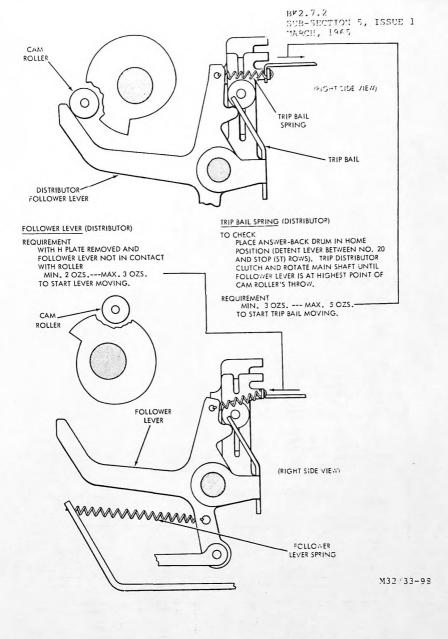
REQUIREMENT
WITH KEYBOARD TRIPPED (UNIVERSAL LEVER IN UP POSITION)
MIN. 1/2 OZ. ---MAX. 1-1 4 OZS.





M32 33-96





FEED LEVER SPRING (ANSWER-BACK) REQUIREMENT WITH DISTRIBUTOR CLUTCH DISENGAGED (IATCHED) AND FEED PAWL HELD OUT OF ENGAGEMENT WITH DRUM —MIN. 4-1/4 OZS. -- MAX. 5-1/4 OZS. TO START FEED LEVER MOVING, FEED LEVER SPRING ANSWER-BACK DRUM

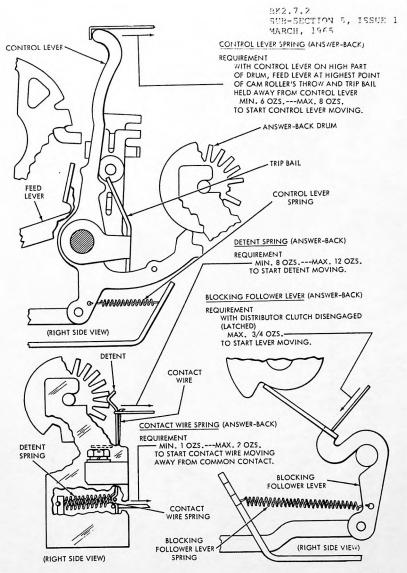
FEED PAWL SPRING (ANSWER-BACK)

REQUIREMENT
WITH DISTRIBUTOR CLUTCH DISENGAGED
(LATCHED)
MIN. 1/2 OZ, ---MAX, 1-1/4 OZS,
TO START FEED PAWL MOVING.

(RIGHT SIDE VIEW)

FEED PAWL

(RIGHT SIDE VIEW)



35 PER CENT

ARMATURE SPRING (SELECTOR)

(1) REQUIREMENT (PRELIMINARY) WITH PRINTER IN STOP CONDITION, CARRIAGE NEAR RIGHT MARGIN, AND START LEVER HELD AWAY FROM ARMATURE

MIN. 3 OZS. --- MAX. 3-1/2 OZS. -TO START ARMATURE MOVING.

(2) REQUIREMENT (FINAL) WHEN CHECKED WITH SIGNAL DISTORTION SET (DXD), MINIMUM SELECTOR RECEIVING MARGINS AS FOLLOWS:

END DISTORTION AT OVERALL ZERO DISTORTION BIAS OPTIMUM SETTING BIAS SPEED

38 PER CENT

5 AND 6 LEVEL TO ADJUST

ROTATE ADJUSTING NUT CLOCKWISE TO INCREASE ARMATURE SPRING TENSION AND COUNTERCLOCKWISE TO DECREASE IT.

72 PTS

RELATED ADJUSTMENTS

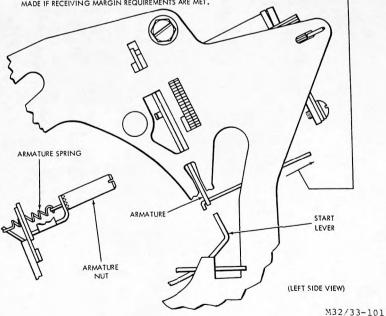
100 WPM

AFFECTED BY, MAGNET CORE, ARMATURE BRACKET

ARMATURE SPRING TENSION, BRACKET POSITION AND RECEIVING MARGIN (SELECTOR)

REQUIREMENT

A FINAL CHECK OF ARMATURE BRACKET POSITIONING ADJUSTMENT NEED NOT BE MADE IF RECEIVING MARGIN REQUIREMENTS ARE MET.



FINAL PRINTING ALIGNMENT

WHEN PRINTER IS ADJUSTED AS INSTRUCTED ON PREVIOUS PAGES, QUALITY OF PRINTED COPY SHOULD BE GOOD. HOWEVER, MINOR READJUSTMENTS MAY BE NECESSARY.

TO CHECK
PRINT "TH" AT VARIOUS POINTS ALONG LENGTH OF PRINTING LINE.

REQUIREMENT

QUALITY OF PRINTED CHARACTERS GOOD.

TO ADJUST

USE THE FOLLOWING GUIDE IN MAKING READJUSTMENTS:

DENSITY OF TOP AND BOTTOM OF CHARACTERS NOT EQUAL AND/OR UNDERSCORING OR OVERSCRING OF CHARACTERS

--REFINE <u>PLATEN</u> - VERTICAL (PAPER FEED) ADJUSTMENT BY MOVING
PLATEN TOWARD PORTION OF LIGHT DENSITY.

LEFT CHARACTER (T) OF POOR QUALITY
---USING LEFT PRY POINTS, REFINE STOP PLATE (CARRIAGE) ADJUSTMENT.

RIGHT CHARACTER (H) OF POOR QUALITY
---USING RIGHT PRY POINTS, REFINE STOP PLATE (CARRIAGE) ADJUSTMENT.

CHARACTERS SPREAD OUT ---REFINE STOP PLATE (CARRIAGE) ADJUSTMENT BY MOVING PLATE FRONTWARD.

CHARACTERS RUN TOGETHER
---REFINE STOP PLATE (CARRIAGE) ADJUSTMENT BY MOVING PLATE

BOTH CHARACTERS LIGHT ON LEFT SIDE
---REFINE TYPEWHEEL (CARRIAGE) ADJUSTMENT BY ROTATING WHEEL
CLOCKWISE AS VIEWED FROM TOP.

BOTH CHARACTERS LIGHT ON RIGHT SIDE ---REFINE TYPEWHEEL (CARRIAGE) ADJUSTMENT BY ROTATING WHEEL COUNTERCLOCKWISE AS VIEWED FROM TOP.

ANSWER-BACK TRIP MAGNET MECHANISM

BK2.7.2 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 MARCH, 1965

TRIP MAGNET (ANSWER-BACK)

REQUIREMENT MAGNET BRACKET ALL THE WAY TO LEFT ON CASTING POST.

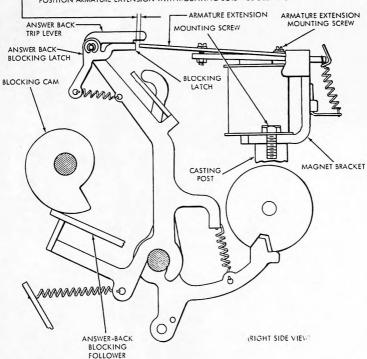
TO ADJUST

POSITION MAGNET BRACKET WITH MOUNTING SCREWS (2) LOOSENED.

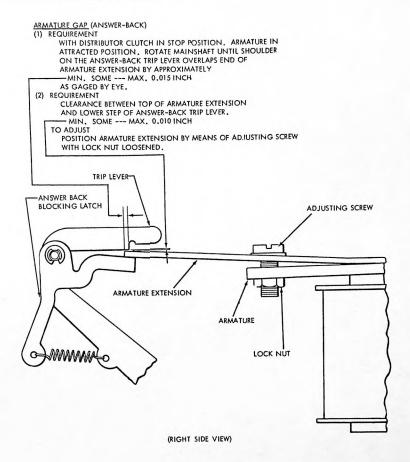
TRIP LEVER OVERTRAVEL (ANSWER-BACK)

REQUIREMENT
WITH ANSWER-BACK DRUM FULLY DETENTED IN STOP POSITION, ARMATURE IN ATTRACTED
POSITION, WITH PLAY TAKEN UP TOWARD THE REAR OF UNIT. ANSWER-BACK BLOCKING
FOLLOWER ON HIGH PART OF BLOCKING CAM. TAKE UP AND RELEASE PLAY OF ANSWERBACK TRIP LEVER TOWARD RIGHT REAR CORNER OF UNIT. TAKE UP AND HOLD PLAY OF
BLOCKING CAM IN AN UPWARD DIRECTION. CLEARANCE BETWEEN END OF MAGNET
ARMATURE EXTENSION AND END OF BLOCKING LATCH.
MIN. 0.006 INCH --- MAX. 0.015 INCH
TO ADJUST

TO ADJUST POSITION ARMATURE EXTENSION WITH MOUNTING SCREW LOOSENED.



ANSWER-BACK TRIP MAGNET MECHANISM



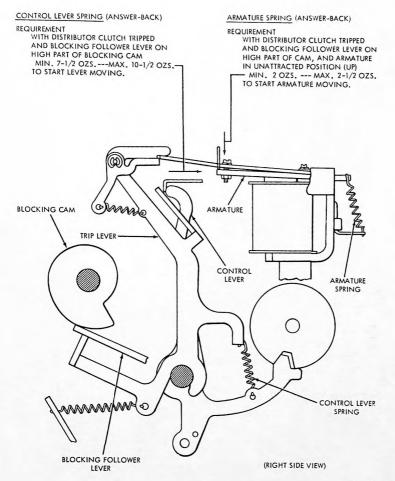
ANSWER-BACK TRIP MAGNET MECHANISM

TRIP LEVER - (ANSWER-BACK) REQUIREMENT WITH DISTRIBUTOR CLUTCH DISENGAGED. ANSWER-BACK DRUM FULLY DETENTED.
MAGNET ARMATURE IN UNATTRACTED POSITION. TAKE UP PLAY IN TRIP
LEVER TO THE RIGHT OF THE UNIT AND PLAY IN THE CONTROL LEVER
TO THE LEFT OF UNIT. WITH AN 0.018 INCH GAGE
PLACED BETWEEN THE END OF THE ARMATURE EXTENSION AND
THE SHOULD BE OSE TRIP LOVER THE SHOULDER OF TRIP LEVER

MIN. SOME --- MAX. 0.003 INCH

CLEARANCE BETWEEN THE ADJUSTING TAB ON THE TRIP LEVER AND THE CONTROL LEVER. TO ADJUST BEND TAB ON TRIP LEVER WITH 180993 BENDING TOOL. 0.018 GAGE TRIP LEVER ARMATURE EXTENSION **@** ARMATURÉ ANSWER-BACK G BLOCKING CAM TAB CONTROL LEVER BLOCKING FOLLOWER-LEVER c-processing

(RIGHT SIDE VIEW)



M32/33-106

ANSWER-BACK TRIP MAGNET MECHANISM

TRIP LEVER SPRING (ANSWER-BACK) TO CHECK DISENGAGE (LATCH) DISTRIBUTOR CLUTCH. MANUALLY TRIP ARMATURE. POSITION STOP BAIL SO THAT ITS ADDUSTING TAB DOES NOT INTERFERE WITH CONTROL LEVER, ARMATURE HELD ENERGIZED. REQUIREMENT MIN. 3 OZS. — MAX. 4-1/2 OZS. TO START LEVER MOVING. TRIP LEVER CONTROL LEVER O (RIGHT SIDE VIEW)

FUNCTION BOX MECHANISM

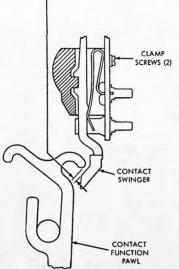
REQUIREMENT WITH CODE COMBINATION THAT OPERATES

FUNCTION BOX CONTACTS (FUNCTION)

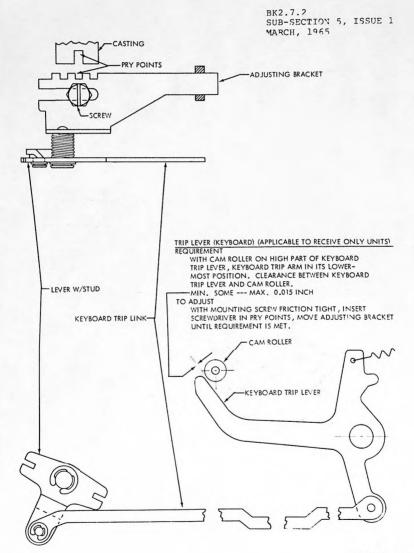
WITH CODE COMBINATION THAT OPERATES
CONTACTS SET UP IN SELECTOR AND MAIN
SHAFT ROTATED UNTIL FUNCTION BAIL IS
IN HIGHEST POSITION
— MIN. SOME---MAX. 0.010 INCH
BETWEEN CONTACT FUNCTION PAWL AND
CONTACT SWINGER WHEN PLAY IS TAKEN

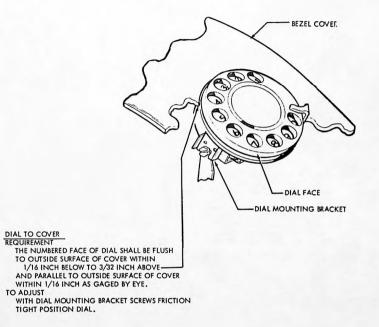
UP TO MAKE CLEARANCE MINIMUM.

TO ADJUST
POSITION CONTACT WITH CLAMP SCREWS LOOSENED.



(RIGHT SIDE VIEW)





M32 33-113

LOW PAPER CONTACTS (WHEN USED)

OPERATING ARM

REQUIREMENT

WITH PAPER SPINDLE IN PLACE, CLEARANCE
BETWEEN OPERATING ARM AND SPINDLE
MIN. 0.25 INCH --- MAX. 0.30

TO ADJUST
BEND THE WIRE OPERATES WHEN ROLL DIAMETER
IS TOO LARGE, BEND ARM CLOSER TO
ROLL. IF CONTACT OPERATES WHEN
ROLL DIAMETER IS TOO SMALL, BEND
ARM AWAY FROM ROLL.

OPERATING ARM

COYER

PAPER SPINDLE

COYER

READER TRIP LEVER OVERTRAVEL (CLUTCH TRIP)

PART OF READER TRIP LEVER CAM. TAKE UP AND RELEASE PLAY IN ARMATURE PIVOT TO REAR OF UNIT. POSITION

EXTENSION. CLEARANCE BETWEEN END OF ARMATURE EX-TENSION AND LATCHING SURFACE OF READER TRIP LEVER

THE READER TRIP LEVER IN THE CENTER OF ARMATURE

REQUIREMENT

BY2.7.2 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 MARCH, 1965

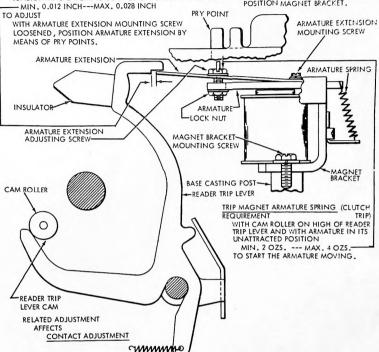
TRIP MAGNET (CLUTCH TRIP) REQUIREMENT

POSITION MAGNET BRACKET ON THE QUIREMENT

ARMATURE IN UNATTRACTED POSITION. CAM ROLLER ON HIGH FRONT AS THE MAGNET BRACKET MOUNTING SCREW PERMITS.

TO ADJUST

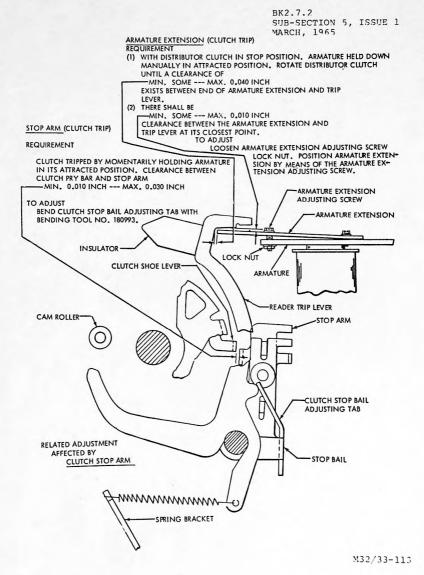
WITH AUXILIARY BRACKET MOUNTING MOUNTING SCREW FRICTION TIGHT, POSITION MAGNET BRACKET.

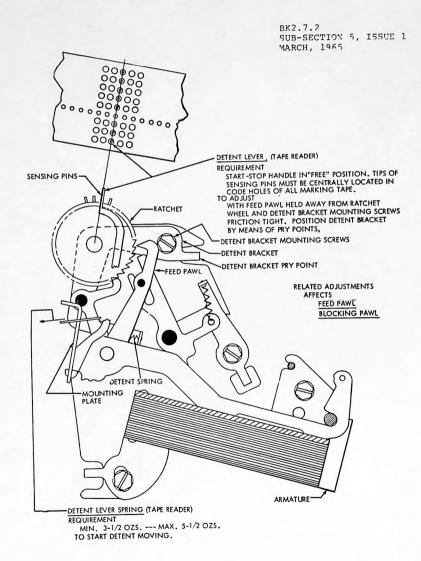


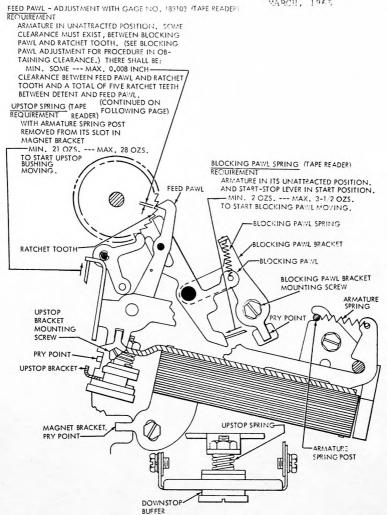
CAUTION

THE READER FEED MAGNET OPERATES UNDER HIGH VOLTAGE. PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES SHOULD BE TAKEN WHENEVER POWER TO THE READER IS TURNED ON. HIGH VOLTAGE WILL PERSIST FROM THE POWER PACK UNTIL APPROXI-MATELY 10 SECONDS AFTER DISCONNECT

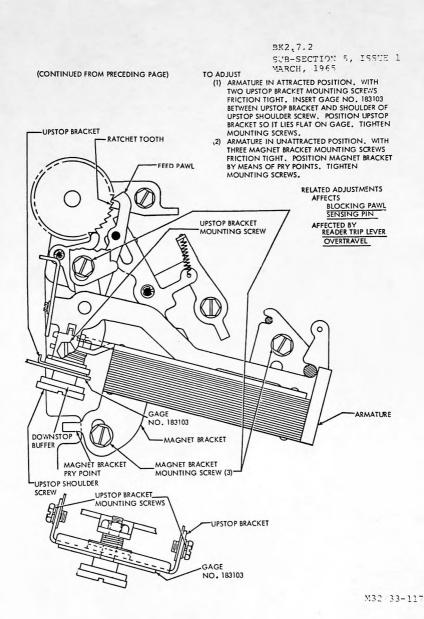
NOTE REQUIREMENTS SPECIFYING THE ARMATURE IN THE ATTRACTED POSITION REFERS TO THE ARMATURE BRING MAGNETICALLY ATTRACTED TO THE MAGNET CORE. THE MAGNET CORE SHOULD BE ASSEMBLED TO THE MAGNET BRACKET SUCH THAT THE MAGNET CORE SLOT IS PERPENDICULAR TO THE MAGNET BRACKET PIVOT SURFACE AS GAGED BY EYE. (SEE CONTACT GAPS ADJUSTMENT).







M32 33-116



ARMATURE

M32 33-119

FEED PAWL - ADJUSTMENT WITHOUT GAGE NO. 18310? (TAPE READER) REQUIREMENT (PRELIMINARY) (1) ARMATURE IN ATTRACTED POSITION, LOOSEN TWO UPSTOP BRACKET MOUNTING SCREWS SO THE UPSTOP BRACKET DOES NOT LIMIT FEED PAWL MOTION. CLEARANCE BETWEEN FEED PAWL AND RATCHET TOOTH: MIN. 0.035 INCH --- MAX. 0.045 INCH-A TOTAL OF SIX RATCHET TEETH ARE BETWEEN THE DETENT AND FEED PAWL TO ADJUST WITH THREE MAGNET BRACKET MOUNTING SCREWS FRICTION TIGHT. POSITION MAGNET BRACKET
BY MEANS OF PRY POINTS. REQUIREMENT (SEE FEED PAWL ADJUSTMENT WITH GAGE NO. 183103) (2) ARMATURE IN UNATTRACTED POSITION, SOME CLEARANCE MUST EXIST BETWEEN BLOCKING PAWL AND RATCHET TOOTH, (SEE BLOCKING PAWL ADJUSTMENT FOR PROCEDURE IN OBTAINING CLEARANCE.) THE UPSTOP BRACKET SHALL LIE FLAT AGAINST THE DOWN-STOP BUFFER. CLEARANCE BETWEEN FEED PAWL AND UPSTOP BRACKET RATCHET TOOTH. MOUNTING SCREW MIN. SOME --- MAX. 0.003 INCH TO ADJUST WITH TWO UPSTOP BRACKET MOUNTING SCREWS RATCHET TOOTH FRICTION TIGHT. POSITION UPSTOP BRACKET BY MEANS OF PRY POINTS. FEED PAWL REQUIREMENT (FINAL) (3) ARMATURE IN ATTRACTED POSITION, CLEARANCE BETWEEN FEED PA VI. AND RATCHET TOOTH.

MIN. 0.025 INCH --- MAX. 0.025 INCH TO ADJUST WITH THREE MAGNET BRACKET MOUNTING SCREWS PRICTION TIGHT, POSITION MAGNET BRACKET BY MEANS OF PRY POINTS, RECHECK REQUIREMENT NO. 2 IF NECESSARY. RELATED ADJUSTMENT AFFECTS BLOCKING PAWL SENSING PIN AFFECTED BY READER TRIP LEVER OVERTRAVEL 0 UPSTOP BRACKET MAGNET BRACKET MOUNTING SCREWS

MAGNET BRACKET

MAGNET BRACKET

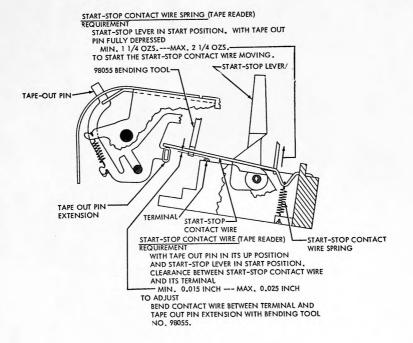
BK2.7.2 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 BLOCKING PAWL (TAPE READER)
REQUIREMENT MARCH, 1965 QUIKEMENI
ARMATURE IN UNATTRACTED POSITION. SOME
CLEARANCE MUST EXIST BETWEEN BOTTOM
SURFACE OF FEED PAWL AND RATCHET TOOTH.
CLEARANCE BETWEEN END OF BLOCKING PAWL AND RATCHET TOOTH
MIN. SOME --- MAX. 0.010 INCH(THE CLEARANCE SHALL BE SOME TO
0.003 INCH WHEN USING A TELETYPE TAPE-WINDER). TO ADJUST) AUJUST
WITH BLOCKING PAWL BRACKET MOUNTING
SCREW FRICTION TIGHT. POSITION BLOCKING
PAWL BRACKET BY MEANS OF PRY POINT. RELATED ADJUSTMENT AFFECTED BY READER TRIP LEVER
OVERTRAVEL FEED PAWL FEED PAWL BLOCKING PAWL RATCHET TOOTH BLOCKING PAWL BRACKET MOUNTING SCREW

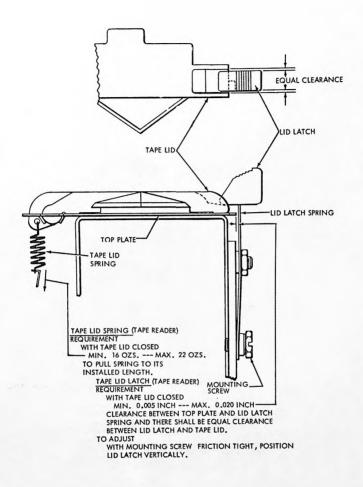
BK2.7.2 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 SENSING PIN SPRING (TAPE READER) MARCH, 1965 REQUIREMENT ARMATURE IN ITS ATTRACTED POSITION — MIN. 1-1/2 OZS. --- MAX. 2-3/4 OZS.
TO POSITION SENSING PIN FLUSH WITH TOP PLATE SENSING PIN (TAPE READER) REQUIREMENT ARMATURE IN UNATTRACTED POSITION. TIP OF ALL SENSING PINS SHALL BE
--- FLUSH --- MAX. 0.015 INCH BELOW THE TOP PLATE. TO AD ILIST WITH TWO SENSING PIN GUIDE MOUNTING SCREWS FRICTION TIGHT. POSITION SENSING PIN GUIDE BY MEANS OF PRY POINTS. RELATED ADJUSTMENT AFFECTED BY TOP PLATE FEED PAWL SENSING PIN BLOCKING PAWL SPRING ADJUSTING SCREWS (2 PL'S) PRY POINT (2 PL'S) NOTE THIS ADJUSTMENT MAY BE MADE BY USING THE THIN-SLOTTED SENSING PIN THIS ADJUSTMENT MAY BE MADE BY USING THE THIN-SLOTTED END OF GAGE NO. 18310?. TO CHECK THE "FLUSH TO TOP PLATE" CONDITION, THE GAGE IS HELD FLAT AGAINST THE TOP PLATE IN BACK OF THE SENSING FINS AND MOYED FORWARD AGAINST THE SENSING FINS. IF ANY SENSING PINS ARE DEFLECTED BY THE GAGE, THEN THE "FLUSH TO TOP PLATE" CONDITION HAS NOT BEEN MET AND THE SENSING PIN GUIDE MUST BE LOWFRED. TO CHECK THE "JOIS" BELOW THE PLATE" CONDITION, THE GAGE IS HELD DIRECTLY ABOVE THE SENSING PINS. A CLEARANCE OF .015" OR LESS MUST BE PRESENT. FLUSH TO 0.015 INCH BELOW TOP PLATE FOR ALL SENSING PINS

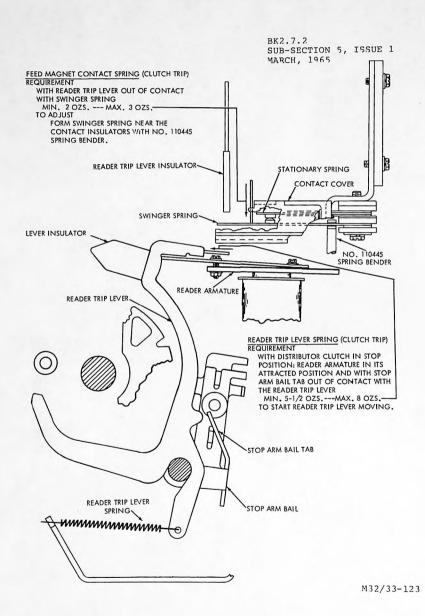
GAGE #183103

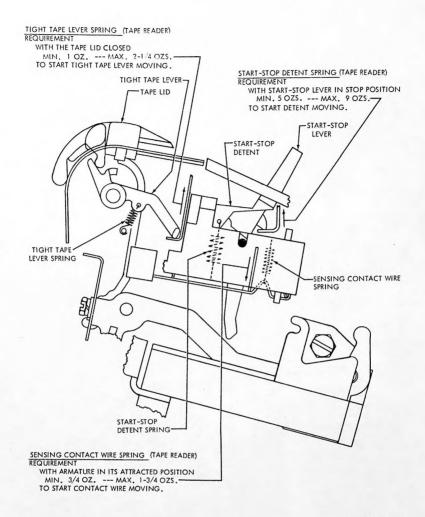
TOP PLATE

THERETE

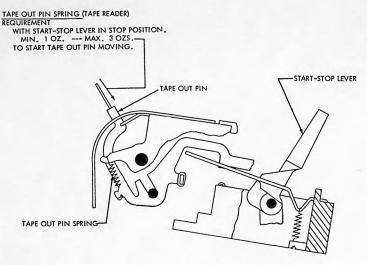


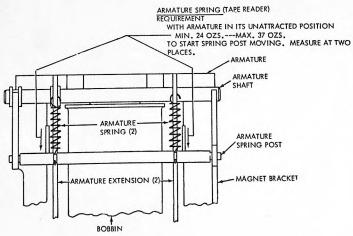


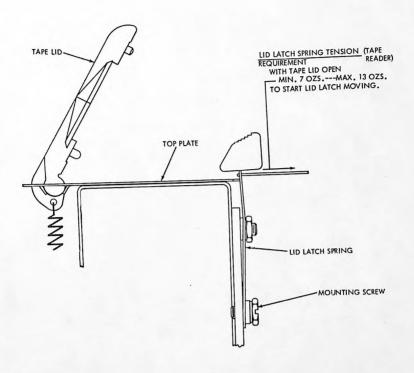


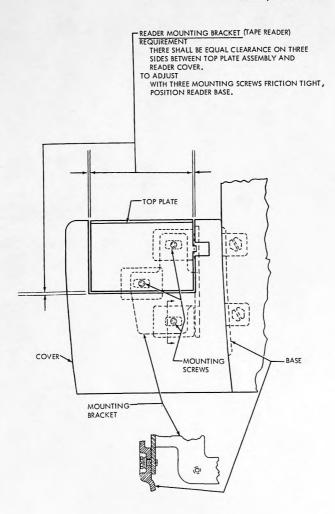


BK2.7.2 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 MARCH, 1965









5. BASIC PUNCH ADJUSTMENTS

TAPE PUNCH

NOTE

CHAD EXTENSION - PRIOR TO MAKING ADJUSTMENTS REMOVE THE CHAD EXTENSION. REASSEMBLE WHEN THE ADJUSTMENTS ARE COMPLETED.

POST , BRACKET AND PLATE
REQUIREMENT (RELIMINARY)
AT THE TIME OF ASSEMBLY OR REASSEMBLY THE
POST , BRACKET AND PLATE ASSEMBLY SHALL BE
ASSEMBLED SO THAT THE PLATE SHALL BE VERTICAL
OR WITHIN 2 DEGREES FROM VERTICAL IN A
CLOCKWISE DIRECTION (AS GAGED BY EYE).
TO ADJUST
ASSEMBLE POST , BRACKET AND PLATE ASSEMBLY
TO MEET REQUIREMENT.

POST

BRACKET

PATE

SPRING

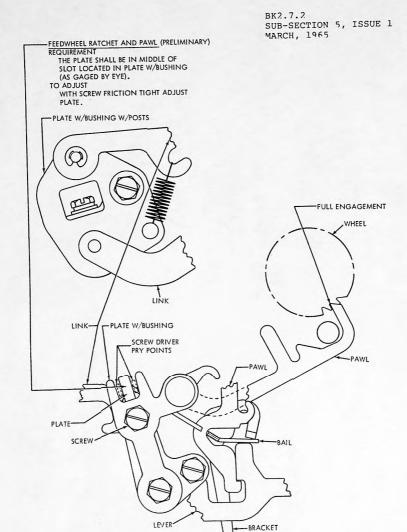
ARM (TAPE NUDGER) POST

THIS ADJUSTMENT APPLIES ONLY TO UNITS WHICH
HAVE AN ELONGATED HOLE IN THE CASTING.

REQUIREMENT
AT THE TIME OF ASSEMBLY OR REASSEMBLY THE
POST SHALL BE IN ITS MOST REARWARD POSITION.

TO ADJUST
ASSEMBLE POST TO MEET REQUIREMENT.

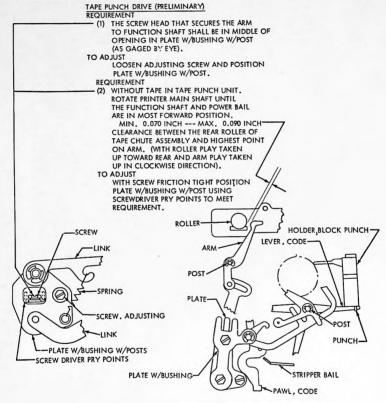
ARM (TAPE NUDGER)



BK2.7.2 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 STRIPPER BAIL UPSTOP MARCH, 1965 REQUIREMENT WITH PERFORATOR UNIT REMOVED FROM PRINTER AND WITH ALL PAWLS IN THEIR UPPERMOST PO-SITION THE STRIPPER BAIL SHALL CLEAR THE BOTTOM CORNER OF THE STRIPPING SURFACE OF LOWER MOST PAWL BY
-- MIN. SOME --- MAX. 0.010 INCH AS GAGED BY EYE. TO ADJUST STRIP ALL PAWLS TO THEIR UPPERMOST POSITION. MANUALLY OPERATE POWER BAIL SO THE STRIPPER BAIL LINES UP DIRECTLY UNDER BOTTOM CORNER OF STRIPPING SURFACE OF LOWER MOST PAWL. LOOSEN SCREW AND ROTATE BRACKET TO MEET REQUIREMENT. PLATE W/BUSHING W/POSTS CHECK ADJUSTMENT BY OSCILLATING POWER BAIL SO STRIPPER BAIL MOVES SLIGHTLY TO LEFT AND TO RIGHT OF BOTTOM CORNER OF STRIPPING SURFACE OF LOWER MOST PAWL. READJUST IF NECESSARY. -SPRING WHEEL LINK PLATE W/BUSHING PAWL - PAWL SCREW CASTING BRACKET. BAIL (RIGHT SIDE VIEW) -LEVER-

- BRACKET

SEE NOTE BELOW



NOTE

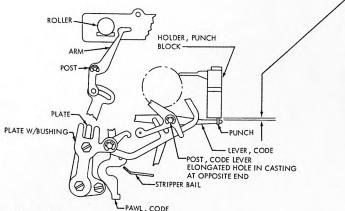
TAPE PUNCH DRIVE, PUNCH PIN PENETRATION, POST BRACKET AND PLATE, AND FEED WHEEL RATCHET AND PAWL ADJUSTMENT MUST BE MADE IN SEQUENCE. REIOR TO MAKING THESE ADJUSTMENTS CHECK, POST BRACKET AND PLATE, ARM (TAPE NUDGER) POST, FEED WHEEL RATCHET AND PAWL, AND STRIPPER BAIL UPSTOP ADJUSTMENTS.

PUNCH PENETRATION

REQUIREMENT: UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS:

- (1) MOUNTED TAPE PUNCH UNIT (WITHOUT TAPE) IN THE "ON" POSITION.
 (2) 5 LEVEL UNIT WITH EITHER THE FIGS. "D" OR THE RUB-OUT COMBINATION IN THE TAPE PUNCH UNIT.
- 8 LEVEL UNIT WITH THE RUB-OUT COMBINATION IN THE TAPE PUNCH UNIT. WITH THE PRINTER FUNCTION SHAFT AND THE POWER BAIL IN THE MOST FORWARD POSITION.

MIN. 0.032 INCH --- MAX. 0.037 INCH CLEARANCE BETWEEN TOP SURFACE OF FURTHEST LEVER AND BOTTOM SURFACE OF PUNCH BLOCK HOLDER. THERE SHALL BE NO LESS THAN 0.017 INCH CLEARANCE BETWEEN THE CLOSEST LEVER AND THE BOTTOM SURFACE OF THE PUNCH BLOCK HOLDER.



5 LEVEL UNIT: MOVE CODE LEVER MOUNTING POST TO ITS LOWER MOST POSITION AND TIGHTEN SCREW FRICTION TIGHT. WITH RUB-OUT COMBINATION IN TAPE PUNCH UNIT AND POWER BAIL IN MOST FORWARD POSITION MEASURE THE GAP BETWEEN TOP SURFACE OF FURTHEST LEVER AND BOTTOM SURFACE OF PUNCH BLOCK HOLDER. REPEAT OPERATION WITH FIGS. "D" COMBINATION. WITH COMBINATION THAT MEASURES LARGEST GAP OF THE TWO COMBINATIONS IN TAPE PUNCH UNIT MANUALLY ROTATE PRINTER MAIN SHAFT SO FUNCTION SHAFT AND POWER BAIL ARE IN MOST FORWARD POSITION. WITH A 0.037 INCH GAGE PLACED TO RIGHT OF PUNCH PIN AND BETWEEN FURTHEST CODE LEVER AND IN CONTACT WITH BOTTOM SURFACE OF PUNCH BLOCK HOLDER MOVE POST UPWARD SO THAT TOP SURFACE OF LEVER JUST TOUCHES THE GAGE. RECYCLE AND CHECK THE GAP AT THE FURTHEST LEVER. THE GAP SHALL BE BETWEEN 0.032 INCH TO 0.037 INCH. THE GAP BETWEEN TOP SURFACE OF CLOSEST LEVER AND BOTTOM SURFACE OF PUNCH BLOCK HOLDER SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 0.017 INCH (WITH GAGE PLACED TO THE RIGHT OF THE PUNCH PIN). REFINE ADJUSTMENT TO MEET REQUIREMENT.

PIN), REFINE ADJUSTMENT TO MEET REQUIREMENT.

B LEVEL UNIT: MOVE CODE LEVER MOUNTING POST TO ITS LOWER MOST POSITION AND TIGHTEN SCREW FRICTION TIGHT. WITH RUB-OUT COMBINATION IN TAPE PUNCH UNIT MANUALLY ROTATE PRINTER MAIN SHAFT SO THAT FUNCTION SHAFT AND POWER BAIL ARE IN MOST FORWARD POSITION, WITH A 0,037 INCH GAGE PLACED TO RIGHT OF PUNCH PIN AND BETWEEN FURTHEST CODE LEVER AND IN CONTACT WITH BOTTOM SURFACE OF THE PLACE OF THE PRINTED HOLD BE MOVE POST HEMADD SO THAT TOPS SUBFACE OF THE BUILD. OF PUNCH BLOCK HOLDER MOVE POST UPWARD SO THAT TOP SURFACE OF LEVER JUST TOUCHES GAGE. RECYCLE AND CHECK GAP AT FURTHEST LEVER. THE GAP SHALL BE BETWEEN 0.032 INCH TO 0.037 INCH. THE GAP BETWEEN TOP SURFACE OF CLOSEST LEVER AND BOTTOM SURFACE OF PUNCH BLOCK HOLDER SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 0.017 INCH (WITH GAGE PLACED TO RIGHT OF PUNCH PIN). REFINE ADJUSTMENT TO MEET REQUIREMENT.

POST, BRACKET AND PLATE REQUIREMENT: (FINAL)

5 LEVEL UNIT: WITH FIGS, "D" COMBINATION IN TAPE PUNCH UNIT AND WITH PRINTER FUNCTION SHAFT AND POWER BAIL IN REAR MOST POSITON THERE SHALL BE

MIN. 0.005 INCH --- MAX. 0.015 INCH

CLEARANCE BETWEEN THE "A-O" SENSING LEVER AND PAWL. THERE SHALL BE SOME

CLEARANCE BETWEEN THE "A-B" SENSING LEVER AND ITS PAWL. WITH RUB-OUT

COMBINATION IN TAPE PUNCH UNIT AND WITH PRINTER FUNCTION SHAFT AND POWER BAIL

IN REAR MOST POSITION THERE SHALL BE SOME CLEARANCE BETWEEN THE FEED SENSING LEVER

AND ITS PAWL AND CODE SENSING LEVERS AND THEIR PAWLS.

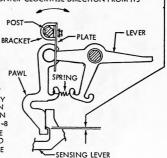
B LEVEL UNIT: WITH RUB-OUT COMBINATION IN TAPE PUNCH UNIT AND WITH FUNCTION SHAFT

AND POWER BALL IN REAR MOST POSITION THERE SHALL BE

MIN. 0,005 INCH --- MAX. 0,015 INCH —
CLEARANCE BETWEEN "0" SENSING LEVER AND PAWL. THERE SHALL BE SOME CLEARANCE BETWEEN
THE FEED SENSING LEVER AND ITS PAWL AND CODE SENSING LEVERS AND THEIR PAWLS.
CAUTION: EXERCISE CARE SO THAT THE GUIDE ALWAYS GUIDES THE PAWL AND LEVER
SIMULTANEOUSLY. AVOID ROTATING GUIDE IN THE COUNTER-CLOCKWISE DIRECTION FROM ITS
MOST VERTICAL POSITION.

TO ADJUST

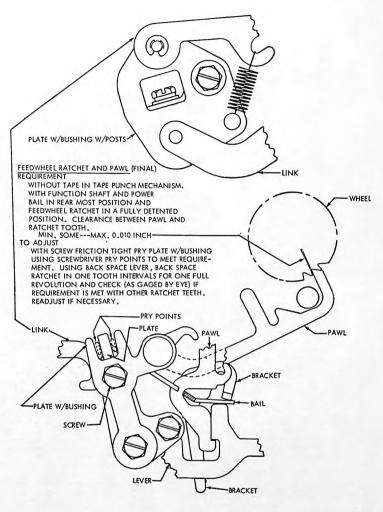
S LEVEL UNIT: WITH FIGS. "D" COMBINATION IN TARE PUNCH UNIT AND WITH PRINTER FUNCTION BR SHAFT AND POWER BAIL IN REAR MOST POSITION CHECK THE GAP BETWEEN THE A-O SENSING LEVER AND ITS PAWL. LOOSEN SCREW AND ROTATE POST, BRACKET AND PLATE ASSEMBLY ONLY IF THE GAP IS NOT PER REQUIREMENT. (DO NOT POSITION POST, BRACKET AND PLATE ASSEMBLY JUST TO BIAS THE LOW OR HIGH SIDE OF THE CLEARANCE.) WHILE MANUALLY BIASING THE AUXILIARY BAIL (JUST BELOW THE TABS IN NO. 2 AND 5 CODE LEVERS) DOWNWARD, RESS DOWN LIGHTLY ON THE MOST REARWARD PORTION OF THE A-B SENSING LEVER. THE A-B SENSING LEVER SHALL HAVE SOME MOVEMENT BEFORE MOTION IS TRANSFERRED TO ITS PAWL. IF NO MOVEMENT IS RESENT INCREASE THE GAP SLIGHTLY BETWEEN THE A-O SENSING LEVER.

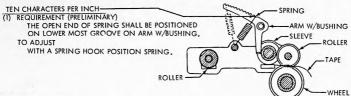


AND ITS PAWL WITHIN ITS 0.005 INCH TO 0.015 INCH LIMITS UNTIL SOME MOVEMENT IS PRESENT. WITH RUB-OUT COMBINATION IN TAPE PUNCH UNIT AND WITH PRINTER FUNCTION SHAFT AND POWER BAIL IN REAR MOST POSITION MANUALLY BIAS CODE LEVERS IN FRONT OF PUNCH PINS DOWNWARD AND CHECK THE 1,2,F,3,4, AND 5 SENSING LEVERS FOR MOVEMENT BEFORE MOTION IS TRANSFERRED TO THEIR PAWLS, READJUST THE POST, BRACKET AND PLATE ASSEMBLY UNTIL SOME MOVEMENT IS PRESENT BETWEEN EACH SENSING LEVER AND ITS PAWLS, RECHECK THE 0.005 INCH TO 0.015 INCH GAP REQUIREMENT BETWEEN THE A-O SENSING LEVER AND ITS PAWLS.

B LEVEL UNIT: WITH RUB-OUT COMBINATION IN TAPE PUNCH UNIT AND WITH PRINTER FUNCTION SHAFT AND POWER BAIL IN REAR MOST POSITION CHECK THE GAP BETWEEN THE NO. "D" SENSING LEVER AND ITS PAWL. LOOSEN SCREW AND ROTATE POST, BRACKET AND PLATE ASSEMBLY ONLY IF GAP IS NOT PER REQUIREMENT. (DO NOT POSITION POST, BRACKET AND PLATE ASSEMBLY JUST TO BIAS THE LOW OR HIGH SIDE OF THE CLEARANCE.) WHILE MANUALLY BIASING CODE LEVERS IN FRONT OF THE PUNCH PINS DOWNWARD PRESS DOWN LIGHTLY ON THE MOST REARWARD PORTION OF EACH SENSING LEVER, EACH SENSING LEVER SHALL HAVE SOME MOVEMENT BEFORE MOTION IS TRANSFERRED TO ITS PAWL, READJUST THE POST, BRACKET AND PLATE ASSEMBLY UNTIL THE REQUIREMENT IS MET. RECHECK THE 0.005 INCH --- 0.015 INCH GAP REQUIREMENT.

NOTE: REMAKE STRIPPER BAIL UPSTOP ADJUSTMENT ONLY IF POST, BRACKET AND PLATE ASSEMBLY IS ROTATED TO MEET THIS REQUIREMENT.



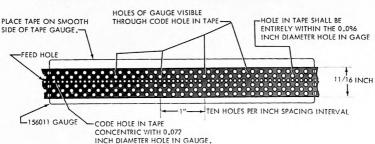


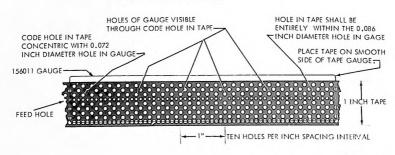
(2) REQUIREMENT

WITH A PIECE OF TAPE PERFORATED WITH A SERIES OF "R AND Y" COMBINATIONS FOR FIVE LEVEL UNITS OR "R AND - HYPHEN" COMBINATIONS FOR EIGHT LEVEL UNITS PLACED OVER THE SMOOTH SIDE OF THE 158011 TAPE GAUGE SO THAT THE CIRCULAR PORTION OF THE FIRST NUMBER 2 CODE HOLE IN THE TAPE IS CONCENTRIC WITH THE FIRST HOLE OF THE TAPE GAUGE, THE NEXT FOUR HOLES IN THE TAPE GAUGE SHOULD BE VISIBLE THROUGH THE NUMBER 2 CODE HOLES IN THE TAPE AND THE CIRCULAR PORTION OF THE LAST (SIXTH) NUMBER 2 CODE HOLE IN THE TAPE AND THE CIRCULAR PORTION OF THE LAST (SIXTH) NUMBER 2 CODE HOLE IN THE TAPE SHALL BE ENTIRELY WITHIN THE 0.096 INCH DIAMETER HOLE OF THE TAPE GAUGE. OPERATE THE TAPE PUNCH MECHANISM UNDER POWER AND CHECK PERFORATIONS TO MEET REQUIREMENT.

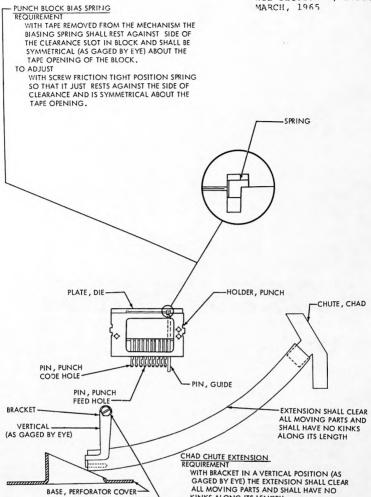
TO ADJUST

POSITION SPRING UPWARDS IN GROOVES UNTIL REQUIREMENT IS MET.





BK2.7.2 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1

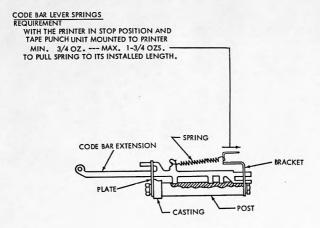


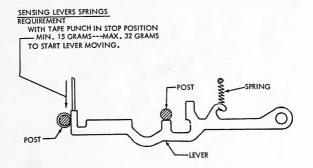
KINKS ALONG ITS LENGTH.

TO MEET REQUIREMENT.

WITH SCREW FRICTION TIGHT POSITION BRACKET

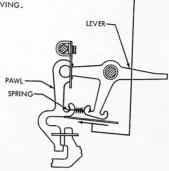
TO ADJUST



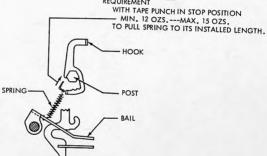


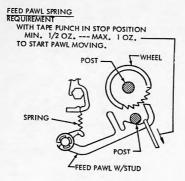
PAWL AND LEVER SPRING
REQUIREMENT
WITH A SPRING SCALE LOCATED ON STEP BELOW
SPRING HOOK AND WITH SENSING LEVER SPRING
PERMOUTED.

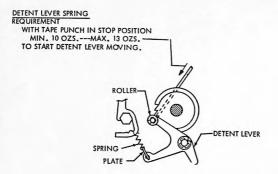
UPPER SPRING MIN. 7/8 OZ. MAX. 1 1/2 OZS. TO START PAWL MOVING. LOWER SPRING MIN. 1 1/2 OZS. MAX. 2 1/8 OZS.

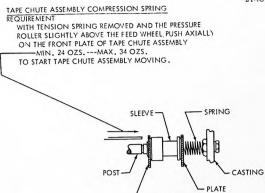


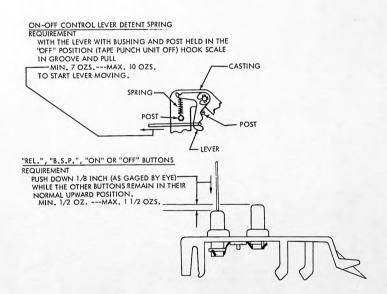
STRIPPER BAIL SPRING



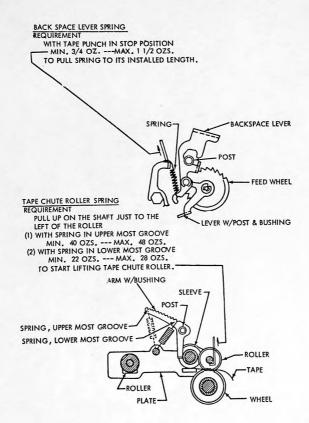


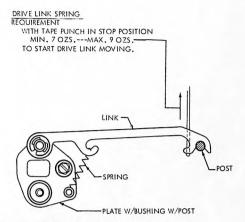




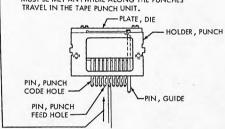


BRACKET





PUNCH BLOCK ASSEMBLY (5 LEVEL & B LEVEL)
REQUIREMENT
REMOVE PUNCH BLOCK ASSEMBLY FROM TAPE PUNCH
UNIT TO PERFORM THIS CHECK.
WITH THE PUNCH PIN SLOTS FACING THE GUIDE PIN
—MIN. SOME---MAX, 4 OZS.
TO START EACH PUNCH MOVING. THIS REQUIREMENT
MUST BE MET ANYWHERE ALONG THE PUNCHES
TRAVEL IN THE TAPE PUNCH UNIT.





PLANT MANUAL BK2.7.3 SUBSECTION 5, ISSUE 1 AUGUST 1973

TELEX ROTARY DIAL ASSEMBLY

SERVICING

CONTENTS		PAGE
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2	Requirements	2
3	Procedure	2
4	Parts Replacement	3

1. GENERAL

- 1.1 This section outlines for Equipment Technicians the procedure for checking and servicing rotary dial assemblies.
- 1.2 The procedure applies to all teleprinter equipment using a rotary dial assembly.

REQUIREMENTS

- 2.1 The dial assembly shall operate smoothly without slipping or skipping pulses.
- 2.2 Dial pulses are produced at the rate of ten per second with the contacts open for 0.061+0.003 second during each pulse interval.
- 2.3 The off-normal contacts are normally open, and close when the dial wheel is rotated from its idle position. These contacts are used to blind the printer selector when dialling is in process.

PROCEDURES

- 3.1 All rotary dial assemblies are to be checked during service calls and when telex units are being set up in Service Centres.
- 3.2 The dial assembly shall not require excessive windup force nor stall on slow return. Check by operating the dial several times. If the dial fails these requirements or is suspected of giving wrong numbers, replace the dial assembly.
- 3.3 Inspect dial assembly for grease, grit, or other foreign matter that may impair its operation. If any of these conditions prevail, replace the dial assembly.
- 3.4 Inspect the wiring. The wires should be arranged so that they will not interfere with any moving parts.
- 3.5 Inspect the contact springs for sharp kinks, bends, or pitting of the contacts. Replace dial assembly if kinks bends or pitting is excessive.

BK2.7.3 -3-SUBSECTION 5 Remove any lubricant which may be present on contacts. 3.6 Do not lubricate any part of dial assembly. 3.7 Testing and Adjustment of Pulsing Contacts 3.8 The dial pulsing contacts shall be checked after disconnect-3.8.1 ing dial assembly from call control unit. With ohmmeter on XI ohms scale and meter leads connected to either side of dial pulsing contacts, dial zero and note deflection of meter needle. The needle should vibrate either 40 percent of full deflection from left hand side of scale or 60 percent from right hand side. To adjust, carefully bend the spring shelf that rides the pulsing cam. Increasing tension, or downward pressure on the adjustable spring shelf, will decrease contact break length. Decreasing tension, or upward pressure on spring shelf will increase the contact break length. 3.8.2 PARTS REPLACEMENT 4. Replacement dial assemblies for model 32, 33 or 35 printers 4.1 are available from Teletype Corpn. by ordering part number 181645 dial assemblies.





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5-A TICKER

ADJUSTMENTS

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5-A TICKER CODE

S Pr U I E . A

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1 2 3 4 5 6 O O O O O O	s 1/4 9 5	1 2 3 4 5 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
0	5	0 0			
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0000	£ 3 4 0	0000 0			
00 0	0/4	4.0			

5-A TICKER CODE

. F N K C D C J R Y H Q P Z T W L X M 000 3/4 8 0 00 7/8 1/8 1/2 000 0 00 0 0000 00000 00000 0 000 0 000 0 000 5/8 \$ rubout ·VBO&G 3/8 2 -b

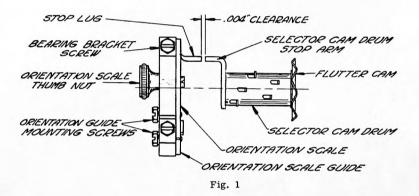
ORIENTATION SCALE GUIDE ADJUSTMENT (Figure 1)

2.1 Loosen the guide mounting screws and the orientation scale thumb nut. Set the scale at 60 and turn the thumb nut in until the scale is friction tight. Rotate the selector cam drum until the stop arm is opposite the stop lug on the scale. Pivot the scale on the scale stud so that the top surface of the stop lug is in line with the top surface of the stop arm. Tighten thumb nut. Adjust the position of the guide by means of its mounting screws so that the front and rear of the guide touches or is within .010" of the orientation scale.

3. MAIN SHAFT POSITION (Figure 1)

3.1 With the selector armature to the spacing side, rotate the main shaft until the selector cam drum stop arm is in front of the stop lug.

Loosen the four main shaft bearing bracket screws and adjust the position of the main shaft so that there is .004" clearance between the selector cam drum stop arm and the stop lug, after the right hand bearing bracket screws have been tightened.



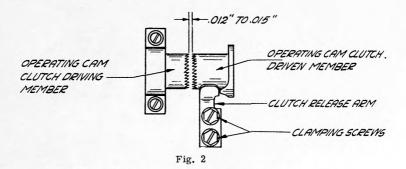
4. OPERATING CAM CLUTCH RELEASE ARM POSITION (Figure 2)

4.1 Rotate the main shaft until the operating cam is stopped by the cam release bail arm. Adjust the position of the clutch release arm by

5A-4

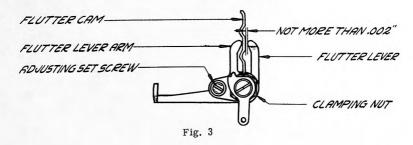
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means of its clamping screws so that the clutch teeth are separated between .012" to .015", so that there is at least .002" between the rear of the clutch release arm and the clutch driven member. In this position the engaging edge of the clutch release arm and the high part of the driven member cam should engage 1/32" and to the full depth of the clutch release arm. If the release arm is not safely on the high part of the driven member cam, when the operating cam is stopped by the cam release bail arm, the clutch teeth may become engaged at this time, causing damage to the printer.



MAIN SHAFT JAW CLUTCH SPRING TENSION

It should require from 12 to 18 ozs. to separate the clutch teeth.



5. FLUTTER LEVER GAP ADJUSTMENT (Figure 3)

5.1 Remove flutter lever and spring. Loosen flutter lever clamping nut and set screw. Replace flutter lever and adjust the flutter lever gap so that the flutter cam will turn freely in the gap and minimum play of the flutter lever on the cam, checked for one complete revolution, is less than .002". Tighten set screw. Remove flutter lever, tighter clamping nut and replace the flutter lever and spring.

DETENT BRACKET ADJUSTMENT

6.1 Adjust the position of the detent bracket so that the travel of the detent is equidistant from the point on the selector lever when the selector lever is moved to either marking or spacing positions.

Check #1 and #6 detents. When making this adjustment, make certain that the centres of the detents and the centres of the selector levers are in line.

DETENT SPRING TENSION

7.1 It should require from 3 to 4 ozs. to start each detent moving.

SELECTOR LEVER GUIDE ADJUSTMENT (Figure 4)

8.1 Loosen the selector lever guide mounting screws and adjust the position of the selector lever guide so that when the selector armature is held to the spacing side and the main shaft rotated, the left side of the spacing cams on the selector cam drum will line up with the left side of the spacing arms of the selector levers. When making this adjustment, the spacing arms should be moved toward the front of the printer so as to take up all play of the lever in the guide.

NOTE: Due to variations, all the selector lever arms may not line up with the left side of the cams. It is, therefore, satisfactory if one or more arms line up with the left side of the cams, provided the other cams are fully on.

SELECTOR LEVER GUIDE SHIMS ADJUSTMENT (Figure 4)

9.1 With the selector levers in the spacing position (up) and the selector armature to the spacing side, turn the main shaft and check to see

5A-6

9.1 that the spacing cams on the selector cam drum clear the spacing arms of the selector levers by at least .002" (See "A" Figure 4). Place the selector levers in the marking position (down). Turn the main shaft and at the same time move the selector cam drum by hand so that the marking cams on the drum will be in line with the marking arms of the selector levers. The marking cams should clear the marking arms by at least .002" (See "B" Figure 4). Add or remove shims located under the selector lever guide to divide the clearance equally between the spacing and marking cams and arms.

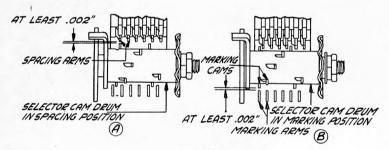


Fig. 4

SELECTOR ARMATURE PIVOT SCREWS ADJUSTMENT

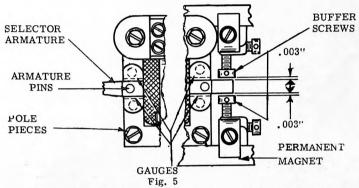
10.1 Remove the permanent magnet and back off the armature buffer screws. Then adjust the up and down position of the selector arm - ature, by means of its pivot screws, so that the top surface of the armature is flush with the top surface of the left end of the pole pieces, and the selector armature is free and without play.

11. SELECTOR ARMATURE POLE PIECES AND BUFFER SCREWS ADJUSTMENTS (Figure 5)

11.1 Back off the armature buffer screws and loosen the armature pole piece mounting screws and posts. Place a .020" gauge on each end of the front and rear pole pieces. Clamp the pole pieces together by hand and tighten the pole piece mounting screws and posts.

11.1 Before removing the gauges, adjust the buffer screws so that there is .003" clearance between each buffer screw and the side of the armature.

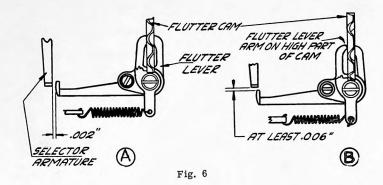
Remove gauges and replace the permanent magnet so that the ends of the magnet are approximately 3/4" from the left hand end of the laminated pole pieces.



After tightening the permanent magnet clamping screws, recheck the armature buffer screws adjustment as follows: Place the selector armature on the spacing side. Hook an 8 oz. scale over the armature pin and pull at right angles to the armature towards the front of the printer. Observe the tension required to pull the armature to the marking side. Now hook the scale over the pin and pull at right angles to the armature towards the rear of the printer. Observe the tension required to pull the armature to the spacing side. The two tensions should be within one ounce of being equal. Adjust the position of the buffer screws to obtain this result. Each tension should be at least 4 ozs. After this adjustment, the armature should still be .006"

NOTE: In cases where at least 4 oz. tensions cannot be obtained, it may be necessary to replace the permanent magnet with a stronger one. (This tension does not apply in cases where non-magnetic buffer screws are used.)

5A-8



12. MAGNET BASE POSITION (Figure 6)

- Loosen base mounting screws. With the selector armature to the spacing side, rotate the main shaft until the selector cam stop arm has just passed the stop lug. Place the selector armature on the "marking side" and the flutter lever against the end of the armature. Then adjust the position of the magnet base so that when the main shaft is turned, the right side of the marking cams on the selector cam drum line up with the right side of the marking arms of the selector lever. When making this adjustment, the marking arms should be moved toward the rear of the printer so as to take up all the play of the lever in the guide.
 - .2 Due to the variations, all the selector lever arms may not line up with the right side of the cams. It is, therefore, satisfactory if one or more arms line up with the right side of the cams, provided the other cams are fully on. Now pivot the magnet base on the front mounting screw so that there is .002" clearance between the side of the selector armature and the end of the flutter lever throughout its entire travel when the selector armature is in the spacing position (See "A" Fig. 6). Recheck the alignment of the marking cams and marking arms. Tighten the mounting screws.
 - .3 With the selector armature held to the spacing side, rotate the main shaft until the selector cam stop has just passed the stop lug. Hold the selector armature to the marking side and rotate the main shaft. There should be at least .006" clearance between the end of the selector armature and the side of the flutter lever when the flutter lever is

- on each high part of the flutter cam and the selector cam drum is on the spacing side (See "B" Figure 6).
 - .4 This clearance must be sufficient to prevent any bind between the selector cam and its limiting sleeve and washer (on the main shaft) for a complete revolution of the main shaft. With the selector arm ature in the marking position, re-check the engagement of the marking cams and arms and the clearance of the spacing cams and arms. With the selector armature in the spacing position, check the reverse engagements and clearances.

13. SELECTOR DRUM RETURN LEVER SPRING TENSION

13.1 Adjust the flutter lever backstop by means of its mounting screws so that the return lever spring tension is from 10 to 11 ozs. and the overall length of the spring is about 1-3/8".

14. FLUTTER LEVER STOP SCREW ADJUSTMENT

14.1 Place the armature on the spacing side. Rotate the main shaft and determine which point on the flutter cam causes the flutter lever to travel "out" the farthest. Then, with the flutter lever resting on this highest point, adjust the stop screw so that there is .004" clearance between the screw and flutter lever.

TRANSFER BAIL SHAFT POSITION

15.1 Loosen the transfer bail shaft set screw and set the shaft so that the right end of the shaft projects beyond the side of the transfer bail approximately 1/32".

16. OPERATING CAM AND RELEASE BAIL ROLLERS ADJUSTMENT

Adjust the feed bail, printing bail, transfer bail and cam release bail rollers by means of their bearing screws and nuts so that the rollers turn freely and have no play. Care should be used when adjusting printers having new style studs and rollers to see that the screw slot in the stud is not burred, as this will cause the roller to bind and wear excessively. The rollers must turn freely on the studs.

CAM RELEASE BAIL POSITION

17.1 Remove the cam release bail spring and loosen the bail collar screw.

5A-10

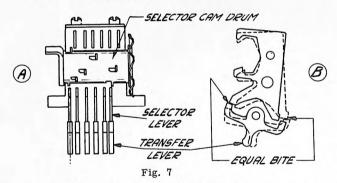
17.1 Set the collar so that the bail has from .002" to .004" play between the collar and casting. Replace the spring. With the selector armature on the marking side, rotate the main shaft until the operating cam lug is stopped by the cam release bail. In this position the overlap of the stop lug on the bail arm should be 1/16".

CAM RELEASE BAIL SPRING TENSION

18.1 With the cam release bail roller resting on the low part of the cam, it should require from 16 to 20 ounces to just start the bail moving.

19. TRANSFER LEVER BEARING-BRACKET POSITION (Figure 7)

19.1 Remove the four screws and clamp holding the typewheel shaft unit to the main casting and remove the unit from the printer. Loosen the transfer bail roller arm clamping screws.



- .2 Loosen the transfer lever bearing bracket clamping screws. The bracket may now be moved in all directions. First set the lateral position of the bracket, as described under "A".
 - A. With the transfer bail held in the "upward" position, set the transfer bracket so that both arms of the transfer levers in line with the selector levers.
 - B. With the selector armature on the marking side and the flutter lever against the end of the selector armature, rotate

19.2 B. the main shaft until the selector cam stop arm is resting against the stop lug. Place all selector levers in the marking position (down). Raise the transfer bracket and check the bite that the transfer levers have on the selector levers. Then set the selector levers in the spacing position (up). Raise the transfer bracket and check the bite on the spacing side. Now shift the bracket forward or backward so that the bite on the spacing side is equal to the pite on the marking side (Figure 7). Tighten bracket clamping screws. Recheck adjustment "A".

TYPEWHEEL STOP PIN SPRING TENSION

- 20.1 Hold the typewheel stop unit in a horizontal position. Hook an 8 oz. scale over the front of the unselected stop pin and pull vertically in line with the pin slot. It should require not more than 6 ozs. to start the stop pin moving.
 - .2 Allow a maximum of 7 ozs. for the "S" and "G" stop pins. The tenion of selected pins should not be less than 2 ozs. With the rubout bar in the unselected position, it should require from 5 to 7 ozs. to start the bar moving.

21. TYPEWHEEL STOP ARM LATCH SPRING TENSION

21.1 It should require 3 ozs. to just start the latch moving.

22. TYPEWHEEL SHAFT UNIT REPLACEMENT AND TRANSFER BAIL ADJUSTMENT

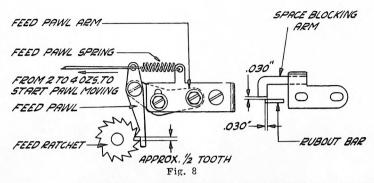
- 22.1 Loosen the transfer bail arm clamping screws until they are friction tight. Move all the code discs to marking, then replace the typewheel shaft unit and allow transfer levers to line up with their respective code discs. Replace the unit clamp and screws, leave the clamping screws friction tight so that the typewheel shaft unit can be easily repositioned. Then proceed as follows:
 - A. Move the armature to spacing and rotate the main shaft until the transfer bail arm roller just starts to ride up the high part of its cam.
 - B. Move the 1, 3 and 5 selector levers to marking (down) and the 2, 4 and 6 selector levers to spacing (up). Recheck the

5A-12

44.1	В.	alignment of code discs and transfer levers.	
	C.	Rotate the main shaft until the transfer bail arm roller is on the peak of its cam.	
	D.	Firmly press the transfer bail inward so that the code discs are completely repositioned. While holding the transfer bail, tighten the typewheel shaft clamping screws and the transfer bail arm clamping screws.	
	E.	Rotate the main shaft, the typewheel stop arm should engage on the "Y" stop pin.	
23.	TYPE	WHEEL SHAFT GEAR POSITION ADJUSTMENT	
23.1	and n	may be used to align the centres of the typewheel shaft gear notor pinion. The shims should be placed on the typewheel between the friction clutch assembly and the bearing.	
24.	МОТО	DR POSITION ADJUSTMENT	
24.1	move betwe	eans of the motor adjusting nuts and motor mounting nut, one end of the motor up or down so that the minimum play en the motor pinion and the main shaft gear, checked for one ete revolution of the main shaft, is .002".	
25.	FEED	BAIL SPRING TENSION	
25.1	It sho	uld require from 18 to 24 ozs. to support the feed bail.	
26.	PRESSURE WHEEL LEVER SPRING TENSION		
26.1	The p wheel	uld require from 14 to 18 ozs. to just start the lever moving. ressure wheel should line up with the roll evenly on the feed. Check this by observing that the tape passes from the printh equal clearance between the tape guide flanges.	
27.	FEED	RATCHET DETENT LEVER SPRING TENSION	
27.1	It sho	uld require from 8 to 10 ozs. to just start the lever moving.	

V.

27.1



28. FEED PAWL ARM AND SPACE BLOCKING ARM ADJUSTMENT

- With the selector armature on the spacing side, rotate the main shaft until the transfer bail roller is at the place where it just starts to ride up the cam. Move all selector levers to the marking position (down) and rotate all the code discs to the marking position (counterclockwise) so that the rub-out bar is selected. Now continue rotating the main shaft (about one-half revolution) until the feed bail roller is on the high part of its cam.
 - Loosen the two screws holding the feed pawl arm and the space blocking arm. Set the position of the space blocking arm so that the arm overlaps the selected rub-out bar by .030". There should also be a clearance of .030" between the blocking arm and the rub-out bar. Then, before tightening the screws and without disturbing the position of the blocking arm, set the position of the feed pawl arm so that the end of the pawl overtravels the tooth that is in the horizontal centre of the feed ratchet wheel by approximately 1/2 tooth, or sufficient to prevent any movement of the feed ratchet when the feed bail roller passes over the low point of the operating cam. Tighten the screws.

FEED PAWL SPRING TENSION

29.1 It should require from 2 to 4 ozs. to just start the pawl moving.

30. PRINTING HAMMERS ADJUSTMENT

30.1 Remove the typewheel. Adjust the position of the printing hammers

5A-14

30.1 by means of shims between the printing hammer stud nut and the rear tape guide flange so that the sides of the strip between the two openings in the tape shield are equally distant from the sides of the letters and figures printing hammers when the printing hammers are flush against the hammer spacer. Replace the typewheel.

31. TYPEWHEEL SHAFT ADJUSTMENT

Adjust the position of the typewheel shaft by means of its bearing bracket so that the space between the letter and figure characters on the typewheel lines up with the strip between the two openings in the tape shield. Re-check typewheel shaft gear adjustment.

PRINTING BAIL ADJUSTMENT

So that the printing link eccentric screw nut and turn eccentric screw so that the printing link is midway between its upper and lower adjusting limits. Tighten eccentric screw nut. With the selector armature on the spacing side, turn the main shaft until the printing arm roller is on the high part of the operating cam. Loosen the printing link clamping screws and set the position of the printing bail so that when the printing hammer striker is in the "figures" position, the "figures" printing hammer is lightly touching a "figures" character on the typewheel.

HAMMER BACKSTOP ADJUSTMENT

Loosen the hammer backstop mounting screw and adjust the hammer backstop so that when the hammers are held lightly against a character on the typewheel there is from .020" to .030" between the hammers and the hammer backstop. Tighten the screw. The backstop in this position should now hold the hammers in a very nearly horizontal position and allow the tape to pass through the feed unit in a straight line.

34. HAMMER STRIKER SPRING TENSION

34.1 It should require from 4 to 6 ozs. to pull the striker from "figures" to "letters" position.

35. TAPE SHIELD ADJUSTMENT

35.1 Set the position of the tape shield by means of its clamping screws

- 35.1 so that the strip between the two openings in the tape shield is approximately .010" away from the section of the typewheel between the letter and figure characters. This adjustment should be such as to give clear printing with a minimum crimping of the tape.
 - .2 Care should be taken when making this adjustment that the shield is in a horizontal plane and that the printing surfaces of the printing hammers pass through the middle of the openings in the tape shield.

SHIFT LEVER ADJUSTMENT

(For printers equipped with printing bails of 54° angle between the hammer striker stops.)

- 36.1 With the selector armature to the spacing side, rotate the main shaft until the printing bail roller has just passed the peak of the cam. Move the #6 selector lever to the marking position (down). Now continue rotating the main shaft until the transfer bail roller is on the peak of the cam. Adjust the vertical position of the shift lever so that the end of the left tine of the fork of the lever is 1/16" below the lower edge of the hammer striker arm. Also adjust the horizontal position of the shift lever so that there is at least .005" clearance between the shift transfer lever and the right arm of the selector lever when the print hammer striker arm is against the figures stop. Tighten clamping screws.
 - .2 Back the transfer bail roller off the peak of the cam and place the #6 selector lever in the spacing position (up). Turn the main shaft until the transfer bail roller is again on the peak of the cam. Then check the clearance between the shift transfer lever and the left arm of the selector lever. If necessary, adjust the shift lever so that this clearance is also at least .005". If it is necessary to readjust the shift lever, recheck adjustment (paragraph 36.1).
 - .3 When the shift lever has been properly adjusted, there will be at least .005" clearance between the shift transfer lever and the selector lever when in either the "letters" or "figures" position.

37. TYPEWHEEL STOP ARM ADJUSTMENT

37.1 Set up the "A" combination and select the "A" stop pin. Loosen the typewheel stop arm clamping screw and set the position of the arm on the shaft so that the arm lock latch bites fully on the sel-

5A-16

37.1 ected stop pin and so that the stop arm clears the front guide disc by .004". Rotate the typewheel shaft until the "H" character on the typewheel is approximately opposite the stop arm. Press the "letters" printing hammer up against the tap and rotate the typewheel a small amount either way until the "A" character is printed clearly on the tape. Tighten clamping screw.

38. TAPE GUIDE POSITION

38.1 Loosen the tape guide screws and set the tape guide so that its top surface is horizontally in line with the top of the tape pressure wheel and that the guide is in line with the tape guide flanges.

39. PRINTING LINK ECCENTRIC SCREW ADJUSTMENT

- 39.1 Loosen the eccentric screw nut just enough to allow the eccentric screw to be turned. Turn the screw until the printing just fails. Then turn the screw in slowly until the printing is legible and tighten the nut.
 - .2 Before making this adjustment, care should be taken that the inker roller rides evenly over both letters and figures on the typewheel.

40. SELECTOR CAM FRICTION CLUTCH TENSION

40.1 With the motor running, hold the flutter lever against its backstop.

Hook the scale over the selector cam stop arm and pull horizontally.

It should require 18 to 22 ozs. to start the stop arm moving away from the stop lug.

41. OPERATING CAM FRICTION CLUTCH TENSION

With the motor running, hold the flutter lever against its backstop. Hook the scale over the operating cam friction clutch drive pin and pull up vertically. It should require 20 to 24 ozs. to start the operating cam stop lug moving away from the cam release arm.

42. TYPEWHEEL SHAFT FRICTION CLUTCH TENSION

With the motor running, stop the typewheel stop arm by holding the selector armature to spacing. Hook the scale over the end of the stop arm, then lift the selector stop pin. Pull at right angles to the stop arm, it should require from 12 to 16 ozs. to hold the stop arm against the clutch friction.

TROUBLE CHECK 43.

- MOTOR DOES NOT OPERATE: (1)
 - AC plug out of receptacle.
 - 2. Blown fuse (base, table or building).
 - 3. Faulty base switch.
 - Broken or loose connection in powers leads of equipment. 4.
 - Motor control relay not functioning. 5.
 - Pinion and gear binding. 6.

SERIES MOTOR FAILURE:

- Faulty brushes. 1.
- 2. Damaged rings.
- Low brush tension. 3.
- 4. Governor contacts pitted.
- 5. Shorted condenser.
- Governor contact tension. 6.

PRINTING BLOTCHES:

- Low clutch torque. 1.
- 2. Bent or broken stop pin.
- 3. Worn stop arm.
- Incomplete transfer. 4.
- 5. Loose front guide disc.
- 6. High clutch torque.
- 7. Ball bearings binding.
- 8. Loose code disc posts.
- 9. Sticky code disc.
- 10. Worn transfer bail arm roller.
- Space blocking arm maladjusted. 11.
- 12. Loose typewheel shaft unit.
- Shift lever maladjusted. 13.
- Typewheel rubbing on tape shield. 14.
- 15. Stop arm maladjusted.
- Typewheel lineup. 16.

ERRORS IN COPY: (3)

- 1. Speed.
- 2. Friction clutch torque,

SELECTOR CAM

18 - 22 ozs. 18 - 22 ozs.

OPERATING CAM .

TYPEWHEEL 12 - 16 ozs.

Selector armature maladjusted. 3.

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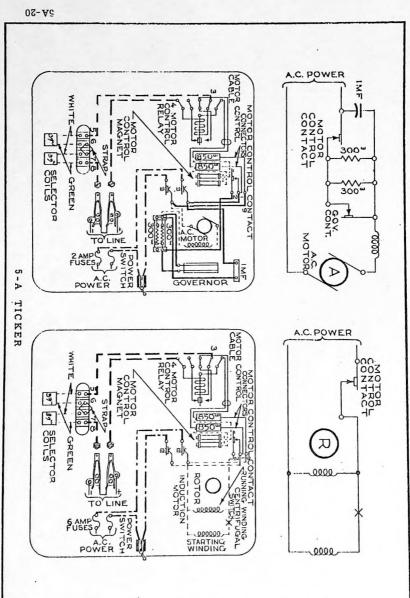
- 43. (3) 4. Worn flutter lever or maladjusted.
 - 5. Main shaft position.
 - 6. Detent spring tension.
 - 7. Selector lever and selector camalignment.
 - 8. Selector lever and transfer lever alignment. 9.

 - Transfer lever and code disc alignment.
 Stop pins should drop in position when selected.
 Stop arm engagement of stop pin. 10.
 - 11.
 - 12. Position of range finder.
 - 13. Worn stop lug.
 - 14.
 - Selector magnet unit biased. Selector magnet base position. 15.

(4)	SPRING TENSIONS: (in ounces	3)		
	Main shaft jaw clutch	12	to	18
	Cam drum return lever	10	to	11
	Stop pin (unselected) less than			6
	Typewheel stop arm latch			3
	Pressure wheel lever	14	to	18
	Feed pawl	2	to	4
	Detent spring	3	to	4
	Cam release bail	16	to	20
	Rubout bar	5	to	7
	Feed bail	18	to	24
	Feed ratchet detent	8	to	10
	Hammer striker	4	to	6
	SELECTOR CAM CLUTCH	18	to	22

OPERATING CAM CLUTCH 20 to 24

TYPEWHEEL SHAFT CLUTCH 12 to 16





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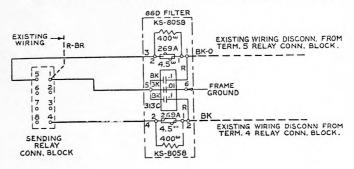
128B2 SUBSET

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3.	LINE EQUALIZER STRAPPING	3
4	OPTIONAL STRAPPING ARRANGEMENTS	4
5	DESCRIPTION OF STRAPPING ARRANGEMENTS	5

1. 88D FILTER INSTALLATION

1.1 88D Filter Installation on 255 Send Relay

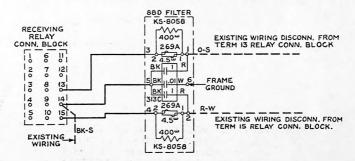
- (a) Move BK-O wire from pin 5 of relay to term. 1 of filter.
- (b) Strap term. 3 of left-hand coil of filter to pin 5 of relay.



- 1.1 (c) Move BK wire from pin 4 of relay to term. 2 of filter.
 - (d) Strap term. 4 of right-hand coil of filter to pin 4 of relay.
 - (e) Strap term. 5 of filter to pin 1 of relay.

1.2 88D Filter Installation on 209 Receive Relay

- (a) Move O-S wire from pin 13 of the relay to term. 1 of the filter.
- (b) Strap term. 3 of the left-hand coil of the filter to pin 13 of the relay.
- (c) Move R-W wire from pin 15 of the relay to term. 2 of the filter.
- (d) Strap term. 4 of the right-hand coil to pin 15 of the relay.
- (e) Strap term. 5 of the filter to pin 14 of the relay.

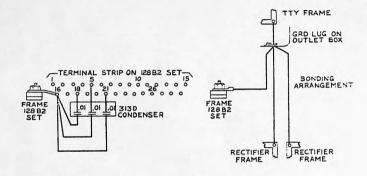


1.3 313D Capacitor Unit Installation

- (a) Connect the three left-hand leads of the capacitor unit to term. 16.
- (b) Connect the right-hand leads, one each to term. 21, 18 and 5.
- (c) Strap term. 16 to nearest screw in the frame.

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2. LINE SERIES RESISTANCE STRAPPING

Line Resistance	Line Series Resistance	Strapping			
400 - 800Ω	300Ω	18-4 and 5-20			
$800 - 1200\Omega$	150Ω	3-4 and 19-20			
over - 1200Ω	0	3-18 and 19-5			

3. LINE EQUALIZER STRAPPING

Type of Line	Equalizer Strapping	Strapping
Open wire	250Ω	24-25 and 11-26
Cable	500Ω	27 -28 and 14 -29 10 -25 and 13 -28

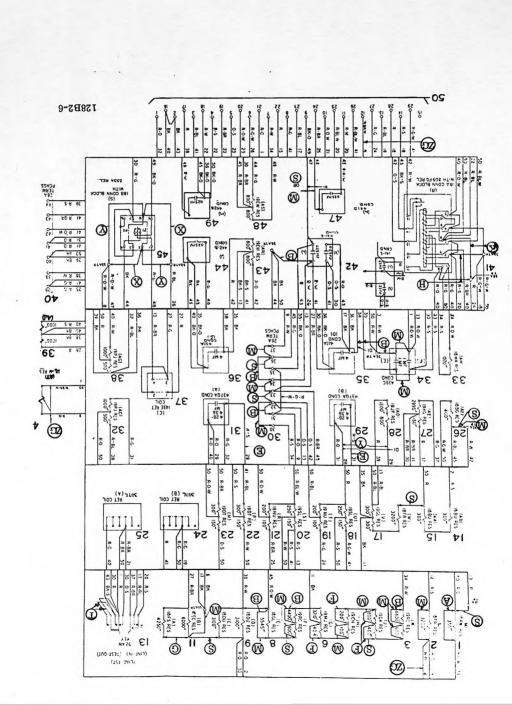
4. OPTIONAL STRAPPING ARRANGEMENTS

OF I	ONAL STRATT Me III	
	Type of Operation	Options
	Single Loop Operation	
(a) (b) (c) (d)	A polarential Tty and subset at drop A polarential Tty and subset at different locations B polarential Tty and subset at drop B polarential Tty and subset at different locations	B,Y,F. B,Y,F. B,X,F. B,X,F.
	Two Loop Operation without Line Relay	
(a) (b) (c) (d)	A polarential with pulling magnet A polarential with holding magnet B polarential with pulling magnet B polarential with holding magnet	A,G,M,Y. G,M,Y. A,M.X. M,X.
()	Two Loop Operation with Line Relay	
	1WO LOOP OPERACION WAS	S.Y.
(a) (b)	A polarential B polarential	G,S,X.
	Additional Options	
(a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h)	60 cycle shunt 2-wire A polarential 2-wire B polarential Equalization Potential ground on 14 Tty Relay kick-off elimination To obtain parallel cts. on 92AW test key Line Balance for:	H K,Y. K N. and para. 3. J E T
	- composite lines over 200 miles long - lines with entrance over 10 miles - simplex cable over 100 miles - simplex cable phantom circuits over 90 miles - circuits with phantom coil midpoint grounded	E

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5.

ption		Description
A	1.	Strap on M resistance. (When M wiring is not used the M resistance the upper term. is open ended and the A strap is not used.)
В	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Strap term. punchings $31\text{-}32$ Strap term. punchings $34\text{-}36$ Strap 4400Ω portion of resistor K. Strap 4400Ω portion of resistor F. Strap out the E resistor. Strap the E resistor to the D resistor. Strap from the L capacitor to term. punching near the AR resistor. Strap from the E capacitor to the D capacitor. Strap from the other term. of the E capacitor to its adjacent term. punch.
Е	1. 2. 3. 4.	Strap R-S wire on capacitor A. Strap R-S wire on capacitor B. If necessary strap terms. 1 to 16 to 17 for A or B polarential. If A polarential is used the upper halves of AD and AN res. may be strapped. If Figure B is used strap from H capacitor to G
F		capacitor. Strap the 400Ω portion of J resistor with Tty and subset at the drop. Strap the 43.4Ω portion of G resistor, H and J resistor to obtain a loop current of 60 to 65 ma if the subset is at another location.
G	1.	Strap the B resistor to the A resistor.
Н	1. 2. 3.	Strap pin 2 of 209 receive relay to adjacent term. punch. Strap pin 6 of 209 receive relay to adjacent term. punch. Strap 60 cycle suppressor as indicated in Figure A and connect it to terms . 38 and 41.



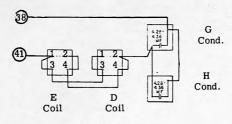
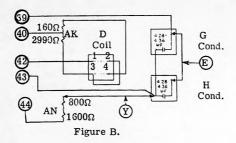


Figure A.

5. Option

Description

J Strap 14 Tty fram to term. 24 on Tty.



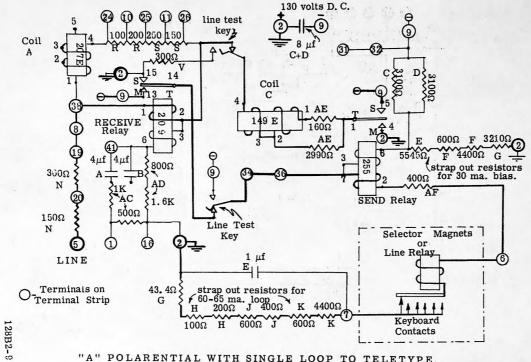
- Strap pin 4 of 255 send relay to adjacent term. punch. K 1.
 - Strap pin 8 of 255 send relay to adjacent term. punch. 2.
 - 3. Strap suppressor as indicated on Figure B and connect to terms. 39, 40, 42, 43 and 44.
- Strap terms. 1 to 16 to 17. L 1.
- 1. M
- Strap put all terms, of F resistor. 2 straps. Strap out all terms, of K resistor. 2 straps. 2.

Strap 600Ω portion of J resistor M 3. 4. Strap 100Ω portion of H resistor 5. Strap out E resistor Strap out L resistor 6. Strap from B res. to adjacent term. punch. 7. Strap from AF res. to adjacent term. punch. 8. Strap from F cond. to E cond. upper terminals. 9. Strap from F cond. to E cond. lower terminals. 10. Strap from L cond. to N cond. 11. Strap from term. punch. 30 to 32. 12. Strap from term. punch. 33 to 34. 13. Strap from term. punch. 36 to 37. 14. Strap out R resistor by strapping terms. 24 to 10 to 25. Strap out S resistor by strapping terms. 25 to 11 to 26. N 1. 2. Strap out T resistor by strapping terms. 27 to 13 to 28. 3. Strap out U resistor by strapping terms. 28 to 14 to 29. 4. The above are strapped to provide best transmission results on circuit. Strap 600Ω portion of F resistor. S 1. 2. Strap 400Ω portion of J resistor. Strap from M resistor to adjacent term. punch. 3. Strap from AF resistor to adjacent term. punching. 5. Strap from C resistor to B resistor. Strap from AA resistor to W resistor. Strap from L capacitor to N capacitor. 7. 8. Strap from term. punch 32 to 33. Strap from term. punch 35 to 36. Strap the 92AW Line Test Key as follows: (from left to T right) Strap term. 5 to 7. 1. 2. Strap term. 6 to 8. Strap from pin 2 of send relay to adjacent term punching. X 1. Strap from pin 6 of send relay to adjacent term punching. 2. Strap from AD resistor to B capacitor. Y Strap from pin 2 of send relay to adjacent term punching. 2. Strapfrom pin 6 of send relay to adjacent term punching. 3. When Figure B is used strap from H cond. to AN resistance. 128B2-8

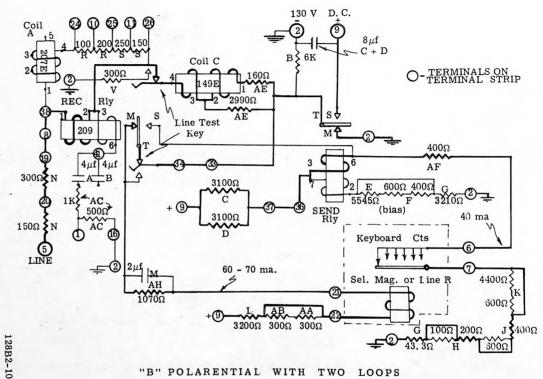
Description

5.

Option



"A" POLARENTIAL WITH SINGLE LOOP TO TELETYPE.



"B" POLARENTIAL WITH TWO LOOPS

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TELETYPE TAPE PRINTER SET FOR STOCK TICKER SERVICE

ADJUSTMENTS

1
2
48
49
51
53
56

GENERAL

- 1.1 This section provides adjusting information for the Teletype Tape
 Printer Set manufactured by Teletype Corporation for use in Stock
 Ticker Service.
 - .2 The illustrations contained herein give the location of clearances, position of parts and point of scale application. Read the adjusting procedure through before making the adjustment or checking the spring tension. After an adjustment has been completed be sure to tighten any screws or nuts which may have been loosened.
 - .3 Reference to <u>left</u> or <u>right</u> in the text indicates the viewer's left or right as he faces the front of the unit.
 - .4 When disengaged, the clutches are latched in their stop position between a trip lever, which bears against a shoe lever, and a latch lever which seats in a notch in a clutch cam disk. The shafts and clutch drums will then turn freely without the clutch shoes dragging. When

the clutch is <u>engaged</u> or <u>tripped</u>, the shoe lever and cam disk stop lug are moved apart, and the clutch shoes are wedged against the drum so that the clutch turns in unison with the shaft.

NOTE: When rotating the main shaft by hand, the clutches will not fully disengage upon reaching the stop position. In order to relieve the drag on the clutch and permit the main shaft to rotate freely, apply pressure on the lug of the clutch disk to permit the latch lever to fully latch. This procedure should be followed prior to applying power to the unit.

- To Manually Operate the Unit: Apply current to the selector coils while the adjustments are being made to hold the armature in the marking position. To manually select rubout combination, push the armature to the rear into the spacing position momentarily to permit the selector clutch to engage. Rotate the main shaft slowly (by means of the handwheel listed in tool bulletin 1124B) until No. 6 push lever has been selected by No. 6 selector lever and No. 6 lever is on the high part of its cam. The levers are numbered 1 to 6 from right to left. Strip levers from under selector levers corresponding to the spacing elements of the code combination to be set up. Let us take, for example, the letter R, which has a code combination of No. 2, 4, marking. By stripping No. 1, 3, 5 and 6 push levers we select R. Then rotate the main shaft until the required condition is set up or character has been cleared through the unit.
- .6 Where a spring does not meet its requirement, replace the spring.
- .7 Where applicable, all adjustments should be made with the related cam follower on that half of the two-cycle cam which causes the clearances to be least, unless otherwise specified.

2. TAPE PRINTER

Range Finder Knob Phasing

TO CHECK: Turn the range finder knob to its extreme right

and left positions.

REQUIREMENT: The 0 mark and 120 mark should overtravel the

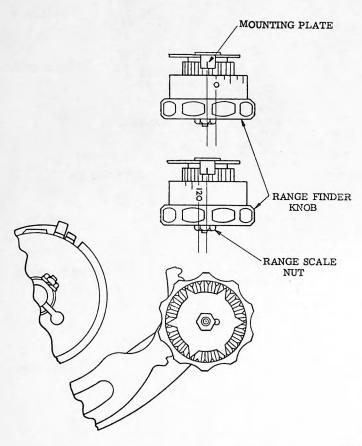
scribed line on the knob mounting plate by an equal

amount.

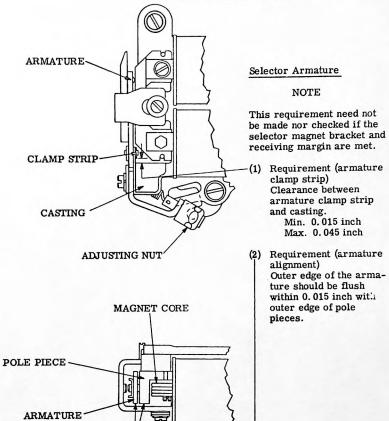
50240S-2

TO ADJUST:

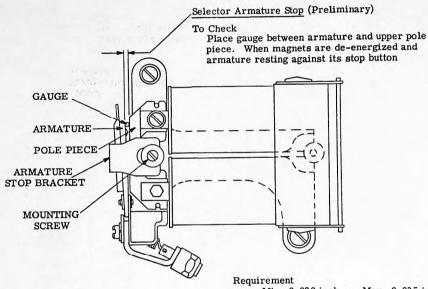
Position range scale knob with its mounting nut loosened.



NOTE: To facilitate making the following adjustments, remove the range finder assembly and selector magnet assembly.



50240S-4



Min. 0.020 inch --- Max. 0.025 inch between the end of the armature and the rear edge of the upper pole piece.

To Adjust
Position the stop bracket with its
mounting screw loosened.

STOP BRACKET

Selector Cam Lubricator

To Check

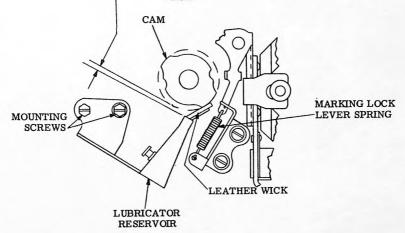
Rotate cam sleeve until high part of selector cam is opposite lubricator tube.

(1) Requirement

The lubricator tube should clear the high part of the cam by at least 0.020 inch.

(2) Requirement

The high part of the selector lever cams should contact the wick but not deflect it more than 1/32 inch.

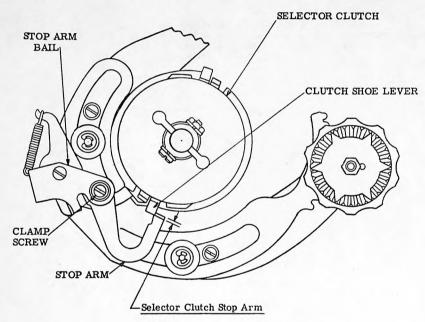


To Adjust

Position the lubricator with its mounting screws loosened.

NOTE: There should be some clearance between the marking lock lever spring and the oil reservoir.

50240S-6



To Check

Set range scale at 60. Place armature in marking position. Disengage the clutch (latch up). Gauge by eye.

Requirement

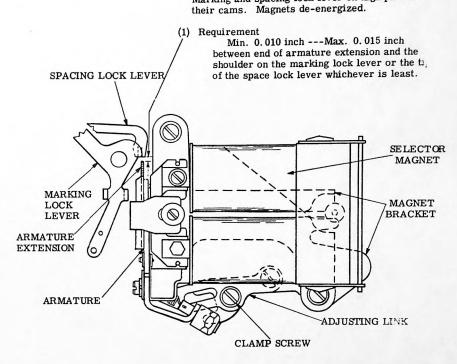
The clutch stop arm should engage the clutch shoe lever by the full thickness of the stop arm.

To Adjust

Position the stop arm with its clamp screw loosened.

Selector Magnet Bracket

To Check
Marking and spacing lock lever on high part of



To Adjust
Position the magnet bracket by means of the adjusting link with magnet bracket mounting screws loosened. Tighten link clamp screw only.

50240S-8

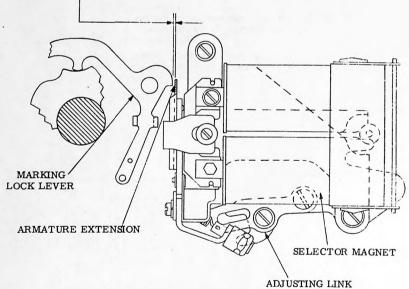
Selector Magnet Bracket (Cont.)

To Check

Marking lock lever on low part of cam. Magnets energized. Armature in contact with both pole pieces.

Requirement

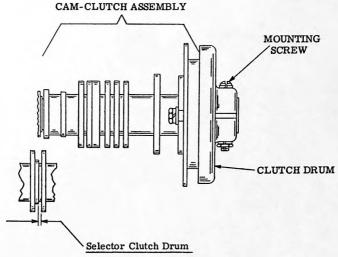
Some to 0.003 inch clearance between rear surface of armature extension and forward surface of the marking lock lever.



To Adjust
Position forward end of magnet bracket with mounting screws loosened.

To Recheck

Rotate selector cam and check for smooth operation of start lever over armature extension. Refine if necessary.



To Check

Latch clutch in stop position. Clutch drum against shoulder on main shaft.

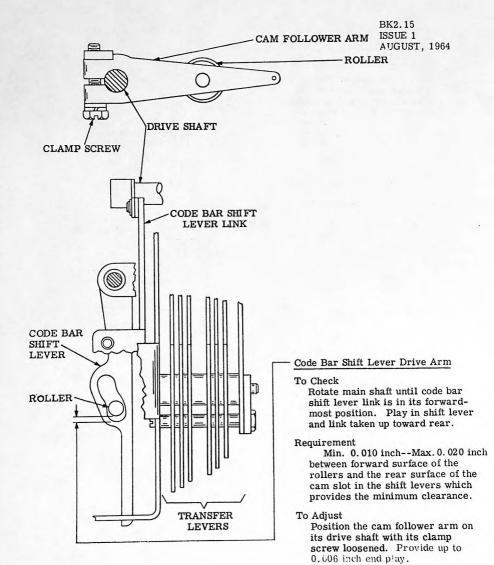
Requirement

Some end play---Max. 0.01C inch between cam-clutch assembly and shoulder on main shaft.

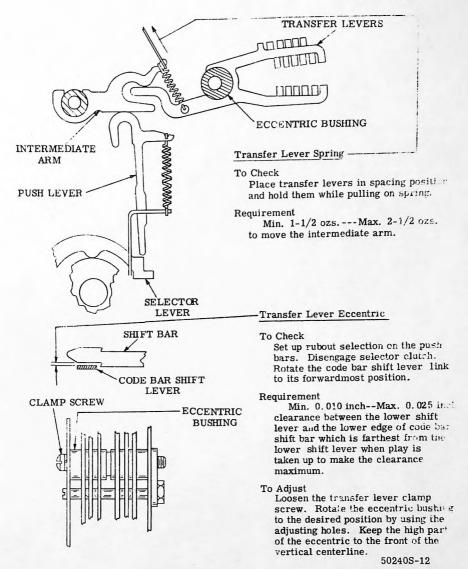
To Adjust

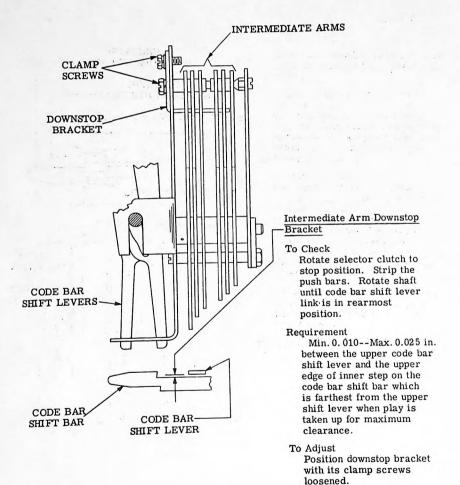
Position clutch drum with mounting screw loosened.

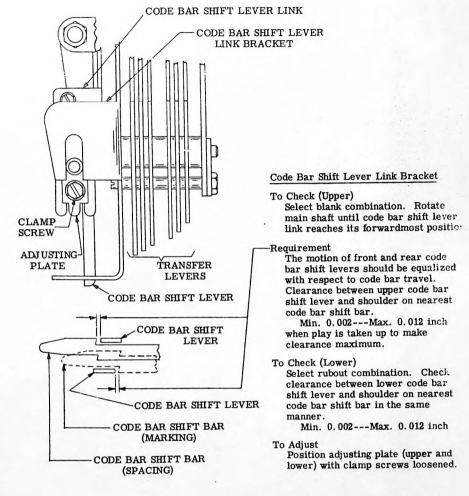
50240S-10

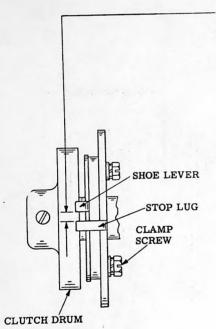


50240S-11









Clutch Shoe Lever (Selector, Code Bar, Function)

To Check

With clutch disengaged and latched in stop position, measure the gap between the clutch shoe lever and stop lug. Trip the clutch and rotate the clutch until the shoe lever is toward rear of unit. Compress the shoe lever against the clutch stop lug and allow it to snap back. Again measure the gap between the shoe lever and lug.

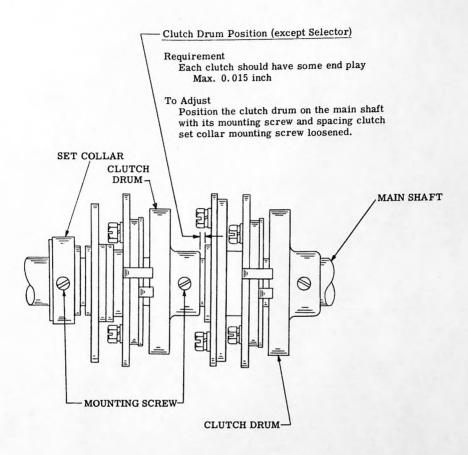
Requirement

The gap between the clutch shoe lever and stop lug should be 0.055 to 0.070 inch greater when clutch is engaged (unlatched) than when it is disengaged (latched). Measure clearance at the stop lug which has the least.

To Adjust

Rotate the adjusting plate by means of a screwdriver or wrench with the plate clamp screws loosened.

Note: After making this adjustment, disengage the clutch, remove the drum screw and rotate the drum in the normal direction. There should be no drag on the drum. If necessary, refine the adjustment toward the maximum clearance.



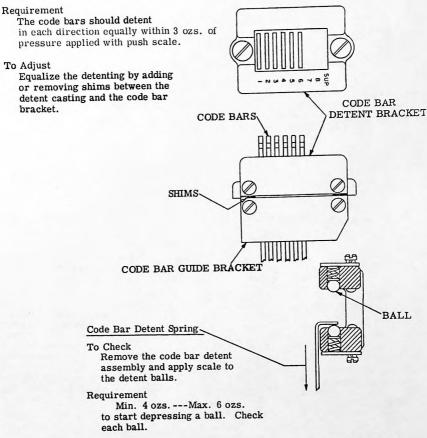
AUGUST, 1964 Code Bar Clutch and Code Bar Clutch and Function Clutch Trip Levers Function Clutch Latch Lever Spring To Check Latch each clutch in stop Requirement position. Min. 5 ozs. ---Max. 7-1/4 ozs. Requirement The clutch trip levers should engage their to move latch lever away from disk. respective clutch shoe lever by the full thickness of the shoe lever, when SPRING checked at the stop position with the least CODE BAR CLUTCH bite. LATCH LEVER To Adjust Position the trip lever on its shaft. With its clamp screw CLAMP SCREW loosened. Leave some end play Max. 0.006 inch-FULL THICKNESS CLUTCH SHOE LEVER-0 CODE BAR CLUTCH TRIP LEVER -Trip Shaft Lever Spring To Check Trip shaft lever on low part of cam. Requirement Min. 1 oz. ---Max. 2 ozs. TRIP SHAFT to start trip shaft LEVER lever moving. SPRING CAM-50240S-17

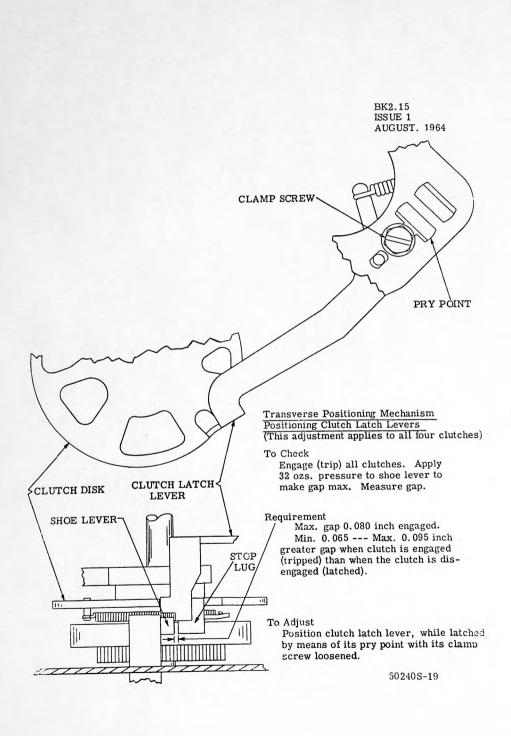
BK2.15 ISSUE 1

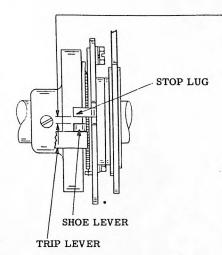
Code Bar Detent

To Check

Select blank, trip code bar clutch and rotate main shaft until all clutches stop. Manually latch all clutches. Apply 32 oz. push scale to #4 code bar. Note pressure required to detent code bar. Rotate shaft until #4 aggregate motion clutch stops. Manually latch #4 clutch. Pull #4 code bar over detent. Note pull required.







Typebox Clutch Shoe Lever

To Check

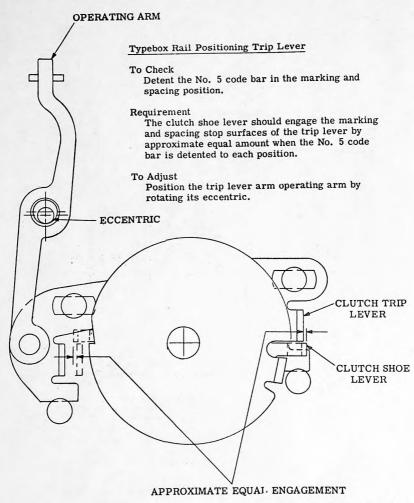
Disengage and latch typebox clutch. Measure gap between shoe lever and stop lug. Trip clutch and again measure the gap while pulling with 32 ozs. pressure against the trip lever to make the gap maximum.

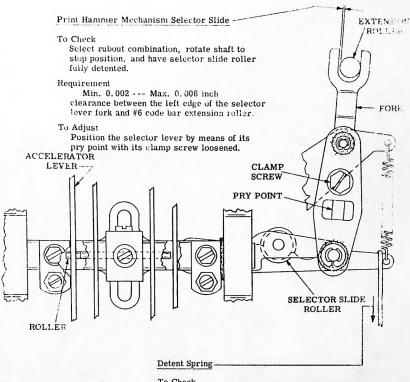
Requirement

There should be Min. 0.055 to 0.070 inch greater gap when clutch is engaged (released) than when the clutch is disengaged (latched).

- To Adjust

Rotate the adjusting plate by means of a screwdriver or wrench with the plate clamp screws loosened.





To Check

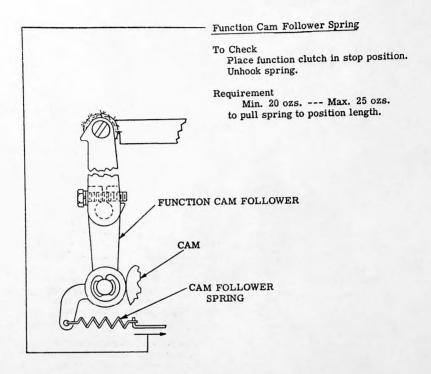
Operate unit to stop position with detent lever fully detented.

Requirement

Min. 2-1/2 ozs. -- - Max. 3-1/4 ozs. to start lever moving.

AUGUST, 1964 Print Hammer Accelerator Trip Lever Overtravel ACCELERATOR To Check Select rubout and rotate main shaft until the print LEVER mechanism cam follower is on high part of the function cam. Requirement Min. some--- Max. 0.010 inch clearance between latch surface of the accelerator and trip latch on the side with least clearance. TRIP Position cam follower on drive shaft with its clamp screw loosened. Refine with **FIGURES** eccentric. ACCELERATOR - ECCENTRIC CLÁMP SCREW DRIVE SHAFT CAM FOLLOWER Code Bar Cam Follower Spring To Check (A) Place code bar clutch in stop position. Unhook code bar cam follower spring from CAM follower. FOLLOWER Requirement SPRING Min. 11 ozs. --- Max. 14 ozs. to pull spring to installed length.

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Print Hammer Trip Lever -

To Check

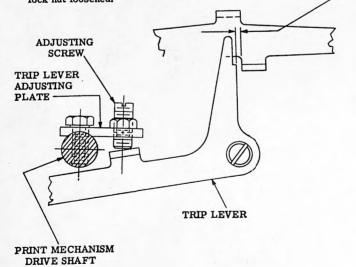
Place unit in stop position and manually raise the accelerator lever so that its latch extension lines up with the latching surface of the latch lever.

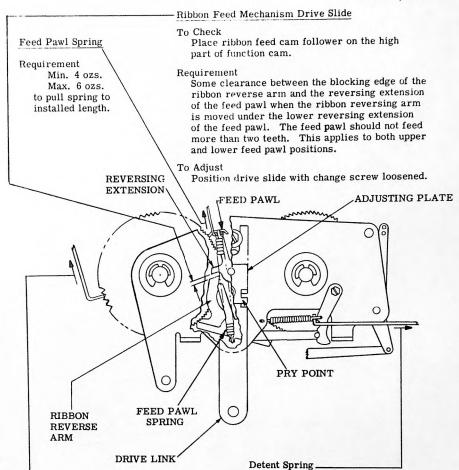
Requirement

Min. 0.005 --- Max. 0.015 inch clearance between latch lever and accelerator extension. This applies to both latches.

To Adjust

Rotate the adjusting screw in the adjusting plate with its lock nut loosened.





Ribbon Ratchet Wheel Torsion

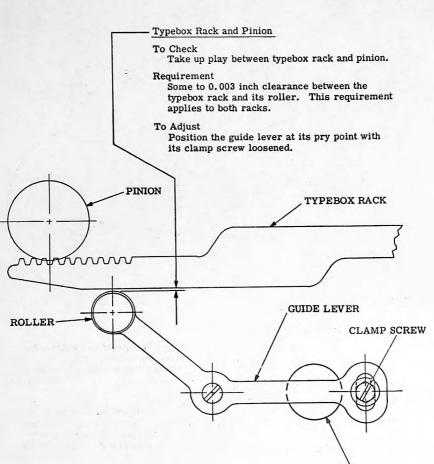
Requirement
Min. 1 oz. --- Max. 3 ozs.
to start ratchet wheel moving.

To Check

Place detent in either fully detented position.

Requirement

Min. 2 ozs. --- Max. 4 ozs. to pull spring to installed length.

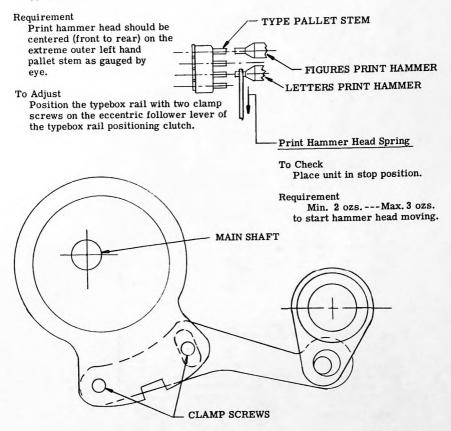


PRY POINT

Typebox Alignment (Front to Rear)

To Check

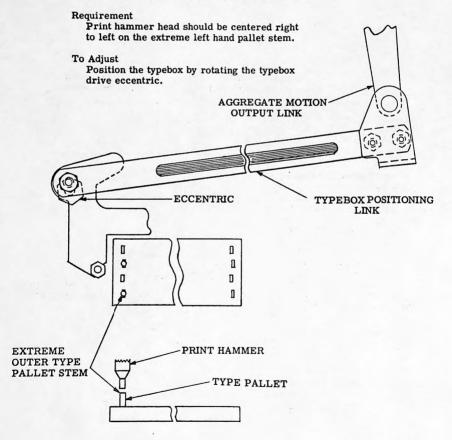
Select No. 5 and No. 6 marking and place unit in stop position. Push Figures print hammer down against type pallet stem.

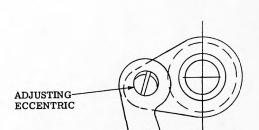


Typebox Alignment (Transverse)

To Check

Select No. 5 and No. 6 marking and rotate mainshaft until Figures print hammer trips. Push Figures print hammer down against type pallet stem.





Character Alignment

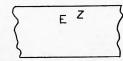
To Check Select two character combinations E Z.

Requirement

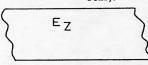
Characters should be in line within 0.006 inch maximum.

To Adjust

Position the eccentric on the typebox rail drive arm so that the slot is aligned vertically and the large chamfer on its head is facing upward. Under power, select E (1 marking) and Z (1-5 marking). If the E is higher than Z, turn eccentric screw clockwise. If Z is higher than E, turn eccentric screw counterclockwise. Recheck typebox alignment (front to rear).



Turn adjusting screw clockwise.



Turn adjusting eccentric counterclockwise.

Tape Margin

To Check

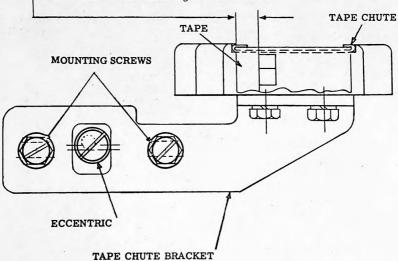
Hold the tape against the rear edge of the tape guide.

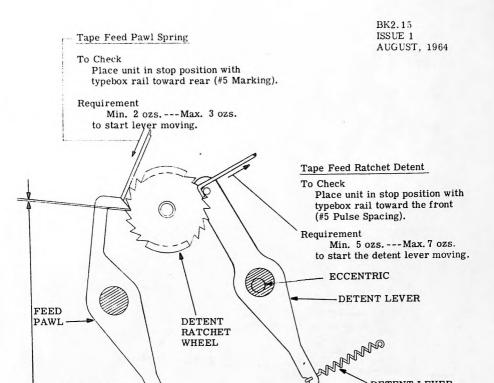
Requirement

The margin between the top edge of the tape and the top edge of the letter T
Min. 0.170 inch---Max. 0.210 inch

To Adjust

Position the mounting bracket by means of the eccentric with the bracket mounting screws loosened.





Tape Feed Wheel Detent

To Check

FEED PAWL

SPRING

CHARLEY (

Trip code bar clutch, rotate main shaft until feed pawl just contacts ratchet tooth. Step feed shaft to detented position Rotate main shaft until feed pawl is in lowest position.

Requirement

Feed pawl should advance feed ratchet one full tooth with minimum perceptible overtravel beyond fully detented position.

To Adjust

Position detent by rotating the detent eccentric. Note: If necessary, loosen clamp screw on feed arm hub and take up play in hole to favor adjustment.

50240S-32

DETENT LEVER

SPRING

Typebox Alignment

Requirement

The impression printed by a type pallet should be equal at the top and bottom of the characters. Gauged by eye.

To Adjust Position the typebox carriage so that the adjusting screw is accessible. LOCK NUT Loosen its lock nut. Operate the printer with the characters E-7/8. If the impression at the top of the character is light, turn the screw in. If ADJUSTING SCREW the impression at the bottom of the character is light, turn screw out. TYPEBOX CARRIAGE ROLLER ARM SPRING. TYPEBOX CARRIAGE 0 ١ 0 ГГ 0 0 TYPEBOX Typebox Carriage Roller Arm Spring

Requirement

Min. 15 ozs. --- Max. 20 ozs. to start front roller nearest typebox latch moving away from carriage track.

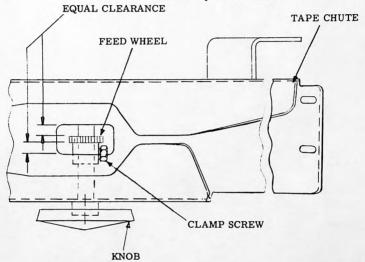
Tape Feed Wheel Centering

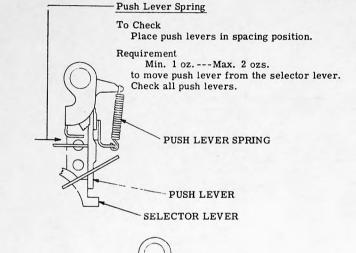
Requirement

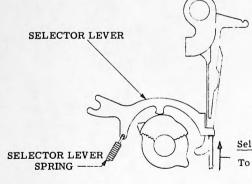
The tape feed wheel should be centered within the tape chute opening as gauged by eye.

To Adjust

Position the feed wheel on its shaft with its clamp screw loosened.







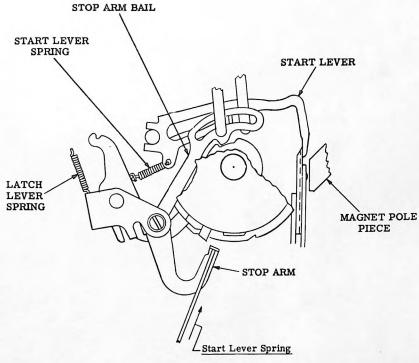
Selector Lever Spring

To Check

Rotate shaft until push lever reset bail is latched up on lever guide, and selector levers on high part of their cams.

Requirement

Min. 1-1/2 ozs. -- Max. 2-1/2 ozs. to start each lever moving.

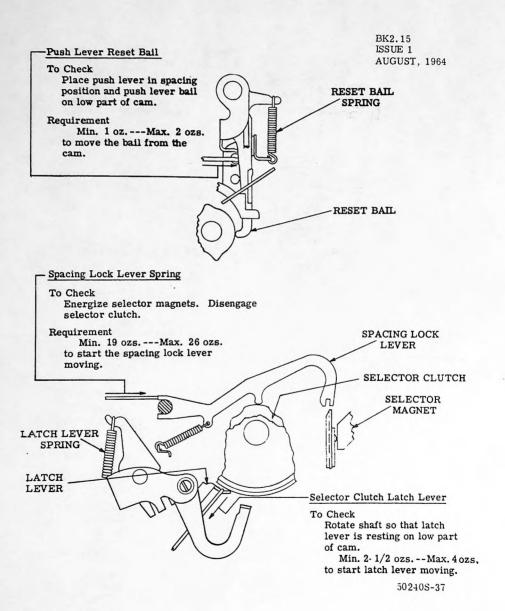


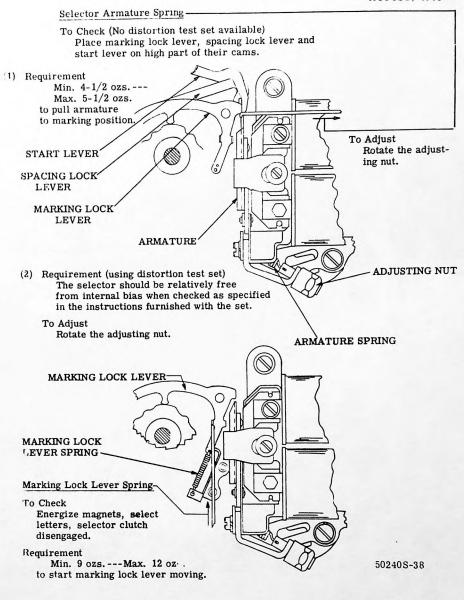
To Check

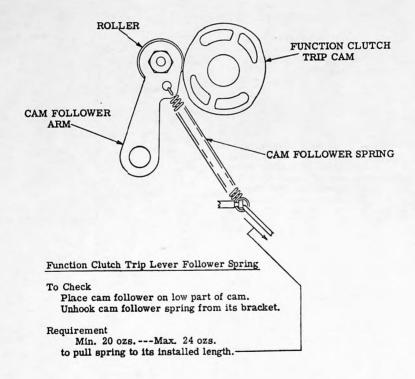
Unhook latch lever spring. Rotate shaft until stop arm bail is in the indent of its cam. Set range scale at 60.

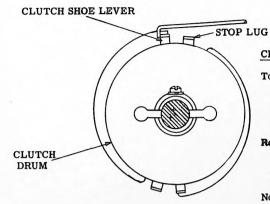
Requirement

Min. 9-1/2 ozs. --- Max. 13 ozs. to start the stop arm moving.









Clutch Shoe Lever Spring

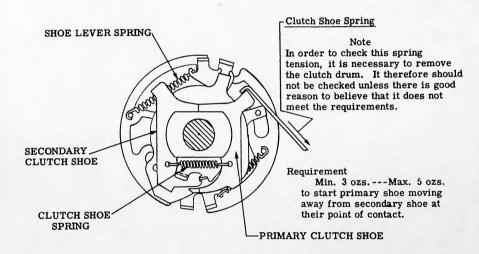
To Check
Engage (trip) the clutch. Hold
the drum. Hook a scale to shoe
lever and pull tangent to the

clutch.

Requirement

Min. 16 ozs. --- Max. 22 ozs. to move the shoe lever into contact with stop lug.

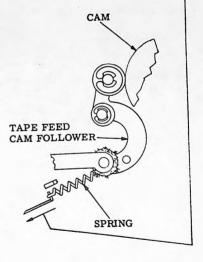
Note: This requirement applies to all mainshaft clutches.

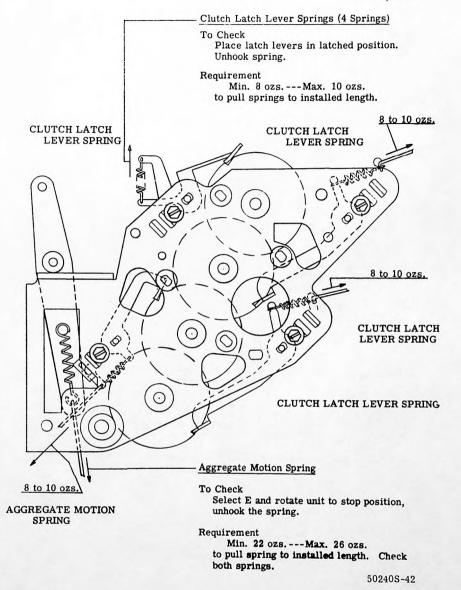


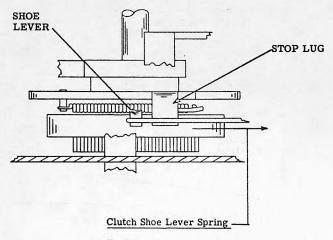
Tape Feed - Ribbon Feed Cam Follower Spring -

To Check Unhook the function cam follower spring from its bracket.

Requirement
Min. 11 ozs. --- Max. 14 ozs.
to pull spring to installed length.

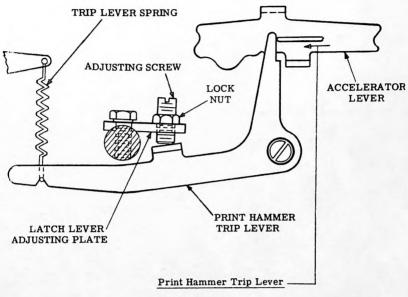






To Check
Trip clutch so that it is engaged. Hold clutch.

Requirement
Min. 9 ozs. --- Max. 11 ozs.
to move shoe lever into contact with
the stop lug.



To Check
Place unit in stop position.

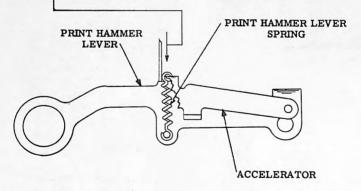
Requirement
Min. 3 ozs.---Max. 5 ozs.
to start lever moving away from
the accelerator.

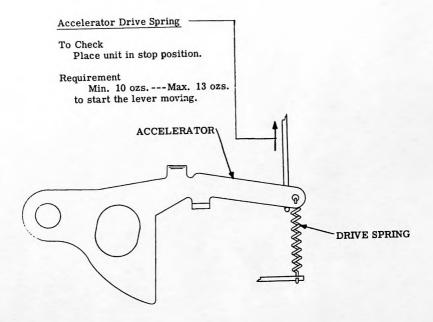
Print Hammer Lever Spring

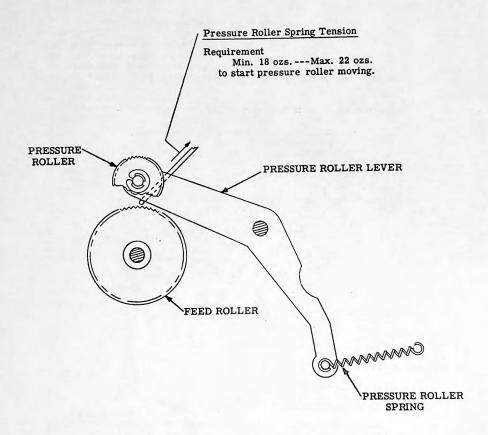
To Check Place unit in stop position.

Requirement

Min. 1 oz. --- Max. 2 ozs. to move lever away from accelerator.



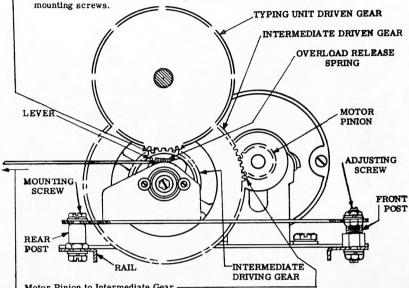




Intermediate Shaft Assembly Position

Barely perceptible amount of backlash between the typing unit gear and the intermediate driving gear at the closest point.

Loosen the screws which secure the intermediate gear assembly mounting post to the rear rail. Loosen the nut on the adjusting screw of the front mounting post and position the intermediate gear assembly. Tighten the rear post



Motor Pinion to Intermediate Gear

Requirement

Barely perceptible amount of backlash between motor pinion and intermediate gear at closest point.

To Adjust

Raise or lower the intermediate gear assembly with the adjusting screw on the front post. Refine the intermediate shaft assembly position if necessary to obtain quiet operation.

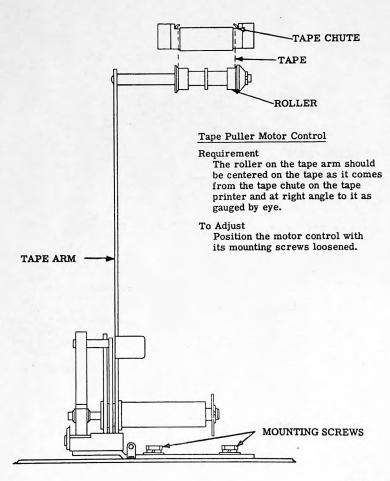
Overload Release Mechanism Spring

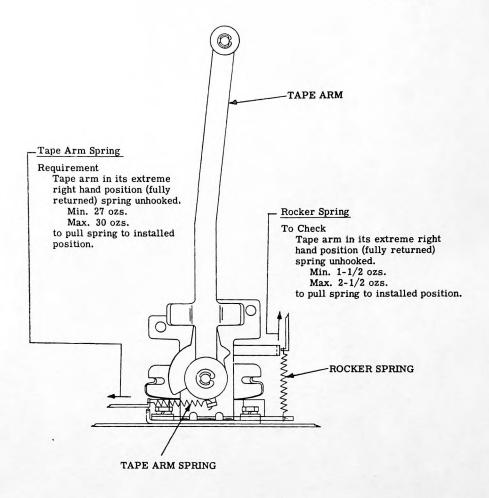
To Check

Hold plate of overload release mechanism stationary Min. 40 ozs. --- Max. 64 ozs.

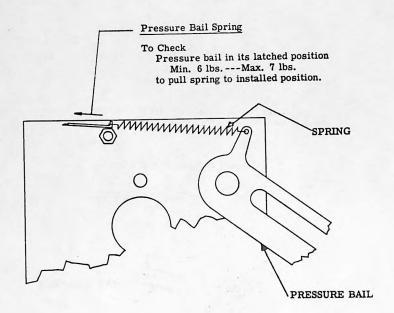
to start lever moving.

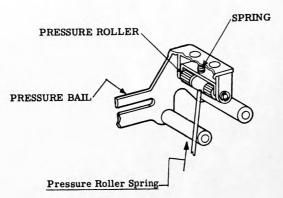
4. PROJECTOR TAPE PRINTER





5. TAPE PULLER





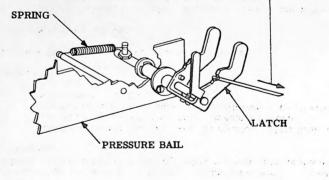
To Check
Pressure bail in unlatched position.

Requirement
Min. 9-1/2 ozs. ---Max. 14 ozs.
to start the pressure roller moving upward when
the force is applied in the center of the roller.

Latch Bail Spring

To Check Unlatch the bail.

Requirement
Min. 9 ozs.---Max. 13 ozs.
to start latch bail moving away from
its stop.



6. DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY

- 6.1 The disassembly outlined in this paragraph will break the Tape Printer down into major assemblies and mechanisms. For further disassembly refer to Teletype Parts Bullet in 1194B. To reassemble the mechanisms, reverse the procedure used in disassembly.
- .2 Retaining rings are made of spring steel and have a tendency to release suddenly. To avoid loss of these rings when removing them proceed as follows:

Hold the retaining ring to prevent its rotation. Place blade of screwdriver in one of ring's slots. Rotate screwdriver in direction to increase diameter. Ring will then come off easily in fingers without flying.

6.3 Disassembly

- 6.3.1 Typebox To remove, trip latch and pull typebox out.
 - .2 To remove double print hammer:
 - (a) Remove locknut, lockwasher, feltwasher, spacer and screw from print hammer drive link at rear connection.
 - (b) Remove the three mounting screws.
 - (c) Remove double print hammer assembly.
 - .3 To remove top plate assembly:
 - (a) Remove retaining ring from function cam follower shaft.
 - (b) Remove function cam follower arm spring.
 - (c) Slide the function cam follower shaft until it clears the bearing on casting of top plate assembly.
 - (d) Remove four mounting screws on top plate.
 - (e) Remove top plate assembly.

NOTE: The ball bearings in the top plate assembly have been assembled

- 6.3.3 NOTE: and locked in place on their respective links and eccentrics at the factory. Serious damage to the bearings may result from an attempt to remove them.
 - .4 To remove selector assembly:
 - (a) Remove the selector cover plate.
 - (b) Remove locknut, lockwashers and screw from selector clutch
 - (c) Place stripper bail on its shoulder.
 - (d) Hold the mark-lock lever up and remove clutch and cam assembly.
 - (e) Remove electrical leads.
 - (f) Remove the four mounting screws.
 - (g) Remove selector assembly.
 - .5 To remove ribbon feed assembly:
 - (a) Remove ribbon.
 - (b) Remove ring retainer and felt washer from ribbon feed drive link.
 - (c) Remove ribbon feed mechanism.
 - .6 To remove code bar assembly:
 - (a) Remove code bar extension retaining bracket.
 - (b) Remove code bar extensions.
 - (c) Remove the four mounting screws (two in each side plate).
 - (d) Remove code bar assembly.
 - .7 To remove transfer lever assembly:
 - (a) Remove the two remaining mounting screws.

- 6.3.7 (b) Remove the ring retainer from the code bar shift lever drive arm.
 - (c) Remove the transfer lever assembly.
 - .8 To remove main shaft assembly:
 - (a) Unhook the code bar cam follower arm spring.
 - (b) Remove bearing clamp screws and remove bearing clamps.
 - (c) Remove locknut, lockwasher and eccentric shoulder screw from the typebox rail positioning clutch arm.
 - (d) Remove the locknut, lockwashers and screws from the typebox rail positioning clutch drum and collar and slide the clutch assembly to the left.
 - (e) Remove the main shaft assembly.
 - .9 To remove typebox rail positioning shaft:
 - (a) Remove the gear on each end of the shaft.
 - (b) Remove the bearing clamp brackets on each end of the shaft.
 - (c) Remove the typebox rail positioning shaft.
 - (d) Remove the typebox rail by removing its four mounting screws.
 - .10 To remove tape chute and platen assembly:
 - (a) Remove the two screws and lockwashers on the platen mounting bracket on the left side plate.
 - (b) Remove the tape chute mounting screw washer and lockwasher from the front plate.
 - (c) Remove the tape chute and platen assembly.
 - .11 To remove the front plate assembly:
 - (a) Disconnect the tape and ribbon feed drive link by removing the ring retainer.

- 6.3.11 (b) Remove the four shoulder mounting screws.
 - (c) Remove front plate assembly.
 - .12 To remove the clutch trip mechanism assembly:
 - (a) Remove the two screws mounting the bearing bracket to the rectangular bar.
 - (b) Remove the two screws mounting trip mechanism casting to the rectangular bar.
 - (c) Remove the one screw and one post mounting the trip mechanism casting to the left side frame.
 - (d) Remove the clutch trip mechanism assembly.
 - .13 To remove the side frame assemblies:
 - (a) Remove the two mounting screws for the hexangle tie bar and remove bar.
 - (b) Remove the four mounting screws for the rectangular tie bar and remove bar.
 - 6.4 Reassembly
 - 6.4.1 To assemble unit, reverse the steps given above taking the following precautions:
 - (a) Typebox rail positioning rack and pinion: Align hole in rack with V notch in gear flange.
 - (b) Top Plate Assembly: Take up play to the rear of the unit when assembling top plate in order to make gear clearance maximum.
 - (c) Completely readjust unit in accordance with the instructions given in paragraphs 1 to 5.

7. LUBRICATION

7.1 General

7.1.1 Lubricate the typing unit before storing or placing it in service. After

- 7.1.1 100 hours of operation, relubricate freely to make certain that all points receive ample lubrication.
 - .2 Readjust the unit.
 - .3 Relubricate thereafter every 500 hours of operation or every three months, whichever comes first.
 - .4 Use Teletype KS7470 oil and KS7471 grease.
 - .5 General Lubrication.
 - (a) All pivot points one or two drops of oil.
 - (b) All coil springs one drop of oil.
 - (c) All felt oilers saturate with oil.
 - (d) All gear teeth light film of grease.
 - (e) All cams two drops of oil (not grease).
 - (f) All sliding surfaces two drops of oil.
 - (g) Keep all surfaces between magnet pole piece and armature free from oil. To remove any oil or foreign matter that may be present and insure better operation, pull a piece of paper between the armature and pole pieces (energize the magnet). Make certain that no lint or pieces of paper remain between the pole pieces and armature.

7.2 Specific Lubrication Points

(a)

7.2.1	Clutches:		Oil
	(a)	Internal mechanism	Oil
	(b)	Disk camming surfaces	Oil
	(c)	Felt wick	Oil
. 2	Selec	tor Assembly	

Push lever guide bearing (6 slots) Oil

7.2.2	(b)	Push levers; engaging surfaces	Oil	
	(c)	Lock levers; guide slots	Oil	
	(d)	Selector and push lever guide slots	Oil	
	(e)	Lever guide bearing slots	Oil	
	(f)	Cam lubricator assembly	Oil - fill	
	(g)	Cam sleeve bearings (2 oil holes)	Oil	
	(h)	All felt washers or lubricators	Oil	
	(i)	Selector cams - each cam	Oil	
	(j)	Spring hooks - each end	Oil	
	(k)	Tip of armature extension	Oil	
	NOTE:	Care should be taken so that oil does no not be thrown between the armature and	t get between, or will magnet pole piece.	
.3		f range scale knob assembly gear and internal detent)	Thin film of grease	
. 4	Transfer Lever Assembly			
	(a)	Transfer levers - bearings and working surfaces.	Oil	
	(b)	Intermediate levers - bearings, guides and working surfaces.	Oil	
	(c)	Scissors levers - bearings, guides and working surfaces.	Oil	
	(d)	Code bar shift lever - bearings, rollers, guide, felt oilers (3).	Oil	
	(e)	Code bar shift lever drive arm shaft - 3 drops oil in oil hole.		

7.2.5 Code Bar Clutch Stop Lever Shaft Bearing - felt oilers - saturate with oil. (a) Clutch trip lever - felt oilers - saturate with oil. (b) Code Bar Assembly .6 Oil (a) Guides Oil Detents (b) Oil (c) Connecting extensions .7 Main Shaft Assembly Oil Code bar cam surface (a) Oil Function cam surface (b) Oil (c) Function clutch trip cam surface Grease Gears (d) Typebox rail positioning eccentric Oil (e) Clutch Trip Mechanism .8 Oil (a) Spring ends Oil Trip lever (b) Latch levers Oil (c) Function clutch trip cam follower roller Oil (d) Oil (e) Function clutch trip cam follower pivot Oil Function cam follower roller (2) (f) Function cam follower pivot Oil (g) Tape ribbon feed drive arm pivots Oil (h)

7.2.8	(i)	Typebox rail positioning clutch stop slide - sliding surfaces	Oil	
	(j)	Type rail positioning clutch trip linkage - working surfaces	Oil	
.9	Typeb	ox Rail Positioning Mechanism		
	(a)	Drive arm pivot	Oil	
	(b)	Cross shaft ball bearings	Oil	
	(c)	Rack and pinion (2)	Grease	
	(d)	Rack guide (2)	Oil	
.10	Tape Feed Mechanism			
	(a)	Drive shaft bearings (2)	Oil	
	(b)	Drive arm pivots	Oil	
	(c)	Tape feed pawl and ratchet	Oil	
	(d)	Tape feed wheel detent	Oil	
	(e)	Tape feed wheel shaft	Oil	
	(f)	Pressure roller bearing surface	Grease	
	(g)	Pressure roller arm pivot	Oil	
	(h)	Spring ends	Oil	
.11	Ribbon Feed Mechanism			
	(a)	Spring hook ends	Oil	
	(b)	Ribbon rollers	Oil	
	(c)	Feed pawl pivot	Oil	
	(d)	Reversing arms	Oil	

7

7.2.11	(e)	Drive link working surfaces	Grease
	(f)	Reversing lever retaining pawl	Oil
	(g)	Ratchet shafts	Oil
.12	Double	Print Hammer Assembly	
	(a)	Spring hook ends	Oil
	(b)	Drive link pivots	Oil
	(c)	Drive shaft bearings	Oil
	(d)	Latch lever contact surfaces	Grease
	(e)	Latch lever latch surfaces	Oil
	(f)	Felt washer inside drive block	Oil (Saturate)
	(g)	Accelerator and print lever pivot shaft	Oil
	(h)	Print hammer plunger pivot Print hammer plunger guide	Oil Oil
	(i)	Accelerator lever cam surfaces	Grease
	(j)	Selecting tee guide	Oil
	(k)	Selector slide guide	Oil
	(1)	Detent lever surfaces	Oil
	(m)	Detent roller	Oil
	(n)	Selector lever pivot	Oil
	(o)	Selector lever fork	Oil
	(p)	#6 code bar extension roller	Oil

7.2.13 Top Plate Assembly

(a)	Aggregate motion clutches (4)	Oil	
	 Disk camming surfaces Internal mechanism Felt wick 	Oil Oil Oil	
(b)	Clutch trip slides (4)		
	Sliding surfaces	Oil	
(c)	Clutch trip lever pivots and working surfaces	Oil	
(d)	Latch lever pivots	Oil	
(e)	Eccentric shafts (at gears)	Oil	
(f)	Gears	Grease	
(g)	Drive shaft bearing felt wick (in casting)	Oil	
(h)	Top thrust bearing	Oil	
(i)	Oilite pivot on aggregate motion linkage	Oil	
(j)	Aggregate motion guide block surfaces	Oil	
(k)	Spring anchors	Oil	
(1)	Bail bearings are lubricated by the manufacturer and are not expected to require relubricating during the life of the unit.		
NOTE:	On no account may the unit be washed in degreaser as this will destroy the lubrication of the bearings, and traces of degreaser remaining in the bearings will make relubrication ineffective.		





PLANT MANUAL BK2.16 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 JULY, 1966

HIGH SPEED TAPE FUNCH SET (BRPE)

ADJUSTMENTS

PAGE
1 3 4 24

GENERAL

- 1.1 The information given in this section applies to late-design Punches. The manufacture of late-design equipment began in 1959 and includes the following coded units:
 Punch Units BRPE7 and up; Bases BRPEB6 and up; and Covers BRPEC200 and up. Early-design equipment consists of BRPE1 through 5 and BRPEB1 through 5. Information on early-design equipment is given in paragraph 4.
 - References in the text to left or right indicates the viewers left or right as he faces the front of the equipment. He is facing the front when the tape reel and tape rollers are on his right and the tape cutter is on his left (see Figure 1). Pivot points are shown in the drawings by circles or ellipses which are solid black to indicate fixed points and crosshatched to indicate floating points.
 - .3 Refer to Teletype Bulletin 215B for installation instructions, equipment description and principles of operation. For parts information refer to Teletype Bulletin 1145B.
 - The Punch will require less maintenance and provide more satisfactory service if it is used properly. Although it will perforate tape at speeds less than the operating speed to increase operating life, the lovest suitable operating speed should be used. For example, if perforation is not to occur at a rate over 60 characters per second, drive parts providing 63.3 ops should be employed rather than those providing 110 cps. The Punch will accommodate most page tapes. However, standard teletypewriter paper tape is recommended because it is impregnated with oil which lubricates the punch pins. The equipment is subject to more wear when it is idling, i.e., running but not perforating tape. Therefore it should be turned off during period of idleness either manually or by the control circuits.

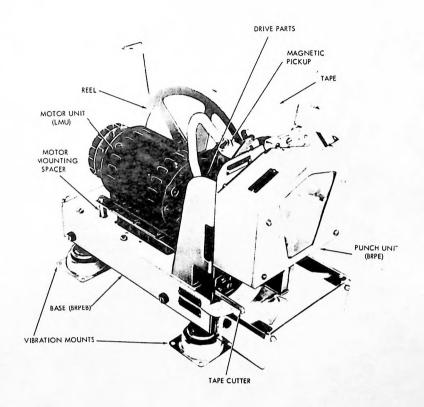


FIGURE 1. HIGH SPEED TAPE PUNCH

1.5 The Punch should be cleaned periodically, but care should be taken to avoid damaging or distorting delicate springs and thus reducing their tension. Inspect the equipment at intervals for conditions that might cause trouble later. Check the tightness of all wiring connections at terminal boards and connectors. Make sure that the nuts and screws that lock the adjustments are tight. Oxidized (red) metal dust near bearing surfaces may indicate insufficient clearance, a condition that should be rectified immediately. Manual operation is outlined in paragraph 2.6 below, should accompany inspection. Maintenance may require that the Punch be disassembled, as instructed in Section 3, to make certain adjustments and to replace parts. It is very important that the equipment be thoroughly lubricated at regular intervals in accordance with Section 6.

2. GENERAL ADJUSTING INFORMATION

- 2.1 Paragraph 3 (pages 3 through 23) covers adjustments and spring tensions for late-design Punches (BRPE7 and up), while paragraph 4 (pages 24 through 33) covers this material for early-design equipment (BRPE5 and lower).
- .2 In the adjustments and spring tensions covered in this section locating of clearances, position of parts and point and angle of scale applications are illustrated by drawings. Requirements and procedures are set forth in the texts that accompany the drawings. The sequence of the adjustments is that which should be followed when complete readjustment of the Set is undertaken. The letters of the alphabet in parenthesis which precede the texts indicate the sequence to be followed on the individual pages. A procedure should be read all the way through before making the adjustment or testing the spring tension. If any adjustment is changed, related adjustments should be checked.
- Tools required to make the adjustments and test the spring tensions are not supplied with the equipment, but are listed in Teletype Bulletin 1124B. If parts are removed, all adjustments which the removal of these parts might facilitate should be made before the parts are replaced. When a part mounted on shims is removed, the number of shims at each mounting screw should be noted so that identical pile ups can be made when the part is replaced. Unless it is specifically stated to the contrary, after an adjustment has been made, all nuts and screws that were loosened should be tightened.

- 2.4 The spring tensions given in this bulletin are indications, not exact values, and should be check with Teletype scales in the positions shown in the drawings. Springs which do not meet the requirements and for which there are no adjusting procedures should be discarded and replaced by new springs.
 - .5 All contact points should meet squarely. Smaller points should fall wholly within the circumference of larger mating points. Points that are the same size should not be out of alignment more than 25 per cent of the point diameter. Avoid sharp kinks or bends in the contact springs.
 - .6 Before proceeding with the adjustments, remove the Cover, (if present) by simply lifting it from the Base, and take off the Punch Unit cover by removing its four mounting screws. Rotate the main shaft slowly in its normal direction (clockwise as viewed from the front) and activate all movable elements. Check for freedom of movement and eliminate any binds. The shaft should be rotated to set up the conditions required in the adjusting procedures.

CAUTION

Improperly adjusted equipment may be seriously damaged in a matter of seconds if operated under power.

3. LATE DESIGN PUNCH UNIT

- 3.1 Synchronization Pulse Orientation
- 3.1.1 The Flywheel may be oriented in 60-degree steps with respect to main shaft. This provides an option of six initial positions from which various combinations of operating speeds, magnets, and control-circuit delays may be accommodated.
- 3.2 Determining O'clock Position
- 3.2.1 Combine attract time of magnets and delay time of control circuits to obtain time (T) in milliseconds (MS) at which armatures are fully attracted after pickup fires when set at rance 30.
 - .2 Locate T on time scale at lower left of Figure 2. Extend a line horizontally to right until it intersects line representing operating speed of Punch Unit in operations per second (CPS).
 - .3 Extend a line vertically upward from this point until it intersects one of the O'clock lines.

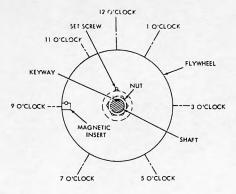


FIGURE 2.

3.2.4 Extend a line from this point horizontally to left until it intersects scale at upper left. This point represents position of toggle linkages in degrees when armatures reach fully attracted position. It should fall within selection interval. Use o'clock position represented by intersected line in positioning flywheel as instructed below.

3.3 Positioning Flywheel

- 3.3.1 View unit from front. Rotate flywheel until set screw is in 12 o'clock position. If magnetic insert is not at o'clock position deterimined above, loosen flywheel nut and remove set screw.
 - .2 Position shaft so that keyway is in 12 o'clock position. Hold shaft in this position and rotate flywheel so that magnetic insert is at o'clock position determined above.
 - .3 Insert set screw in hole in hub at 12 o'clock position and tighten just enough to hold flywheel in position. Tighten nut. Tighten set screw securely.

3.3.3 EXAMPLE:

- (A) Assume that Punch Unit is to operate at speed of 110 ops that attract time of nagnets is 2 ms and delay of control circuits is 1 ms. Combined time (T) is thus 3 ms.
- (B) Locate 3 on time scale in Figure 2. Extend a line from 3 to right until it intersects 110 ops line.
- (C) Extend a line vertically upward from this point. As can be seen in Figure 2, line intersects 9 o'clock line.
- (D) When a line is extended to left from this point, it intersects scale at 319°. Thus toggle linkages are in selection interval when magnets reach fully attracted position.
- (E) Position flywheel at 5 o'clock as instructed under positioning flywheel &bove.

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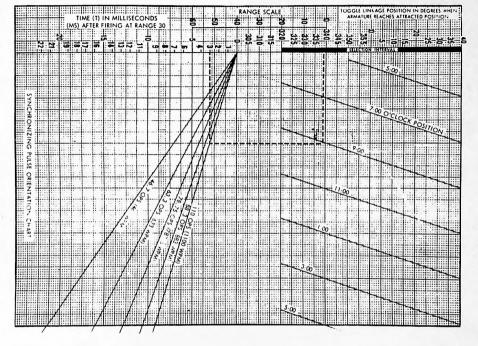
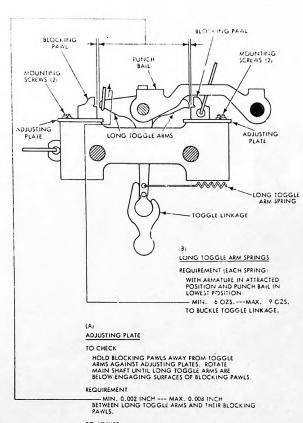


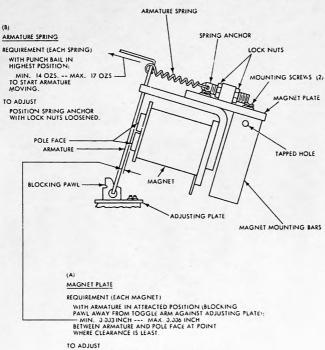
FIGURE 3.



TO ADJUST

POSITION ADJUSTING PLATES WITH MOUNTING SCREWS LOOSENED.

FIGURE 4.



O ADJUST

MAKE CERTAIN THAT TAPPED HOLES IN MOUNTING BARS MATCH HOLES IN PUNCH UNIT COVER. IF NOT, POSITION BARS BY LOOSENING TWO MOUNTING SCREWS AT REAR. HOLD ARMATURE IN ATTRACTED POSITION AND POSITION MAGNET PLATE WITH MOUNTING SCREWS LOOSENED. RECHECK REQUIREMENT.

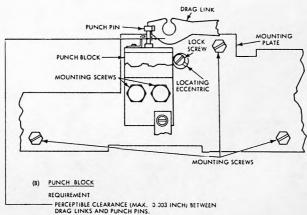
FIGURE 5.

BK2.16 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 JULY, 1966 RETAINING PLATE MOUNTING SCREWS (2). NOTE: - PUNCH BLOCK IF PUNCH BLOCK IS REMOVED FROM UNIT FOR ANY REASON, MAKE PUNCH PIN ADJUSTMENT BEFORE REPLACING IT. (A) PUNCH PIN REQUIREMENT PUNCH PINS SHOULD MOVE FREELY IN PUNCH BLOCK WITH MINIMUM CLEARANCE BETWEEN PUNCH PINS AND RETAINING PLATE.

TO ADJUST

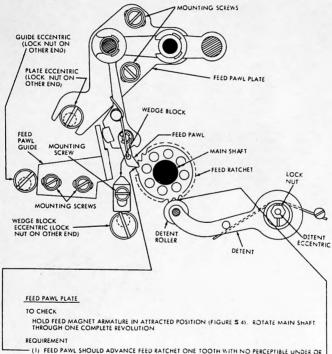
POSITION RETAINING PLATE WITH MOUNTING SCREWS LOOSENED.

CAUTION: DO NOT ATTEMPT TO ADJUST PUNCH BLOCK DIE PLATE.



TO ADJUST POSITION MOUNTING PLATE WITH MOUNTING SCREWS LOOSENED. TO REFINE ADJUSTMENT, LOOSEN PUNCH BLOCK MOUNTING SCREWS AND POSITION PUNCH BLOCK LOCATING ECCENTRIC WITH ITS LOCK SCREW LOOSENED. CHECK EACH PIN TO SEE THAT IT IS FREE FROM BINDS.

FIGURE 6.



 (1) FEED PAWL SHOULD ADVANCE FEED RATCHET ONE TOOTH WITH NO PERCEPTIBLE UNDER OR OVER TRAVEL.
 (2) DETENT ROLLER SHOULD FULLY DETENT FEED RATCHET.

(2) DETENT ROLLER SHOULD FULLY DETENT FEED RATCHET.

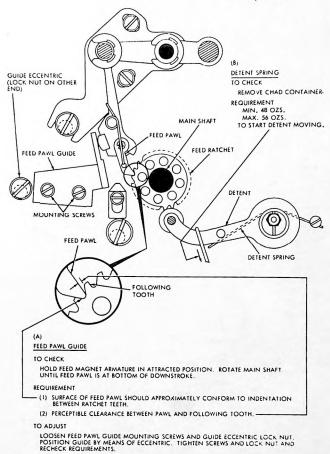
TO ADJUST

LOOSEN WEDGE BLOCK MOUNTING SCREW, LOOSEN WEDGE BLOCK ECCENTRIC LOCK NUT. MOVE BLOCK TO ITS LOWEST POSITION, LOOSEN FEED PAWL GUIDE MOUNTING SCREWS, LOOSEN GUIDE ECCENTRIC LOCK NUT SO THAT GUIDE IS FREE TO MOVE, LOOSEN DETENT ECCENTRIC LOCK NUT, PLACE DETENT IN LOWEST POSITION (AS SHOWN), TIGHTEN DETENT LOCK NUT, LOOSEN FEED PAWL PLATE MOUNTING SCREWS, LOOSEN LOCK NUT ON PLATE ECCENTRIC. POSITION PLATE TO MEET REQUIREMENT BY ROTATING PLATE ECCENTRIC. TIGHTEN PLATE ECCENTRIC LOCK NUT AND PLATE ECCENTRIC SCREWS, RECHECK REQUIREMENTS.

NOTE

IF THIS ADJUSTMENT IS CHANGED, CHECK FEED PAWL GUIDE (FIGURE 8), WEDGE BLOCK (FIGURE 9), AND FEED RATCHET DETENT (FIGURE 11) ADJUSTMENTS.

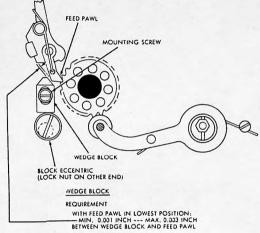
FIGURE 7.



NOTE

IF THIS ADJUSTMENT IS CHANGED, CHECK FEED PAWL PLATE (FIGURE 7), WEDGE BLOCK (FIGURE 9) AND FEED RATCHET DETENT (FIGURE 11) ADJUSTMENTS.

FIGURE 8.

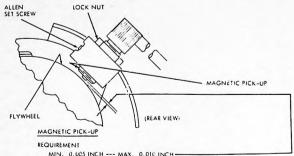


TO ADJUST

LOOSEN BLOCK MOUNTING SCREW AND ECCENTRIC LOCK NUT. POSITION WEDGE BLOCK BY MEANS OF ECCENTRIC. TIGHTEN MOUNTING SCREW AND LOCK NUT AND RECHECK REQUIREMENT.

NOTE

IF THIS ADJUSTMENT IS CHANGED, CHECK FEED PAWL PLATE (FIGURE 7), FEED PAWL GUIDE (FIGURE 8), AND FEED RATCHET DETENT (FIGURE 11) ADJUSTMENTS.



MIN. 0.005 INCH --- MAX. 0.010 INCH

BETWEEN FLYWHEEL AND MAGNETIC PICK-UP WHERE CLEARANCE
IS LEAST.

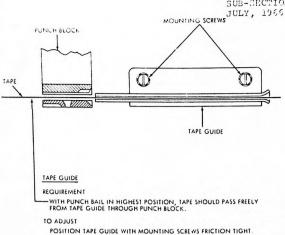
POSITION MAGNETIC PICK UP WITH LOCK NUT AND SET SCREW LOOSENED

NOIL

FOR RANGE ADJUSTMENT SELFICIRE 13

FIGURE 9.

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CENTER LINES OF REAR MOUNTING HOLES CENTER LINES OF FORWARD MOUNTING HOLES PUNCH BLOCK -MOUNTING SCREWS (RIGHT SIDE VIEW) TAPE BIASING SPRING -TAPE

TAIL OF SPRING

TAPE BIASING SPRING
ALL 4- TO 8-LEVEL PUNCHES ARE ADJUSTED AT FACTORY FOR 1-INCH WIDTH TAPE. IF
7/8-INCH TAPE (6- OR 7-LEVEL) IS TO BE USED, REMOVE BIASING SPRING BY REMOVING
ITS MOUNTING SCREWS. INSERT TAIL OF SPRING IN SERA SLOT OF PUNCH BLOCK.
INSERT SCREWS IN REAR MOUNTING HOLES AND MAKE FRICTION TIGHT.

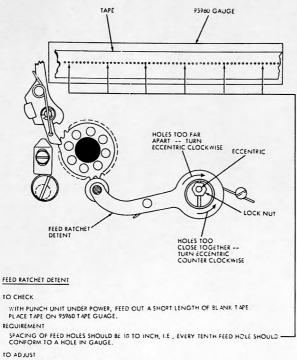
REAR SLOT

TAPE BIASING SPRING SHOULD HOLD TAPE AGAINST REAR OF PUNCH BLOCK WITHOUT CRIMPING OR CURLING FRONT EDGE.

POSITION SPRING WITH MOUNTING SCREWS FRICTION TIGHT.

NOTE: WHEN ADJUSTING COMPLETE PUNCH SET, MAKE TIMING BELT ADJUSTMENT (FIGURE 19) AT THIS POINT IN PROCEDURE.

FIGURE 10.

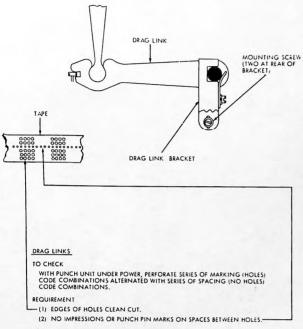


BY MEANS OF ITS ECCENTRIC, POSITION DETENT WITH LOCK NUT LOOSENED

NOTE

IF THIS ADJUSTMENT CHANGES, CHECK FEED PAWL PLATE (FIGURE 7), FEED PAWL GUIDE (FIGURE 8) AND WEDGE BLOCK (FIGURE 9) ADJUSTMENTS

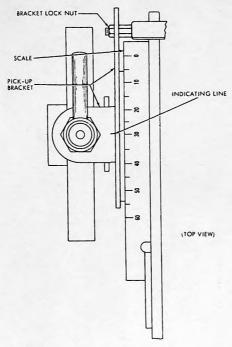
FIGURE. 11.



TO ADJUST

POSITION DRAG LINK BRACKET WITH MOUNTING SCREWS LOOSENED. IF HOLES ARE NOT CLEAN CUT, MOVE BRACKET UP. IF SPACES BETWEEN HOLES ARE MARKED, MOVE BRACKET DOWN. TIGHTEN SCREWS AND RECHECK REQUIREMENTS.

FIGURE 12.



RANGE

TO CHEC

O CHECK

OPERATE PUNCH FROM CONTROL CIRCUITS.
LOOSEN BRACKET LOCK NUT TO DETERMINE
OPERATING RANGE, ROTATE PICK-UP BRACKET IN
ONE DIRECTION AND RECORD NUMBER ON SCALE
OPPOSITE INDICATING LINE WHEN ERRORS BEGIN
TO OCCUR, ROTATE BRACKET IN DITHER DIRECTION
AND RECORD NUMBER WHERE ERRORS OCCUR

REQUIREMENT

MAGNETIC PICK-UP AT CENTER OF OPERATING RANGE.

TO ADJUST

POSITION BRACKET SO THAT INDICATING LINE IS OPPOSITE NUMBER ON SCALE AT CENTER OF OPERATING RANGE.

FIGURE 13.

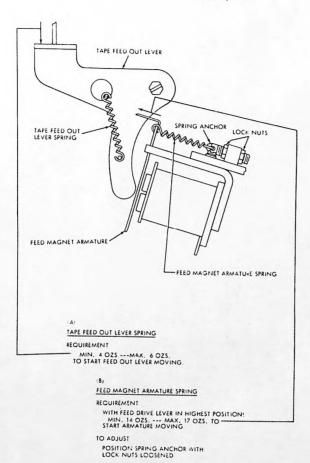
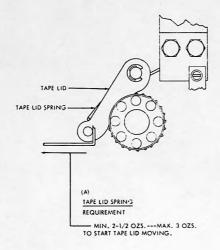


FIGURE 14.



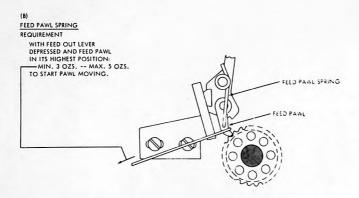
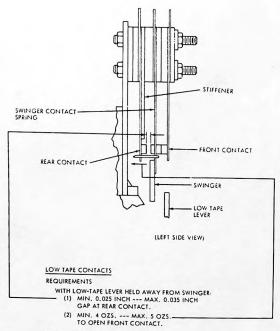


FIGURE 15.



TO ADJUST

REMOVE TRANSPARENT COVER BY REMOVING ITS MOUNTING NUTS.

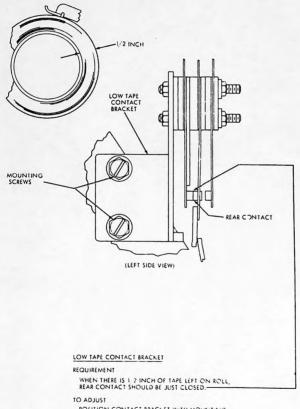
(1) BEND STIFFENER TO MEET (1) ABOVE

(2) BEND SWINGER CONTACT SPRING TO MEET (2) ABOVE.

REPLACE COVER.

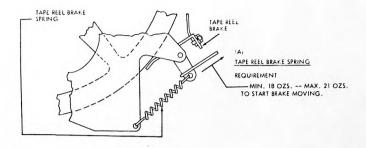
FIGURE 16.

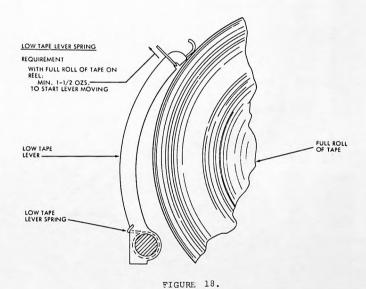
BK2.16 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 JULY, 1966



POSITION CONTACT BRACKET WITH MOUNTING SCREWS FRICTION TIGHT.

FIGURE 17.

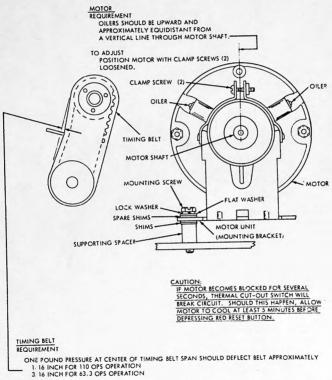




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BK2.16 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 JULY, 1966

c. MOTOR-MOUNTING AND DRIVE PARTS

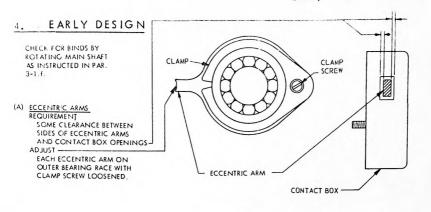


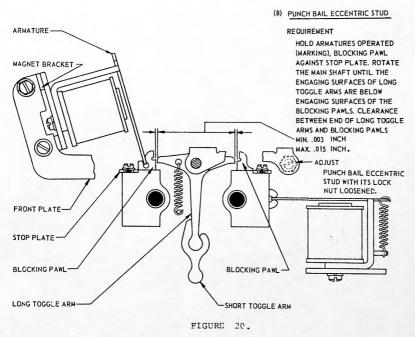
TO ADJUST

REMOVE FOUR MOTOR MOUNTING SCREWS WITH LOCK WASHERS, FLAT WASHERS AND SPARE SHIMS. LIFT MOTOR UNIT FROM SUPPORTING SPACERS. ADD SHIMS TO, OR REMOVE THEM FROM, SUPPORTING SPACERS. REPLACE MOTOR UNIT. REPLACE MOUNTING SCREWS WITH THEIR HARDWARE AND MAKE FRICTION TIGHT. REFINE ADJUSTACHT BY SHIFTING MOTOR HORIZONTALLY. TIGHTEN MOUNTING SCREWS AND RECHECK REQUIREMENT.

*RETAIN SPARE SHIMS BY PLACING THEM ON MOUNTING SCREWS ABOVE MOUNTING BRACKET AS SHOWN IN DRAWING

FIGURE 19.





BRPE-24

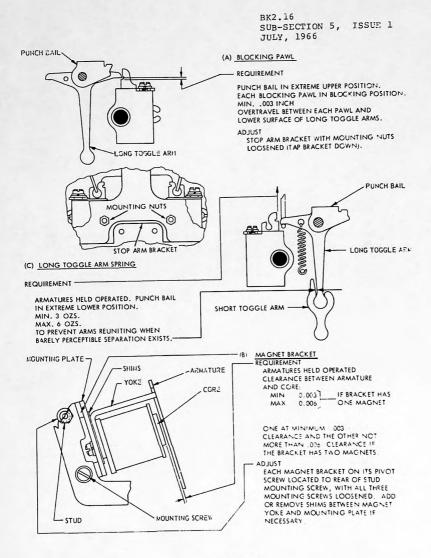
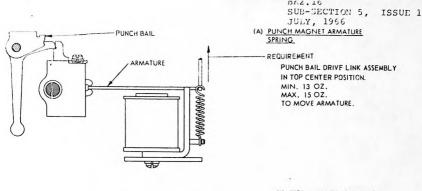
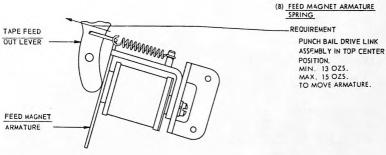
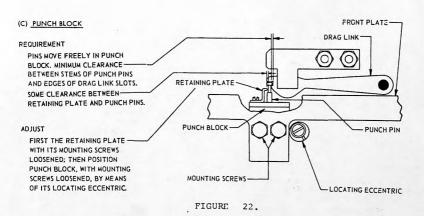


FIGURE 21.







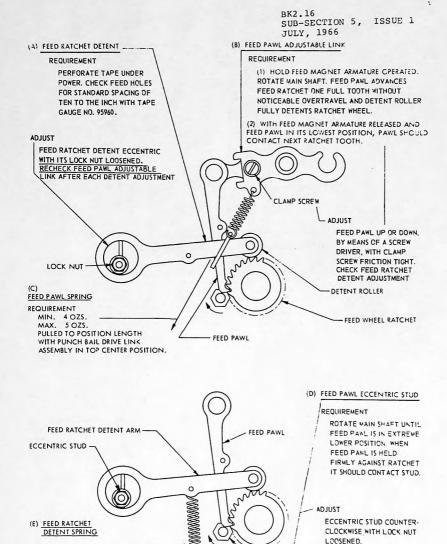
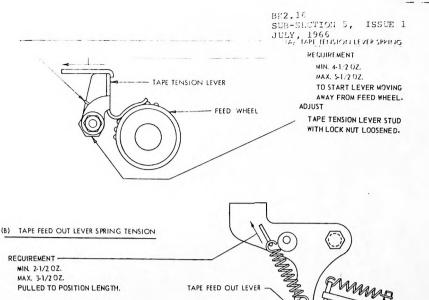


FIGURE 23.

MIN. 38 OZ. MAX. 44 OZ.

PULLED TO POSITION LENGTH



FEED MAGNET ARMATURE

FEED PAWL AND RATCHET ALIGNMENT (SEE FIGURE 23)
REQUIREMENT - FEED PAWL FULLY ALIGNED WITH FEED WHEEL RATCHET.
TO ADJUST - SHIM THE DETENT ARM ECCENTRIC STUD THAT IS FASTENED TO THE MOUNTING PLATE. USE 71074 WASHERS FOR SHIMS.

NOTE: THE FOLLOWING ADJUSTMENTS ARE ARRANGED TO PROVIDE CONTACTOR OPERATION. THE OPENING OR CLOSURE OF THE CONTACTS (OR CONTACT IN CASE OF SINGLE-CONTACT UNITS) MAY BE ADVANCED OR RETARDED IN THE PUNCHING CYCLE BY ROTATING THE CONTACTOR MOUNTING PLATES ABOUT THE MAIN SHAFT. ROTATING THE CONTACTORS IN THE DIRECTION OF SHAFT ROTATION WILL DELAY THE TIME AT WHICH THEY ARE ACTIVATED. ROTATING THE CONTACTORS AGAINST THE DIRECTION OF SHAFT ROTATION WILL ADVANCE THE TIME AT WHICH THEY ARE ACTIVATED. THE CONTACTORS (DOUBLE-CONTACT UNITS ONLY) MAY BE MOVED INDIVIDUALLY OR TOGETHER IN EITHER DIRECTION TO FACILITATE COUPLING OF THE PUNCH MECHANISM TO AUXILIARY CONTROL EQUIPMENT (REFER TO TIMING DIAGRAM, FIGURE 10).

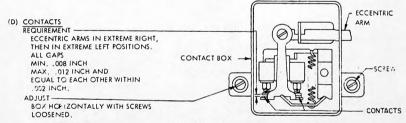


FIGURE 24.

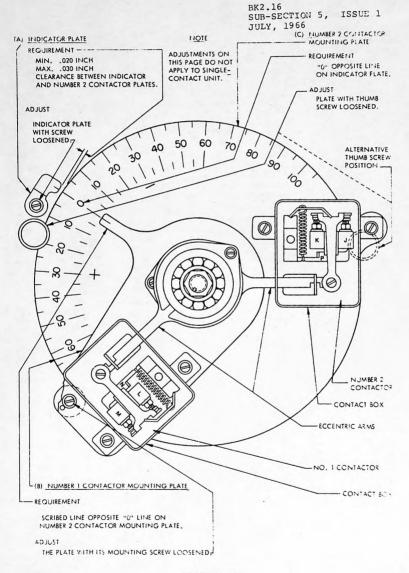
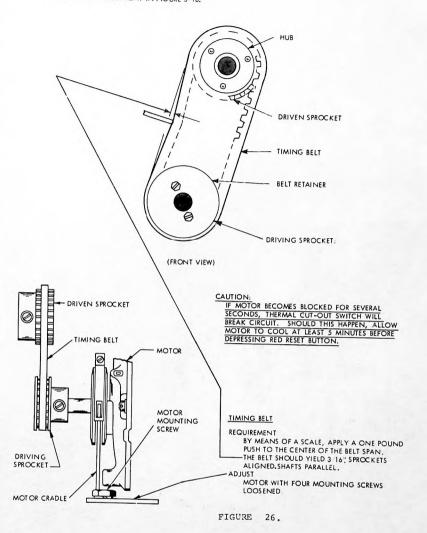


FIGURE 25.

NOTE MAKE MOTOR ADJUSTMENT IN FIGURE 3-18.



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BK2.16 SUB-SECTION 5, ISSUE 1 JULY, 1966

SINGLE UNIT BASE ADJUSTMENTS NOTE.

TO MOUNT THE PUNCH UNIT ON ITS BASE, REMOVE THE FLEXIBLE COUPLING LOCK
SCREWS AND SLIDE THE COUPLING BACK ON THE MOTOR SHAFT. MOUNT THE PUNCH
UNIT TO ITS BASE WITH THE FOUR MOUNTING SCREWS PROVIDED. AT THE REAR OF
THE BASE, REMOVE THE PLATE THAT CONTAINS PROVISIONS FOR THE CONNECTORS
AND ON THIS PLATE MOUNT THE PUNCH CABLE CONNECTOR PLUG WITH FOUR
SCREWS AND LOCKWASHERS. DIRECT THE PUNCH CABLE THROUGH ITS OPENING
IN THE BASE PLATE AND REPLACE THE CONNECTOR PLATE. PASS THE
CABLE THROUGH THE CABLE CLAMPS.

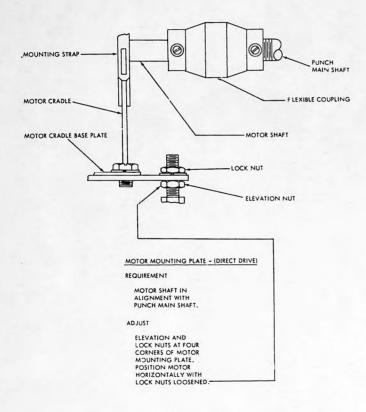
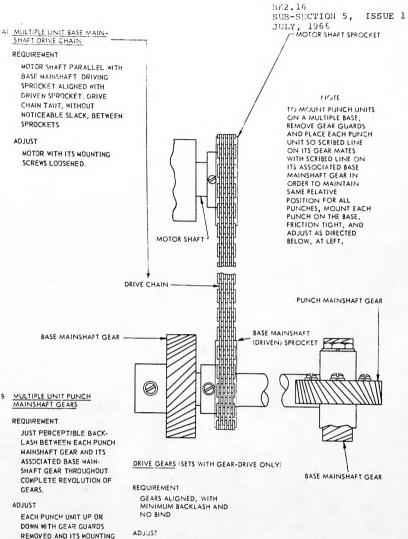


FIGURE 27.



DJUST
MOTOR ON MOUNTING POSTS
WITH MOUNTING SCREWS LOOSENED

SCREWS LOOSENED FRICTION

TIGHT

FIGURE 28.

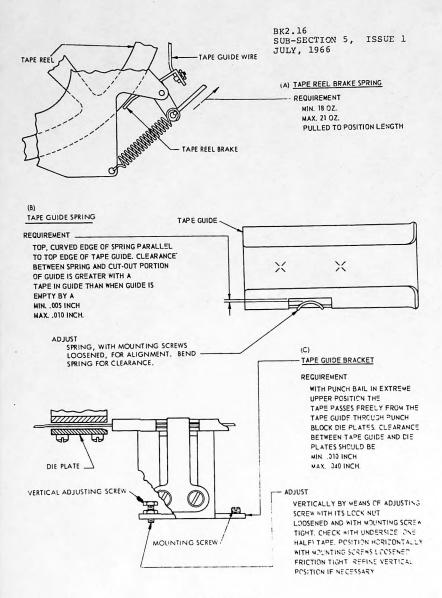
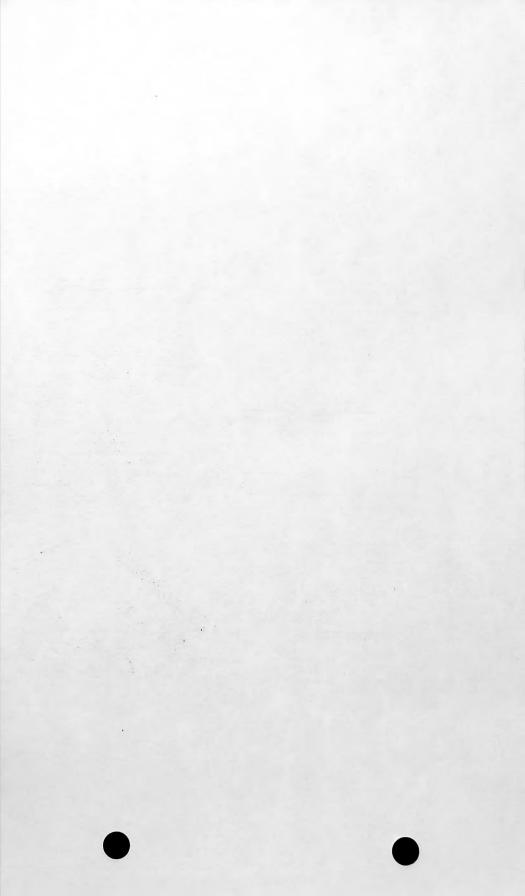


FIGURE 29.





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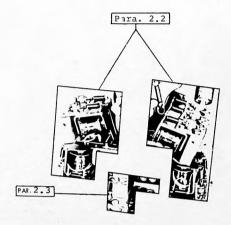
HIGH SPEED TAPE PUNCH SET

LUBRICATION

2.	GENERAL PUNCH UNIT (LATE DESIGN)	2
3.	BASE AND MOTOR UNIT	2 7
4.	PUNCH UNIT (EARLY DESIGN)	9
1.	GENERAL	
1.1	The Punch should be thoroughly lubricated, but over-luwhich might allow oil to drip or grease to be thrown oparts should be avoided. Teletype KS7470 oil, KS7471 or Mobilgrease No. 2 should be used as indicated in this section.	grease,
.2	Lubricate the equipment before putting it in service to storage. After a short period of service, repeat procedure to make sure that all specified points have lubricant. Thereafter, lubricate at regular interval the lubrication interval should not be more than 160 or one month of service, whichever occurs first.	received s as needed
.3	Make certain that no oil or grease accumulates between armatures and magnet pole faces or between contact po off the excess lubricant from the armatures and yoke points.	pivot
. 4	General lubricating areas are shown by photographs. areas to receive lubricant are indicated by line draw text. The drawings are keyed to the photographs by p numbers.	
.5	The symbols in the text indicate the following:	
	O Apply one drcp of KS7470 oil. O2 Apply two drops of KS7470 oil, etc. SAT Saturate with KS7470 oil (felt washers, bearings, etc.) FILL Fill with KS7470 oil (oil holes, oil cut Apply 1/32 inch coating of Mobilgrease)	os etc.)

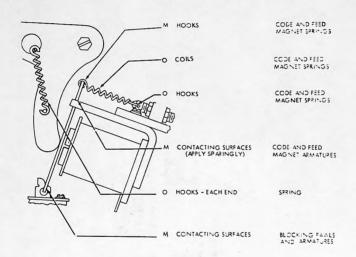
2. PUNCH UNIT (LATE DESIGN)

2.1 General Areas

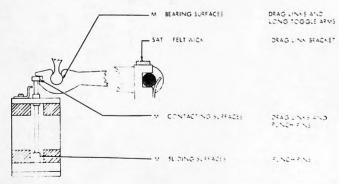


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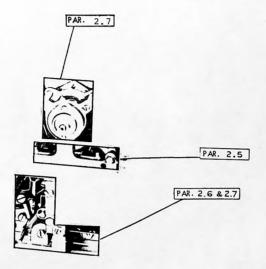
2.2 Feed and Code Magnets



2.3 Ferforating Mechanism

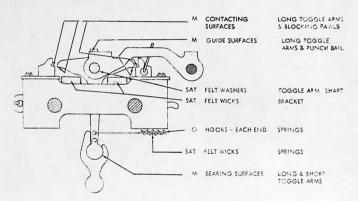


2.4 General Areas

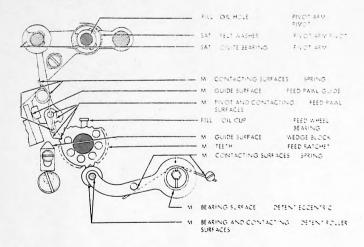


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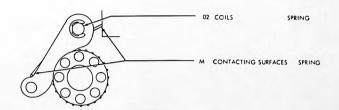
2.5 Perforating Mechanism



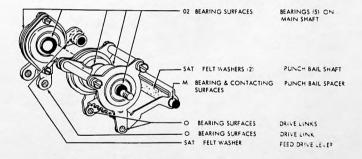
2.6 Feed Mechanism



2.7 Feed Mechanism



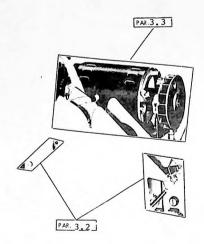
2.8 Drive Mechanism



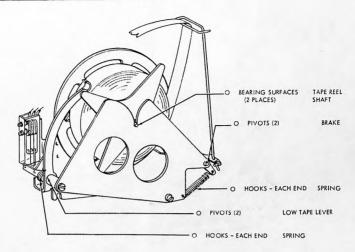
BK2.16 SUB-SECTION 6, ISSUE 1 SEPTEMBER, 1966

3. BASE AND MOTOR UNIT

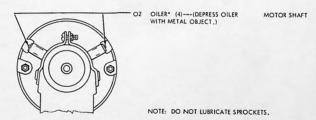
3.1 General Areas



3.2 Tape Reel and Brake Mechanism



3.3 Motor Unit



*APPLY OIL EVERY FOUR MONTHS. IF MOTOR IS DISASSEMBLED AT ANY TIME, REPACK BEARINGS WITH KS7471 GREASE. DO NOT REPACK BEARINGS OTHERWISE.

BK2.16 SUB-SECTION 6, ISSUE 1 SEPTEMBER, 1966

4. PUNCH UNIT - EARLY DESIGN

4.1 General

4.1.1 Paragraphs 1.1 through 1.3 apply to the early-design Punch.
1/32 inch coating of Mobilgrease should be applied to the places
listed below unless other instructions are given. Oil both loops
of all helical springs that exert a nominal tension of less
than 2 1/2 pounds. Grease both loops of all helical springs
that exert a nominal tension of 2 1/2 pounds or more.

4.2 Punch Unit

MAIN SHAFT - grease all unshielded ball bearings.

FEED LINK & LONG TOGGLE ARM JOINT.

TOGGLE JOINT OF LONG TOGGLE ARM FEED PAWL EXTENSION.

BLOCKING PAWL PIVOTS - 1 drop of oil.

TOGGLE ARM SHAFT - saturate felt washers with oil.

PUNCH BAIL SHAFT - saturate felt washers with oil.

TOGGLE JOINT OF LONG AND SHOFT TOGGLE ARMS.

SOCKET JOINT OF SHORT TOGGLE ARMS AND DRAG LINKS.

DRAG LINK PIVOT POINTS - 1 drop of oil.

DRAG LINK AND PUNCH PIN JOINTS.

PUNCH AND FEED PIN HOLES.

DETENT ARM ROLLER.

DETENT ARM PIVOT - 2 drops of oil.

FEED LINK BEARING - fill oil holes with oil.

FEED PAWL PIVOT - 1 drop of oil.

FEED WHEEL BEARING - fill oil cup with oil.

FEED PAWL RATCHET.

4.2 BLOCKING PAWL - point of contact between blocking pawl and armature - wipe off excess Mobilgrease.

CONTACTOR MOUNTING PLATES - light film of Mobilgrease between plates and bearing housing.

4.3 Single Unit Base

MOTOR - two drops of oil at infrequent intervals in oilers at each end of motor.

TAPE REEL SHAFT - light film of grease at both bearings.

BRAKE SHAFT.

4.4 Multiple Unit Base

 ${\tt MOTCR}$ - five to ten drops of oil at infrequent intervals in the oilers at each end of the motor housing

DRIVE CHAIN - oil frequently and adequately to provide a noticeable film of oil on the chain links at all times.

GEARS - medium film of grease, visible at all times.

MAIN SHAFT BEARINGS - grease center bearing.

4.5 Base with Gear Drive

GEARS - light coat of grease visible at all times.



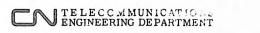
PLANT MANUAL BK2.20.1 SUBSECTION 1 ISSUE 1 APRIL 1973

TI SILENT 700 DATATERMINAL

MODEL 720C

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TI SILENT 700 DATA TERMINAL

MODEL 720C

REFERENCES

CNT SYSTEM TRAINING TECHNICIANS MANUAL

BOOK 7 VOLUME I ISSUE 1 DATED JUNE 1972 VOLUME II ISSUE 1 DATED JUNE 1972

NIB-003 Network Description: RCMP - CPIC Network



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TI SILENT 700 DATA TERMINAL

MODEL 720C

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

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1. GENERAL

1.1 General Description

The 720C Data Terminal is an electronic printer which uses heat sensitive paper. This terminal combines the features of Texas Instrument Models 720 and 730. It is basically a 1.1.1 Model 720KSR terminal which has been modified to meet CPIC Specification SP101, Issue 3.

> These terminals are installed at various locations across Canada to provide a communication service for CPIC.

1.1.2 The Model 720C Electronic Data Terminal is an input/output data terminal utilizing the electronic printer technology. (Ref. Fig. 1)

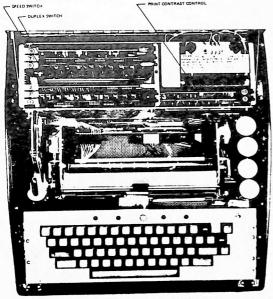


Figure 1.720C Data Terminal

- ASCII Code Card
 Printer Control Card
 Answer-Back Memory Card

- 4. } Vacant
 5. Terminal Control Receiver Card
- 7. Terminal Control Transmitter Card
 8. Interface Card
 9. Printer Driver Card
 10. Regulator and Compensation Card

PLANT MANUAL BK2.20.1 -3-SUBSECTION 3 ISSUE 1 APRIL 1973 In general, the Model 720C consists of an enclosure, power 1.1.3 supply, printer control electronics, keyboard, terminal control electronics, a moving 5x7 matrix printhead, and a friction - feed paper drive assembly. The 720C Terminal has the capability of operating in either half or full duplex mode at 300, 150, or 110 baud speed. These modes are switch selectable to provide flexibility of 1.1.4 high-speed transmission or compatability with slower terminals. Terminal capabilities are selected by choosing one of three interface cards for card position J8. The J8 card makes the terminal compatible with one of the following: Frequency modulated internal modem b) EIA voltage levelc) TTY (DC neutral keying) 1.1.5 Terminals equipped with modem interface will operate at 300 band whereas terminals equipped with D.C. interface will operate at 150 bands. Normally, the DC terminals will operate on a ± 60 V, 20mA loop but there are locations where the terminal will operate on a ± 130 V, 60mA loop. The terminal has an answer-back memory, an audible alarm device to indicate end of line, as switch to select operating speeds of 10, 15, or 30 characters per second, and a 1.1.6 print contrast adjustment control. Circuitry is included parity checking and keyboard lockout functions. 1.1.7 The terminal provides and accepts serial data (serial by bit and character) at a maximum rate of 30 characters per second. By switch control, the terminal operates in a full-or half-duplex mode. Auxiliary connections are used to transfer data in parallel form to-and-from the terminal. The information exchange code is seven level plus even 1.1.8 parity, one start bit, one stop bit (two bits at 10 characters per second, 110 baud). The character set and coding are a modified 102 character subset of the USACII (Ref. Figure 2) Auxiliary input and output may be manually selected or controlled with the device control characters of the ASCII code. All alphabetic characters are printed as capitals. Characters are printed on thermal paper by activating appropriate elements of a 5x7 dot matrix on the moving printhead. The printhead does not obscure any previously printed character.

b ₄ b ₃ b ₂ b ₁	b ₇ — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	→0 →0 →0	0 0 1	0 1 0	0 1 1	1 0 0	1 0 1	1 1 0	1 1
0 0 0 0	0	NUL	DLE	SP	0	@	Р	•	P
0 0 0 1	1	SOH	///oci///	!	1	Α	Q	Α	Q
0 0 1 0	2	STX	///pc2///	"	2	В	R	В	R
0 0 1 1	3	WETX,	///pc3///	#	3	С	S	С	S
0 1 0 0	4	EOT.	///9c4///	\$	4	D	Т	D	Т
0 1 0 1	5	MENO!	NAK	%	5	E	U	E	U
0 1 1 0	6	ACK	SYN	&	6	F	٧	F	٧
0 1 1 1	7	BEL	ЕТВ		7	G	w	G	W
1 0 0 0	8	BS	CAN	-	8	Н	х	н	X
1 0 0 1	9	нт	EM)	9	1	Υ	1	Y
1 0 1 0		LF	SUB	•	:	J	Z	J	Z
1 0 1 1	11	VT	ESC	+	;	К	[K	{
1 1 0 0	-	FF	FS	,	<	L	\	L	1
1 1 0 1	13	CR	GS		=	М	1	М	}
1 1 1 0		so	RS		>	N	1	N	~
1 1 1 1	15	SI	US	1	?	0	+	0	DEL

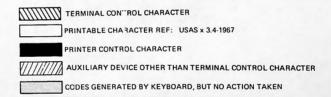


Figure 2. Code System and Character Set

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1.2 Physical Specifications

The unit may sit directly on any desk or table top. Special tables have been designed but are provided only when ordered by CPIC for a particular location.

Dimensions: 6.0 in high (15.24 cm) 18.0 in wide (45.07 cm) 20.0 in deep (50.80 cm) Weight: 38 pounds (17.24 kg.)

1.3 Power Requirements

The terminal requires 120 VAC (+10%), 50 or 60 Hz power at 35 Watts average, 240 maximum. Power connection is a six-foot three-wire cord and a three-prong U-ground plug.

1.4 Environmental Specifications

See Table 1.

Table 1. Environmental Specifications

SPECIFICATION	VALUE		
Ambient Temperature	Operating: 50° to 100°F Storage: -40° to 150°F (not including paper)		
Shock and Vibrations	Vibration: 10 to 60Hz, 0.1g Storage and Handling: 10g		
Humidity	Operating and storage humidity from 10 to 95 percent except that condensation must not be allowed to form.		
Dissipation	Not more than 1000 BTU per hour.		

FUNCTIONAL OPERATION

- 2.1 Modes
- 2.1.1 Local Operating Mode. The terminal does not receive or transmit data or answer back over the serial data line when in the Local mode. The data line is held in a mark condition. Data operation allowed is data transfer from keyboard to printed page. When the local mode is selected, the LOCAL lamp is illuminated, the PARITY lamp latch is reset, and parity checking circuitry is disabled. The keyboard lockout function is also reset and disabled.
- 2.1.2 On-Line Operating Mode. The terminal is enabled to transmit and receive serial data in this mode. The parity checking and keyboard lockout functions are enabled and the on-line lamp is illuminated.

The terminal has two sources of data: keyboard and answerback memory. When the answer-back memory is started, keyboard data is inhibited.

- 2.2 <u>Keyboard</u>. The keyboard, consisting of 60 keys (Figure 3), has three modes of operation:
 - 1. Unshifted character set shown in Figure 4.
 - Upper case (shift key depressed) character set shown in Figure 5.
 - Control (blue CONTROL key depressed) character set shown in Figure 6.

Corresponding control keys have nomenclature in blue except DEL and ESC which are in white.

The specific codes generated by the keyboard are shown in Figure 3.

The EOM, ESC and DEL keys are enabled in all three modes of keyboard operation. In the control mode, the key marked "J" transmits the linefeed (LF) code.

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Special function keys on the keyboard are:

Starts transmission of the answer-back memory after a 35 (+10) ms delay when in the on-line mode. This key, which is red with white print, is not disabled when the keyboard is locked out. ATN

EOM Generates the ETX code and is colored

red with white print.

REPEAT

By holding REPEAT key down and then depressing any other key, the other-key character will be printed repeatedly until the REPEAT key is released.

Controls "local" and "on line" modes ON LINE

and indicators and is a yellow key with

green print.

PAPER ADVANCE Causes a carriage return and a repeated

line feed until released. No charact-

ers are transmitted.

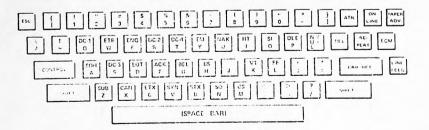


Figure 3. Keyboard Arrangement

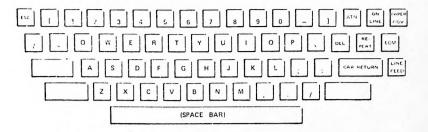


Figure 4. Keyboard Codes Generated when Shift and Control Keys are not Depressed

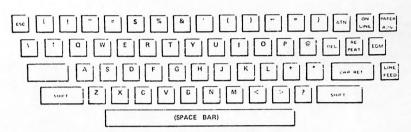
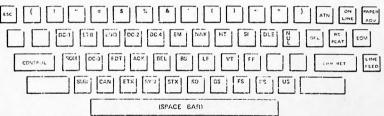


Figure 5. Keyboard Codes Generated when Shift Key is Depressed



NOTE: CONTROL KEY IS BLUE, CORDESPONDING CONTROL FUNCTION KEYS HAVE NOMENCLATURE PRINTED IN BLUE EXCEPTIBLE AND ESC WHICH ARE PRINTED IN WHITE.

Figure 6. Keyboard Codes Generated when Control Key is Depressed

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- 2.3 <u>Control Characters</u>. The terminal responds to eleven control characters. These characters are shown on Figure 2 and are listed in Table 2.
- 2.4 Indicator Lamps. The terminal has five indicator lamps arranged as shown in Fig. 1. The lamps, from left to right are as follows:
 - a. Parity (Red): Latched on when a parity error is detected.
 - b. Open Line (Red): Illuminates when a carrier detect signal is not received or when the receive data line remains in the space condition for a period of 150 (+50) ms. The lamp will extinguish when the mark condition or carrier detect is restored for 1 µs or longer. Open line detection is done on the receive line only.
 - c. Local (Yellow): This lamp is illuminated when the terminal is in the Local mode (explained in sub-paragraph 2.1.1).
 - d. On Line (Green): This lamp is illuminated when the terminal is in the On Line mode (explained in sub-paragraph 2.1.2).
 - e. Power (Green): This lamp is illiminated when power switch is ON.

Table 2. Control Characters

Characte	er Response When Received
BEL	The bell sounds.
CR	The printhead is returned to character column one.
LF	The paper is advanced one character line.
BS	The printhead is stepped to the left one character column.
DC1	Generated auxiliary input-device start pulse (AISTP Jll-E) (100 µs minimum positive pulse to turn on input device.)

Table 2 (continued)

Character	Response When Received
DC2	Generates auxiliary input stop pulse (AOSTP J12-C) (100 µs minimum positive pulse to turn on output device).
DC3	Generates auxiliary input stop pulse AISPP J11-A) (100 µs minimum positive pulse to turn off input device.)
DC4	Generates auxiliary output stop pulse (AOSPP J-12-E) (100 µs minimum positive pulse to turn off output device).
ENQ	When received on the serial data line, the answer-back memory is transmitted after a 35 (± 10) ms delay (see paragraph 2.7).
ETX	When received on the serial input data line, all keyboard functions except "ATN" (see paragraph 2.7) and paper advance are locked out. The auxiliary input data is also locked out. When in the half-duplex mode only, the ETX character from the answer-back memory, keyboard, or auxiliary input will also lock out the keyboard.
EOT	When received on the serial data line, the keyboard and auxiliary input data is enabled. In the half duplex mode, the lockout will be unlatched if the EOT code is transmitted from the answer-back memory.

- 2.5 power Switch. A master reset for the terminal is generated in the terminal when the power switch is set to ON. To reset the terminal, turn off the power switch for one second and then turn on.
- 2.6 Parity. The terminal operates with even parity, and the keyboard always generates even parity. Data which is transmitted from the answer-back memory or the auxiliary input will have the parity that has been programmed. Data which is to be printed is checked for even parity, If a parity error occurs, the data character is blocked out and the "?" character is inserted on the data lines, a latch is set which illiminates the parity lamp. This lamp display may be reset by switching to Local mode and returning to

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ag AC power. The parity checking in the local mode, or when

"On Line", or by cycling AC power. The parity checking circuit is disabled when in the local mode, or when "On Line" in Half-Duplex and the answer-back memory is transmitting.

2.7 Answer-Back Memory

- 2.7.1 The answer-back memory is a variable length (up to 20 characters) sequence that is transmitted by the "ATN" key or receipt of "ENQ" from the serial data line. The transmission of the answer-back memory is delayed a fixed 35(±10) ms from the time ATN or ENQ is initiated.
- The response is programmed as desired by the user (eight bits per character, seven bits plus parity). Programming the response is done by removing factory installed diodes from the matrix on the answer-back card. (Ref. E.T. Training Manual 7 Volume I Paragraph 9.2.7 et seq. for Answerback programming procedure). The presence of a diode corresponds to a "mark" condition in the character. The absence of a diode generates a "space" in the character. The "DEL" (all diodes present) character terminates the response and is not transmitted. For an "N" character response, the N+1 character must be "DEL". To allow a 20-character response, the memory actually contains 21 characters (character 21 must be the "DEL" character).
- 2.7.3 The characters generated by the Answer-Back Memory shall not be printed.

Note: If the Answer-Back Memory does not have at least one character programmed, the terminal will not print or transmit.

2.8 Printer Mechanism

- 2.8.1 The printer mechanism moves the head and paper in proper relation and speed to achieve serial line printing operation. The mechanism mounts to the inside base of the enclosure. See Table 3.
- An 80-character (full line) carriage return requires 200 ms which compares to six character-times at 30 characters per second, three-character-times at 15 characters per second, or two character-times at 10 characters per second. While the carriage is returning, the "LF" character may be received and the paper advanced. The carriage is stepped from right to left one column on receipt of "BS" (backspace)

- 2.8.3 A bell is provided to give an audible alarm upon receipt of the "BEL" character. The bell sounds automatically after column 65 is printed.
- 2.8.4 To limit printhead travel, an automatic carriage return and line feed function is performed after the 80th character is printed on one line. Neither "CR" nor "LF" is transmitted by the terminal when this automatic function is performed.

Table 3 Printer Mechanism Specifications

Specification	Value
Maximum Printing Speed Character Spacing Line Length Paper Drive Type Line Spacing Paper Width Paper Length Maximum Paper Supply Roll Diamete Maximum Paper Line Advance Rate	30 characters per sec. 10 per inch 8.0 inches (80 charact.) Friction feed 6 lines per inch 8.47(-0.00,+0.05) inches 300ft nominal,280ft min. er 3.625 inches 30 lines per second

INTERFACE

- 3.1 Internal Modem Interface (Optional)
- 3.1.1 The Modem terminals will operate on a 2-wire loop which has no DC voltage applied to it. A bell Model 103F compatible modem may be provided within the terminal enclosure. This modem operates asynchronously up to a maximum speed of 300 baud in a full+ or half-duplex mode over a two-wire unconditioned voice-grade telephone line. The internal modem uses frequency shift keying modulation with transmit carrier frequencies of 1270Hz (mark) and 1070Hz (space) and with receive carrier frequencies of 2225Hz (mark) and 2025Hz (space).
- 3.1.2 The modem transmission level is adjustable over the range from $-15~\mathrm{dBm}$ to $0~\mathrm{dBm}$.

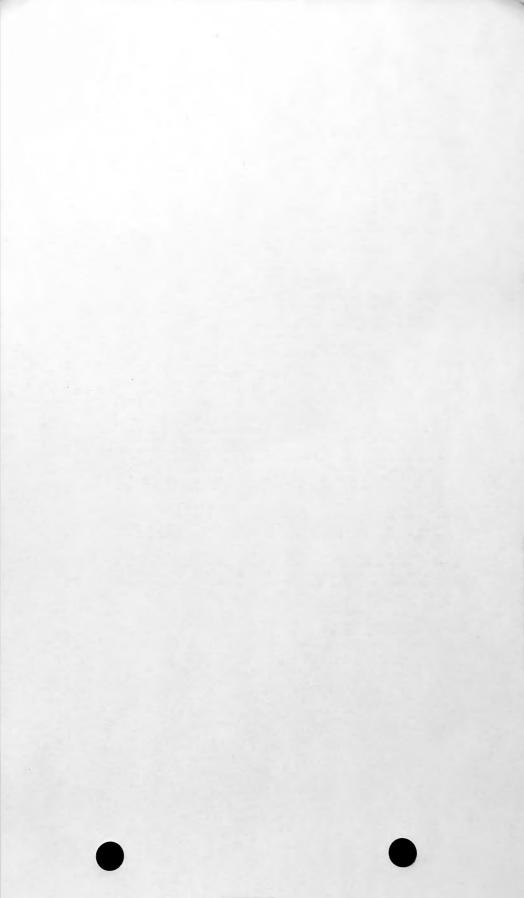
The modem receiver is operational for input signal levels in the range from -35 dBm to +5 dBm.

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- 3.1.3 Input and output impedances are 600 ohms. The user may change impedances to 900 ohms by following instructions on the modem schematic (958849). The transmission line is held in the mark condition unless data is being transmitted.
- Neutral Keying DC Interface. The neutral dc interface is capable of operating on a two-, three-, or four-wire TTY system. The interface operates on currents of 20 or 60 mA with a 50% threshold.
- 3.3 EIA Line Interference (Optional). The signal interface shall comply with EIA Standard RS-232-C. Signal connections are provided at the rear of the printer through a recessed printed circuit board. A 16-pin, Amp Leaf edge connector to an Amp Leaf plug on the connecting cable. A 25-pin male connector (Cannon number DB-25P or equivalent) is at the other end of the connecting cable. Pin assignments are listed in Table 4.

Table 4. EIA Connector Pin Assignments

	Cannon Pin Number	Amp Leaf Pin Number	Function
	1	1	Protective Ground
1	2	2	Transmitted Data
1	3	3	Received Data
	4	4	Request to Send (held to an "ON" status by terminal in On Line mode)
	5	5	Clear to Send (should be held to an "ON" by the modem during trans-missions)
	6	6	Data Set Ready (held to an "ON" when modem is operational)
	7	7	Signal Ground
	8	8	Data Carrier Detector
	9-19		Unused
	20	Α	Data Terminal Ready (held to an "ON" status by terminal)
	21-25		Unused





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MODEL 720C

INSTALLATION AND TESTS

CONTE	ENTS	PAG
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2.	INSTALLATION	2
3.	TESTS	2
4.	MAINTENANCE	2

1.0 GENERAL

- 1.1 This subsection covers an outline of the preliminary checkout, installation, outline tests, as well as corrective and
 preventative maintenance and adjustment procedures of the
 Texas Instrument 720C Data Terminal for the RCMP Canadian
 Police Information Centre (CPIC) Communications Network
 across Canada.
- 1.2 The details of the above noted information is contained in System Training Equipment Technicians Training Manual Book 7, Volume I and II and is not repeated herewith.

2.0 INSTALLATION

2.1 Installation procedures including preliminary checks and Answer Back programming are outlined in E.T. Training Manual Book 7, Volume I, Section 9 and associated illustrations in Volume II, Appendix C.

3.0 TESTS

- The On-Line Test procedure is outlined in E.T. Training Manual Book 7, Volume II, Appendix B.
- 3.2 This On-Line Test enables the Equipment Technician to perform data terminal tests on-line with the data switcher (DSX).

4.0 MAINTENANCE

- 4.1 Preventative and corrective maintenance is covered in E.T. Training Manual Book 7, Volume I, Section 8 with additional details in Volume II, Appendix A.
- 4.2 Adjustments are covered in E.T. Training Manual Book 7, Volume I, Section 7 with details in Volume II, Appendix A.

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TEST RECORD FORM

TERMINAL	
MODEL	
SERIAL NO	
INTERFACE	

Test Equipment

For Terminals equipped with DC Interface

- a) Generator CDC TMG 301 or equivalent.
- b) Analyser CDC SDA 101 or equivalent.
- c) Model 35 ASR Teletype teleprinter.
- d) Spare Answerback card J3.

For Terminals equipped with Modem Interface

- Transmission and Noise Measuring Set Hewlett Packard Model 3555B.
- b) Frequency counter Hewlett Packard 521A.
- c) Frequency generator Hewlett Packard 200 CD.
- d) Spare answerback card J3 (same as above).

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TEST RECORD

EYBOARI	D REQUIREM	ENTS			
a)	Keyboard	layout (pe	r Figure	. 1)	
b)	Codes gen	erated (pe	r Figure	2)	
c)	All keyto	ps grey wi legends e	th matt xcept:	finish	
	KEY	SHELL COL	JOUR I	LEGEND COLOUR	
	ATN EOM Control On Line	Red Red Blue Grey Yellow	, ,	Vhite Vhite Vhite Green	
d)	The follo	owing chara	acters h	ave a	
5	DC-1 ETB ENQ DC-2 DC-4 NAK EM	HT SI DLE NUL DC-3 EOT SOH	ACK BEL BS VT SUB CAN FF	ETX SYN STX SO GS	
e)	The EOM enabled white le	ESC and DE in all thr gends.	L keys s ee modes	hall be and have	
f)	In contr J shall	ol mode, t transmit t	he key m he line	arked feed code.	
g)	Special	functions	-		
	1i	arts answe ne mode. ansmits ET		en in on	
	PAPER AL				
h)	Keyboard power sw	l unlocks o	on operat	cion of	
j)	Keyboard on line	unlocks of	on operat	cion of	

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CONTROL CHARACTERS

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a) BEL

e)

TI720C SILENT 700 DATA TERMINAL PLANT MANUAL BK2.20.1 SUBSECTION 5

BS

LF

Reset parity lamp by operating
- line/local switch
- AC switch

CR b) ETX - locks keyboard TEST RECORD FORM

c)	EOT - unlocks keyboard	
d)	ENQ - trips answerback when received	
PARITY		
a)	Keyboard transmits even parity	
b)	Answerback (as coded)	
c)	Incoming traffic checked for even parity	
d)	Odd parity - "?" printed - parity lamp on	

a)	Parity lamp (red) latched on parity error	
b)	Open line (red) (on receive line only) lights when carrier detect not received or receive data line on space. Resets when normal conditions restored.	
c)	Local (yellow)	
d)	One line (green)	
e)	Power (green)	

ANSWERBACK

T1720C Ref: SILENT 700 DATA TERMINAL TEST RECORD FORM

a)	sends up to 20 characters	
b)	operated by - ATN key	
	- receipt of ENQ	
c)	DEL terminates answerback and isnot transmitted	
d)	characters generated will not be printed	
PRINTER	MECHANISM	
a)	speed 10, 15 and 30 CPS	
b)	line length - 80 columns	
c)	back space	
d)	audible alarm on BEL	
e)	audible alarm at end of line (65 columns)	
f)	automatic CR/LF after 80th column	
g)	Buffer characters	
	- 6 char at 30 CPS	

- 3 char at 15 CPS - 2 char at 10 CPS

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T	1	7	2	0	C

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Ref: PLANT MANUAL BK2.20.1 SUBSECTION 5

TEST RECORD

LOCAL MO	DE
a)	Local light on
b)	Data line in mark condition
c)	Parity checking disabled
d)	Keyboard lockout disabled
ON LINE	MODE
a)	On line light lit
b)	Parity light off
PRINTER	CHECKS
a)	Printing contrast adjustment
b)	Cooling fan operating satisfactorily
c)	35 dots printed using
	- K backspace
	- B backspace
	->
d)	CSA approval tag
e)	Aux output and input ports

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TEST RECORD

MODE.1	TMTF	BEA	CE

- a) Transmit frequencies 10 70 Hz (space) & 1270 Hz (mark)
- b) Receive frequencies 2025 Hz & 2225 Hz
- c) Input/output impedance (600 ohms)
- d) Sensitivity of Receiver (-35 dbm)
- e) Variation of output level of transmitter (0-15 dbm)

DC	INTERFACE

- a) Loop remains closed when AC power off.
- b) Receive signal local battery

+60 V 20 mA 10CPS Dist & BIAS

15 CPS

30CPS

c) Send signal - local battery

+60 V 20 mA 10CPS

15CPS

30CPS

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POWER SWITCH OFF ON INDICATOR LAMPS POWER EOM LINE STX SO N (SPACE BAR)

FIGURE 1

TI MODEL 720C CPIC KEYBOARD ARRANGEMENT

LEGEND

Indicates Red Jewel Indicated Yellow Jewel Indicates Green Jewel

TEST RECORD FORM

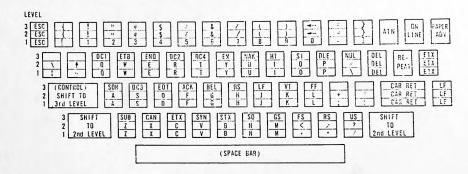


FIGURE 2

TI MODEL 720C CPIC KEYBOARD FUNCTION